

Alpha Fmc Danmark ApS

Flæsketorvet 68
1711 København V

CVR No. 40121757

Annual report 2024/25

1 April 2024 - 31 March 2025

Adopted at the Annual General Meeting on 26
September 2025

Joannes Anthonius Willem Gooze Zijl
Chairman

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Company details

Company

Alpha Fmc Danmark ApS
Flæsketorvet 68
1711 København V

CVR No.: 40121757

Executive board

Christine Elisabeth Skouenborg
Joannes Anthonius Willem Gooze Zijl

Auditors

inforevision
statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
Buddingevej 312
2860 Søborg
CVR No. 19263096

Sten Pedersen, State Authorised Public Accountant

Management's Review

Primary activities

Axxsys Danmark ApS's primary activities is consulting service.

Development in activities and finances

The results of the company's activities in the financial year amounted to a profit/loss of DKK 653.855 against DKK -237.820 in last financial year. The equity at the balance sheet date amounted to DKK 1.680.707.

Statement by Management

The Executive Board have today considered and adopted the annual report for 1 April 2024 - 31 March 2025 for Alpha Fmc Danmark ApS.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the the company's financial position at 31 March 2025 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 April 2024 - 31 March 2025.

We believe that the Management's review contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend that the annual report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

København V, 26 September 2025

Executive board

Christine Elisabeth Skouenborg
Executive director

Joannes Anthonius Willem Gooze Zijl
CEO

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder in Alpha Fmc Danmark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Alpha Fmc Danmark ApS for the financial year 1 April 2024 - 31 March 2025, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 31 March 2025 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 April 2024 - 31 March 2025 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report, fortsat

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report, fortsat

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Søborg, 26 September 2025

inforevision statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
CVR-nr. 19263096

Sten Pedersen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne23408

Accounting policies

Information on reporting class

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with Danish financial statement legislation as well as generally accepted accounting principles.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing Reporting class B.

Some provisions from reporting class C has been adopted.

The accounting policies have not been changed from last year.

Generally regarding recognition and measurement

The financial statements have been prepared based on historical cost.

The income is recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the maturity period. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less any repayments and with addition/deduction of the cumulative amortisation of any difference between cost and the nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the maturity period.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the annual report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

The functional currency is Danish Kroner. All other currencies are considered foreign currencies.

Accounting policies, fortsat

Foreign currency translation

During the year, transactions in foreign currencies have been translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. If currency positions are considered hedge of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables and debt denominated in foreign currencies have been recognised at the exchange rate of the balance sheet date.

Realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses have been recognised in the income statement under other financial income and expenses.

Income statement

The income statement has been classified by nature.

Gross profit

Gross profit/loss includes "Revenue" og "External expenses".

Revenue

As income recognition criterion, the completed contract method is applied so that revenue comprises invoiced revenue for the year. Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer before the end of the financial year. Revenue is measured at fair value excl. VAT and less customer discounts.

External expenses

External expenses comprises Selling costs, Cost of premises og Administrative expenses.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries including holiday pay and pensions and other social security costs etc. to the company's employees.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses comprises expenses of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the company's primary activities, including losses on sale of fixed assets.

Accounting policies, fortsat

Financial income

Financial income is recognised with amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income comprise interest, realised and unrealised exchange gains, realised and unrealised gains as well as interest reimbursements under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

Financial expenses

Financial expenses is recognised with amounts concerning the the financial year. Financial expenses comprise interest, realised and unrealised exchange losses, realised and unrealised losses on sale of other securities and investments, amortised interest on lease commitments, amortisation of debt to mortgage credit institutions as well as interest surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

Accounting policies, fortsat

Balance sheet

The balance sheet has been presented in account form.

Assets

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulate depreciation. The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life.

Cost comprises the acquisition price as well as costs directly related to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be put into operation.

The costprice for an asset is divided into separate components, that are depreciated separately, if the useful life of the individual components is significantly different.

Depreciation is initiated when the assets are ready to be taken into operation. Assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives with following residual values:

Category	Period	Residual value
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	3 - 8 years	0%

Minor purchases with useful lives below one year have been recognised as an expense in the income statement in external expenses.

Profit/loss on sale or retirement has been included in the income statement under gross profit or loss and other operating expenses.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed annually for indication of impairment for losses, apart from what is expressed by usual depreciation. If this applies, impairment for loss is made of each asset or group of assets, respectively, to lower recoverable amount. As recoverable amount, the higher of expected net selling price and net present value is applied. The net present value is calculated as the present value of the expected cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets.

Impairment for loss for the year is recognised in the income statement as amortisation, depreciation and impairment for loss of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Provisions for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable.

Accounting policies, fortsat

Equity and liabilities

Deferred tax and corporation tax

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method. Provision has been made for deferred tax by 22% on all temporary differences between carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is also measured with respect of the planned use of the asset and the settlement of the liability.

The tax value of the tax losses to be carried forward are included in the calculation of deferred taxes if it is probable that the losses can be used. Deferred tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets which are not expected utilised within a few years have been disclosed in notes under contingent assets.

Corporation tax relating to the the financial year which has not been settled at the balance sheet date is classified as corporation tax in receivables or liabilities other than provisions.

Financial debts

Short-term debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Prepayments received from customers

Received prepayments from customers comprises prepayments according to an agreement whereas the company has an obligation to deliver services in the subsequent years.

Income statement

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2024/25</u> DKK	<u>2023/24</u> DKK
Gross profit		8.266.621	10.981.179
Staff costs	1	-7.103.800	-10.860.453
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)		1.162.821	120.726
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	2	-42.272	-84.901
Other operating expenses		-19.256	0
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)		1.101.293	35.825
Finance income		33.627	0
Finance expenses		-481.065	-273.645
Profit/loss before tax		653.855	-237.820
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	0	0
Profit/loss for the year		653.855	-237.820

Proposed distribution of profit and loss

	<u>2024/25</u> DKK	<u>2023/24</u> DKK
Proposed distribution of profit and loss for the year :		
Transferred to retained earnings	653.855	-237.820
Profit/loss for the year	653.855	-237.820

Assets

	Note	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
		DKK	DKK
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment		24.073	72.615
Property, plant and equipment	4	24.073	72.615
Fixed assets		24.073	72.615
Trade receivables		5.558.289	4.284.326
Receivables from group enterprises		29.361.989	20.883.182
Other receivables		51.828	64.722
Corporation tax receivables	3	446.000	549.000
Receivables		35.418.106	25.781.230
Cash at bank and in hand		7.605.462	9.953.602
Current assets		43.023.568	35.734.832
Total assets		43.047.641	35.807.447

Equity and liabilities

	Note	31-03-2025	31-03-2024
		DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50.000	50.000
Retained earnings		1.630.707	976.852
Equity		1.680.707	1.026.852
Deferred tax, liabilities	3	48.628	48.628
Provisions		48.628	48.628
Prepayments received from customers		1.599.075	0
Trade payables		0	40.847
Payables to group enterprises		36.719.201	29.888.075
Other payables		3.000.030	4.803.045
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		41.318.306	34.731.967
Liabilities other than provisions		41.318.306	34.731.967
Total equity and liabilities		43.047.641	35.807.447

Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 April 2023	50.000	1.214.672	1.264.672
Distributed profit/loss for the year		-237.820	-237.820
Equity at 1 April 2024	50.000	976.852	1.026.852
Distributed profit/loss for the year		653.855	653.855
Equity at 31 March 2025	50.000	1.630.707	1.680.707

Notes

1. Staff costs

	<u>2024/25</u>	<u>2023/24</u>
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	6.903.316	10.530.219
Pensions	69.083	118.221
Other social security costs	131.401	212.013
Total	<u>7.103.800</u>	<u>10.860.453</u>
Average number of full-time employees	<u>5</u>	<u>9</u>

2. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

	<u>2024/25</u>	<u>2023/24</u>
	DKK	DKK
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	42.272	84.901
Total	<u>42.272</u>	<u>84.901</u>

Notes, fortsat

3. Tax expense

	Corporation tax	Deferred tax	Tax on profit/loss for the year
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Payables at 1 April 2024	-549.000	48.628	
Paid in respect of previous years	549.000		
Tax on profit/loss for the year	0	0	0
Prepaid tax	-446.000		
Payables at 31 March 2025	-446.000	48.628	
Tax on profit/loss for the year recognised in the income statement			0
Recognition in balance sheet:			
Short-term receivables (current asset)	-446.000	0	
Provisions		48.628	
Total	-446.000	48.628	

4. Property, plant and equipment

	Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	Total	2023/24
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost at 1 April 2024	330.156	330.156	303.774
Additions for the year	12.985	12.985	26.382
Disposals for the year	-287.883	-287.883	0
Cost at 31 March 2025	55.258	55.258	330.156
Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 April 2024	-257.540	-257.540	-172.640
Depreciation for the year	-42.272	-42.272	-84.901
Reversal regarding disposals for the year	268.627	268.627	0
Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 March 2025	-31.185	-31.185	-257.541
Carrying amount at 31 March 2025	24.073	24.073	72.615
Carrying amount, disposals	-19.256	-19.256	0
Profit/loss on sale	-19.256	-19.256	0