

Indium Holding ApS

C/O Dajana Dimovska, Amager Strandvej 130E, 2.th, 2300 København S

Company reg. no. 38 55 92 73

Annual report

1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 29 October 2025.

Dajana Dimovska
Chairman of the meeting

Contents

Page

Reports

Management's statement	1
The independent practitioner's report	2

Management's review

Company information	4
Management's review	5

Financial statements 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025

Income statement	6
Balance sheet	7
Statement of changes in equity	9
Notes	10
Accounting policies	11

Notes:

To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.

Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's statement

Today, the Managing Director has approved the annual report of Indium Holding ApS for the financial year 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 April 2025 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 May 2024 – 30 April 2025.

Further, in my opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 29 October 2025

Managing Director

Dajana Dimovska

The independent practitioner's report

To the Shareholders of Indium Holding ApS

Opinion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Indium Holding ApS for the financial year 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 30 April 2025 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 May 2024 - 30 April 2025 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the financial statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

The independent practitioner's report

An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

Statement on the Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's Review.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 29 October 2025

Grant Thornton

Certified Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

Peter Birk Stokholm

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne48468

Company information

The company

Indium Holding ApS
C/O Dajana Dimovska
Amager Strandvej 130E, 2.th
2300 København S

Company reg. no. 38 55 92 73
Domicile: Copenhagen
Financial year: 1 May - 30 April

Managing Director

Dajana Dimovska

Auditors

Grant Thornton, Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
Lautrupsgade 11
2100 København Ø

Participating interest

Copenhagen Game Productions ApS, København

Management's review

Description of key activities of the company

Like previous years, the purpose is to act as holding company.

Significant changes in the company's activities and financial matters

The results from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK -1 thousand against DKK 42 thousand last year.

Management considers the results as expected.

Events occurring after the end of the financial year

There has not been any events occurring after the end of the financial year, which have affected the company's financial position.

Income statement 1 May - 30 April

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2024/25</u>	<u>2023/24</u>
Gross profit	-1.000	0
Income from investment in participating interest	0	40.000
1 Other financial income	1.415	2.006
2 Other financial expenses	<u>-1.440</u>	<u>0</u>
Pre-tax net profit or loss	-1.025	42.006
3 Tax on net profit or loss for the year	<u>0</u>	<u>-352</u>
Net profit or loss for the year	<u>-1.025</u>	<u>41.654</u>
 Proposed distribution of net profit:		
Extraordinary dividend distributed during the financial year	0	58.900
Allocated from retained earnings	<u>-1.025</u>	<u>-17.246</u>
Total allocations and transfers	<u>-1.025</u>	<u>41.654</u>

Balance sheet at 30 April

All amounts in DKK.

Assets		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Non-current assets		
4 Investment in participating interest	25.000	25.000
Total investments	25.000	25.000
Total non-current assets	25.000	25.000
Current assets		
Receivables from participating interest	43.658	42.243
Total receivables	43.658	42.243
Cash and cash equivalents	23.626	24.626
Total current assets	67.284	66.869
Total assets	92.284	91.869

Balance sheet at 30 April

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities

<u>Note</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Equity		
Contributed capital	50.000	50.000
Retained earnings	-2.505	-1.480
Total equity	<u>47.495</u>	<u>48.520</u>
Liabilities other than provisions		
Debt to shareholders and management	44.437	42.997
Corporate tax	352	352
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>44.789</u>	<u>43.349</u>
Total liabilities other than provisions	<u>44.789</u>	<u>43.349</u>
Total equity and liabilities	<u>92.284</u>	<u>91.869</u>

Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 May 2024	50.000	-1.480	48.520
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	<u>0</u>	<u>-1.025</u>	<u>-1.025</u>
	<u>50.000</u>	<u>-2.505</u>	<u>47.495</u>

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	<u>2024/25</u>	<u>2023/24</u>
1. Other financial income		
Interest, Copenhagen Game Productions	<u>1.415</u>	<u>2.006</u>
	<u>1.415</u>	<u>2.006</u>
2. Other financial expenses		
Other financial costs	<u>1.440</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>1.440</u>	<u>0</u>
3. Tax on net profit or loss for the year		
Tax of the results for the year, parent company	<u>0</u>	<u>352</u>
	<u>0</u>	<u>352</u>
	<u>30/4 2025</u>	<u>30/4 2024</u>
4. Investment in participating interest		
Cost 1 May 2024	<u>25.000</u>	<u>25.000</u>
Cost 30 April 2025	<u>25.000</u>	<u>25.000</u>
Carrying amount, 30 April 2025	<u>25.000</u>	<u>25.000</u>

Financial highlights for the enterprise according to the latest approved annual report

	Equity interest	Equity DKK	Results for the year DKK	Carrying amount, Indium Holding ApS DKK
Copenhagen Game Productions ApS, København	20 %	<u>2.369.856</u>	<u>-606.493</u>	<u>25.000</u>
		<u>2.369.856</u>	<u>-606.493</u>	<u>25.000</u>

Accounting policies

The annual report for Indium Holding ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, write-downs for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Income statement

Results from participating interest

Dividend from participating interest is recognised in the financial year in which the dividend is declared.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses.

Accounting policies

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

Statement of financial position

Investments

Participating interest

Participating interest is recognised and measured at cost. If the recoverable amount is lower than the cost price, it shall be written down for impairment to this lower value.

Other financial instruments

Impairment loss relating to non-current assets

The carrying amount of equity investments in participating interest are subject to annual impairment tests in order to disclose any indications of impairment beyond those expressed by amortisation and depreciation respectively.

If indications of impairment are disclosed, impairment tests are carried out for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. write-down for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher value of value in use and selling price less expected selling cost. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the asset group and expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or the asset group after the end of their useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when conditions for impairment no longer exist. Impairment relating to goodwill is not reversed.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value. In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

Accounting policies

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.