

# At&F Europe ApS

Tolsagervej 9, 8370 Hadsten

CVR no. 32 13 84 62

## Annual report 2024

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 24 March 2025

Chair of the meeting:



.....  
Michael Nørup

## Contents

|  |    |
|--|----|
| Statement by the Executive Board             | 2  |
| Independent auditor's report                 | 3  |
| Management's review                          | 5  |
| Company details                              | 5  |
| Financial statements 1 January - 31 December | 7  |
| Income statement                             | 7  |
| Balance sheet                                | 8  |
| Statement of changes in equity               | 9  |
| Notes to the financial statements            | 10 |

### Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of At&F Europe ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

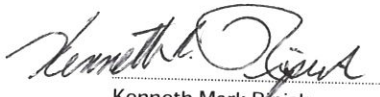
In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

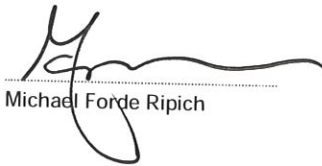
It is proposed to the annual general meeting that the financial statements for 2025 should not be audited.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Aarhus, 24 March 2025  
Executive Board:



Kenneth Mark Ripich



Michael Forde Ripich

The general meeting has decided that the financial statements for the coming financial year will not be audited.

## Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of At&F Europe ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of At&F Europe ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

### Independent auditor's report

- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aarhus, 24 March 2025  
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR no. 30 70 02 28

  
Henrik Pungvig Jensen  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne24825

## Management's review

### Company details

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Name                       | At&F Europe ApS   |
| Address, Postal code, City | Tolsagervej 9, 8370 Hadsten   |
| CVR no.                    | 32 13 84 62   |
| Established                | 24 April 2009   |
| Registered office          | Hadsten   |
| Financial year             | 1 January - 31 December   |
| Executive Board            | Kenneth Mark Ripich<br>Michael Forde Ripich   |
| Auditors                   | EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab<br>Værkmestergade 25, P.O. Box 330, 8100 Aarhus C,<br>Denmark |

## Management's review

### Business review

The objects for which the Company is established are to hold shares, and to undertake, perform and carry on such other things as the Executive Board deems incidental to the attainment of such objects.

### Financial review

The income statement for 2024 shows a loss of DKK 132 thousand against a profit of DKK 707 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2024 shows equity of DKK 50 thousand.

The company has lost more than half of its share capital and is thus subject to the capital loss provisions of the Danish Companies Act. The management expects to restore the share capital through future operations and/or capital contributions. AT&F Europe ApS expects to receive a dividend from Composhield Holding ApS in 2025 and the capital will be restored.

Reference is made to note 2 for further discussion.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Income statement

| Note | DKK'000  | 2024        | 2023       |
|------|--|-------------|------------|
|      | Gross profit/loss                              | -132        | -28        |
|      | Income from participating interests            | 0           | 735        |
|      | Profit/loss for the year                       | <u>-132</u> | <u>707</u> |
|      | Recommended appropriation of profit/loss       |             |            |
|      | Extraordinary dividend distributed in the year | 0           | 600        |
|      | Retained earnings/accumulated loss             | <u>-132</u> | <u>107</u> |
|      |  | <u>-132</u> | <u>707</u> |

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Balance sheet

| Note | DKK'000                                   | 2024 | 2023 |
|------|---|------|------|
|      | ASSETS                                    |      |      |
|      | Fixed assets                              |      |      |
|      | Investments                               |      |      |
|      | Investments in participating interests    | 61   | 61   |
|      |   | 61   | 61   |
|      | Total fixed assets                        | 61   | 61   |
|      | Non-fixed assets                          |      |      |
|      | Receivables                               |      |      |
|      | Receivables from group entities           | 0    | 140  |
|      | Other receivables                         | 0    | 7    |
|      |   | 0    | 147  |
|      | Cash                                      | 15   | 1    |
|      | Total non-fixed assets                    | 15   | 148  |
|      | TOTAL ASSETS                              | 76   | 209  |
|      | EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                    |      |      |
|      | Equity                                    |      |      |
|      | Share capital                             | 125  | 125  |
|      | Retained earnings                         | -75  | 57   |
|      | Total equity                              | 50   | 182  |
|      | Liabilities other than provisions         |      |      |
|      | Current liabilities other than provisions |      |      |
|      | Trade payables                            | 25   | 26   |
|      | Payables to group entities                | 1    | 0    |
|      | Other payables                            | 0    | 1    |
|      |   | 26   | 27   |
|      | Total liabilities other than provisions   | 26   | 27   |
|      | TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES              | 76   | 209  |

- 1 Accounting policies
- 2 Capital ratio
- 3 Staff costs
- 4 Security and collateral

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Statement of changes in equity

| DKK'000                                  | Share capital | Retained earnings | Total |
|--|---------------|-------------------|-------|
| Equity at 1 January 2023                 | 125           | -50               | 75    |
| Transfer through appropriation of profit | 0             | 707               | 707   |
| Extraordinary dividend distributed       | 0             | -600              | -600  |
| Equity at 1 January 2024                 | 125           | 57                | 182   |
| Transfer through appropriation of loss   | 0             | -132              | -132  |
| Equity at 31 December 2024               | 125           | -75               | 50    |

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of At&F Europe ApS for 2024 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Non-current assets acquired in foreign currency are measured at the exchange rate at the transaction date.

#### Income statement

##### Gross profit/loss

External expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

##### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to administration, etc.

##### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

##### Balance sheet

##### Investments in participating interests

Investments in group entities and associates are measured at cost. Dividends received that exceed the accumulated earnings in the group entity or the associate during the period of ownership are treated as a reduction in the cost of acquisition.

##### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of investments in participating interests is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists.

##### Cash

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

##### Equity

##### *Proposed dividends*

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Income taxes and deferred tax

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

##### Liabilities

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

#### 2 Capital ratio

The company has lost more than half of its share capital and is thus subject to the capital loss provisions of the Danish Companies Act. The management expects to restore the share capital through future operations and/or capital contributions. AT&F Europe ApS expects to receive a dividend from Composhield Holding ApS in 2025 and the capital will be restored.

#### 3 Staff costs

The company has no employees.

#### 4 Security and collateral

The company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2024.