

# Komplementarselskabet AGI-NREP Banemarksvej ApS

Papirmester Allé 20, DK-5250 Odense SV

## Annual Report for 2025

CVR No. 42 87 52 36

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the  
Annual General Meeting of the company on  
27/03/2026

**Elizabeth Abigail Keogh**  
Chairman of the general meeting

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## Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Komplementarselskabet AGI-NREP Banemarksvej ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2025.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2025 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2025.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Odense SV, 27 March 2026

### Executive Board

**Bjarke Windeløv Graae**  
Executive officer

**Rune Højby Kock**  
Executive officer

### Board of Directors

**Rune Højby Kock**  
Chairman

**Robin Feddern**

**Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen**

**Elizabeth Abigail Keogh**

## Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholders of Komplementarselskabet AGI-NREP Banemarksvej ApS

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2025 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2025 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Komplementarselskabet AGI-NREP Banemarksvej ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2025, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

## Independent Auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Odense M, 27 March 2026

**PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

**Mikael Johansen**

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne23318

**Kristian Rath**

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne42817

## Company information

<b>The Company</b>	Komplementarselskabet AGI-NREP Banemarksvej ApS Papirmester Allé 20 DK-5250 Odense SV CVR No: 42 87 52 36 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Incorporated: 2 December 2021 Financial year: 4th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Odense
<b>Board of Directors</b>	Rune Højby Kock, chairman Robin Feddern Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen Elizabeth Abigail Keogh
<b>Executive Board</b>	Bjarke Windeløv Graae Rune Højby Kock
<b>Auditors</b>	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Munkebjergvænget 1, 3. og 4. sal DK-5230 Odense M
<b>Bankers</b>	Danske Bank Lersø Parkallé 100 DK-2100 København Ø

## Income statement 1 January - 31 December

(DKK)	Note	2025	2024
<b>Gross loss</b>		<b>-40,306</b>	<b>-18,108</b>
Financial income		66	213
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>-40,240</b>	<b>-17,895</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	0	1,702
<b>Net profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>-40,240</b>	<b>-16,193</b>
<b>Distribution of profit</b>			
(DKK)		2025	2024
<b>Proposed distribution of profit</b>			
Retained earnings		-40,240	-16,193
		<b>-40,240</b>	<b>-16,193</b>

## Balance sheet 31 December

### Assets

(DKK)	Note	2025	2024
Receivables from group enterprises		0	29,950
Other receivables		0	1,336
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>31,286</b>
<b>Cash at bank and in hand</b>		<b>16,177</b>	<b>15,864</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>16,177</b>	<b>47,150</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>16,177</b>	<b>47,150</b>

## Balance sheet 31 December

### Liabilities and equity

(DKK)	Note	2025	2024
Share capital		40,000	40,000
Retained earnings		-82,248	-42,008
<b>Equity</b>		<b>-42,248</b>	<b>-2,008</b>
Trade payables		0	3,089
Payables to group enterprises		10,050	0
Other payables		48,375	46,069
<b>Short-term debt</b>		<b>58,425</b>	<b>49,158</b>
<b>Debt</b>		<b>58,425</b>	<b>49,158</b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		<b>16,177</b>	<b>47,150</b>
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## Statement of changes in equity

<b>(DKK)</b>	<b>Share capital</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
Equity at 1 January	40,000	-42,008	-2,008
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-40,240	-40,240
<b>Equity at 31 December</b>	<b>40,000</b>	<b>-82,248</b>	<b>-42,248</b>

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### 1. Key activities

The company's key activity is to be General Partner to the limited partnership AGI-NREP Banemarksvej K/S and underlying limited partnerships.

### 2. Staff

	2025	2024
Average number of employees	0	0

### 3. Income tax expense

(DKK)	2025	2024
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	0	-1,702
	<b>0</b>	<b>-1,702</b>

### 4. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

#### Other contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the Danish group's.

The Company is a unlimited partner for the limited partnership AGI-NREP Banemarksvej K/S, which means that the Company has unlimited liability to the partnership's obligations.

The Company has provided a self-guarantee in favour of AGI-NREP Banemarksvej K/S in relation to the partnership's banking arrangements.

#### Other financial obligations

The Company has not entered into other significant financial obligations as of 31 December 2025.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### 5. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

#### Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Place of registered office</b>
NREP Nordic Strategies Fund IV LP	Luxembourg

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### 6. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Komplementarselskabet AGI-NREP Banemarksvej ApS for 2025 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2025 are presented in DKK.

#### Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### Translation policies

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

#### Income statement

##### Revenue

Revenue from remuneration for participating in a limited partnership is recognized in the income statement when delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer have taken place.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

##### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### 6. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue and other external expenses.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

### Balance sheet

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### Financial liabilities

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.