
NTG TERMINALS I A/S

CVR-no.: 36202947

Hammerholmen 47
2650 Hvidovre

Annual report
1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

**The annual report has been presented and
approved on the company's general meeting
the**

31/05/2024

Thomas Junker Jensen
Chairman of general meeting

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**Reporting
company**

NTG TERMINALS I A/S

Hammerholmen 47

2650 Hvidovre

CVR-no.: 36202947

Reporting
period: 01/01/2023 - 31/12/2023**Auditor**

PRICewaterhouseCOOPERS STATSautoriseret REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB

Strandvejen 44

2900 Hellerup

Statement by Management

The Management and Board of Directors have today considered and approved the Annual Report for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 for NTG TERMINALS I A/S.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2023.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the development in the operations and financial circumstances of the Company, of the results for the financial year 2023 and of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hvidovre, the 31/05/2024

Management

Jesper Kongsted

Board of directors

Jesper Ellegaard Petersen
Chairman

Christian Paul Dyander Jakobsen

Jesper Kongsted

Michael Larsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of NTG TERMINALS I A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of NTG TERMINALS I A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, disclosures and a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,

intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Hellerup, the 31/05/2024

PRICewaterhouseCOOPERS
STATSAUTORISERET
REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB
CVR-no.: 33771231
Jacob Brinch, mne35447
State Authorised Public Accountant

PRICewaterhouseCOOPERS
STATSAUTORISERET
REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB
CVR-no.: 33771231
Frederik Geer Harvest, mne45859
State Authorised Public Accountant

Management's Review

Key activities

The company's purpose is to operate international freight forwarding and transportation.

Development in the year

The income statement of the company for 2023 shows a profit of DKK 3,840,710 and at 31 December 2023 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 2,665,333.

Subsequent events

No subsequent event occurred after the balance sheet date.

Accounting Policies

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the regulation applying to Reporting class B. There have been options of certain rules in reporting class C. The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Company's Financial Statements for 2023 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably. Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the maturity period. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less any repayments and with addition/deduction of the cumulative amortisation of any difference between cost and the nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the maturity period.

Leases

All leases are considered operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Translation policies

On Initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Receivables, payables, and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue comprises sale of services and is recognised in the income statement if delivery and transfer of risk have been made to the purchaser by year end, and provided that the revenue can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Accrued revenue and accrued costs of services in progress at 31 December 2023 are presented on the line items trade receivables and trade payables, respectively. Accrued revenue is estimated and recognised when a sales transaction fulfils the criteria for revenue recognition, but no final invoice has yet been issued to the

customer at the end of the reporting period. Accrued costs are estimated and recognised when supplier invoices relating to recognised revenue for the reporting period have yet to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Direct expenses

Direct expenses comprise expenses incurred to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, direct expenses, and other external expenses.

Employee expense

Employee expenses include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with NTG Nordic Transport Group A/S. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Liabilities

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Equity - dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Income statement 1 Jan 2023 - 31 Dec 2023

	Disclosure	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Gross profit (loss)		6,748,980	4,728,287
Employee expense	1	-1,675,499	-1,317,635
Profit (loss) from ordinary operating activities		5,073,481	3,410,652
Other finance income	2	15,104	0
Other finance expenses	3	-164,598	-128,681
Profit (loss) from ordinary activities before tax		4,923,987	3,281,971
Tax expense		-1,083,277	-720,652
Profit (loss)		3,840,710	2,561,319
Proposed distribution of results			
Proposed dividend recognised in equity		2,165,333	0
Retained earnings		1,675,377	2,561,319
Proposed distribution of profit (loss)		3,840,710	2,561,319

Balance sheet 31 December 2023

Assets

	Disclosure	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Trade receivables		5,120,091	5,228,961
Receivables from group enterprises		1,252,235	1,813
Other receivables		51,956	25,816
Receivables		6,424,282	5,256,590
Current assets		6,424,282	5,256,590
TOTAL ASSETS		6,424,282	5,256,590

Balance sheet 31 December 2023

Liabilities and equity

	Disclosure	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		500,000	500,000
Retained earnings		0	-1,675,377
Proposed dividend		2,165,333	0
Total equity		2,665,333	-1,175,377
Trade payables		1,683,812	1,405,689
Payables to group enterprises		908,822	3,920,220
Tax payables		183,277	102,033
Other payables, including tax payables, liabilities other than provisions		983,038	1,004,025
Short-term liabilities other than provisions, gross		3,758,949	6,431,967
Liabilities other than provisions, gross		3,758,949	6,431,967
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY, GROSS		6,424,282	5,256,590

Statement of changes in equity 1 Jan 2023 - 31 Dec 2023

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend recognised in equity	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity, beginning balance	500,000	-1,675,377	0	-1,175,377
Profit (Loss)	0	1,675,377	2,165,333	3,840,710
Equity, ending balance	500,000	0	2,165,333	2,665,333

Disclosures

1. Employee expense

(DKK)	2023	2022
Wages and salaries	1,542,484	1,170,903
Pensions	103,900	106,120
Other social security costs and other staff costs	29,115	40,612
	1,675,499	1,317,635

2. Other finance income

(DKK)	2023	2022
Interest received from Group companies	15,104	0
	15,104	0

3. Other finance expenses

(DKK)	2023	2022
Interest paid to Group companies	162,930	118,648
Other financial costs	1,668	10,033
	164,598	128,681

4. Disclosure of contingent liabilities

Future lease payments on operating leases

(DKK)	2023	2022
Within 1 year	2,154,499	939,956
Between 1 and 5 years	2,234,577	648,395
	4,389,075	1,588,351

Other contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc. of NTG Nordic Transport Group A/S. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

5. Disclosure of ownership

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual report of the Ultimate Parent company:

Name: NTG Nordic Transport Group A/S

Place of registered office: Hvidovre, Denmark

All transactions with related parties during the period were carried out at market terms.

6. Information on average number of employees

Average number of employees

2023

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