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UST Global (DENMARK) ApS

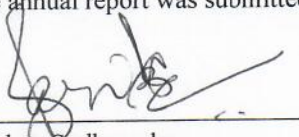
c/o Sheltons Accountants, Kompagnistræde 21, 1. th, 1208 København K

Company reg. no. 32 31 79 36

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2023

The annual report was submitted and approved by the shareholders through resolution dated June 28, 2024



Krishna Sudheendra
On behalf of UST Global Private Limited

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

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Management's statement

Today, the Executive Board has approved the annual report of UST Global (DENMARK) ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

København K, June 28, 2024

Executive board



Praveen Prabhakaran
Director



Ramanathan Raghunathan
Director

Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of UST Global (DENMARK) ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of UST Global (DENMARK) ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 28 June 2024

Grant Thornton

Certified Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36



Michael Beuchert

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne32794

Company information

The company	UST Global (DENMARK) ApS c/o Sheltons Accountants Kompagnistræde 21, 1. th 1208 København K Company reg. no. 32 31 79 36 Financial year: 1 January - 31 December
Executive board	Praveen Prabhakaran, Director Ramanathan Raghunathan, Director
Auditors	Grant Thornton, Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Stockholmsgade 45 2100 København Ø
Parent company	UST Global Private Limited
Subsidiary	UST Global (Brazil) Solucoes DE T.I., LTDA, Brazil

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The Company's object is to conduct trade and financial activities, including the acquisition of and investment in share capital as a holding company in Danish and foreign companies, and other similar business in accordance with the decision or the management board including software development and IT consulting services. The businesses can be conducted directly or through other companies.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross profit for the year totals DKK 995.141 against DKK 928.321 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK 403.955 against DKK -657.409 last year.

The Company has lost all of the share capital. The management expects the share capital to be restored through the Company's operations or alternatively capital increase.

The company has received a letter of support from the parent company who will support with the liquidity needed for the company to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

Events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the year-end of the financial year that may have a significant impact on the financial position of the company.

Accounting policies

The annual report for UST Global (DENMARK) ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Income statement

Gross profit

Gross profit comprises other operating income and other external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for sales and administration.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members.

Other operating costs and income

Other operating costs comprise items of secondary nature as regards the principal activities of the enterprise, including losses on the disposal of intangible and tangible assets. Other operating income comprise items of secondary nature such as income related to transfer pricing policy of the group etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency.

Results from investments in group enterprises

Dividend from investments in group enterprises is recognised in the financial year in which the dividend is declared.

If the dividend received exceeds the proportionate share of the year's result, this is considered an indication of impairment, which entails a requirement to prepare an impairment test.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

Accounting policies

Statement of financial position

Investments

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured at cost. If the recoverable amount is lower than the cost price, it shall be written down for impairment to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Accruals and deferred income

Payments received concerning future income are recognised under accruals and deferred income.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Gross profit	995.141	928.321
2 Staff costs	-856.361	-850.682
Operating profit	138.780	77.639
Other financial income	267.716	-734.967
Other financial expenses	-2.541	-81
Pre-tax net profit or loss	403.955	-657.409
3 Tax on net profit or loss for the year	0	0
Net profit or loss for the year	403.955	-657.409
Proposed distribution of net profit:		
Transferred to retained earnings	403.955	0
Allocated from retained earnings	0	-657.409
Total allocations and transfers	403.955	-657.409

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Non-current assets		
Investments in group enterprises	1	1
Total investments	1	1
Total non-current assets	1	1
Current assets		
Receivables from related parties	391.443	74.903
Other receivables	29.184	189.132
Total receivables	420.627	264.035
Total current assets	420.627	264.035
Total assets	420.628	264.036

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Equity		
Contributed capital	82.060	82.060
Retained earnings	-9.622.463	-10.026.418
Total equity	-9.540.403	-9.944.358
Liabilities other than provisions		
Trade payables	0	95.908
Payables to related parties	9.853.178	10.035.891
Other payables	107.853	76.596
Deferred income	0	-1
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>9.961.031</u>	<u>10.208.394</u>
Total liabilities other than provisions	9.961.031	10.208.394
Total equity and liabilities	420.628	264.036

1 Uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern

Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	<u>Contributed capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Equity 1 January 2022	82.060	-10.026.418	-9.944.358
Retained earnings for the year	<u>0</u>	<u>403.955</u>	<u>403.955</u>
	<u>82.060</u>	<u>-9.622.463</u>	<u>-9.540.403</u>

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

1. Uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern

The Company has lost all of the share capital. The management expects the share capital to be restored through the Company's operations or alternatively capital increase.

The company has received a letter of support from the parent company who will support with the liquidity needed for the company to meet its liabilities when the fall due.

2. Staff costs

Salaries and wages	851.799	845.667
Other costs for social security	4.562	4.694
Other staff costs	0	321
	<u>856.361</u>	<u>850.682</u>
 Average number of employees	 <u>1</u>	 <u>1</u>

3. Tax on net profit or loss for the year

The company has realized a taxable profit in 2023, but does not have to pay any company tax due to previous losses that have been carried forward.