



**Holdingselskabet Af 1 Januar 2016
ApS**

Strandvejen 125
2900 Copenhagen
CVR No. 37364037

**Annual report 01.10.2023 -
30.09.2024**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 02.01.2025

Florian Schönharting
Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Holdingselskabet Af 1 Januar 2016 ApS
Strandvejen 125
2900 Copenhagen

Business Registration No.: 37364037
Date of foundation: 01.01.2016
Registered office: Copenhagen
Financial year: 01.10.2023 - 30.09.2024

Executive Board

Florian Schönharting

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Holdingselskabet Af 1 Januar 2016 ApS for the financial year 01.10.2023 - 30.09.2024.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.09.2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.10.2023 - 30.09.2024.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 02.01.2025

Executive Board

Florian Schönharting

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Holdingselskabet Af 1 Januar 2016 ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Holdingselskabet Af 1 Januar 2016 ApS for the financial year 01.10.2023 - 30.09.2024, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.09.2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.10.2023 - 30.09.2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Plan and perform the audit of the financial statements to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the consolidated financial information of the entities or business units as a basis for forming an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 02.01.2025

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 33963556

Bill Haudal Pedersen

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne30131

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Entity's object is to carry on business, directly or indirectly, at home and abroad through industrial, trade, financing, investment activities and other activities related thereto.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2023/24

	Notes	2023/24 DKK	2022/23 DKK
Other operating income	1	730,917	0
Other external expenses		(141,719)	(53,090)
Gross profit/loss		589,198	(53,090)
Income from investments in group enterprises		13,046,226	(3,597,789)
Other financial income		1,537,179	331,301
Other financial expenses		(393,224)	(173,401)
Profit/loss before tax		14,779,379	(3,492,979)
Tax on profit/loss for the year		(364,460)	(22,764)
Profit/loss for the year		14,414,919	(3,515,743)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Retained earnings		14,414,919	(3,515,743)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		14,414,919	(3,515,743)

Balance sheet at 30.09.2024

Assets

	Notes	2023/24 DKK	2022/23 DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		0	4,019,329
Property, plant and equipment		0	4,019,329
Investments in group enterprises		27,957,729	14,911,503
Financial assets		27,957,729	14,911,503
Fixed assets		27,957,729	18,930,832
Income tax receivable		6,687	47,606
Joint taxation contribution receivable		357,503	135,532
Receivables		364,190	183,138
Other investments		15,842,819	4,492,967
Other investments		15,842,819	4,492,967
Cash		2,360,131	7,915,679
Current assets		18,567,140	12,591,784
Assets		46,524,869	31,522,616

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2023/24 DKK	2022/23 DKK
Contributed capital		100,000	100,000
Retained earnings		44,621,762	30,206,843
Equity		44,721,762	30,306,843
Trade payables		51,125	47,425
Payables to owners and management		962,622	939,143
Income tax payable		589,569	43,098
Joint taxation contribution payable		199,791	186,107
Current liabilities other than provisions		1,803,107	1,215,773
Liabilities other than provisions		1,803,107	1,215,773
Equity and liabilities		46,524,869	31,522,616
Employees	2		
Fair value information	3		
Contingent liabilities	4		

Statement of changes in equity for 2023/24

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	100,000	28,393,232	28,493,232
Corrections of material errors	0	1,813,611	1,813,611
Adjusted equity beginning of year	100,000	30,206,843	30,306,843
Profit/loss for the year	0	14,414,919	14,414,919
Equity end of year	100,000	44,621,762	44,721,762

Notes

1 Other operating income

Other operating income comprises gains from the sale of other fixtures, tools, and equipment.

2 Employees

The Entity has no employees other than the Executive Board. The Executive Officer has not received any remuneration.

3 Fair value information

	Listed Shares DKK
Fair value end of year	15,842,819
Unrealised fair value adjustments recognised in the income statement	1,210,219

4 Contingent liabilities

The Entity serves as the administration company in a Danish joint taxation arrangement. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for these entities.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Material errors in previous years

Upon examination of the 2023/24 financial statements, management has identified material misstatement in the 2022/23 financial statements resulting from identified and corrected material misstatements in the financial statements of the subsidiary Tech Growth Invest ApS. The correction of the financial statements of the subsidiaries affect investments in group enterprises. The error has been corrected retrospectively, and adjustments to comparative figures in the financial statements have been made.

The correction of the material misstatement increases equity as of October 1, 2023, by DKK 1,814 thousand and increases investments in group enterprises by a corresponding amount.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities, including profit from the sale of intangible assets and property and plant and equipment.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual

enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and bank fees.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet**Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment comprises art.

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less impairment losses.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to the reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the

balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Other investments

Other current asset investments comprise listed securities measured at fair value (market price) at the balance sheet date.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.