

Global Dental Insurance A/S
Jægersborg Alle 14
2920 Charlottenlund
Central Business Registration No 35804161

Annual Report 2021

Penneo dokumentnøgle: XNBQK-VTNG1-LYOH-X04QE-QZ6GO-3N81D

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on

04/04/2022

Chairman of the General Meeting



JENS STEEN JENSEN
ADVOKAT

KROMANN REUMERT
SUNDKROGSGADE 5, 2100 KØBENHAVN Ø
TLF. 70 12 12 11

Global Dental Insurance A/S

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Company details

Company

Global Dental Insurance A/S

Central Business Registration No: 35804161

Registered in: Gentofte

Internet: www.globaldentalinsurance.dk

E-mail: info@globaldentalinsurance.dk

Board of Directors

Mark Davidson

Goran Mike Jurkovic

Ole Ærthøj

Toby Lincoln Hall

Tine Antvorskov

Executive Board

Jesper Kjeldsgaard Haugbølle

Company auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Global Dental Insurance A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act and the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority Order on financial reporting requirements for insurance companies.

We consider the adopted accounting policies to be appropriate and in our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year from 1 January – 31 December 2021.

We believe that the management review contains a fair assessment of the development of the Company's activities and financial position, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that the Company can be affected by.

Gentofte, 16 March 2022

Executive Board

DocuSigned by:

Jesper Kjeldsgaard

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Jesper Kjeldsgaard Haugbølle
Chief Executive Officer

Board of Directors

DocuSigned by:

Mark Davidson

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Mark Davidson
Chairman

DocuSigned by:

Goran Jurkovic

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Goran Mike Jurkovic

DocuSigned by:

Ole Ærthøj

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Ole Ærthøj

DocuSigned by:

Toby Hall

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Toby Lincoln Hall

DocuSigned by:

Tine Antvorskov

C575E132324045B...

Tine Antvorskov

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Global Dental Insurance A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act.

Our opinion is consistent with our Auditor's Long-form Report to the Board of Directors.

What we have audited

The Financial Statements of Global Dental Insurance A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2021 comprise income statement and other comprehensive income, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including summary of significant accounting policies ("Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No 537/2014 were not provided.

Appointment

We were first appointed auditors of Global Dental Insurance A/S on 7 July 2014 for the financial year ending 31 December 2014. We have been reappointed annually by shareholder resolution for a total period of uninterrupted engagement of 8 years including the financial year 2021.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements for 2021. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<i>Measurement of provisions for insurance contracts</i>	We performed risk assessment procedures with the

<p>The Company's provisions for insurance contracts amount to a total of DKK 30.1 million, which represents 32% of the total balance.</p> <p>The premium provisions amount to DKK 22.1 million, claims provisions amount to DKK 7.4 million and risk margin amounts to DKK 0.6 million.</p> <p>Premium provisions are calculated as a best estimate of the net present value of expected future cash-flows relating to insurance events after the balance sheet date on insurance contracts entered into on this date, including direct and indirect costs relating to these contracts.</p> <p>Claims provisions are calculated as the present value of a best estimate of expected payments relating to insurance events incurred at the balance sheet date in addition to payments already made in connection with these events. The estimate includes direct and indirect costs relating to the settlement of claims.</p> <p>Accounting estimates in respect of provisions for insurance contracts is an experience-based estimate involving use of historic claims data and complex actuarial methods and models, which involve significant assumptions on the frequency and extent of insurance events relating to the insurance contracts.</p> <p>We focused on the measurement of provisions for insurance contracts, as the accounting estimate is by nature complex and influenced by subjectivity and thus to a large extent associated with estimation uncertainty.</p> <p>Reference is made to the Financial Statements, "Significant accounting estimates, assumptions and uncertainties" in note 1.</p>	<p>purpose of achieving an understanding of it-systems, procedures and relevant controls relating to claims processing and insurance provisioning. In respect of controls, we assessed whether these were designed and implemented effectively to address the risk of material misstatement.</p> <p>We used our own actuaries in the evaluation of the actuarial methods and models applied by the Company as well as assumptions applied, and calculations made. For a sample of provisions for insurance contracts, we tested the calculation and the data used to underlying documentation.</p> <p>We assessed and challenged the methods and models and significant assumptions applied based on our experience and industry knowledge with a view to ensure that these are in line with regulatory and accounting requirements. This comprised an assessment of the continuity in the basis for the calculation of provisions for insurance contracts.</p> <p>We tested the calculation of provisions for insurance contracts on a sample basis.</p> <p>We assessed whether the disclosures on provisions for insurance contracts were adequate.</p>
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Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, we considered whether Management's Review includes the disclosures required by the Danish Financial Business Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Business Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material un-

certainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Hellerup, 16 March 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 3377 1231

Stefan Vastrup

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne32126

Management commentary

Results

2021 has been a good year for Global Dental Insurance (GDI). We have welcomed many new customers, but also felt loyalty from existing customers despite the fact that premium increases were necessary in 2021.

The year ended with profit despite a loss on our investments.

One of the main goals for 2021 was to maintain our customers at increased premium levels to ensure that future premium is at a sustainable level. By achieving this we hope that no major increases will be necessary going forward. Another goal was to sustain our high level of customer satisfaction, we believe this to be essential to build long term relationships. GDI has been successful in achieving both goals in 2021.

Even though the company performed better than in previous years the management is still not fully satisfied with the performance as the aim is to have a larger profit. We understand however that the development is a realistic scenario for a start-up developing insurance company in a newly developed market.

With more than 70.000 insured customers, the book of business is growing and with further small adjustments we expect to reach the desired level of profitability during 2022.

The management is unsatisfied with the growth in 2021 and is still hoping that other unions will follow the financial sector and adopt dental insurance as employee benefit.

Solvency

The solvency ratio of GDI at year end 2021 is at 206% excluding the DFSA capital add on. The capital add on was removed by the DFSA on February 11th 2022. This shows that the company's solvency position exceeds all requirements and that the company can meet all its obligations.

During 2021 the quarterly solvency ratio was reported including the DFSA capital add on.

Private Market

The company rebranded the existing individual product as "20-40-60" in the course of 2019, which is an attractive product from customer perspective and is therefore a lot easier to sell. The company has high hopes for this product in all Scandinavian countries, but has so far applied little resource to marketing of the product.

Corporate Market

The effort put into developing the employer market in previous years has materialized and we have seen a large growth in this segment and expect that this growth will continue. We are encouraged that the market is showing an interest similar to private health insurance, that dental insurance will become an accepted employee benefit.

Norway and Sweden

The Company has introduced dental insurance products to the other Scandinavian countries in 2019 and 2020 and has established small books of business in Norway and Sweden. The company hopes to grow these positions considerably in future years.

Insurance Market

As a specialist in dental insurance and being a member of a group of dental insurance companies in the US with over 60 years of experience, GDI, through its sister company Dansk Tandforsikring Administration, is the ideal partner for established, traditional insurance companies. The company is hopeful to add to its partnership base in 2022.

Customer appreciation

Dansk Tandforsikring's level of service is greatly appreciated by the market, resulting in very favourable ratings on TRUSTPILOT, an accepted online customer satisfaction measuring tool. Dansk Tandforsikring receives the highest possible appreciation resulting in a top position within the Danish insurance industry.

Significant risks and uncertainties

Business risk

There are five major risks and uncertainties:

The service provision of insurance customers is heavily dependent on IT systems. We rely on a high degree of adjustments made to a proprietary IT system. We consider our IT systems to be very secure and thoroughly tested, but in our risk analysis the IT risk is still considered to be a top risk. To mitigate this risk the performance of the system and the ongoing migration process is closely monitored, and the IT setup is subject to a comprehensive external audit performed by the specialist IT audit company Revi IT.

Global Dental Insurance has a very lean organisation with few employees, this secures a cost-efficient organisation to the benefit of our customers. But it also introduces a risk in form of vulnerability in case of sickness and dismissal of key staff. The risk is mitigated by working with written procedures complementary to the comprehensive policies and Guidelines of the company.

A third risk for the capital plan of the company is if higher than forecasted growth rates are achieved. Such a development is monitored closely by management and board, and if new business is prospected which was not covered by the capital plan, a new capital plan is presented to the board for approval and the capital adequacy is evaluated before the business is taken on board.

Global Dental Insurance has decided to outsource a high degree of the administration. Such a level of outsourcing goes hand in hand with a risk that is addressed in the management and controls of the company.

The largest part of the outsourcing is performed by the sister company, the insurance agent Dansk Tandforsikring Administration. The management of the outsourcing risks is performed through intensive cooperation and heavy interaction between the companies. But there is also a comprehensive system of controls in place. The two companies have the same majority owner and GDI is the sole insurance provider of DTA, while DTA is the sole agent of GDI.

The fifth risk is the risk of receiving inadequate premiums for the underwritten risks. As our underwriting experience of existing groups improves year-on-year, the risk is primarily associated with entering new markets. The risk is mitigated by a comprehensive underwriting process. All significant new risks are subject to board approval.

FSA routine inspection

Global Dental Insurance was inspected by the FSA in 2019 and received the report from the FSA in January 2021. The recommended changes by the FSA have been implemented in 2021 and besides two minor issues, which are pending FSA approval, the FSA has signaled that the changes we have made meet with their expectations.

The FSA has removed the capital add on which was imposed in 2021, in February 2022. The FSA will conduct a follow up inspection in 2022.

We are satisfied with the constructive cooperation with the Danish FSA both during and after the inspection. GDI notes that the FSA has not found errors in the handling of policyholders, neither on the insurance technical side, nor in claims handling and customer service.

Outlook

Management is encouraged by the adoption of dental insurance as employee benefit by more employer groups and expects the company to grow in this segment in future years.

Corporate social responsibility

Compliance is of major importance to the Company. Internal controls ensure that employees and third-party organizations are aligned with what the Company expects.

Events after the balance sheet date

As described in the section FSA Audit, the temporary capital add-on was removed in February 2022.

Audit committee

The audit committee for Global Dental Insurance A/S consists of the entire board of directors.

Solvency capital requirements

	<u>2021</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2020</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Own funds	54.531.217	41.383
Solvency capital requirement	31.517.202	20.520
Minimum capital requirement	18.591.250	18.590

The above shown capital requirements are measured by the standard formula in accordance with the Danish Financial Business Act.

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The management believes that the company's solvency position exceeds the requirements and that the company can meet all its obligations.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Solvency cover	173%	202%	216%	181%	177%

Participation in Boards and Management

The members of the Board of Directors and Management participate as Board Members and Management in the following companies:

Mark Davidson

DNS Holding Company, LLC - President & Chief Executive Officer

Dansk Tandforsikring Administration APS (DDI) - Chairman

Global Dental Insurance A/S - Chairman

Goran Mike Jurkovic

Renaissance Health Service Corporation – President and CEO

Delta Dental Plan of Michigan, Inc. – President and CEO

Delta Dental Plan of Ohio, Inc. – President and CEO

Delta Dental Plan of Indiana, Inc. – President and CEO, Director, Chairperson

Delta Dental Foundation – President and Trustee

Dewpoint, Inc. – Executive Vice President, Director, Chairperson

Renaissance Holding Company – President, Director, Chairperson

Renaissance Life & Health Insurance Company of America – Executive Vice President, Director, Chairperson

Renaissance Health Insurance Company of New York – Executive Vice President, Director, Chairperson

DNS Holding Company, LLC – Executive Vice President

Global Dental Insurance A/S – Director

Lansing Economic Area Partnership (LEAP), Director

Business Leaders for Michigan (BLM), Director

Michigan State University's Master of Science in Healthcare Management, Director

The 4100 Group, Director, Chairperson

Roosevelt Innovations, LLC – Manager

Ole Ærthøj

Hebaru ApS - Managing Director

APO Invest ApS - Managing Director

safeAway A/S – Board member

Global Dental Insurance A/S – Board member

Toby Lincoln Hall

Delta Dental Plan of Michigan, Inc. - Senior Vice President

Dansk Tandforsikring Administration APS (DDI) – Board member

Global Dental Insurance A/S – Board member

Roosevelt Innovations, LLC – President and CEO

Roosevelt Solutions, LLC – President and CEO

Tine Antvorskov

Agria Dyreforsikring – Managing Director

SAT Ejendomme ApS – Managing Director and Board Member

Global Dental Insurance A/S – Board member

Infinitum Bizz – Managing Director

Jesper Kjeldsgaard Haugbølle

Global Dental Insurance A/S - Chief Executive Officer

Dansk Tandforsikring Administration ApS (DDI) – Board member

Fonden 65-ferie – Chairman

Albert Olsens Rejsefond – Board member

Sankalpa ApS – Chief Executive Officer

VITUS Reiser AS – Board member

Assentoft Silo A/S – Chairman

Aabybro Maskinfabrik A/S – Chairman

Assentoft Holding A/S – Chairman

Dansk Alvøen A/S – Chairman

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Income statement and total comprehensive income for the period from 1 January to 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK'000
Gross premiums	2	76.438.435	62.135
Change in premium provisions		<u>(667.096)</u>	<u>1.949</u>
Total premium income net of reinsurance		75.771.339	64.084
Insurance technical interest	3	<u>(131.132)</u>	<u>(113)</u>
Claims paid		(55.380.117)	(47.300)
Change in claims provisions		(210.128)	(1.779)
Change in risk margin		<u>(2.066)</u>	<u>(124)</u>
Total costs of claims net of reinsurance		<u>(55.592.311)</u>	<u>(49.203)</u>
Acquisition costs		(15.160.463)	(12.076)
Administrative expenses	4	<u>(3.726.164)</u>	<u>(2.851)</u>
Total insurance operating costs, net of reinsurance		<u>(18.886.627)</u>	<u>(14.927)</u>
Technical result		<u>1.161.269</u>	<u>(159)</u>
Interest income	5	1.336.250	1.229
Value adjustments	6	(1.851.791)	(883)
Interest paid		(59.097)	(38)
Administration expenses in connection with investment activities		<u>(195.408)</u>	<u>(94)</u>
Total investment return		<u>(770.046)</u>	<u>215</u>
Return and value adjustments on insurance provisions		<u>152.073</u>	<u>124</u>
Investment return after return and value adjustments on insurance provisions		<u>(617.973)</u>	<u>339</u>
Profit or loss before tax		<u>543.296</u>	<u>180</u>
Tax		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Profit or loss for the year		<u><u>543.296</u></u>	<u><u>180</u></u>
Other comprehensive income		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

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Global Dental Insurance A/S

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Total comprehensive income	<u>543.296</u>	<u>180</u>
Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Profit or loss for the year	<u>543.296</u>	<u>180</u>
Profit or loss available for distribution	<u>543.296</u>	<u>180</u>
Profit or loss brought forward	<u>543.296</u>	<u>180</u>
	543.296	180

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Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>31.12.2021</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>31.12.2020</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Bonds		<u>77.384.494</u>	<u>58.097</u>
Total investment assets		<u>77.384.494</u>	<u>58.097</u>
Receivables from policyholders		8.012.222	7.173
Receivables from group undertakings		792.099	830
Other receivables		<u>1.639.830</u>	<u>2.996</u>
Total receivables		<u>10.444.151</u>	<u>10.998</u>
Cash		<u>5.786.603</u>	<u>8.043</u>
Total other assets		<u>5.786.603</u>	<u>8.043</u>
Interest receivable		403.291	279
Other prepayments and accrued income		<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>
Total accruals and deferred income		<u>403.291</u>	<u>280</u>
Total assets		<u><u>94.018.539</u></u>	<u><u>77.418</u></u>

Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>31.12.2021</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>31.12.2020</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Share capital or equivalent funds	7	47.000.000	46.000
Profit or loss brought forward		<u>7.531.217</u>	<u>(4.252)</u>
Total equity		<u>54.531.217</u>	<u>41.748</u>
Premium provisions		22.117.818	21.451
Claims provisions		7.425.491	7.236
Risk margin		<u>591.412</u>	<u>589</u>
Total provisions for insurance contracts		<u>30.134.451</u>	<u>29.276</u>
Creditors arising out of direct insurance operations		1.285.229	1.399
Amount payable to group undertakings		10.344	0
Other debt	8	<u>1.397.092</u>	<u>481</u>
Debt		<u>2.692.666</u>	<u>1.880</u>
Accruals and deferred income		<u>6.660.206</u>	<u>4.513</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>94.018.539</u>	<u>77.418</u>
Accounting policies	1		
Other notes	2-15		

Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Share capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Proposed dividend for the financial year DKK	Total DKK
Equity at 1.1.2020	46.000.000	(4.431.674)	0	41.568.326
Profit/loss for the year	0	180.045	0	180.045
Other total income	0	0	0	0
Equity at 31.12.2020	46.000.000	(4.251.629)	0	41.748.371
Equity at 1.1.2021	46.000.000	(4.251.629)	0	41.748.371
Capital injection on 26.02.2021*	1.000.000	11.239.550		12.239.550
Profit/loss for the year	0	543.296	0	543.296
Other total income	0	0	0	0
Equity at 31.12.2021	47.000.000	7.531.217	0	54.531.217

*) The DKK 12.239.550 is split by DKK 1 million in share capital and DKK 11.239.550 by emission at a premium.

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Notes

1. Accounting policies

This annual report is presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Business Act and the executive order issued by the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority on financial reports for insurance companies and profession specific pension funds.

The accounting policies are unchanged according to last year.

General information

The annual report is presented in DKK.

Significant accounting estimates, assumptions and uncertainties

The preparation of the financial statements under the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority's executive order requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies.

The statement of the accounted value of certain assets and liabilities is determined on the basis of certain specific assumptions that imply the use of accounting estimates and assumptions. The estimates made are based on historical experience and assumptions, which Management finds justifiable but uncertain due to their nature. The statement of the insurance provisions is in particular connected to estimates. These estimates are described in more details in the below-mentioned under the individual accounting items.

Due to the nature of the estimates, the assumptions used may prove incomplete and furthermore unexpected future events or circumstances may arise. As a result a third party can reach other estimates.

Risk Management

In Global Dental Insurance A/S, risk management takes the form of the Board of Directors assessing and deciding on all relevant risks in accordance with the rules set out in the Danish Financial Business Act and the Danish Companies Act. These risks are both of a financial and an operational nature. The company has prepared policies and guidelines in all key areas with a view to managing these risks.

Relevant risks primarily relate to insurance risk, credit and counterparty risk, market risk and operational risk.

Notes

Insurance risk

Insurance risk is assessed on the basis of general principles for the key insurance risks that the company may accept based on the prepared policies and guidelines for risk acceptance (acceptance policy).

Part of the risk naturally relates to the assessment of claims provisions. GDI makes extensive use of technical assistance from professional dentists when determining and assessing claims and underwriting.

Determination of the carrying amount of claims provision is related to estimates that relate mainly to the historical technical data. The determination of the various assumptions is based on recognized actuarial calculations, which by nature are difficult. This means that the measurement of claims provisions is naturally subject to uncertainty.

Financial risks

Market risk is assessed taking into account the set investment policy according to which it is the company's policy to manage invested funds with a low risk profile. Investments are mainly placed on short-term deposit or invested in Danish bonds with short remaining maturities. The company monitors developments in the financial market on an ongoing basis, through reporting from the company's brokers.

Credit and counterparty risk

The company's credit and counterparty risk primarily relates to receivables from policyholders and group undertakings in connection with the insurance contracts and cash deposits in banks. In order to limit the counterparty risk the company's investment policy specify limits on the size of deposits in each individual bank.

Operational risk

Operational risk is monitored and mitigated on an ongoing basis through prepared policies and procedures that are controlled and updated.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at fair value. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Notes

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year. Value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities are recorded in the income statement unless otherwise described below.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognized in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Profit and loss account

Premium, net of reinsurance

Premium income consists of the premiums collected for the year, adjusted for movements in premium provisions.

Insurance technical interest

The interest yield is calculated on the basis of the year's average premium provisions. The year's average rate for EIOPAs risk free term structure without volatility adjustment is used as the rate of interest.

Claims incurred, net of reinsurance

Claims incurred consist of the claims paid together with direct and indirect costs for claims handling, adjusted for movements in the claims provisions.

As a result, claims incurred consist of reported and expected claims for the accounting year. Furthermore, run-off gains or losses on previous years' provision for outstanding claims are included in claims incurred. The portion of the increase of the provisions that relates to reduction of term and changes in provision of claims due to changes in the yield curve and exchange rates are recognized as a value adjustment in the investment income.

Insurance operating costs, net of reinsurance

Expenses for the acquisition and management of the Company's portfolio of insurance contracts are included in operating expenses. The item includes the staff costs, commissions, marketing expenses, rent, expenses for stationary and office supplies.

Notes

The proportion of operating expenses attributable to the acquisition and renewal of the portfolio of insurance contracts is included in 'Acquisition costs'. Acquisition costs are recognized at the time of commencement of the insurance contracts.

Investment return

Interest and interest-related income from bonds, other securities, loans and receivables, dividends on equity investments, are recognized in interest income and dividends, etc.

Total value adjustments, including currency translation adjustments as well as net gains and losses from the sale of assets falling within the group of investments in the balance sheet, are recognized as value adjustments.

Change in the provision for outstanding claims, net of reinsurance, resulting from changes in the discount rates used is also recognized.

Interest on and interest-related expenses in connection with payables and liabilities are recognized as interest expenses.

Costs attributable to trading in and management of the Company's investments are recognized as investment management expenses.

Income taxes

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognized in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognized directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity. The portion of the tax taken to the income statement, which relates to extraordinary profit/loss for the year, is allocated to this entry whereas the remaining portion is taken to the year's profit/loss from ordinary activities.

Deferred tax is recognized on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognized in the balance sheet at their estimated realizable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Notes

Balance sheet

Bonds

Listed bonds and capital investments are stated at the price listed at closing time on the date of the balance sheet. However, drawn bonds are stated at fair value.

The settling day is used as the time of calculation for all investment assets.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost, usually equalling nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Equity

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets.

Premium provisions

Premium provisions are recognized as future payments including payments for administration and claims handling regarding future events for in-force policies. However, as a minimum to the part of the premium calculated using the pro rata temporis principle until the next payment date. Adjustments are made to reflect any variations in the incidence of risk.

The premium provisions for insurance contracts are recognized, taking into account the deductions for direct acquisition costs.

If the company's portfolio of in-force policies is expected to be loss-making as a result of claims expenses occurring after the balance sheet date during the remaining contract period, the premium provisions shall include an amount to cover the loss to be calculated taking into account the risk margin. This amount is subsequently referred to as provision for unexpired risk.

Risk margins are distributed between premium and claims provisions based on expected payments. Provision for unexpired risk is calculated as the part of the expected payments plus the provision of premiums on the risk margin, which exceeds the premium provisions calculated by pro rata temporis. The expected payments on premium provisions are calculated gross of acquisition costs and based on an expected loss ratio for future claims.

Claims provisions

Provisions for claims include direct and indirect claims handling costs arising from events that have occurred up to the balance sheet date and administration expenses. Provisions for claims are estimated using the input of assessments for individual cases reported to the Company and statistical analyses for the claims incurred but

Notes

not reported and the expected ultimate cost of more complex claims that may be affected by external factors (such as court decisions).

Provisions for claims are discounted. The future payments are discounted according to the zero coupon interest rate structure set by the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises received income for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income is measured at cost.

Notes

	<u>2021</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2020</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
2. Lines of business		
The Company provides health insurance in Denmark, Norway and Sweden		
Total claims	61.409	51.868
Average claims	907	957
Claims frequency	0,9	0,8
3. Insurance technical interest		
Average premium provisions	<u>22.951.871</u>	<u>22.258</u>
Insurance technical interest	(131.132)	(113)
4. Administration expenses		
Salaries and wages	1.006.364	629
Other social security costs	<u>123.389</u>	<u>121</u>
	<u>1.129.753</u>	<u>750</u>
Total remuneration* for:		
Executive board (Jesper Kjeldsgaard Haugbølle)	<u>766.364</u>	<u>430</u>
Board of directors (Ole Ærthøj)	120.000	120
Board of directors (Tine Antvorskov)	<u>120.000</u>	<u>80</u>
	<u>240.000</u>	<u>200</u>
Average number of employees	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
<p><small>*) The remuneration is in line with the company's policy for remuneration in accordance with Executive Order No. 16 of 4 January 2019 on wage policy and remuneration of insurance companies and insurance holding companies.</small></p>		
Total fees paid to auditor appointed by the Company at the general meeting:		
Statutory audit	<u>100.000</u>	<u>98</u>
	<u>100.000</u>	<u>98</u>
5. Interest income and dividends		
Interest income	<u>1.336.250</u>	<u>1.229</u>
	<u>1.336.250</u>	<u>1.229</u>

Notes

	<u>2021</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2020</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
6. Value adjustments		
Realized gains/loss bonds	0	0
Unrealized gains/loss bonds	<u>(1.851.791)</u>	<u>(883)</u>
	<u>(1.851.791)</u>	<u>(883)</u>

7. Share capital

The share capital consists of 47.000 shares at 1.000 kr.

The shares have not been divided into classes.

Changes in share capital in past financial years:

Share capital at 13 March 2014	500.000	500
Capital increase 1 December 2014	41.500.000	41.500
Capital increase 27 July 2018	2.000.000	2.000
Capital increase 26 June 2019	2.000.000	2.000
Capital increase 26 February 2021	<u>1.000.000</u>	<u>0</u>
Share capital at 31.12.2021	<u>47.000.000</u>	<u>46.000</u>

8. Other debt

Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc payable	75.829	92
Other costs payable	<u>1.321.263</u>	<u>389</u>
	<u>1.397.092</u>	<u>481</u>

9. Recourse guarantee commitments and contingent liabilities

None

10. Related parties

Related parties with a controlling interest

The following related parties have a controlling interest in Global Dental Insurance A/S:

Name	Registered office	Basis of influence
DNS Holding Company, LLC	Okemos, Michigan, USA	100% owner
Mark Davidson	Okemos, Michigan, USA	Chairman
Goran Mike Jurkovic	Okemas, Michigan, USA	Member of the board
Toby Lincoln Hall	Okemos, Michigan, USA	Member of the board
Ole Ærthøj	Copenhagen, Denmark	Member of the board
Tine Antvorskov	Copenhagen, Denmark	Member of the board
Jesper Kjeldsgaard Haugbølle	Copenhagen, Denmark	Chief Executive Officer

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Notes

All transactions between related parties and Global Dental Insurance A/S have been conducted at arm's length.

11. Ownership

The Company has registered the following shareholders to hold more than 5% of the voting share capital or of the nominal value of the share capital:

DNS Holding Company, LLC, Okemos, Michigan, USA (TIN 46-4534401)

12. Consolidation

Global Dental Insurance A/S is included in the consolidated financial statements of DNS Holding Company LLC, Okemos, Michigan, USA (TIN 46-4534401).

13. Five-year summary

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<i>Gross premiums earned</i>	75.771.339	64.083.743	47.667.735	32.902.846	24.365.211
<i>Gross claims incurred</i>	(55.592.311)	(49.202.741)	(47.678.520)	(41.594.843)	(22.057.941)
<i>Total operating expenses</i>	(18.886.627)	(14.927.129)	(11.789.361)	(11.001.950)	(8.766.805)
<i>Result of reinsurance (=net cost)</i>	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Underwriting result</i>	1.161.269	(158.725)	(11.902.968)	(19.738.559)	(6.485.277)
<i>Profit/loss of investment after transfer of technical interest</i>	(617.973)	338.770	(244.577)	463.927	468.742
<i>Profit for the year</i>	543.296	180.045	(12.147.545)	(19.274.290)	(6.016.535)
<i>Gross run-off profit/loss</i>	1.211.948	871.687	623.969	1.139.399	1.212
<i>Run-off profit/loss, net of reinsurance</i>	1.211.948	871.687	623.969	1.139.399	1.212
<i>Assets and Liabilities at</i>					
<i>Reinsurance assets</i>	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Technical provisions</i>	30.134.451	29.276.101	29.333.566	28.487.904	17.654.926
<i>Capital and reserves at year-end</i>	54.531.217	41.748.371	41.568.326	33.715.871	32.990.161
<i>Total assets</i>	94.018.539	77.415.519	75.408.537	65.622.705	52.842.674
<i>Key figures</i>					
<i>Gross claims ratio</i>	73,4%	76,8%	100,0%	126,4%	90,5%
<i>Gross expense ratio</i>	24,9%	23,3%	24,7%	33,4%	36,0%
<i>Reinsurance ratio</i>	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<i>Combined ratio</i>	98,3%	100,1%	124,8%	159,9%	126,5%
<i>Operating ratio</i>	98,5%	100,2%	125,0%	160,1%	126,5%
<i>Relative run-off result</i>	16,8%	15,9%	12,1%	23,5%	0,2%
<i>Return on capital and reserves</i>	1,1%	0,4%	-32,3%	-57,8%	-16,71%

14. Risk and sensitivity information

Financial risks

In terms of the result the Company is sensitive towards the development in the prices of bonds. The Board of Directors determines and approves the overall policy for investment risk and determine the overall risk framework and the reporting.

Notes

Insurance risks

Insurance risks include the acceptance of risks on a direct basis, issuance of policies and claims management. The Board of Directors determines and approves the overall policy for risk assumption and determines the overall risk framework and the reporting.

Event

	Impact on equity	
	2021	2020
Increase in interest rate of 0,7-1,0 percentage points	(1.324.628)	(984.614)
Decrease in interest rate of 0,7-1,0 percentage points	1.323.591	983.593
Price decrease of 12% on shares	0	0
Decrease in real estate of 8%	0	0
Exchange rate risk (VaR 99.5 pct.)	(75.730)	(67.261)
Loss of contracting parties of 8%	(397.628)	(355.494)
Increase in underlying claims ratio of 5 percentage points	(6.138.082)	(4.976.882)

For the financial risks, except for exchange rate risk, the traffic light sensitivities are used, and for the insurance risk a parallel shift in the underlying claims ratio of 5 percentage points is calculated. For exchange rate risk the Solvency II standard formula is used. The changes in the impact on equity from 2019 to 2020 is predominantly due to growth in the business.

15. Assets and liabilities at fair value

Bonds are measured at fair value based on publicly quoted prices in an active market. GDI does not have any level 2 or 3 investments. This is the case for both 2020 and 2021.



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Stefan Vastrup

Statsautoriseret revisor

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