



UNIOIL CARGO A/S

Østre Havnegade 16, DK-9000 Aalborg

**Annual Report for
1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025**

CVR No. 36 43 40 90

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the
Annual General Meeting of the company on
18/07/2025

Casper Pasgaard Dybdal
Chairman of the general meeting





Contents

Management's statement and Auditor's report

Management's statement	1
Independent Auditor's report	2

Company information

Company information	4
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Financial Statements

Income statement 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025	5
Balance sheet 30 April 2025	6
Statement of changes in equity	8
Notes to the Financial Statements	9



Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of UNIOIL CARGO A/S for the financial year 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 30 April 2025 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2024/25.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Aalborg, 24 June 2025

Executive Board

Troels Holch Jacobsen
Managing Director

Board of Directors

Peter Zachariassen

Michael Krabbe

Kent Larsen



Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholder of UNIOIL CARGO A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 April 2025 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of UNIOIL CARGO A/S for the financial year 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.



Independent Auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Trekantområdet, 24 June 2025

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Lasse Berg

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne35811



Company information

The Company	UNIOIL CARGO A/S Østre Havnegade 16 DK-9000 Aalborg CVR No: 36 43 40 90 Financial period: 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025 Municipality of reg. office: Aalborg
Board of Directors	Peter Zachariassen Michael Krabbe Kent Larsen
Executive Board	Troels Holch Jacobsen
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Herredsvej 32 DK-7100 Vejle



Income statement 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025

(TUSD)	Note	2024/25	2023/24
Gross profit/loss		0	0
Financial income	3	97	96
Financial expenses		-2	0
Profit/loss before tax		95	96
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	-23	-21
Net profit/loss for the year		72	75

Distribution of profit

(TUSD)	2024/25	2023/24
Proposed distribution of profit		
Retained earnings	72	75
	72	75



Balance sheet 30 April 2025

Assets

(TUSD)	Note	2024/25	2023/24
Receivables from group enterprises		1,384	1,287
Receivables		1,384	1,287
Current assets		1,384	1,287
Assets		1,384	1,287



Balance sheet 30 April 2025

Liabilities and equity

(TUSD)	Note	2024/25	2023/24
Share capital		83	83
Retained earnings		1,099	1,027
Equity		1,182	1,110
Payables to group enterprises		179	156
Corporation tax		23	21
Short-term debt		202	177
Debt		202	177
Liabilities and equity		1,384	1,287
Key activities	1		
Staff	2		
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	5		
Related parties	6		
Accounting Policies	7		



Statement of changes in equity

(TUSD)	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 May	83	1,027	1,110
Net profit/loss for the year	0	72	72
Equity at 30 April	83	1,099	1,182



Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Key activities

The company's activity during the year has consisted of financing activities.

2. Staff

	2024/25	2023/24
Average number of employees	0	0

3. Financial income

(TUSD)	2024/25	2023/24
Interest from group enterprises	97	96
	97	96

4. Income tax expense

(TUSD)	2024/25	2023/24
Current tax for the year	23	21
	23	21

5. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Other contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of SelfGenerations T ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.



Notes to the Financial Statements

6. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company of the smallest group:

Name	Place of registered office
Bunker Holding A/S	Middelfart, Denmark

The Company's ultimate Parent Company which prepares Consolidated Financial Statements is SelfGenerations T ApS, in which Torben Østergaard-Nielsen, CEO, exercises control.



Notes to the Financial Statements

7. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of UNIOIL CARGO A/S for 2024/25 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2024/25 are presented in TUSD.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish group companies. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.



Notes to the Financial Statements

7. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial liabilities

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.