

Synsam Group Denmark A/S

Oldenburg Alle 1, 2., 2630 Høje Taastrup

Company reg. no. 31 05 87 24

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2022

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 28 June 2023.

Per Hedblom
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's statement

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director have today discussed and approved the annual report of Synsam Group Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities, financial position and accounting policies at 31 December 2022 and of the Company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Taastrup, 28 June 2023

Managing Director

Tina Høyer Gaardsholt

Board of directors

Per Erik Hedbloom
Chairman

Nils André Florestedt

Anna Katarina Kjellin

Moa Cecilia Bylund

Linda Janita Ingela Jansson

Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholder of Synsam Group Denmark A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Synsam Group Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control, that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 28 June 2023

KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Company reg. no. 25 57 81 98

Kim Schmidt

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne34552

Company information

The company	Synsam Group Denmark A/S Oldenburg Alle 1, 2. 2630 Høje Taastrup Company reg. no. 31 05 87 24 Financial year: 1 January - 31 December
Board of directors	Per Erik Hedbloom, Chairman Nils André Florestedt Anna Katarina Kjellin Moa Cecilia Bylund Linda Janita Ingela Jansson
Managing Director	Tina Høyer Gaardsholt
Auditors	KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dampfærgevej 28 2100 København Ø
Parent company	Synsam Nordic A/S
Subsidiary	Profil Optik A/S, Høje Taastrup

Financial highlights

DKK in thousands.

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
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Income statement:

Revenue	764.928	740.176	653.464	718.202	672.129
Gross profit	426.685	404.231	376.819	383.211	342.780
EBITDA	156.289	152.211	139.636	146.970	114.025
Profit from operating activities	80.248	78.353	62.212	62.626	15.950
Net financials	3.495	-52.299	-47.228	-48.253	-36.725
Net profit or loss for the year	55.904	5.777	1.285	658	-25.394

Statement of financial position:

Total assets	1.151.279	1.111.257	1.019.009	962.623	1.104.976
Investments in tangible assets	45.509	19.758	8.977	12.211	11.679
Equity	124.090	68.186	62.409	61.123	60.465

Employees:

Average number of full-time employees	584	552	506	522	506
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Key figures in %:

Gross margin ratio	55,8	54,6	57,7	53,4	51,0
Profit margin (EBIT-margin)	10,5	10,6	9,5	8,7	2,4
Solvency ratio	10,8	6,1	6,1	6,3	5,5
Return on equity	58,1	8,8	2,1	1,1	-34,7

Calculations of key figures and ratios do, in all material respects, follow the recommendations of the Danish Association of Finance Analysts, only in a few respects deviating from the recommendations.

The key figures and ratios shown in the statement of financial highlights have been calculated as follows:

$$\text{Gross margin ratio} = \frac{\text{Gross profit} \times 100}{\text{Revenue}}$$

$$\text{Profit margin (EBIT margin)} = \frac{\text{Operating profit or loss (EBIT)} \times 100}{\text{Revenue}}$$

$$\text{Solvency ratio} = \frac{\text{Equity, closing balance} \times 100}{\text{Total assets, closing balance}}$$

$$\text{Return on equity} = \frac{\text{Net profit or loss for the year} \times 100}{\text{Average equity}}$$

$$\text{EBITDA} = \text{Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization}$$

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

Synsam Group Denmark A/S's activities is to provide eye examinations, sale of spectacles, contact lenses, sunglasses and other optic accessories from 115 stores as well as a franchise partnership with stores in Denmark, the Faroe Islands and Iceland.

Development in activities and financial matters

The revenue for the year is TDKK 764.928 compared to TDKK 740.176 last year, an increase of 3,34% compared to last year. The net profit for the year is TDKK 55.904 compared to TDKK 5.777 last year. The balance sheet total is TDKK 1. 151.279, and the equity is TDKK 124.900.

Events subsequent to the financial year

No significant events have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Outlook

The company has no intention of changing its operations, however, events in the outside world may affect growth in the short or long term.

Risks regarding the current geopolitical situation

Synsam Group Sweden AB has no direct or indirect exposure to Russia and Ukraine. In addition to how the war affects the global situation in general, it has not had any significant financial impact on the company. Synsam Group Sweden AB monitors the geopolitical and security policy situation.

Inflation

The inflation that has increased in the outside world affects the company in the form of higher costs. Synsam Group Sweden AB acts to secure profitability.

Knowledge resources

Synsam Group Denmark's authorized opticians are important for the operations. It is important to preserve and attract this profession. In cooperation with the other staff in the stores, their profession is fundamental to the business.

Particular risks

Synsam Group Denmark A/S has no additional risks than the risks that exists in the market, for instance financial risks, business risk and IT-system.

Financial risks

Synsam Group Denmark A/S is exposed to various types of financial risks through its business activities. Financial risks relate to fluctuations in earnings and cash flow due, for example, to change exchange rates and interest rates, as well as the customers ability to pay and the possibility of refinancing the business. Known financial risks are managed in the finance policy, which consists of guidelines and rules describing the risk management mandate for financial business.

Management's review

Business risk

The Company's most significant business risk is linked to a strong position in the market. A strong market position is attributed to "Brand Awareness", optimal customer service and competitive prices. Business risk is also influenced by the economic climate in the market. The state of the economy has an impact on customer's purchasing power and propensity to purchase. Macroeconomic exposure is managed by actively addressing the market. The ambition is to understand the customers wishes as well as possible in order to actively develop and adapt the customer ordering to meet the customer's needs and expectations.

IT-system

Synsam Group Denmark A/S is dependent on IT systems that works smoothly to collect, process, and communicate information securely and efficiently. A prolonged interruption or serious failure of IT systems could lead to difficulties and limitations in the delivery of goods, invoicing of customers or the ability to present financial information.

Corporate social responsibility report

Corporate Social Responsibility is disclosed in the group financial statements for Synsam AB (publ). (Org.nr: 556946-3358) In accordance with § 99a of the Danish Financial Statement Act, we refer to the description in the group financial statements, which can be obtained:

<https://www.synsamgroup.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/03/Synsam-Group-ars-och-hallbarhetsredovisning-2022.pdf>

Target figures and policies for the under-represented gender

The Board of Directors in Synsam Group Denmark A/S consists of nine members. The underrepresented gender represents 44% of the members of the Board of Directors elected by the annual general meeting. In relation to the board Synsam Group Denmark A/S has set a target at min. 29% female representation in the Board of Directors latest at 2022, which has been fulfilled in March 2022.

Management has adopted a policy to maintain even gender distribution at all other management levels, including the Company's heads of department and team managers. This is obtained through strategic competency development and by prioritizing even gender distribution when recruiting. The current gender distribution is 61% female, and the underrepresented gender represents 39% of the management level. The goal is that the distribution should be no lower than 40-60; i.e. no gender representation should be lower 40% in the total management team.

Data ethics statement

This data ethics statement sets out Synsam Group Denmark A/S' ("Synsam" or "Company") position on data ethics pursuant to section 99 d of the Danish Financial Statements Act and is part of the management report in Synsam Group Denmark A/S' annual report for 2022 covering the period 1 January to 31 December 2022.

Synsam has in 2022 supplemented the existing data protection efforts with a policy on data ethics, which reflects Synsam's commitment to manage data responsibly based on principles of transparency, data quality, fairness and non-discrimination bias, autonomy, ethics by design, responsible data sharing and accountability.

Synsam adheres to these principles in addition to applicable legislation to ensure that job applicants, employees, customers, patients, and business relations feel safe when entrusting Synsam with their data. Synsam primarily processes personal data about job applicants, employees, customers, patients, and business relations and non-personal data about operating assets and other operations. Furthermore, Synsam enters into data processor agreements with third parties and does not sell data.

Synsam controls that data is collected for explicit and legitimate purposes and processed legally and fairly, including that data processing only comprises the data necessary to realise the purpose of the processing. Synsam will not retain personal data beyond what is necessary to fulfil the purposes for which it was collected, or to comply with applicable laws or regulations. Retention of personal data ceases by effective deletion or by aggregation and full anonymization.

The policy on data ethics is approved by the board of directors of Synsam Group Denmark A/S annually and revised on an ongoing basis.

Accounting policies

The annual report for Synsam Group Denmark A/S has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class C enterprises (large enterprises).

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

No consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to section 112 (1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act. The financial statements of Synsam Group Denmark A/S and its group enterprises are included in the consolidated financial statements for Synsam AB (publ), Stockholm, Sverige, reg. no. 556964-3358.

Pursuant to section 86 (4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no statement of cash flows for the enterprise has been prepared, as the relevant information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Synsam AB (publ).

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials. If currency positions are considered to hedge future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity in a fair value reserve.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

Business combinations

The uniting-of-interests method is applied to business combinations such as the acquisition and disposal of equity investments, mergers, demergers, contribution of assets, share exchanges, etc., between entities controlled by the Parent Company. The uniting of interests is considered to have been completed at the date of the acquisition, comparative figures are restated. Differences between the agreed consideration and the carrying amount of the acquired entity is recognised in equity.

Income statement

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods, comprising the sale of glasses, lenses and other related products or services, is recognised in revenue when delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer have taken place, and the income may be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Accounting policies

Profiloptik Lifestyle™

The presentation of Profiloptik Lifestyle™ means that a present value calculated income for the entire contract period is reported when the customer receives their glasses, which happens at one point. The economic meaning that lies The basis of the report is that several pairs of glasses sold in installments when the agreement was entered into. The agreement with the customer is one lease agreement or an installment purchase of glasses for 24 months or longer, which is reported as leasing. The ownership remains with Profiloptik until the customer decides to terminate the agreement.

From the middle of 2017, Profiloptik entered into agreements with external credit companies to sell the receivables from the customer that arise as a result of the agreement. Contracts sold to external credit companies are not listed in their own books, after payment happened. Until payment is made, the receivables are there included in own books as accounts receivable. Receivables not sold to an external credit company are found as accrued income.

In Denmark, there is also an older subscription model where Profil Optik is still the owner of the glasseand these reported in tangible fixed assets. These assets are depreciated over 24 months.

Lens subscription

Revenue from lens subscriptions, with partly different lock-in periods in the different countries, are handled as one normal sales of goods. Profiloptik reports the income at delivery of the goods.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts granted are deducted from revenue.

Cost of goods sold

Costs of goods sold includes costs for the purchase of goods for resale and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items of a secondary nature as regards the principal activities of the enterprise, including profit from the disposal of intangible and tangible assets.

Government grants

Government grants are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the firm complies with the conditionsassociated with the grants and contributions with reasonable certainty will be received.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses incurred for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

Accounting policies

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members.

The parent company, Synsam AB (publ), has an option program for some of the company's employees. Valuation of future commitments for Synsam Group Sweden AB is valued at fair value by Synsam AB (publ). Estimated outcome is adjusted annually within the group with final settlement to actual outcome at future awarding time

Depreciation, amortisation, and writedown for impairment

Depreciation, amortisation, and writedown for impairment comprise depreciation on, amortisation of, and writedown for impairment of intangible and tangible assets, respectively.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

Results from investment in subsidiaries

Dividend from investment in subsidiaries is recognised in the financial year in which the dividend is declared.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Purchased rights and goodwill is measured at cost with deduction of accumulated amortisation. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the residual period.

Accounting policies

Goodwill is amortised over its estimated useful life, which is determined on the basis of the management's experience with the individual business areas. The amortisation period of 20 years is based on a strong market position and an expected earnings profile.

Rights is amortised over 7-9 years.

Goodwill is amortised over 20 years.

Property, plant, and equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are measured at cost less accrued depreciation and writedown for impairment.

The depreciable amount is cost less any expected residual value after the end of the useful life of the asset. The amortisation period and the residual value are determined at the acquisition date and reassessed annually. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount, the depreciation is discontinued.

If the amortisation period or the residual value is changed, the effect on amortisation will, in future, be recognised as a change in the accounting estimates.

The cost comprises acquisition cost and costs directly associated with the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use.

The cost of a total asset is divided into separate components. These components are depreciated separately, the useful lives of each individual components differing, and the individual component representing a material part of the total cost.

Depreciation is done on a straight-line basis according to an assessment of the expected useful life and the residual value of the individual assets:

	Useful life	Residual value
Leasehold Improvements	5-10 years	0%
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-5 years	0%

Minor assets with an expected useful life of less than 1 year are recognised as costs in the income statement in the year of acquisition.

Profit or loss derived from the disposal of property, land, and equipment is measured as the difference between the sales price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Profit or loss is recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Property, plant, and equipment under construction

Property, plant, and equipment under construction are measured and recognised as the total costs incurred. When the work has been completed, the total value is transferred to the relevant item under property, plant, and equipment and is amortised from the date of entry into service.

Accounting policies

Leasehold improvements

Leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accrued depreciations. Depreciation is done on a straightline basis over the estimated useful life of the asset, which is set at 5-10 years.

Leases

At their initial recognition in the statement of financial position, leases concerning property, plant, and equipment where the company holds all essential risks and advantages associated with the proprietary right (finance lease) are measured either at fair value or at the present value of the future lease payments, whichever value is lower. When calculating the present value, the discount rate used is the internal rate of return of the lease or, alternatively, the borrowing rate of the enterprise. Hereafter, assets held under a finance lease are treated in the same way as other similar property, plant, and equipment.

The capitalised residual lease commitment is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability other than provisions, and the interest part of the lease is recognised in the income statement for the term of the contract.

All other leases are regarded as operating leases. Payments in connection with operating leases and other lease agreements are recognised in the income statement for the term of the contract. The company's total liabilities concerning operating leases and lease agreements are recognised under contingencies, etc.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries is recognised and measured at cost. If the recoverable amount is lower than the cost price, it shall be written down for impairment to this lower value.

Deposits

Deposits are measured at amortised cost and represent lease deposits, etc.

Impairment loss relating to non-current assets

The carrying amount of both intangible and tangible fixed assets as well as equity investment in subsidiaries are subject to annual impairment tests in order to disclose any indications of impairment beyond those expressed by amortisation and depreciation respectively.

If indications of impairment are disclosed, impairment tests are carried out for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. Writedown for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher value of value in use and selling price less expected selling cost. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the asset group and expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or the asset group after the end of their useful life.

Accounting policies

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost according to the FIFO method. In cases when the net realisable value of the inventories is lower than the cost, the latter is written down for impairment to this lower value.

Costs of goods for resale comprise acquisition costs plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value for inventories is recognised as the market price less costs of completion and selling costs. The net realisable value is determined with due consideration of negotiability, obsolescence, and the development of expected market prices.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments recognised

Prepayments are recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the following financial year.

Cash funds

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under equity.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

The company is jointly taxed with consolidated Danish companies. The current corporate income tax is distributed between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full distribution with reimbursement as to tax losses. The jointly taxed companies are comprised by the Danish tax prepayment scheme.

According to the rules of joint taxation, Synsam Group Denmark A/S is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable to pay the Danish tax authorities the total income tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties, and dividends, arising from the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Accounting policies

Adjustments take place in relation to deferred tax concerning elimination of unrealised intercompany gains and losses.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities other than provisions

Financial liabilities other than provisions related to borrowings are recognised at the received proceeds less transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value when using the effective interest rate. The difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement during the term of the loan.

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Deferred income

Payments received concerning future income are recognised under deferred income.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

DKK thousand.

Note	2022	2021
1 Revenue	764.928	740.176
2 Other operating income	6.709	5.825
Cost of goods sold	-190.225	-180.039
Other external expenses	-154.727	-161.731
Gross profit	426.685	404.231
4 Staff costs	-270.395	-252.019
5 Depreciation, amortisation, and impairment	-76.042	-73.859
Operating profit	80.248	78.353
Other financial income	64.027	10.697
6 Other financial expenses	-60.532	-62.996
Pre-tax net profit or loss	83.743	26.054
7 Tax on net profit or loss for the year	-27.839	-20.277
8 Net profit or loss for the year	55.904	5.777

Balance sheet at 31 December

DKK thousand.

Assets			
<u>Note</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Non-current assets			
9	Goodwill	344.791	397.549
	Total intangible assets	344.791	397.549
10	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	30.631	23.799
11	Property, plant, and equipment under construction and prepayments for property, plant, and equipment	6.755	2.393
12	Leasehold improvements	36.544	25.512
	Total property, plant, and equipment	73.930	51.704
13	Investment in subsidiary	25.063	25.063
14	Deposits	11.595	9.217
	Total investments	36.658	34.280
	Total non-current assets	455.379	483.533
Current assets			
	Manufactured goods and goods for resale	93.670	76.206
	Total inventories	93.670	76.206
	Trade receivables	28.452	25.826
	Receivables from subsidiaries	559.912	505.836
	Other receivables	1.357	7.931
15	Prepayments	11.572	10.974
	Total receivables	601.293	550.567
	Cash and cash equivalents	937	951
	Total current assets	695.900	627.724
	Total assets	1.151.279	1.111.257

Balance sheet at 31 December

DKK thousand.

Equity and liabilities			
<u>Note</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Equity			
16	Contributed capital	10.000	10.000
	Retained earnings	114.090	58.186
	Total equity	124.090	68.186
Provisions			
17	Provisions for deferred tax	19.046	18.576
	Total provisions	19.046	18.576
Long term liabilities other than provisions			
18	Lease liabilities	52	502
19	Payables to subsidiaries	826.253	828.406
20	Other payables	21.282	21.292
	Total long term liabilities other than provisions	847.587	850.200
	Short-term part of long-term liabilities	865	697
	Prepayments received from customers	7.106	6.206
	Trade payables	70.795	79.322
	Payables to subsidiaries	1.797	16.845
	Income tax payable to subsidiaries	28.327	19.476
	Other payables	47.723	46.755
21	Deferred income	3.943	4.994
	Total short term liabilities other than provisions	160.556	174.295
	Total liabilities other than provisions	1.008.143	1.024.495
	Total equity and liabilities	1.151.279	1.111.257
3	Fees, auditor		
22	Rental agreements and leases		
23	Charges and security		
24	Contingencies		
25	Related parties		

Statement of changes in equity

DKK thousand.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2021	10.000	52.409	62.409
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	5.777	5.777
Equity 1 January 2022	10.000	58.186	68.186
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	55.904	55.904
	10.000	114.090	124.090

Notes

DKK thousand.

1. Revenue

The Company has one geographic and one business segment, and segment information is therefore not disclosed in the financial statements.

	2022	2021
2. Other operating income		
Other operating income	6.176	1.472
Government grants	533	4.353
	6.709	5.825

3. Fees, auditor

Fees to the auditor are not disclosed pursuant to section 96 (3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act. The fees are specified in the consolidated financial statements of Synsam AB (publ).

4. Staff costs

Salaries and wages	244.270	227.574
Pension costs	20.553	19.025
Other costs for social security	5.572	5.420
	270.395	252.019
Average number of employees	584	552

According to section 98B (3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, remuneration to the Executive Board has not been disclosed.

No remuneration or bonus has been paid to the Board of Directors.

Notes

DKK thousand.

	2022	2021
5. Depreciation, amortisation, and impairment		
Amortisation of goodwill	52.758	52.759
Depreciation on decoration of rented premises	10.165	10.416
Depreciation on plants, operating assets, fixtures and furniture	12.537	9.987
Depreciation on leased assets	582	697
	76.042	73.859
6. Other financial expenses		
Financial costs, group enterprises	33.627	42.112
Other financial costs	26.905	20.884
	60.532	62.996
7. Tax on net profit or loss for the year		
Tax of the results for the year, joint taxation	28.327	19.476
Adjustment for the year of deferred tax	470	801
Adjustment of tax for previous years	-958	0
	27.839	20.277
8. Proposed distribution of net profit		
Transferred to retained earnings	55.904	5.777
Total allocations and transfers	55.904	5.777

Notes

DKK thousand.

	31/12 2022	31/12 2021
9. Goodwill		
Cost 1 January 2022	1.108.048	1.108.048
Cost 31 December 2022	1.108.048	1.108.048
Amortisation and writedown 1 January 2022	-710.499	-657.739
Amortisation for the year	-52.758	-52.760
Amortisation and writedown 31 December 2022	-763.257	-710.499
Carrying amount, 31 December 2022	344.791	397.549
Management has prepared an impairment test of the carrying amount of goodwill that shows that there is no need for impairment. The test is based on an expectation of an improvement of the Company's future revenues and earnings, and the measurement of goodwill is therefor associated with uncertainty.		
10. Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		
Cost 1 January 2022	258.680	246.395
Additions during the year	19.951	13.825
Disposals during the year	-116	-1.540
Cost 31 December 2022	278.515	258.680
Amortisation and writedown 1 January 2022	-234.881	-225.738
Depreciation for the year	-13.119	-10.683
Depreciation, amortisation and writedown for the year, assets disposed of	116	1.540
Amortisation and writedown 31 December 2022	-247.884	-234.881
Carrying amount, 31 December 2022	30.631	23.799
Lease assets are recognised at a carrying amount of	502	1.084

Notes

DKK thousand.

	31/12 2022	31/12 2021
11. Property, plant, and equipment under construction and prepayments for property, plant, and equipment		
Cost 1 January 2022	2.393	0
Additions during the year	4.362	2.393
Cost 31 December 2022	6.755	2.393
Carrying amount, 31 December 2022	6.755	2.393
12. Leasehold improvements		
Cost 1 January 2022	120.182	117.717
Additions during the year	21.197	3.540
Disposals during the year	0	-1.075
Cost 31 December 2022	141.379	120.182
Depreciation and writedown 1 January 2022	-94.670	-85.329
Depreciation for the year	-10.165	-10.416
Depreciation, amortisation and writedown for the year, assets disposed of	0	1.075
Depreciation and writedown 31 December 2022	-104.835	-94.670
Carrying amount, 31 December 2022	36.544	25.512
13. Investment in subsidiary		
Acquisition sum, opening balance 1 January 2022	25.063	25.063
Carrying amount, 31 December 2022	25.063	25.063

Financial highlights for the enterprise according to the latest approved annual report

	Equity interest	Equity	Results for the year	Carrying amount, Synsam Group Denmark A/S
Profil Optik A/S, Høje Taastrup	100 %	17.316	356	25.063

Notes

DKK thousand.

	31/12 2022	31/12 2021
14. Deposits		
Cost 1 January 2022	9.217	7.480
Additions during the year	2.378	1.737
Cost 31 December 2022	11.595	9.217
Carrying amount, 31 December 2022	11.595	9.217
15. Prepayments		
Prepaid rent	3.740	3.903
Prepaid IT-costs	5.504	5.557
Deferred income	1.759	821
Other prepayments	569	693
	11.572	10.974
16. Contributed capital		
The share capital consists of 100.001 shares, each with a nominal value of DKK 100. No shares hold particular rights. There have been no changes in the share capital during the last 5 years.		
17. Provisions for deferred tax		
Provisions for deferred tax 1 January 2022	18.576	17.775
Deferred tax of the results for the year	470	801
	19.046	18.576
18. Lease liabilities		
Total lease liabilities	502	1.084
Share of amount due within 1 year	-450	-582
	52	502
Share of liabilities due after 5 years	0	0

Notes

DKK thousand.

	<u>31/12 2022</u>	<u>31/12 2021</u>
19. Payables to subsidiaries		
Total payables to subsidiaries	826.253	828.406
Share of amount due within 1 year	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total payables to subsidiaries	<u>826.253</u>	<u>828.406</u>
Share of liabilities due after 5 years	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
20. Other payables		
Total other payables	21.697	21.407
Share of amount due within 1 year	<u>-415</u>	<u>-115</u>
Total other payables	<u>21.282</u>	<u>21.292</u>
Share of liabilities due after 5 years	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
21. Deferred income		
Prepayments/deferred income	<u>3.943</u>	<u>4.994</u>
	<u>3.943</u>	<u>4.994</u>
22. Rental agreements and leases		
Rent and lease payments within 1 year	31.901	27.427
Rent and lease payments between 1-5 years	32.602	22.854
Rent and lease payments after 5 years	<u>0</u>	<u>243</u>
	<u>64.503</u>	<u>50.524</u>

Notes

DKK thousand.

23. Charges and security

The Company has provided its shares in subsidiaries as security for Synsam AB (publ)'s loan in Nordea. The company is jointly and severally liable for the loan for an amount equal to the equity of the Company.

24. Contingencies

Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly registered with the group entities Synsam Nordic A/S, Profil Optik A/S and Optical Fashion Group ApS for VAT and payroll tax and is jointly and severally liable in this respect.

Joint taxation

With Synsam Nordic A/S as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total known net liability to the Danish tax authorities emerges from the financial statements of the administration company.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding tax, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.

Notes

DKK thousand.

25. Related parties

Synsam Group Denmark A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Synsam Nordic A/S, Oldenburg Alle 1, 2, 2630 Taastrup, Denmark

Synsam Nordic A/S holds the majority of the share capital in the Company

Transactions

The company has the following related party transactions:

	2022	2021
Intercompany sales of services	34.987	30.887
Intercompany purchase of goods	77.980	49.419
Intercompany purchase of services	53.845	55.201

Payables to associates and subsidiaries are disclosed in the balance sheet/note 20, and expensed interest is disclosed in note 7.

Consolidated financial statements

Synsam Group Denmark A/S is part of the consolidated financial statements of Synsam AB (publ), reg. no. 556964-3358, Box 30153, 104 25 Stockholm, Sweden, which is the smallest and largest group in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.

The consolidated financial statements of Synsam AB (publ) can be obtained by contacting the Company.

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Nils André Florestedt

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Moa Cecilia Bylund

Bestyrelsesmedlem

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IP: 2.68.xxx.xxx

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KATARINA KJELLIN

Bestyrelsesmedlem

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IP: 89.236.xxx.xxx

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Linda Janita Ingela Jansson

Bestyrelsesmedlem

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Tina Høyer Gaardsholt

Adm. direktør

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