

## **Albertslund Tandlægerne ApS**

Kanalgaden 6, 1.  
2620 Albertslund

CVR No. 30702212

### **Annual report 2024**

1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024

Adopted at the Annual General Meeting on 30.  
June 2025

---

Frans Maarten van Berckel  
*Chairman*

# Contents

Company details	1
Management's Review	2
Statement by Management	3
The Independent Auditor's Extended Review on the Financial Statements	4
Accounting policies	6
Income statement	11
Proposed distribution of profit and loss	11
Assets	12
Equity and liabilities	13
Statement of changes in equity	14
Notes	15

## Company details

### Company

Albertslund Tandlægerne ApS  
Kanalgade 6, 1.  
2620 Albertslund

CVR No.: 30702212

### Executive board

Anne Lene Ploug Olsen

### Board of Directors

Anne Lene Ploug Olsen  
Frans Maarten van Berckel  
Svetlana Markusenko

### Auditors

inforevision  
statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab  
Buddingevej 312  
2860 Søborg  
CVR No. 19263096

Simon Høgenhav, State Authorised Public Accountant

# Management's Review

## Primary activities

The company's primary activities is to practice dentistry and activities naturally related to this.

## Development in activities and finances

The results of the company's activities in the financial year amounted to a profit of DKK 1.575.917 against DKK 957.191 in last financial year. The equity at the balance sheet date amounted to DKK 723.154.

The company has experienced extra integration cost of app. DKK 350.000 which have had a negative effect on the reported EBITDA for 2024.

# Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and The Executive Board have today considered and adopted the annual report for 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024 for Albertslund Tandlægerne ApS.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the the company's financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024.

We believe that the Management's review contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend that the annual report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Albertslund, 30. June 2025

## Executive board

---

Anne Lene Ploug Olsen  
CEO

## Board of Directors

---

Anne Lene Ploug Olsen  
Chairman

---

Frans Maarten van Berckel  
Board member

---

Svetlana Markusenko  
Board member

# The Independent Auditor's Extended Review on the Financial Statements

## To the shareholder's of Albertslund Tandlægerne ApS

### Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Albertslund Tandlægerne ApS for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our work performed, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements Management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the financial statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

# The Independent Auditor's Extended Review on the Financial Statements, continued

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management's review.

Søborg, 30. June 2025

inforevision statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab  
CVR-nr. 19263096

---

Simon Høgenhav  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne33745

# Accounting policies

## Information on reporting class

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with Danish financial statement legislation as well as generally accepted accounting principles.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing Reporting class B.

Some provisions from reporting class C has been adopted.

The accounting policies have not been changed from last year.

## Generally regarding recognition and measurement

The financial statements have been prepared based on historical cost.

The income is recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the maturity period. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less any repayments and with addition/deduction of the cumulative amortisation of any difference between cost and the nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the maturity period.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the annual report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

The functional currency is Danish Kroner. All other currencies are considered foreign currencies.

## Foreign currency translation

During the year, transactions in foreign currencies have been translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. If currency positions are considered hedge of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables and debt denominated in foreign currencies have been recognised at the exchange rate of the balance sheet date.

Realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses have been recognised in the income statement under other financial income and expenses.

# Accounting policies, continued

## Income statement

The income statement has been classified by nature.

## Gross profit

Gross profit/loss includes "Revenue", "Cost of sales", "Other operating income" and "External expenses".

## Revenue

As income recognition criterion, the production criterion is applied so that revenue comprises the invoiced revenue for the year reduced by prepayments and with addition for work in progress measured at market value. Revenue is measured at fair value excl. VAT and less granted discounts.

## Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprise expenses incurred to earn revenue for the year including changes in goods for resale, raw materials and consumables used as well as packaging in the year.

## Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the company's primary activities, including payments received from public authorities as well as profit on sale of fixed assets.

## External expenses

External expenses comprises Selling costs, Cost of premises and Administrative expenses.

## Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries including holiday pay and pensions and other social security costs etc. to the company's employees.

## Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses comprises expenses of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the company's primary activities, including losses on sale of fixed assets.

## Financial income

Financial income is recognised with amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income comprise interest.

## Financial expenses

Financial expenses is recognised with amounts concerning the the financial year. Financial expenses comprise interest- and interest surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

## Tax on profit or loss for the year

Tax on profit or loss for the year represents 22% of the book profit or loss adjusted for non-taxable and non-deductible items.

Tax on profit or loss for the year consists of the anticipated tax portion of the taxable income for the year adjusted for the changes for the year in deferred tax. Changes in deferred taxes due to adjustments of tax rates is recognised in the income statement.

Tax on profit or loss for the year is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit or loss for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

## Accounting policies, continued

The company is subject to the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme. Interest reimbursement and interest surcharge have been recognised in financial income and expenses.

### Balance sheet

The balance sheet has been presented in account form.

### Assets

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulate amortisation.

Cost comprises the acquisition price as well as costs directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be put into operation.

Assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives:

Category	Period
Acquired other similar rights	5 years
Goodwill	5 years

Determine the amortisation period for goodwill is based on an assessment of the acquired enterprises' or business' market position, earnings as well as expected customer loyalty, which to the highest possible extent is based on historical recorded data.

As the intangible assets are not being traded in an active and effective market, no residual values after end of use are included when determining the amortisation period.

Profit/loss on sale has been included in the income statement under gross profit or loss/other operating income and other operating expenses.

The carrying amounts of intangible assets are reviewed annually for indication of impairment for losses, apart from what is expressed by usual amortisation. If this applies, impairment for loss is made of each asset or group of assets, respectively, to lower recoverable amount. As recoverable amount, the higher of expected net selling price and net present value is applied. The net present value is calculated as the present value of the expected cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets.

Impairment for loss for the year is recognised in the income statement as amortisation, depreciation and impairment for loss of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

## Accounting policies, continued

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulate depreciation. The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life.

Cost comprises the acquisition price as well as costs directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be put into operation.

The cost price for an asset is divided into separate components, that are depreciated separately, if the useful life of the individual components is significantly different.

Depreciation is initiated when the assets are ready to be taken into operation. Assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives with following residual values:

Category	Period	Residual value
Leasehold improvements	5 years	0%
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	5 years	0%

Minor purchases with useful lives below one year have been recognised as an expense in the income statement in external expenses.

Profit/loss on sale or retirement has been included in the income statement under gross profit or loss/other operating income and other operating expenses.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed annually for indication of impairment for losses, apart from what is expressed by usual depreciation. If this applies, impairment for loss is made of each asset or group of assets, respectively, to lower recoverable amount. As recoverable amount, the higher of expected net selling price and net present value is applied. The net present value is calculated as the present value of the expected cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets.

Impairment for loss for the year is recognised in the income statement as amortisation, depreciation and impairment for loss of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

### Other receivables classified as fixed assets

Deposits recognised as fixed assets are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal amount.

### Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost according to the FIFO method. In the event of cost exceeding net realisable value, writedown is made to this lower value.

Cost of goods for resale as well as raw materials and consumables comprises purchase price plus delivery costs. Cost of manufactured goods and work in progress consists of costs of raw materials, consumables, direct labour costs and other direct costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated at the estimated selling price less completion costs and expected costs to execute sale. The net realisable value is determined allowing for marketability, obsolescence and development in expected sales price.

Received prepayments from customers regarding non delivered goods are recognised as liabilities.

## Accounting policies, continued

### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Provisions for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable.

### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

### Equity and liabilities

#### Deferred tax and corporation tax

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method. Provision has been made for deferred tax by 22% on all temporary differences between carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is also measured with respect of the planned use of the asset and the settlement of the liability.

The tax value of the tax losses to be carried forward are included in the calculation of deferred taxes if it is probable that the losses can be used. Deferred tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

The company is jointly taxed with other Danish group enterprises with DDG Mid ApS as Management company. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated among the group enterprises in ratio to their taxable income according to the rules on full allocation with a refund for tax losses of the Danish Corporation Tax Act.

Joint tax contributions between the jointly taxed companies which have not been settled at the balance sheet date are classified as joint tax contributions in receivables or liabilities other than provisions.

### Financial debts

Short-term debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

## Income statement

	Note	2024	2023
		DKK	DKK
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>13.890.715</b>	<b>12.395.220</b>
Staff costs	1	-10.974.379	-9.918.916
<b>Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)</b>		<b>2.916.336</b>	<b>2.476.304</b>
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	2	-455.086	-532.431
Other operating expenses		-390.304	-157.685
<b>Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)</b>		<b>2.070.946</b>	<b>1.786.188</b>
Finance income	3	15.223	5.118
Finance expenses	4	-112.967	-35.272
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>1.973.202</b>	<b>1.756.034</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	-397.285	-798.843
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>1.575.917</b>	<b>957.191</b>

## Proposed distribution of profit and loss

	2024	2023
	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit and loss for the year :		
Transferred to retained earnings	1.575.917	957.191
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>	<b>1.575.917</b>	<b>957.191</b>

## Assets

	Note	31-12-2024	31-12-2023
		DKK	DKK
Acquired other similar rights		285.342	289.037
Goodwill		487.078	595.833
<b>Intangible assets</b>	6	<b>772.420</b>	<b>884.870</b>
Leasehold improvements		51.024	0
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment		489.614	493.064
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>	7	<b>540.638</b>	<b>493.064</b>
Deposits		238.062	137.097
<b>Investments</b>	8	<b>238.062</b>	<b>137.097</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>1.551.120</b>	<b>1.515.031</b>
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		120.000	265.170
<b>Inventories</b>		<b>120.000</b>	<b>265.170</b>
Trade receivables		645.370	615.582
Other receivables		8.355	1.165.203
Prepayments	9	51.705	0
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>705.430</b>	<b>1.780.785</b>
<b>Cash at bank and in hand</b>		<b>482.618</b>	<b>1.110.746</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>1.308.048</b>	<b>3.156.701</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>2.859.168</b>	<b>4.671.732</b>

## Equity and liabilities

	Note	31-12-2024	31-12-2023
		DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		125.000	125.000
Retained earnings		598.154	1.022.237
<b>Equity</b>		<b>723.154</b>	<b>1.147.237</b>
Deferred tax, liabilities	5	44.534	39.138
<b>Provisions</b>		<b>44.534</b>	<b>39.138</b>
Prepayments received from customers		186.015	179.517
Trade payables		559.240	682.632
Payables to group enterprises		52.500	0
Payables to associates		0	125.000
Payables to shareholders and management		0	781.376
Joint tax contribution payables	5	391.889	436.301
Other payables		901.836	1.280.531
<b>Short-term liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>2.091.480</b>	<b>3.485.357</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>2.091.480</b>	<b>3.485.357</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>2.859.168</b>	<b>4.671.732</b>
Contingent liabilities	10		
Unrecognised contractual commitments	11		

## Statement of changes in equity

	<b>Contributed capital</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Proposed dividend recognised in equity</b>	<b>Total</b>
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January 2023	125.000	3.065.046	6.000.000	9.190.046
Dividends paid		-3.000.000	-6.000.000	-9.000.000
Distributed profit/loss for the year		957.191	0	957.191
<b>Equity at 1 January 2024</b>	<b>125.000</b>	<b>1.022.237</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1.147.237</b>
Dividends paid		-2.000.000	0	-2.000.000
Distributed profit/loss for the year		1.575.917	0	1.575.917
<b>Equity at 31 December 2024</b>	<b>125.000</b>	<b>598.154</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>723.154</b>

## Notes

### 1. Staff costs

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	9.751.098	9.161.354
Pensions	924.849	611.780
Other social security costs	155.085	145.782
Other staff cost	143.347	0
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>10.974.379</u></b>	<b><u>9.918.916</u></b>
Average number of full-time employees	<u>16</u>	<u>18</u>

### 2. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	DKK	DKK
Amortisation of intangible assets	265.695	107.830
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	189.389	165.629
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>455.084</u></b>	<b><u>273.459</u></b>

### 3. Finance income

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	DKK	DKK
Other financial income	15.223	5.118
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>15.223</u></b>	<b><u>5.118</u></b>

### 4. Finance expenses

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses to group enterprises	7.164	0
Other financial expenses	105.803	35.272
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>112.967</u></b>	<b><u>35.272</u></b>

## Notes, continued

### 5. Tax expense

	Joint tax contribution	Deferred tax	Tax on profit/loss for the year
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Payables at 1 January 2024	436.301	39.138	
Adjustment tax, previous years	0	-49.235	-49.235
Paid in respect of previous years	-436.301		
Tax on profit/loss for the year	391.889	54.631	446.520
<b>Payables at 31 December 2024</b>	<b>391.889</b>	<b>44.534</b>	
<b>Tax on profit/loss for the year recognised in the income statement</b>			<b>397.285</b>
<i>Recognition in balance sheet:</i>			
Provisions		44.534	
Short-term payables	391.889		
<b>Total</b>	<b>391.889</b>	<b>44.534</b>	

### 6. Intangible assets

	Acquired other similar rights	Goodwill	Total	2023
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January 2024	342.700	5.010.000	5.352.700	4.360.000
Additions for the year	100.745	52.500	153.245	992.700
<b>Cost at 31 December 2024</b>	<b>443.445</b>	<b>5.062.500</b>	<b>5.505.945</b>	<b>5.352.700</b>
Amortisation and impairment losses at 1 January 2024	-53.663	-4.414.167	-4.467.830	-4.360.000
Amortisation for the year	-104.440	-161.255	-265.695	-107.830
<b>Amortisation and impairment losses at 31 December 2024</b>	<b>-158.103</b>	<b>-4.575.422</b>	<b>-4.733.525</b>	<b>-4.467.830</b>
<b>Carrying amount at 31 December 2024</b>	<b>285.342</b>	<b>487.078</b>	<b>772.420</b>	<b>884.870</b>

## Notes, continued

### 7. Property, plant and equipment

	Leasehold improve- ments	Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	Total	2023
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January 2024	214.972	4.557.000	4.771.972	9.849.895
Additions for the year	58.334	178.629	236.963	302.971
Disposals for the year	0	0	0	-5.380.894
<b>Cost at 31 December 2024</b>	<b>273.306</b>	<b>4.735.629</b>	<b>5.008.935</b>	<b>4.771.972</b>
Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January 2024	-214.972	-4.063.936	-4.278.908	-5.750.197
Depreciation for the year	-7.310	-182.079	-189.389	-165.629
Reversal regarding disposals for the year	0	0	0	1.636.918
<b>Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December 2024</b>	<b>-222.282</b>	<b>-4.246.015</b>	<b>-4.468.297</b>	<b>-4.278.908</b>
<b>Carrying amount at 31 December 2024</b>	<b>51.024</b>	<b>489.614</b>	<b>540.638</b>	<b>493.064</b>
Selling price, disposals	0	0	0	3.485.000
Carrying amount, disposals	0	0	0	-3.743.976
Profit/loss on sale	0	0	0	-258.976

### 8. Investments

	Deposits	Total	2023
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 January 2024	137.097	137.097	137.097
Additions for the year	155.874	155.874	0
Disposals for the year	-54.909	-54.909	0
<b>Cost at 31 December 2024</b>	<b>238.062</b>	<b>238.062</b>	<b>137.097</b>
<b>Carrying amount at 31 December 2024</b>	<b>238.062</b>	<b>238.062</b>	<b>137.097</b>

### 9. Prepayments

	2024	2023
	DKK	DKK
Prepaid amounts	51.705	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>51.705</b>	<b>0</b>

## Notes, continued

### 10. Contingent liabilities

Albertslund Tandlægerne ApS are jointly taxed with other group companies and are severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc. of the group. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of tax on interest, dividend tax and tax on royalty payments. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the the company's liability.

### 11. Unrecognised contractual commitments

**2024**

DKK

The company has entered into rental commitment regarding rent of premises. The rental contract is non-terminable until 30/6-2030. The total commitment represents

2.563.062

**Total rental and lease obligations**

**2.563.062**

# PENNEO

Underskrifterne i dette dokument er juridisk bindende. Dokumentet er underskrevet via Penneo™ sikker digital underskrift. Underskrivernes identiteter er blevet registreret, og informationerne er listet herunder.

“Med min underskrift bekræfter jeg indholdet og alle datoer i dette dokument.”

## Svetlana Markusenko

### Bestyrelsesmedlem

Serienummer: e251973b-506f-4243-9fa8-dd21963ef14d

IP: 212.130.xxx.xxx

2025-06-30 12:05:14 UTC



## Frans Maarten van Berckel

### Bestyrelsesmedlem

Serienummer: b2136e1c-5398-453a-a43d-9f8cab330cad

IP: 2.108.xxx.xxx

2025-06-30 12:54:03 UTC



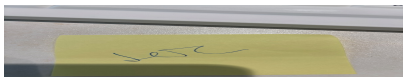
## Anne Lene Ploug Olsen

### Direktør

Serienummer: leneplog@gmail.com

IP: 93.161.xxx.xxx

2025-07-02 13:30:14 UTC



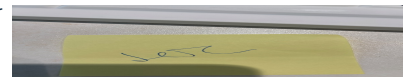
## Anne Lene Ploug Olsen

### Bestyrelsesformand

Serienummer: leneplog@gmail.com

IP: 93.161.xxx.xxx

2025-07-02 13:30:14 UTC



## Simon Høgenhav

inforevision statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab CVR:  
19263096

### Statsautoriseret revisor

Serienummer: e4445332-e832-4814-a40c-19a094694387

IP: 87.49.xxx.xxx

2025-07-02 14:36:36 UTC



## Frans Maarten van Berckel

### Dirigent

Serienummer: b2136e1c-5398-453a-a43d-9f8cab330cad

IP: 212.130.xxx.xxx

2025-07-02 14:44:47 UTC



Dette dokument er underskrevet digitalt via [Penneo.com](https://penneo.com). De underskrevne data er valideret vha. den matematiske hashværdi af det originale dokument. Alle kryptografiske beviser er indlejret i denne PDF for validering i fremtiden.

Dette dokument er forseglet med et kvalificeret elektronisk segl. For mere information om Penneos kvalificerede tillidstjenester, se <https://eutl.penneo.com>.

#### Sådan kan du verificere, at dokumentet er originalt

Når du åbner dokumentet i Adobe Reader, kan du se, at det er certificeret af **Penneo A/S**. Dette beviser, at indholdet af dokumentet er uændret siden underskriftstidspunktet. Bevis for de individuelle underskrivers digitale underskrifter er vedhæftet dokumentet.

Du kan verificere de kryptografiske beviser vha. Penneos validator, <https://penneo.com/validator>, eller andre valideringstjenester for digitale underskrifter.