

Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS

Guldborgsundvej 1, 6705 Esbjerg Ø
CVR-nr. 35 63 65 87

Annual Report 2024

1 January - 31 December

The Annual Report has been presented and adopted at the
Company's Annual General Meeting on 25 April 2025

Niels Grening Langerhuus

Contents

Company Details

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Company Details | 3 |
|-----------------|---|

Statement and Report

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Management's Statement | 4 |
| The Independent Auditor's Report | 5-6 |

Management Commentary

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Management Commentary | 7 |
|-----------------------|---|

Financial Statements 1 January - 31 December

| | |
|---------------------|-------|
| Income Statement | 8 |
| Balance Sheet | 9-10 |
| Equity | 11 |
| Notes | 12-13 |
| Accounting Policies | 14-15 |

Company Details

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|------------------------|--|
| Company | Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS Guldborgsundvej 1 6705 Esbjerg Ø |
| | CVR No.: 35 63 65 87 Established: 10 January 2014 Municipality: Esbjerg Financial Year: 1 January - 31 December |
| Executive Board | Niels Grening Langerhuus |
| Auditor | BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab Dokken 8 6700 Esbjerg |

Management's Statement

Today the Executive Board have discussed and approved the Annual Report of Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The Management Commentary includes in my opinion a fair presentation of the matters dealt with in the Commentary.

I recommend the Annual Report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Esbjerg, 25 April 2025

Executive Board

Niels Grening Langerhuus

The Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the Financial Statements of Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise income statement, Balance Sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed in our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR - Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of Financial Statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Extended Review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such Internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Extended Review of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Financial Statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the Financial Statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

The Independent Auditor's Report

Statement on the Management Commentary

Management is responsible for the Management Commentary.

Our conclusion on the Financial Statements does not cover the Management Commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Management Commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the Management Commentary is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management Commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management Commentary is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management Commentary.

Esbjerg, 25 April 2025

BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab
CVR no. 20 22 26 70

Henrik Harbo Andersen
State Authorised Public Accountant
MNE no. mne19699

Management Commentary

Principal activities

The activity of the entity consist of construction and rent of the building and similar fields.

Significant events after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the end of the financial year of material importance for the Company's financial position.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

| | Note | 2024 DKK | 2023 DKK |
|---|------|------------------|------------------|
| Gross profit | | 3.911.059 | 3.817.292 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for tangible and intangible assets | | -626.821 | -626.822 |
| Operating profit | | 3.284.238 | 3.190.470 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Other financial income | | 11.998 | 3.981 |
| Other financial expenses | 2 | -1.129.177 | -1.088.911 |
| Profit before tax | | 2.167.059 | 2.105.540 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year | 3 | -476.618 | -460.361 |
| Profit for the year | | 1.690.441 | 1.645.179 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Proposed distribution of profit | | | |
| Proposed dividend for the year | | 1.000.000 | 1.000.000 |
| Retained earnings | | 690.441 | 645.179 |
| Total | | 1.690.441 | 1.645.179 |
| <hr/> | | | |

Balance Sheet at 31 December

Assets

| | Note | 2024 DKK | 2023 DKK |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Land and buildings | | 45.062.654 | 45.689.475 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 4 | 45.062.654 | 45.689.475 |
| Non-current assets | | 45.062.654 | 45.689.475 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Other receivables | | 2.719 | 0 |
| Receivables | | 2.719 | 0 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 254.694 | 848.355 |
| Current assets | | 257.413 | 848.355 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Assets | | 45.320.067 | 46.537.830 |
| <hr/> | | | |

Balance Sheet at 31 December

Equity and liabilities

| | Note | 2024 DKK | 2023 DKK |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Share Capital | | 100.000 | 100.000 |
| Retained earnings | | 9.738.773 | 9.048.332 |
| Proposed dividend | | 1.000.000 | 1.000.000 |
| Equity | | 10.838.773 | 10.148.332 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Provisions for deferred tax | | 3.160.000 | 2.942.000 |
| Provisions | | 3.160.000 | 2.942.000 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Debt to mortgage credit institution | | 20.651.562 | 22.210.910 |
| Bank debt | | 500.000 | 2.000.000 |
| Deposits | | 1.650.000 | 1.650.000 |
| Non-current liabilities | 5 | 22.801.562 | 25.860.910 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Debt to mortgage credit institution | | 1.595.348 | 1.505.864 |
| Bank debt | | 1.500.000 | 1.500.000 |
| Trade payables | | 54.900 | 53.100 |
| Debt to Group companies | | 4.608.875 | 3.790.514 |
| Corporation tax payable | | 258.618 | 248.361 |
| Other liabilities | | 501.991 | 488.749 |
| Current liabilities | | 8.519.732 | 7.586.588 |
| Liabilities | | 31.321.294 | 33.447.498 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Equity and liabilities | | 45.320.067 | 46.537.830 |
| <hr/> | | | |
| Contingencies etc. | 6 | | |
| Charges and securities | 7 | | |

Equity

| DKK | Share Capital | Retained earnings | Proposed dividend | Total |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Equity at 1 January 2024 | 100.000 | 9.048.332 | 1.000.000 | 10.148.332 |
| Proposed profit allocation | | 690.441 | 1.000.000 | 1.690.441 |
| Transactions with owners | | | | |
| Dividend paid | | | -1.000.000 | -1.000.000 |
| Equity at 31 December 2024 | 100.000 | 9.738.773 | 1.000.000 | 10.838.773 |

Notes

| | 2024 DKK | 2023 DKK |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1 Staff costs | | |
| Average number of full time employees | 0 | 0 |

There are no employees other than the executive management. The executive management has not received any remuneration during the year.

| | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| 2 Other financial expenses | | |
| Interest expenses to group enterprises | 265.000 | 174.000 |
| Other interest expenses | 864.177 | 914.911 |
| | 1.129.177 | 1.088.911 |

| | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| 3 Tax on profit/loss for the year | | |
| Calculated tax on taxable income of the year | 258.618 | 248.361 |
| Adjustment of deferred tax | 218.000 | 212.000 |
| | 476.618 | 460.361 |

4 | Property, plant and equipment

| DKK | Land and buildings |
|---|-----------------------|
| Cost at 1 January 2024 | 50.707.912 |
| Cost at 31 December 2024 | 50.707.912 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January 2024 | 5.018.436 |
| Depreciation for the year | 626.822 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December 2024 | 5.645.258 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December 2024 | 45.062.654 |

5 | Long-term liabilities

| DKK | 31/12 2024 total liabilities | Repayment next year | Debt outstanding after 5 years | 31/12 2023 total liabilities |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Debt to mortgage credit institution | 22.246.910 | 1.595.348 | 14.711.564 | 23.716.774 |
| Bank debt | 2.000.000 | 1.500.000 | 0 | 3.500.000 |
| Deposits | 1.650.000 | 0 | 1.650.000 | 1.650.000 |
| | 25.896.910 | 3.095.348 | 16.361.564 | 28.866.774 |

Notes

6 | Contingencies etc.

Joint liabilities

The Company is jointly and severally liable together with the Parent Company and the other group companies in the joint taxable group for tax on the group's joint taxable income and for certain possible withholding taxes, such as dividend tax, etc.

Tax payable on the Group's joint taxable income is stated in the annual report of Grening Invest ApS, which serves as management Company for the joint taxation.

7 | Charges and securities

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties.

Bank debt and bank debt in group enterprises are secured by way of a deposited mortgage deed registered to the mortgage on plant of DKK 1.950.000 nominal.

The carrying amount of mortgaged bank loans amounts to t.DKK 36,677.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties amounts to t.DKK 42,619.

Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Ejendomsselskabet 3 M ApS for 2024 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act for enterprises in reporting class B and certain provisions applying to reporting class C.

The Annual Report is prepared consistently with the accounting principles applied last year.

Income Statement

Net revenue

The rent is recognized in the income statement concurrently with the let. The rent recognized net of VAT.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include administrative costs etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised by the amounts that relate to the financial year. Interest income and expenses are calculated on amortised cost prices.

Tax

The tax for the year, which consists of the current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the Income Statement by the share that may be attributed to the profit for the year, and is recognised directly in equity by the share that may be attributed to entries directly to equity.

Balance Sheet

Tangible fixed assets

Land and buildings are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

The depreciation base is cost less estimated residual value after end of useful life.

The cost includes the acquisition price and costs incurred directly in connection with the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready to be used.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of an assessment of the expected useful lives of the assets and their residual value:

| | Useful life |
|-----------|-------------|
| Buildings | 30-50 years |

Profit or loss on sale of tangible fixed assets is stated as the difference between the sales price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of sale. Profit or loss is recognised in the Income Statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Accounting Policies

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of tangible assets, are assessed annually for indications of impairment other than that reflected by amortisation and depreciation.

In the event of impairment indications, an impairment test is made for each asset or group of assets, respectively. If the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount, the asset is written down to the recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is calculated at the higher of the capital value and the sales value less expected costs of a sale. The capital value is determined as the Company's share in the current value of the net cash flows which the subsidiary is expected to generate through its activities and from sale of assets after the end of their useful lives. A discount rate is used which reflects the risk-free market rate and the owners' minimum return on interest requirements for similar assets. The growth rate in the terminal period is determined in accordance with the standards within the industry.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. The value is written down to meet expected losses.

Write-off is performed to provide for losses when an objective indication has been assessed to have incurred that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables are impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable is impaired, the write-off is performed at individual level.

Tax payable and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and receivable current tax are recognised in the Balance Sheet as the calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and taxes paid on account.

The Company is subject to joint taxation with Danish Group companies. The current corporation tax is distributed among the joint taxable companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full allocation and refund related to tax losses. The joint taxable companies are included in the tax-on-account scheme. Joint taxation contributions receivable and payable are recognised in the Balance Sheet under current assets and liabilities, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured on the temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are measured at the amount at which the asset is expected to be used within a reasonable number of years, either by setoff against tax on future earnings or by setoff against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the Balance Sheet date will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in the deferred tax resulting from changes in tax rates, are recognised in the income statement, except from items recognised directly in equity.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the time of borrowing by the amount of proceeds received less transaction costs. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost equal to the capitalised value when using the effective interest, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value being recognised in the Income Statement over the loan period.

The amortised cost of current liabilities corresponds usually to the nominal value.

The capitalised remaining lease liability on finance lease contracts is also recognised as financial liabilities.