

Anpartsselskabet af 6.9 2019

Havnen 1,

8700 Horsens

CVR No. 40793925

Annual Report 2020/21

2. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and
adopted at the Annual General Meeting of
the Company on 29 October 2021

Rasmus Rønne Christensen
Chairman

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Management's Statement

The board of directors and the managing director have today presented the annual report of Anpartsselskabet af 6.9 2019 for the financial year 1 June 2020 - 31 May 2021.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 May 2021 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 June 2020 - 31 May 2021.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Horsens, 29 October 2021

Executive Board

Jesper Brøndum Petersen
Managing director

Board of Directors

Rasmus Rønne Christensen
Chairman

Jesper Brøndum Petersen
Member

Rolf Foged Hvidegaard Hay
Member

Independent Auditors' Report

To the shareholders of Anpartsselskabet af 6.9 2019

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Anpartsselskabet af 6.9 2019 for the financial year 1 June 2020 - 31 May 2021, which comprise accounting policies, income statement, statement of financial position, statement of notes. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 May 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 June 2020 - 31 May 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethical requirements for auditors (IESBA's Code of Ethics), and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that provide a fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing, and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- * Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for a material misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or override of internal control.
- * Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent Auditors' Report

- * Evaluate whether the accounting policies used are appropriate and whether the accounting estimates and the related disclosures made by Management are reasonable.
- * Conclude on the appropriateness of management's preparation of the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists arising from events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- * Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including note disclosures, and whether the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control which we identify during our audit.

Statement on management commentary

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we express no assurance opinion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, it is our responsibility to read the management commentary and to consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or the evidence obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that management commentary is consistent with the financial statements and that it has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not discover any material misstatement in the management commentary.

Brande, 29 October 2021

Partner Revision

Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab

CVR-no. 15807776

Claus Lykke Jensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne10776

Company details

Company	Anpartsselskabet af 6.9 2019 Havnen 1, 8700 Horsens
	CVR No. 40793925
	Date of formation 6. september 2019
	Registered office Horsens
	Financial year 1. juni 2020 - 31. maj 2021
Board of Directors	Rasmus Rønne Christensen, Chairman Jesper Brøndum Petersen Rolf Foged Hvidegaard Hay
Executive Board	Jesper Brøndum Petersen, Managing director
Auditors	Partner Revision Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab Torvegade 22 7330 Brande CVR-no.: 15807776

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The company's purpose is to hold ownership in Danish and foreign companies within the retail industry.

Finally, it is the purpose of the company to carry out any such activity which, in the opinion of the Executive Board, is appropriate to promote one or more of the aforementioned purposes.

Insecurity regarding recognition or measurement

There is no material insecurity regarding recognition or measurement.

Exceptional circumstances

No exceptional circumstances have affected recognition or measurement.

Development in the activities and the financial situation of the Company

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 June 2020 - 31 May 2021 shows a result of DKK -348.330 and the Balance Sheet at 31 May 2021 a balance sheet total of DKK 31.733.879 and an equity of DKK 1.777.492.

The result for the year is considered satisfactory.

In the process of integrating further with our parent company, Anpartsselskabet af 6.9 has for the financial year 2020/21 changed its accounting policies, in recognition of long-term investments in group enterprises from the equity method to cost method.

Post financial year events

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The Annual Report of Anpartsselskabet af 6.9 2019 for 2020/21 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, with the adoption of individual rules from class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Changed accounting policies, estimates and errors

Accounting policies has been changed as follows:

- Long-term investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Previously long-term investments in group enterprises was measured using the equity method.

The reason for the change in accounting policies is that HAY have chosen to follow the parent company's accounting policies surrounding recognition of long-term investments.

The accumulative effect of the change in accounting policies as of 31. May 2021 sums up to:

- Profit of the year is reduced by t.DKK 12.178
- Balance sheet total is reduced by t.DKK 12.178
- Equity is reduced by t.DKK 12.178

For the financial statement of 2019/20 the Profit for the year is increased by t.DKK 1.390, Balance sheet total increased by t.DKK 733 and Equity is increased by t.DKK 733.

Except for the above mentioned changes the accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Comparative figures have been adapted to the changed accounting policies.

Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

General Information

Basis of recognition and measurement

The financial statement have been prepared under the historical cost principle.

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and

Accounting Policies

the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the Income Statement under Financial Income and Expenses.

Income Statement

Other external expenses

Other external costs include costs for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss of debtors, operating leasing costs etc.

Result of equity investments in subsidiaries

Income from equity investments comprises dividends received from group enterprises and associates in so far as they do not exceed the accumulated earnings in the group enterprise or the associate during the ownership period.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement based on the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the tax prepayment scheme.

Dividends equity investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

The Company and the Danish associates are taxed jointly. The Danish income tax is distributed between profit- and loss-making Danish enterprises in relation to their taxable income (full distribution).

Balance Sheet

Equity investments in group enterprises

Equity investments in group enterprises and associates are measured at cost. Dividends that exceed accumulated earnings of the group enterprise or the associate during the ownership period are treated as a reduction of the cost. If cost exceeds the net realisable value, a write-down to this lower value will be performed.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

Deferred expenses

Accrued income recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

Accounting Policies

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

Equity

Equity comprises the working capital and a number of equity items that may be statutory or stipulated in the articles of association.

Proposed dividend for the year is recognised as a separate item in equity.

Dividends

Proposed dividends for the year are recognised as a separate item under equity. Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability when approved by the Annual General Meeting.

Current tax liabilities and deferred tax

Deferred tax and the associated adjustments for the year are determined according to the balance-sheet liability method as the tax base of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be used, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities in enterprises within the same legal entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

According to the rules of joint taxation, Anpartsselskabet af 6.9 2019 is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies. Payable and receivable joint taxation contributions are recognized in the balance sheet as "Tax receivables" or "Tax payables".

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the Balance Sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

Liabilities

Other payables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Accruals and deferred income entered as liabilities consist of payments received regarding income in the subsequent financial years.

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

Anpartsselskabet af 6.9 2019

Income Statement

	Note	2020/21 kr.	2019/20 kr.
Other external expenses		-89.913	-126.519
Gross result		-89.913	-126.519
Finance expenses		-356.664	-69.043
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		-446.577	-195.562
Tax expenses on ordinary activities	1	98.247	43.024
Profit		-348.330	-152.538
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		-348.330	-152.538
Distribution of profit		-348.330	-152.538

Anpartsselskabet af 6.9 2019

Balance Sheet as of 31 May

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Assets			
Long-term investments in group enterprises	2, 3	<u>2.214.736</u>	<u>1.467.973</u>
Investments		<u>2.214.736</u>	<u>1.467.973</u>
Fixed assets		<u>2.214.736</u>	<u>1.467.973</u>
Short-term prepayment investments		0	374.896
Short-term receivables from group enterprises		27.555.679	39.518.896
Tax receivables		141.271	43.024
Other short-term receivables		<u>49.777</u>	<u>48.441</u>
Receivables		<u>27.746.727</u>	<u>39.985.257</u>
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>1.772.416</u>	<u>531.566</u>
Current assets		<u>29.519.143</u>	<u>40.516.823</u>
Assets		<u>31.733.879</u>	<u>41.984.796</u>

Balance Sheet as of 31 May

	Note	2021 kr.	2020 kr.
Liabilities and equity			
Contributed capital	4	40.000	40.000
Share premium	5	2.238.360	2.238.360
Retained earnings	6	-500.868	-152.538
		<u>1.777.492</u>	<u>2.125.822</u>
Equity			
Trade payables		0	19.654
Payables to group enterprises		29.935.881	39.827.320
Other payables		20.506	12.000
		<u>29.956.387</u>	<u>39.858.974</u>
Short-term liabilities other than provisions			
		<u>29.956.387</u>	<u>39.858.974</u>
Liabilities other than provisions within the business			
		<u>29.956.387</u>	<u>39.858.974</u>
Liabilities and equity			
		<u>31.733.879</u>	<u>41.984.796</u>
Contingent liabilities	7		
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Notes

	2020/21 kr.	2019/20 kr.
1. Tax expense		
Corporation tax	-43.024	-43.024
	-43.024	-43.024
2. Long-term investments in group enterprises		
Cost at the beginning of the year	1.467.973	0
Addition during the year, incl. improvements	746.763	1.467.973
Cost at the end of the year	2.214.736	1.467.973
Revaluations at the beginning of the year	0	0
Change due to change in accounting policies	0	1.380.214
Change due to a foreign currency translation adjustment	0	9.490
Profit of the year	0	-1.389.704
Revaluations at the end of the year	0	0
Fair value adjustments at the beginning of the year	0	0
Change due to change in accounting policies	0	-646.806
Deducted in Receivables		646.806
Fair value adjustments at the end of the year	0	0
Carrying amount at the end of the year	2.214.736	1.467.973

3. Disclosure in long-term investments in group enterprises and associates

Group enterprises, in t.DKK

Name	Registered office	Share held in %	Equity	Profit
HAY International DE GmbH	München, Germany	100,00	8.059	7.932
HAY International CH GmbH	Zürich, Switzerland	100,00	-771	-427
HAY International NL b.v.	Amsterdam, The Netherlands	100,00	2.554	2.315
HAY International BE b.v.b.a.	Zaventem, Belgium	100,00	2.874	2.331
HAY International IT s.r.l.	Milan, Italy	100,00	309	-64
HAY International Trading ES s.l.	Madrid, Spain	100,00	463	91
			13.488	12.178

Notes

	2020/21 kr.	2019/20 kr.
4. Contributed capital		
Balance at the beginning of the year	40.000	40.000
Balance at the end of the year	40.000	40.000

The share capital has remained unchanged for the last 5 years.

5. Share premium

Balance at the beginning of the year	2.238.360	2.238.360
Balance at the end of the year	2.238.360	2.238.360

6. Retained earnings

Balance at the beginning of the year	-152.538	0
Change in accounting principles	0	1.380.213
Additions during the year	-348.330	-1.542.242
Change due to rates in currencies	0	9.491
Balance at the end of the year	-500.868	-152.538

7. Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with the other enterprises in the group and are jointly and severally liable for the taxes that concern the joint taxation.

The total amount appears from the annual report of HAY ApS which is the administration company in the joint taxation. (Can be omitted in the administration company)

8. Collaterals and securities

No securities or mortgages exist at the balance sheet date.

9. Related parties

Group relations:

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Herman Miller Inc, Zeeland, Michigan, US.