

# Teglholmen, Byggefelt B Parkering ApS

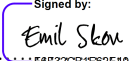
C/O Patrizia Denmark A/S  
Adelgade 15, 2., 1304 København K

CVR no. 38 89 41 53

**Annual report**  
for the year 1 January - 31 December 2024

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 23 May 2025

Chair of the meeting:

Signed by:  
  
.....  
Emil Skov

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## Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Teglholmen, Byggefelt B Parkering ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 23 May 2025  
Executive Board:

Signed by:  
*Anders Klingbeil*  
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Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil  
Director

Board of Directors:

DocuSigned by:  
*Peter Drachmann*  
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Peter Matzen Drachmann  
Chairman

Signed by:  
*Anders Klingbeil*  
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Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil

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*Nathalie Winkelmann*  
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Nathalie Marion-Denise  
Winkelmann

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*Albert Cornelis Tol*  
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Albert Cornelis Tol

## Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Teglholmen, Byggefelt B Parkering ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Teglholmen, Byggefelt B Parkering ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### *Independence*

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

## Independent auditor's report

- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

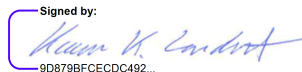
Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 23 May 2025  
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Signed by:  


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Kaare K. Lendorf  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne33819

## Management's review

### Company details

Name	Teglholmen, Byggefelt B Parkering ApS
Address, Postal code, City	C/O Patrizia Denmark A/S Adelgade 15, 2., 1304 København K
CVR no.	38 89 41 53
Established	29 August 2017
Registered office	Copenhagen
Financial year	1 January - 31 December
Board of Directors	Peter Matzen Drachmann, Chairman Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil Nathalie Marion-Denise Winkelmann Albert Cornelis Tol
Executive Board	Anders Skovgaard Klingbeil, Director
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

## Management commentary

### Business review

The Company's objective is to buy and possess real estate and other hereby related activities.

### Financial review

The income statement for 2024 shows a loss of DKK 425 thousand against a loss of DKK 1,116 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2024 shows equity of DKK 7,146 thousand. The financial performance in the year is as expected by Management.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No other events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

## Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2024	2023
	Gross profit/loss	-227	-315
	Fair value adjustment of investment property	-200	-800
	Profit/loss before net financials	-427	-1,115
	Financial income	2	0
	Financial expenses	0	-1
	Profit/loss before tax	-425	-1,116
	Tax for the year	0	0
	Profit/loss for the year	-425	-1,116
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss	-425	-1,116
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-425	-1,116

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

## Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2024	2023
	ASSETS		
	Fixed assets		
3	Property, plant and equipment		
	Investment property	7,400	7,600
		<u>7,400</u>	<u>7,600</u>
	Total fixed assets	<u>7,400</u>	<u>7,600</u>
	Non-fixed assets		
	Receivables		
	Other receivables	83	84
		<u>83</u>	<u>84</u>
	Cash	16	394
	Total non-fixed assets	<u>99</u>	<u>478</u>
	TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>7,499</u></u>	<u><u>8,078</u></u>
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
	Share capital	50	50
	Retained earnings	7,096	7,521
	Total equity	<u>7,146</u>	<u>7,571</u>
	Liabilities other than provisions		
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	122	283
	Deposits	231	224
		<u>353</u>	<u>507</u>
	Total liabilities other than provisions	<u>353</u>	<u>507</u>
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	<u><u>7,499</u></u>	<u><u>8,078</u></u>

- 1 Accounting policies
- 2 Staff costs
- 4 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 5 Security and collateral

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

## Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2023	50	-11,801	-11,751
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-1,116	-1,116
Contribution from group	0	20,438	20,438
Equity at 1 January 2024	50	7,521	7,571
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-425	-425
Equity at 31 December 2024	50	7,096	7,146

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Teglholmen, Byggefelt B Parkering ApS for 2024 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

#### Income statement

##### Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Rental income receivable from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, except for contingent rental income which is recognised when it arises.

Incentives for lessees to enter into lease agreements are spread evenly over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis.

The lease period is the non-cancellable period of the lease together with any further term for which the tenant has the option to continue the lease, where at the inception of the lease the directors are reasonably certain that the tenant will exercise that option. Amounts received from tenants to terminate leases or to compensate for dilapidations are recognised in the income statement when they arise.

##### Service charges and expenses recoverable from tenants:

Income arising from expenses recharged to tenants is recognised in the period in which the expense can be contractually recovered. Service charges and other such receipts are included gross of the related costs in revenue when the directors consider that the Group acts as principal and net when the directors consider that the Group acts as agent.

##### Gross profit/loss

The items revenue, property expenses and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit/loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

##### Property expenses

Property expenses include expenses relating to renting out the Company's investment property, including expenses relating to running and maintaining such property.

##### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

##### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

##### Balance sheet

##### Investment property

On initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost. Investment property is subsequently measured at fair value, and the value adjustment for the year is recognised in the income statement under the item "Fair value adjustment of investment property". The fair value is based on the expected future cash flows for the investment property.

##### Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

##### Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

##### Fair value

The fair value measurement is based on the principal market. If no principal market exists, the measurement is based on the most advantageous market, i.e. the market that maximises the price of the asset or liability less transaction and/or transport costs.

All assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value, or whose fair value is disclosed, are classified based on the fair value hierarchy, see below:

Level 1: Value in an active market for similar assets/liabilities

Level 2: Value based on recognised valuation methods on the basis of observable market information

Level 3: Value based on recognised valuation methods and reasonable estimates (non-observable market information).

If a reliable fair value cannot be stated according to the above levels, the asset or liability is measured at cost.

## Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

## Notes to the financial statements

## 2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

## 3 Property, plant and equipment

DKK'000	Investment property
Cost at 1 January 2024	19,850
Cost at 31 December 2024	19,850
Revaluations at 1 January 2024	-12,250
Value adjustments for the year	-200
Revaluations at 31 December 2024	-12,450
Carrying amount at 31 December 2024	7,400

Note 5 provides more details on security for loans, etc. as regards property, plant and equipment.

## Investment property

*Fair value estimation*

The fair value of investment properties are estimated for every single property on the basis of the budget for the coming year, adjusted for fluctuations of a one-off nature. This adjusted budget reflects "normalised" results of operations and is used in combination with a relevant yield requirement to estimate the fair value based on a yield-based model.

Knight Frank are as independent valuers consulted for purposes of estimating the fair values.

*Significant fair value assumptions*

The most significant fair value assumptions are:

Parking area (total): 79 parking units / 3643 sqm

Vacancy based on rent: 27,1%

Net initial yield: 3,18%

Average rent: 9.154DKK/unit/year (actual rent)

Management costs: 411 DKK/unit/year (estimated)

Operating costs: 1,028 DKK/unit/year (estimated)

Hereof, maintenance costs: 400 DKK/unit/year

## 4 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

## Other contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent, PADKPP ApS, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities.

## 5 Security and collateral

As security for Teglholmen, Byggefelt B A/S' mortgage debt, assets worth a total of t.DKK 7,400 have been pledged as collateral or otherwise charged.