

Herlufmagle Energipark- & Naturpark ApS

c/o Grant Thornton, Stockholmegade 45, 2100 København Ø

Company reg. no. 41 15 46 91

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2021

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 31 March 2022.

Charles Robert Gilmour
Chairman of the meeting

Today, the executive board has presented the annual report of Herlufmagle Energipark- & Naturpark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in our opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2021.

We are of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

København Ø, 31 March 2022

Executive board


Charles Robert Gilmour


Benedikt Burchard Maria Ortmann

Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of Herlufmagle Energipark- & Naturpark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Herlufmagle Energipark- & Naturpark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 31 March 2022

Grant Thornton

State Authorised Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36



Michael Beuchert

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne32794

The company Herlufmagle Energipark- & Naturpark ApS
c/o Grant Thornton
Stockholmsgade 45
2100 København Ø

Company reg. no. 41 15 46 91
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Executive board Charles Robert Gilmour
Benedikt Burchard Maria Ortmann

Auditors Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Stockholmsgade 45
2100 København Ø

Bankers Sydbank

Lawyer Kromann Reumert

Parent company BayWa r.e. Solar Projects GmbH

The principal activities of the company

The object of the company is the planning, development, construction and operation of photovoltaic installations and any kind of renewable energy to produce electricity and sell the produced electricity.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year totals DKK -19.980 against DKK -11.075 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK -20.506 against DKK -11.174 last year. Management considers the net profit or loss for the year satisfactory.

Events occurring after the end of the financial year

There has been no events after the year end, which can effect the financial state of the company.

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>1/1 - 31/12 2021</u>	<u>10/2 - 31/12 2020</u>
Gross loss	-19.980	-11.075
3 Other financial costs	-526	-99
Pre-tax net profit or loss	-20.506	-11.174
Tax on net profit or loss for the year	0	0
Net profit or loss for the year	-20.506	-11.174
Proposed appropriation of net profit:		
Allocated from retained earnings	-20.506	-11.174
Total allocations and transfers	-20.506	-11.174

at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current assets		
Other receivables	0	2.552
Total receivables	0	2.552
Cash and cash equivalents	35.480	28.781
Total current assets	35.480	31.333
Total assets	35.480	31.333

at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Equity		
Contributed capital	40.000	40.000
Results brought forward	-31.680	-11.174
Total equity	<u>8.320</u>	<u>28.826</u>
Long term liabilities other than provisions		
Payables to group enterprises	27.160	2.507
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	27.160	2.507
Total liabilities other than provisions	<u>27.160</u>	<u>2.507</u>
Total equity and liabilities	<u>35.480</u>	<u>31.333</u>

1 Uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern**4 Contingencies**

All amounts in DKK.

	<u>Contributed capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Equity 1 January 2021	40.000	-11.174	28.826
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-20.506	-20.506
	40.000	-31.680	8.320

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	1/1 - 31/12 2021	10/2 - 31/12 2020
1. Uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern		
The company has had no operating activity in the financial year and the loss is financed through a loan from the parent company.		
2. Staff costs		
There were no other employees than the Executive Board this year, who have not received remuneration.		
3. Other financial costs		
Financial costs, group enterprises	277	7
Other financial costs	249	92
	<u>526</u>	<u>99</u>
4. Contingencies		
Contingent liabilities		
The company does not have any commitments or contingent liabilities.		

The annual report for Herlufmagle Energipark- & Naturpark ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Income statement

Gross loss

Gross loss comprises external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for administration.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity. The deferred tax is not allocated in the annual report.

Statement of financial position

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Cash on hand and demand deposits

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank and on hand.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.