

# DP CLEANTECH GLOBAL ENGINEERING SERVICES ApS

Marielundvej 43, A,  
2730 Herlev

CVR No. 35140492

## Annual Report 2024

12. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and  
adopted at the Annual General Meeting of  
the Company on 23 June 2025

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Kasper Lundtorp  
Chairman

## DP CLEANTECH GLOBAL ENGINEERING SERVICES ApS

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## **Management's Statement**

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of DP CLEANTECH GLOBAL ENGINEERING SERVICES ApS for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Herlev, 23 June 2025

### **Executive Board**

Kasper Lundtorp  
Manager

## Independent Auditors' Report

To the shareholders of DP CLEANTECH GLOBAL ENGINEERING SERVICES ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of DP CLEANTECH GLOBAL ENGINEERING SERVICES ApS for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibility under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditors' responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statement in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management considers necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern; disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to either liquidate the Company or suspend operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### The auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is no guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and can be considered material if it would be reasonable to expect that these - either individually or collectively - could influence the economic decisions taken by the users of financial statements on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain an attitude of professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- \* Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for a material misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or override of internal control.

## Independent Auditors' Report

- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- \* Evaluate whether the accounting policies used are appropriate and whether the accounting estimates and the related disclosures made by Management are reasonable.
- \* Conclude on whether Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements is appropriate and, based on the audit evidence obtained, conclude on whether a material uncertainty exists relating to events or conditions, which could cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may imply that the Company can no longer remain a going concern.
- \* Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including note disclosures, and whether the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control which we identify during our audit.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of opinion providing assurance regarding the Management's review.

Our responsibility in connection with our audit of the financial statements is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or with the knowledge we have gained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review meets the disclosure requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our procedures, we are of the opinion that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the Danish Financial Statements Act. In our opinion, the Management's review is not materially misstated.

Holbæk, 23 June 2025

**RevisorGården Holbæk A/S**

CVR-no. 45071391

Morten Lund Wilhelmsen  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne41315

## DP CLEANTECH GLOBAL ENGINEERING SERVICES ApS

### Company details

<b>Company</b>	DP CLEANTECH GLOBAL ENGINEERING SERVICES ApS Marielundvej 43, A, 2730 Herlev
Telephone	40968798
CVR No.	35140492
Date of formation	13 March 2013
Financial year	1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024
<b>Executive Board</b>	Kasper Lundtorp
<b>Auditors</b>	RevisorGården Holbæk A/S Kalundborgvej 60 4300 Holbæk CVR-no.: 45071391

## Management's Review

### **The Company's principal activities**

The Company's principal activities consist in sales, project and engineering activities related to biomass power plant solutions in the renewable energy sector.

**Income Statement**

	Note	2024 kr.	2023 kr.
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>4.274.633</b>	<b>3.668.711</b>
Employee benefits expense	1	-4.111.140	-3.523.802
<b>Profit from ordinary operating activities</b>		<b>163.493</b>	<b>144.909</b>
Other finance income		371	0
Other finance expenses		-139.252	-6.475
<b>Profit from ordinary activities before tax</b>		<b>24.612</b>	<b>138.434</b>
Tax expense on ordinary activities		-18.651	0
<b>Profit</b>		<b>5.961</b>	<b>138.434</b>
 <b>Proposed distribution of results</b>			
Retained earnings		5.961	138.434
<b>Distribution of profit</b>		<b>5.961</b>	<b>138.434</b>

## Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2024 kr.	2023 kr.
<b>Assets</b>			
Deposits, investments		102.791	100.231
<b>Investments</b>		<u>102.791</u>	<u>100.231</u>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<u>102.791</u>	<u>100.231</u>
Short-term receivables from group enterprises		2.453.781	2.540.549
Other short-term receivables		310.440	40.692
<b>Receivables</b>		<u>2.764.221</u>	<u>2.581.241</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>		<u>123.090</u>	<u>336.746</u>
<b>Current assets</b>		<u>2.887.311</u>	<u>2.917.987</u>
<b>Assets</b>		<u>2.990.102</u>	<u>3.018.218</u>

**Balance Sheet as of 31 December**

	Note	2024 kr.	2023 kr.
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>			
Contributed capital		100.000	100.000
Retained earnings		1.621.103	1.615.142
<b>Equity</b>		<b>1.721.103</b>	<b>1.715.142</b>
Other payables		454.983	0
<b>Long-term liabilities other than provisions</b>	2	<b>454.983</b>	<b>0</b>
Trade payables		645.602	199.079
Payables to group enterprises		0	311.465
Tax payables		18.651	0
Other payables		149.763	792.532
<b>Short-term liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>814.016</b>	<b>1.303.076</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions within the business</b>		<b>1.268.999</b>	<b>1.303.076</b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		<b>2.990.102</b>	<b>3.018.218</b>
Liabilities under off-balance sheet leases	3		

Notes

	2024	2023
<b>1. Employee benefits expense</b>		
Wages and salaries	4.083.924	3.492.124
Social security contributions	27.216	31.678
	<u>4.111.140</u>	<u>3.523.802</u>
Average number of employees	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

**2. Long-term liabilities**

	Due after 1 year	Due within 1 year	Due after 5 years
Other payables	454.983	0	0
	<u>454.983</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

**3. Liabilities under leases**

A contingent liability exists regarding rental of premises. It amounts to DKK 105,000.

## Accounting Policies

### Reporting Class

The annual report of DP CLEANTECH GLOBAL ENGINEERING SERVICES ApS for 2024 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

### Reporting currency

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner.

## General information

### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortized cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortization, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the financial statement, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

## Income statement

### Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if the goods have been delivered and the risk has passed to the buyer before year-end and if the revenue can be reliably calculated and expected to be received. Revenue is recognised excluding VAT and all discounts granted are recognised in revenue.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, operating leasing expenses etc.

### Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries including compensated absence and pension to the Companies employees, as well as other social security contributions etc.

## **Accounting Policies**

### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement based at the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment of tax scheme.

Dividends from other investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

## **Balance sheet**

### **Long term investments and receivables**

#### **Deposits**

Deposits are measured at cost.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortized cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

### **Equity**

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

### **Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the capitalized value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortized cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortized cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

### **Other payables**

Other payables are measured at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

### **Contingent assets and liabilities**

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.