
Human Capital Invest ApS

Blytsvej 14, DK-2000 Frederiksberg

Annual Report for 2024

CVR No. 31 60 05 02

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted
at the Annual General
Meeting of the
company
on 2/6 2025

Søren Christoffersen
Chairman of the
general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Human Capital Invest ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2024 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2024.

I recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, 2 June 2025

Executive Board

Kent Oksfeldt Jonassen
Manager

Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholder of Human Capital Invest ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Human Capital Invest ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent Auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the consolidated financial information of the entities or business units as a basis for forming an opinion on the Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hillerød, 2 June 2025

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Michael Blom

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne32797

Company information

The Company

Human Capital Invest ApS
Blytsvej 14
DK-2000 Frederiksberg

CVR No: 31 60 05 02
Financial period: 1 January - 31 December
Incorporated: 4 July 2008
Financial year: 16th financial year
Municipality of reg. office: Frederiksberg

Executive Board

Kent Oksfeldt Jonasen

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Milnersvej 43
DK-3400 Hillerød

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2024	2023
		DKK	DKK
Gross loss		-78,251	-47,503
Income from investments in subsidiaries		9,233,524	10,357,013
Financial income	3	1,653,604	392,664
Financial expenses	4	-331,166	-151,214
Profit/loss before tax		10,477,711	10,550,960
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	-364,866	-88,660
Net profit/loss for the year		10,112,845	10,462,300

Distribution of profit

	2024	2023
	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit		
Proposed dividend for the year	5,000,000	6,000,000
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	3,167,524	4,201,626
Retained earnings	1,945,321	260,674
	10,112,845	10,462,300

Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2024	2023
		DKK	DKK
Investments in subsidiaries	6	18,448,681	15,285,357
Fixed asset investments		18,448,681	15,285,357
Fixed assets		18,448,681	15,285,357
Receivables from group enterprises		1,351,100	935,512
Other receivables		134	40,414
Corporation tax receivable from group enterprises		3,727,747	3,686,716
Receivables		5,078,981	4,662,642
Current asset investments	7	11,502,847	10,284,460
Cash at bank and in hand		2,275,283	2,753,137
Current assets		18,857,111	17,700,239
Assets		37,305,792	32,985,596

Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2024	2023
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		125,000	125,000
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		11,751,739	8,588,415
Retained earnings		14,197,800	12,252,479
Proposed dividend for the year		5,000,000	6,000,000
Equity		31,074,539	26,965,894
Trade payables		22,250	22,250
Payables to group enterprises		3,201,841	3,899,511
Payables to owners and Management		18,118	918,118
Corporation tax		2,965,824	1,173,149
Payables to group enterprises relating to corporation tax		23,220	6,674
Short-term debt		6,231,253	6,019,702
Debt		6,231,253	6,019,702
Liabilities and equity		37,305,792	32,985,596
Key activities	1		
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	125,000	8,588,415	12,252,479	6,000,000	26,965,894
Exchange adjustments	0	-4,200	0	0	-4,200
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	-6,000,000	-6,000,000
Revaluation for the year	0	3,167,524	0	0	3,167,524
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	1,945,321	5,000,000	6,945,321
Equity at 31 December	125,000	11,751,739	14,197,800	5,000,000	31,074,539

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Key activities

The purpose of the company is holding of shares in one or more operating companies, that have an operational activity.

2. Staff

Average number of employees

2024	2023
0	0

3. Financial income

Interest received from group enterprises
Interest received from associates
Other financial income

2024 DKK	2023 DKK
39,256	24,370
0	120,000
1,614,348	248,294
1,653,604	392,664

4. Financial expenses

Interest paid to group enterprises
Other financial expenses

2024 DKK	2023 DKK
180,014	143,606
151,152	7,608
331,166	151,214

5. Income tax expense

Current tax for the year
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years

2024 DKK	2023 DKK
345,789	88,660
19,077	0
364,866	88,660

Notes to the Financial Statements

	2024	2023
	DKK	DKK
6. Investments in subsidiaries		
Cost at 1 January	630,942	630,942
Cost at 31 December	630,942	630,942
Value adjustments at 1 January	14,654,415	10,452,789
Exchange adjustment	-4,200	-89,387
Net profit/loss for the year	9,285,150	10,408,639
Dividend to the Parent Company	-6,066,000	-6,066,000
Amortisation of goodwill	-51,626	-51,626
Value adjustments at 31 December	17,817,739	14,654,415
Carrying amount at 31 December	18,448,681	15,285,357
Remaining positive difference included in the above carrying amount at	176,063	227,689

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Share capital	Ownership
Leadership Pipeline Institute A/S	Denmark	500.000	60,66%

	2024	2023
	DKK	DKK
7. Securities		
Shares	11,502,847	10,284,460
	11,502,847	10,284,460

Fair value of investments amount to TDKK 11,503 of which unrealized adjustments amount to a profit off TDKK 1,546.

8. Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Human Capital Invest ApS for 2024 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2024 are presented in DKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements are prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises of other external expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item “Income from investments in subsidiaries” in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item “Investments in subsidiaries” in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to “Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method“ under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK 0. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Current Asset Investments

Current Asset Investments, which consist of listed bonds and shares, are measured at their fair values at the balance sheet date. Fair value is determined on the basis of the latest quoted market price.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate Dividend item.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial liabilities

Loans are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.