

K/S Obton Solenergi Suntaly

c/o Obton A/S, Kristine Nielsens Gade 5, 8000 Aarhus C
CVR-nr. 40 12 17 14

Annual Report 2024

1 January - 31 December

The Annual Report has been presented and adopted at the
Company's Annual General Meeting on 22 May 2025

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Company Details

Company	K/S Obton Solenergi Suntaly c/o Obton A/S Kristine Nielsens Gade 5 8000 Aarhus C
	CVR No.: 40 12 17 14 Established: 23 December 2018 Municipality: Aarhus Financial Year: 1 January - 31 December
Board of Directors	Andreas Delcomyn Larsen Johnny Bertelsen Karsten Rovelt-Busch, chairman
Executive Board	Johnny Bertelsen
Auditor	BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab Vestre Ringgade 28 8000 Aarhus C

Management's Statement

Today the Board of Directors and Management have discussed and approved the Annual Report of K/S Obton Solenergi Suntaly for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The Management Commentary includes in our opinion a fair presentation of the matters dealt with in the Commentary.

We recommend the Annual Report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus, 22 May 2025

Management

Johnny Bertelsen

Board of Directors

Andreas Delcomyn Larsen

Johnny Bertelsen

Karsten Rovelt-Busch
Chairman

The Independent Auditor's Report

To the Partners of K/S Obton Solenergi Suntaly

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the Financial Statements of K/S Obton Solenergi Suntaly for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise income statement, Balance Sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed in our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR - Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of Financial Statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Extended Review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such Internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Extended Review of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Financial Statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the Financial Statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

The Independent Auditor's Report

Statement on the Management Commentary

Management is responsible for the Management Commentary.

Our conclusion on the Financial Statements does not cover the Management Commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Management Commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the Management Commentary is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management Commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management Commentary is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management Commentary.

Aarhus, 22 May 2025

BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
CVR no. 20 22 26 70

Morten K. Veng
State Authorised Public Accountant
MNE no. mne34298

Management Commentary

Principal activities

The company's activities consist of owning and operating a terrestrial photovoltaic plant located in Italy.

Significant events after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the end of the financial year of material importance for the company's financial position.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
Income from investments in subsidiaries and Equity investments	1	19.713.803	49.777.927
Other external expenses		-149.141	-146.874
Operating profit		19.564.662	49.631.053
Other financial income		24.821	10.685
Other financial expenses		-1	-4
Profit for the year		19.589.482	49.641.734
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		19.589.482	49.641.734
Total		19.589.482	49.641.734

Balance Sheet at 31 December

Assets

	Note	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
Equity investments		93.457.055	93.457.055
Financial non-current assets	2	93.457.055	93.457.055
Non-current assets		93.457.055	93.457.055
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Prepayments		244.406	365.778
Receivables		244.406	365.778
Cash and cash equivalents		164.971	48.669
Current assets		409.377	414.447
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Assets		93.866.432	93.871.502

Equity and liabilities

Share capital		1	1
Retained earnings		93.474.419	73.884.937
Equity		93.474.420	73.884.938
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Payables to group enterprises		342.924	19.965.384
Non-current liabilities	3	342.924	19.965.384
Trade payables		49.088	21.180
Current liabilities		49.088	21.180
Liabilities		392.012	19.986.564
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Equity and liabilities		93.866.432	93.871.502

Staff costs 4

Equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2024	1 73.884.937	73.884.938	
Proposed profit allocation		19.589.482	19.589.482
Equity at 31 December 2024	1 93.474.419	93.474.420	

The company was founded with a share capital of 1 limited partnership of DKK 1, a total of DKK 1, of which DKK 1 was paid in cash.

Notes

1 | Special items

In the financial year 2023, the company has sold shares in a subsidiary with a profit of 16.3 million DKK.

2 | Financial non-current assets

K/S Lombardo PV has invested in foreign entities in which one or more solar plants are owned and operated. The investments were partly made via deposits in the companies as equity and partly provided as loans to the companies. Investments and loans are considered as a total investment that must provide a total return to the company. The loans granted will be repaid as the underlying companies generate free liquidity, which can either be used as dividends or as repayment of the loans granted. The loans are granted without an agreed interest rate, as loans and investments are considered as a total investment. The loans are a combination of unconditional loans and subordinated loans, subordinated to the primary creditor of the facilities.

3 | Long-term liabilities

DKK	31/12 2024 total liabilities	Repayment next year	Debt outstanding after 5 years	31/12 2023 total liabilities
Payables to group enterprises	342.924	0	22.500	19.965.384
	342.924	0	22.500	19.965.384

Payables to group enterprises consists of loans from K/S Lombardo PV. The parent company regards the total investment (debt and equity) as a total investment that is repaid as free liquidity is generated in the underlying companies, which can be paid out to the capital owner (the parent company) on the same terms as free equity. Due to the consideration of a total investment, debts to affiliated companies are presented as long-term liabilities.

4 | Staff costs

	2024	2023
Average number of full time employees	1	1

Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of K/S Obton Solenergi Suntaly for 2024 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act for enterprises in reporting class B and certain provisions applying to reporting class C.

The format of the income statement has been adjusted to the Company's activities as a holding Company.

The Annual Report is prepared consistently with the accounting principles applied last year.

Income Statement

Income from investments in associates

Dividend from associates is recognised in the financial year in which the dividend is declared.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include cost of administration etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, debt and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement by the amounts that relate to the financial year.

Tax

As the entity is not an independent tax subject, the taxable result of the entity is included in the owner's total income and assets for the financial year. The income taxes for the year are not recognised in the Income Statement.

Balance Sheet

Financial non-current assets

Equity investments in associates are measured at cost. If the cost exceeds the net realisable value, this is written down to the lower value.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of fixed assets are valued on an annual basis for indications of impairment other than that reflected by amortisation and depreciation.

In the event of impairment indications, an impairment test is made for each asset or group of assets, respectively. If the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount, the asset is written down to the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is calculated at the higher of the capital value and the sales value less expected costs of a sale. The capital value is determined as the Company's share in the current value of the net cash flows which the subsidiary is expected to generate through its activities and from sale of assets after the end of their useful lives. A discount rate is used which reflects the risk-free market rate and the owners' minimum return on interest requirements for similar assets. The growth rate in the terminal period is determined in accordance with the standards within the industry.

Accruals, assets

Accruals recognised as assets include costs incurred relating to the subsequent financial year.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank.

Accounting Policies

Tax payable and deferred tax

As the entity is not an independent tax subject, the taxable result of the entity is included in the owner's total income and assets for the financial year. The income taxes for the year are not recognised in the Income Statement.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the time of borrowing by the amount of proceeds received less borrowing costs. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost equal to the capitalised value when using the effective interest, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value being recognised in the Income Statement over the term of loan.

Amortised cost for short-term liabilities usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange on the transaction date. Exchange differences arising between the rate on the transaction date and the rate on the payment date are recognised in the income statement as a financial income or expense.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that are not settled on the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate on the balance sheet date and the exchange rate at the time of occurrence of the receivables or payables is recognised in the income statement as financial income or expenses.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange on the transaction date.