

# Lineage Danish Bidco 3

## ApS

c/o Lundsøe Køl & Frys A/S  
Jellingvej 5  
DK-9230 Svenstrup J

CVR no. 41 87 70 57

### Annual report 2023

The annual report was presented and approved at  
the Company's annual general meeting on

9 July 2024

Claus Erdmann  
Chairman of the annual general meeting

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## Statement by the Executive Board

The Executive Board has today discussed and approved the annual report for Lineage Danish Bidco 3 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Svenstrup, 9 July 2024

Executive Board:

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Annegien Maria Kooij  
Director

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Harld Johan Peters  
Director



## Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholder of Lineage Danish Bidco 3 ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lineage Danish Bidco 3 ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.



## Independent auditor's report

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aalborg, 9 July 2024

**KPMG**  
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Steffen S. Hansen  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne32737

Simon Falker Underlien Jensen  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne50560

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## Management's review

### Company details

Lineage Danish Bidco 3 ApS  
c/o Lundsøe Køl & Frys A/S  
Jellingvej 5  
DK-9230 Svenstrup J

CVR no.:	41 87 70 57
Established:	20 November 2020
Registered office:	Aalborg
Financial year:	1 January - 31 December

### Executive Board

Annegien Maria Kooij, Director  
Harld Johan Peters, Director

### Auditor

KPMG  
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Østre Havnegade 22D  
DK-9000 Aalborg  
CVR no. 25 57 81 98

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## **Management's review**

### **Operating review**

#### **Principal activities**

The Company's principal activity is to own shares in subsidiaries.

#### **Development in activities and financial position**

The Company's income statement for 2023 shows a loss of DKK 1,597 thousand as against a loss of DKK 1,206 thousand in 2022. Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2023 stood at DKK 197,096 thousand as against DKK 198,693 thousand at 31 December 2022.

The financial year was in line with forecast, and results for the year are considered satisfactory.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date of material importance to the annual report for 2023.

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## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Income statement

DKK'000	Note	2023	2022
<b>Gross loss</b>		-149	-71
Other financial expenses	3	-131	-1,475
<b>Loss before tax</b>		-280	-1,546
Tax on loss for the year		-1,317	340
<b>Loss for the year</b>		<u>-1,597</u>	<u>-1,206</u>
<b>Proposed distribution of loss</b>			
Retained earnings		-1,597	-1,206
		<u>-1,597</u>	<u>-1,206</u>

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## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	31/12 2023	31/12 2022
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
<b>Investments</b>			
Equity investments in group entities		171,419	171,419
<b>Total fixed assets</b>		<u>171,419</u>	<u>171,419</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
<b>Receivables</b>			
Receivables from group entities		36,560	36,739
Corporation tax		0	1,222
Deferred tax assets		98	415
Other receivables		1	18
		<u>36,659</u>	<u>38,394</u>
<b>Total current assets</b>		<u>36,659</u>	<u>38,394</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u><u>208,078</u></u>	<u><u>209,813</u></u>

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## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	31/12 2023	31/12 2022
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Contributed capital		50	50
Retained earnings		197,046	198,643
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>197,096</u>	<u>198,693</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade payables		9	56
Payables to group entities		10,942	11,032
Other payables, including taxes payable		31	32
		<u>10,982</u>	<u>11,120</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>10,982</u>	<u>11,120</u>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		<u>208,078</u>	<u>209,813</u>

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## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2023	50	198,643	198,693
Transferred over the distribution of loss	0	-1,597	-1,597
<b>Equity at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>197,046</b>	<b>197,096</b>

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## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Lineage Danish Bidco 3 ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in from higher reporting classes.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Omission of presentation of consolidated financial statements

Pursuant to section 110(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

### Income statement

#### Other external costs

Other external costs comprise costs for distribution and sales costs, costs for advertising, administrative expenses, costs of premises, bad debts, operating leases, etc.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, financial costs regarding finance leases, gains and losses on securities, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

Dividends from equity investments in subsidiaries and associates measured at cost are recognised as income in the Parent Company's income statement in the financial year when the dividends are declared.

In case of indication of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. Indication of impairment exists if distributed dividend exceeds profit for the year or if the carrying amount of equity investments exceeds the consolidated carrying amounts of the net assets in the subsidiary.

#### Tax on loss for the year

The Parent Company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiaries. The subsidiaries are included in the joint taxation from the date when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and up to the date when they are excluded from the consolidation.

The Parent Company is the administrative company for the joint taxation and accordingly settles all payments of corporation tax to the tax authorities.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, current Danish corporation tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have used the losses to reduce their own taxable profit.

Tax for the year comprises current corporation tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, including changes in tax rates. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognized in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts directly recognized in equity is recognized directly in equity.

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### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies

##### Balance sheet

###### Investments

Equity investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost. In case of indication of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. When the cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value. The cost is reduced by dividends received exceeding accumulated earnings after the acquisition date.

###### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment as well as equity investments in subsidiaries and participating interests (including associates) is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.

Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the forecast net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets, including forecast net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

###### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Receivables with no objective indication of individual impairment are assessed for objective indication of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' registered offices and credit rating in accordance with the Company's credit risk management policy. The objective indicators used in relation to portfolios are determined on the basis of historical loss experience.

Write-downs are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of receivables and the present value of forecast cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

###### Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities measured on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to office buildings non-deductible for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss or taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net

## Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

### Notes

#### 1 Accounting policies

realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement or equity, respectively.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at cost, corresponding to the proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between cost and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan together with interest expenses.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

#### 2 Staff costs

DKK'000	2023	2022
Average number of full-time employees	2	3

#### 3 Other financial expenses

DKK'000	2023	2022
Interest paid to group entities	126	1,475
Exchange losses	5	0
	131	1,475

#### 4 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

##### Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with the other Danish companies in the Group and has joint and several unlimited liability for income taxes and any obligations to withhold tax at source on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies.

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## **Financial statements 1 January – 31 December**

### **Notes**

#### **5 Related parties**

Lineage Danish Bidco 3 ApS' related parties comprise the following:

##### **Control**

Lineage Danish Bidco 5 ApS, Jellingvej 5, 9230 Svenstrup J.

Lineage Danish Bidco 5 ApS holds the majority of the contributed capital in the Company.

Lineage Danish Bidco 3 ApS is part of the consolidated financial statements of Lineage Danish Bidco 5 ApS, Aalborg, and the consolidated financial statements of Lineage Logistics Holdings, LLC, Michigan, which is the smallest and largest group, respectively, in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.