

# Kørselskontoret Dantaxi A/S

Krogshøjvej 49, 2880 Bagsværd

Company reg. no. 39 78 96 71

## Annual report

**1 January - 31 December 2024**

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 21 May 2025.

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Uffe Krarup  
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

## Management's statement

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Today, the Board of Directors and the Managing Director have approved the annual report of Kørselskontoret Dantaxi A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2024.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Bagsværd, 21 May 2025

### Managing Director

Uffe Krarup  
CEO

### Board of directors

Carsten Aastrup  
Chairman

Uffe Krarup

Lars Christian Christiansen

## Independent auditor's report

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### To the Shareholders of Kørselskontoret Dantaxi A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Kørselskontoret Dantaxi A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for conclusion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

## Independent auditor's report

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As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on Management's Review**

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## Independent auditor's report

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In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 21 May 2025

### **Redmark**

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab  
Company reg. no. 29 44 27 89

**Henrik Juul Thomsen**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne33734

## Company information

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<b>The company</b>	Kørselskontoret Dantaxi A/S Krogshøjvej 49 2880 Bagsværd
	Company reg. no. 39 78 96 71 Established: 13 August 2018 Domicile: Gladsaxe Financial year: 1 January - 31 December
<b>Board of directors</b>	Carsten Aastrup, Chairman Uffe Krarup Lars Christian Christiansen
<b>Managing Director</b>	Uffe Krarup, CEO
<b>Auditors</b>	Redmark Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 76 2000 Frederiksberg
<b>Parent company</b>	Moove Group A/S

## Management's review

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### **Description of key activities of the company**

The company's purpose is to provide services to affiliated license holders in accordance with the tax law applicable at all times.

### **Significant changes in the company's activities and financial matters**

There have been no significant changes in activities and financial matters.

Income from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK 19.531 thousand against DKK 20.168 thousand last year. Management considers the net profit for the year satisfactory.

### **Events occurring after the end of the financial year**

There are after the end of the financial year no events that can significantly affect the company's commercial position.

## Income statement 1 January - 31 December

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DKK thousand.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>24.205</b>	<b>24.603</b>
1 Staff costs	-120	-120
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>24.085</b>	<b>24.483</b>
2 Other financial income	993	1.373
Other financial expenses	-30	0
<b>Pre-tax net profit or loss</b>	<b>25.048</b>	<b>25.856</b>
Tax on net profit or loss for the year	-5.517	-5.688
<b>Net profit or loss for the year</b>	<b>19.531</b>	<b>20.168</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of net profit:</b>		
Extraordinary dividend distributed during the financial year	20.000	0
Dividend for the financial year	0	25.000
Allocated from retained earnings	-469	-4.832
<b>Total allocations and transfers</b>	<b>19.531</b>	<b>20.168</b>

## Balance sheet at 31 December

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DKK thousand.

<b>Assets</b>		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
<b>Current assets</b>		
Receivables from group enterprises	29.998	55.607
Total receivables	<u>29.998</u>	<u>55.607</u>
Cash on hand and demand deposits	<u>0</u>	<u>30</u>
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b><u>29.998</u></b>	<b><u>55.637</u></b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b><u>29.998</u></b>	<b><u>55.637</u></b>

## Balance sheet at 31 December

DKK thousand.

<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
<b>Equity</b>		
Contributed capital	500	500
Retained earnings	23.953	24.422
Proposed dividend for the financial year	0	25.000
<b>Total equity</b>	<b><u>24.453</u></b>	<b><u>49.922</u></b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		
Trade payables	28	27
Income tax payable to group enterprises	5.517	5.688
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>5.545</u>	<u>5.715</u>
<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<b><u>5.545</u></b>	<b><u>5.715</u></b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>	<b><u>29.998</u></b>	<b><u>55.637</u></b>

**3 Charges and security**

**4 Contingencies**

## Statement of changes in equity

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DKK thousand.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the financial year	Total
Equity 1 January 2023	500	29.254	0	29.754
Retained earnings for the year	0	-4.832	25.000	20.168
Equity 1 January 2024	500	24.422	25.000	49.922
Distributed dividend	0	0	-25.000	-25.000
Retained earnings for the year	0	-469	0	-469
Extraordinary dividend adopted during the financial year	0	20.000	0	20.000
Distributed extraordinary dividend adopted during the financial year	0	-20.000	0	-20.000
	<b>500</b>	<b>23.953</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>24.453</b>

## Notes

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DKK thousand.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
<b>1. Staff costs</b>		
Salaries and wages	<u>120</u>	<u>120</u>
	<b><u>120</u></b>	<b><u>120</u></b>
Average number of employees	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
<b>2. Other financial income</b>		
Interest Group enterprises	<u>993</u>	<u>1.373</u>
	<b><u>993</u></b>	<b><u>1.373</u></b>

### 3. Charges and security

The company has provided surety for other group enterprises.

### 4. Contingencies

#### Joint taxation

With Greenfleet Holding A/S, company reg. no 39926474 as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total known net liability to the Danish tax authorities emerges from the financial statements of the administration company.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding tax, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.

## Accounting policies

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The annual report for Kørselskontoret Dantaxi A/S has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

### Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, write-downs for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

## Income statement

### Gross profit

Gross profit comprises the revenue, other operating income, and external costs.

The enterprise will be applying IAS 11 and IAS 18 as its basis of interpretation for the recognition of revenue.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration promised exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

## Accounting policies

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Other external expenses comprise expenses incurred for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

### Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

### Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

## Statement of financial position

### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value. The company has chosen to use IAS 39 as a basis for interpretation when recognising impairment of financial assets, which means that impairments must be made to offset losses where an objective indication is deemed to have occurred that an account receivable or a portfolio of accounts receivable is impaired. If an objective indication shows that an individual account receivable has been impaired, an impairment takes place at individual level.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand.

The balances on group cash pool arrangements have based on the cash pool agreement with Nykredit been recorded and presented as receivable (debt) to group entities.

### Equity

#### Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under equity.

## Accounting policies

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### **Income tax and deferred tax**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

The company is jointly taxed with consolidated Danish companies. The current corporate income tax is distributed between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full distribution with reimbursement as to tax losses. The jointly taxed companies are comprised by the Danish tax prepayment scheme.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as "Tax receivables from group enterprises" or "Income tax payable to group enterprises"

According to the rules of joint taxation, Kørselskontoret Dantaxi A/S is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable to pay the Danish tax authorities the total income tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties, and dividends, arising from the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Adjustments take place in relation to deferred tax concerning elimination of unrealised intercompany gains and losses.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

### **Liabilities other than provisions**

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.