

# **Better Energy Skælskør P/S**

Gammel Kongevej 60

1850 Frederiksberg C

Business registration no. 41949635

## **Annual Report 2024**

The annual report was presented and  
adopted at the Annual General Meeting  
on 30 June 2025

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Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær  
Chair of the Annual General Meeting

**Contents**

Company information	3
Management's statement	4
Independent auditor's report	5
Management's review	7
Income statement	8
Balance sheet	9
Statement of changes in equity	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	14

## Better Energy Skælskør P/S

### Company information

<b>Company</b>	Better Energy Skælskør P/S Gammel Kongevej 60 1850 Frederiksberg C Business registration no.: 41949635 Date of formation: 11 December 2020
<b>Board of Directors</b>	Mark Augustenborg Ødum Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær
<b>Executive Board</b>	Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær, Managing director
<b>General Partner</b>	Better Energy Impact II Komplementar III ApS
<b>Auditors</b>	Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Egtved Alle 4 6000 Kolding Business Registration No.: 33963556

## **Management's statement**

Today, the Executive Board and the Board of Directors have considered and adopted the annual report of Better Energy Skælskør P/S for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of Better Energy Skælskør P/S at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024.

In our opinion, the management's review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the annual report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, 30 June 2025

### **Executive Board**

Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær  
Managing director

### **Board of Directors**

Mark Augustenborg Ødum  
Chairman

Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær  
Board member

## Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholders of Better Energy Skælskør P/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Better Energy Skælskør P/S for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### The auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- \* Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.

## Independent auditor's report

- \* Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- \* Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- \* Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for the Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's Review.

Kolding, 30 June 2025

### Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Business Registration No. 33963556

Lars Ørum Nielsen  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne26771

Sussi Toft Johansen  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne35830

## **Management's review**

### **The company's main activities**

The main activities of Better Energy Skælskør P/S are directly or indirectly to acquire, own and operate solar parks as well as related activities including to own and / or to lease real estate.

### **Post financial year events**

After the end of the financial year, the Company has received a standstill letter from a significant creditor, ensuring that the creditor will not initiate legal actions for an agreed period while a permanent solution is being pursued

References is made to note 5.

**Income statement**

	Note	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
<b>Gross profit (loss)</b>		<b>-329,479</b>	<b>-149,729</b>
<b>Operating profit (loss)</b>		<b>-329,479</b>	<b>-149,729</b>
Financial income	1	55,708	35
Financial expenses	2	-23,142	-4,506
<b>Profit (loss) from ordinary activities before tax</b>		<b>-296,913</b>	<b>-154,200</b>
<b>Profit (loss)</b>		<b>-296,913</b>	<b>-154,200</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of results</b>			
Retained earnings		-296,913	-154,200
<b>Distribution of profit (loss)</b>		<b>-296,913</b>	<b>-154,200</b>

Balance sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
<b>Assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment in progress	3	174,362,742	5,468,006
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>		<b>174,362,742</b>	<b>5,468,006</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>174,362,742</b>	<b>5,468,006</b>
Trade receivables		3,806	0
Other receivables		27,575	446,296
Prepayments		13,195	0
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>44,576</b>	<b>446,296</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>1,112,425</b>	<b>20,402</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>1,157,001</b>	<b>466,698</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>175,519,743</b>	<b>5,934,704</b>

Balance sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
Contributed capital		500,000	400,000
Retained earnings		51,069,763	-144,909
<b>Equity</b>		<b>51,569,763</b>	<b>255,091</b>
Mortgage debt		95,514,903	0
Payables to group enterprises		1,500,001	0
<b>Long-term liabilities other than provisions</b>	4	<b>97,014,904</b>	<b>0</b>
Trade payables		26,361,942	141,420
Payables to group enterprises		567,076	5,538,193
Other payables		6,058	0
<b>Short-term liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>26,935,076</b>	<b>5,679,613</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>123,949,980</b>	<b>5,679,613</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>175,519,743</b>	<b>5,934,704</b>
Significant events occurring after end of reporting period	5		
Contingent liabilities	6		
Assets charged and collateral	7		
Group relations	8		
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	9		
Staff costs	10		

Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2024	400,000	-144,909	255,091
Increase of capital	100,000	51,511,585	51,611,585
Profit (loss)	0	-296,913	-296,913
<b>Equity 31 December 2024</b>	<b>500,000</b>	<b>51,069,763</b>	<b>51,569,763</b>

Notes

	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
<b>1. Financial income</b>		
Other financial income	9,798	35
Exchange rate gains	45,910	0
	<b>55,708</b>	<b>35</b>

<b>2. Financial expenses</b>		
Other financial expenses	7,638	0
Exchange rate losses	15,504	4,506
	<b>23,142</b>	<b>4,506</b>

<b>3. Property, plant and equipment in progress</b>		
Cost at the beginning of the year	5,468,006	1,638,722
Additions for the year	168,894,736	3,829,284
<b>Cost at the end of the year</b>	<b>174,362,742</b>	<b>5,468,006</b>

<b>Carrying amount at the end of the year</b>	<b>174,362,742</b>	<b>5,468,006</b>
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Interests included in cost of assets	3,757,656	36,827
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**4. Long-term liabilities other than provisions**

	Due after 1 year DKK	Due within 1-5 years DKK	Due after 5 years DKK
Debt to credit institutions	95,514,903	95,514,903	0
Payables to group enterprises	1,500,001	0	1,500,001
	<b>97,014,904</b>	<b>95,514,903</b>	<b>1,500,001</b>

**5. Significant events occurring after end of reporting period**

After the end of the financial year, the Company has received a standstill letter from a significant creditor. Under the agreement, the creditor has agreed to refrain from initiating enforcement or legal actions against the company until the end of the year, while the parties work towards a permanent solution for the outstanding debt.

## Notes

### 6. Contingent liabilities

Better Energy Skælskør P/S has engaged in conditional agreements regarding purchase of land and neighbour compensations for a total of DKK 1.7 million. Furthermore is Better Energy Skælskør P/S exposed to buy properties located within 200 meters of a Better Energy solar park (Danish renewable energy legislation).

The company has entered into a long-term physical contract to deliver power at a fixed price. The contract term is 10 years from grid connection and covers approx. 63% of the annual volume.

If the power production of the solar park for a specific month is lower than the average contracted volume over the year and the average spot price for the relevant year exceed the fixed price the Company is required to settle the excess of the average price over the fixed price for the volume not delivered.

### 7. Assets charged and collateral

The company has pledged receivables and insurance payouts as collateral for debt (DKK 95.7 million) to other credit institutions. Furthermore, there is registered a negative pledge regarding the plant and machinery.

### 8. Group relations

Name and registered office of the parent company preparing consolidated statements for the smallest group: Better Energy Impact II K/S, Business Registration No. 43710389, Frederiksberg.

### 9. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	40,730,359	40,730,359

### 10. Staff costs

The entity has no employees and the management has not received any remuneration.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

The annual report of Better Energy Skælskør P/S for 2024 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

### **Reporting currency**

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is affected as described below for each financial statement item. Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

## **Income statement**

### **Gross profit/loss**

The company has decided to aggregate certain items of the income statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

### **Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses for administration.

### **Financial income**

Financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, amortisation of financial assets, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as fair value adjustments of financial interests.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Financial expenses**

Financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, amortisation of financial liabilities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as fair value adjustments of financial interests.

### **Balance sheet**

#### **Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment in progress are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Property, plant and equipment in progress are not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Interest expenses on loans for the manufacturing of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other financial expenses are recognised in the income statement.

The present value of the expected costs of dismantling a solar park after the end of its useful life (asset retirement obligations) is included in the cost of the solar park.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recognised in assets comprises prepaid costs regarding subsequent financial years.

#### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash.

### **Equity**

#### **Proposed dividends**

Proposed dividends for the year are recognised as a separate item under equity. Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability when approved by the Annual General Meeting.

#### **Provisions**

Asset retirement obligations comprise the present value of the estimated expenses related to the retirement of solar plants at the end of their useful life. The provision is determined by discounting expected future cash flows.

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are measured at net realisable value or at fair value if the obligation is expected to be settled far into the future.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the Income Statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Mortgage debt is accordingly measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the outstanding balance in case of cash loans. In case of bond loans, amortised cost corresponds to the outstanding balance determined as the underlying cash value of the loans at the time of borrowing adjusted for amortisation of capital losses on the loans over the repayment period.

Other liabilities, comprising deposits, trade payables and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

### **Off-balance sheet items**

Contingent liabilities comprise obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not fully within the control of the company; or present obligations that arise from past events but are not recognised because the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will probably not be required to settle the obligation or because the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Lease commitments are measured at the nominal value of the remaining lease payments.