

Arpa Nordics ApS
Bredskifte Allé 11, 8210 Aarhus V

Annual report
2024

Company reg. no. 43 14 28 87

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 27 May 2025.

Stefano Mion
Chairman of the meeting

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

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Management's statement

Today, the Executive Board has approved the annual report of Arpa Nordics ApS for the financial year 2024.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The Executive Board consider the conditions for audit exemption of the 2024 financial statements to be met.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus V, 30 April 2025

Executive board

Stefano Mion

Stefano Colombano

Practitioner's compilation report

To the Shareholders of Arpa Nordics ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of Arpa Nordics ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 based on the company's bookkeeping and on information you have provided.

These financial statements comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes.

We performed this compilation engagement in accordance with International Standard on Related Services 4410 (Revised), Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist Management in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant requirements under the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

These financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile these financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether these financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Risskov, 30 April 2025

Martinsen

State Authorised Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 32 28 52 01

Lars Greve Jensen

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne32199

Company information

The company

Arpa Nordics ApS
Bredskifte Allé 11
8210 Aarhus V

Company reg. no. 43 14 28 87
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Executive board

Stefano Mion
Stefano Colombano

Auditors

Martinsen
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Voldbjergvej 16, 2. sal
8240 Risskov

Parent company

Arpa Industriale S.p.A.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Gross profit	5.591.251	1.565.609
2 Staff costs	-2.293.872	-1.634.545
Depreciation and impairment of property, plant, and equipment	-55.588	-28.123
Other operating expenses	-1.129	-13.610
Operating profit	3.240.662	-110.669
Other financial income	49.031	4.673
3 Other financial expenses	-40.456	-36.067
Pre-tax net profit or loss	3.249.237	-142.063
Tax on net profit or loss for the year	-714.832	30.595
Net profit or loss for the year	2.534.405	-111.468
Proposed distribution of net profit:		
Transferred to retained earnings	2.534.405	0
Allocated from retained earnings	0	-111.468
Total allocations and transfers	2.534.405	-111.468

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Non-current assets		
Other fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	396.684	194.169
Total property, plant, and equipment	<u>396.684</u>	<u>194.169</u>
Deposits	67.251	67.251
Total investments	<u>67.251</u>	<u>67.251</u>
Total non-current assets	<u>463.935</u>	<u>261.420</u>
Current assets		
Trade receivables	1.487.730	957.504
Receivables from group enterprises	1.213.468	1.917.213
Deferred tax assets	0	22.049
Other receivables	0	232.886
Prepayments	104.303	99.765
Total receivables	<u>2.805.501</u>	<u>3.229.417</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>4.011.936</u>	<u>3.185.880</u>
Total current assets	<u>6.817.437</u>	<u>6.415.297</u>
Total assets	<u>7.281.372</u>	<u>6.676.717</u>

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Equity		
Contributed capital	40.000	40.000
Results brought forward	2.350.094	-184.312
Total equity	<u>2.390.094</u>	<u>-144.312</u>
Provisions		
Provisions for deferred tax	28.067	0
Total provisions	<u>28.067</u>	<u>0</u>
Liabilities other than provisions		
Trade payables	314.745	6.757
Payables to group enterprises	1.264.688	6.085.327
Income tax payable	664.716	0
Other payables	2.619.062	728.945
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>4.863.211</u>	<u>6.821.029</u>
Total liabilities other than provisions	<u>4.863.211</u>	<u>6.821.029</u>
Total equity and liabilities	<u>7.281.372</u>	<u>6.676.717</u>

1 The significant activities of the enterprise

4 Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Equity 1 January 2023	40.000	-72.844	-32.844
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	<u>0</u>	<u>-111.468</u>	<u>-111.468</u>
Equity 1 January 2024	40.000	-184.312	-144.312
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	<u>0</u>	<u>2.534.406</u>	<u>2.534.406</u>
	<u>40.000</u>	<u>2.350.094</u>	<u>2.390.094</u>

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
1. The significant activities of the enterprise		
Like previous years, the activities is to run trading and production business as well as other related business. The company is a sales company in the ARPA Industriale Group and sells on the Nordic market.		
2. Staff costs		
Salaries and wages	2.041.598	1.413.677
Pension costs	252.274	201.465
Other costs for social security	0	7.668
Other staff costs	0	11.735
	<u>2.293.872</u>	<u>1.634.545</u>
Average number of employees	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>
3. Other financial expenses		
Financial costs, group enterprises	31.867	32.057
Other financial costs	8.589	4.010
	<u>40.456</u>	<u>36.067</u>

4. Related parties

Parent undertaking and controlling party

The Immediate Parent Undertaking is Arpa Industriale S.p.A.

Arpa Industriale S.p.A. is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these Financial Statements at 31 December 2024. The consolidated Financial Statements of Arpa Industriale S.p.A. can be obtained from their registered office at Via Piumati 91 - 12042 Bra, Italy.

Arpa Industriale S.p.A. belongs to the HAL Group. The ultimate parent company of this group is HAL Trust in Hamilton, Bermuda. HAL Trust's shares are listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange (Ticker symbol: HAL NA). The financial statements of Arpa Industriale S.p.A. are included in the consolidated financial statements of both HAL Trust, Hamilton, Bermuda and HAL Holding N.V., Willemstad, Curaçao. These consolidated financial statements are available at the office of HAL Holding N.V. and the consolidated financial statements of HAL Trust can also be found at www.halholding.com.

Accounting policies

The annual report for Arpa Nordics ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, write-downs for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Income statement

Gross profit

Gross profit comprises the revenue, cost of sales, and external costs.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration promised exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts.

Accounting policies

Other external expenses comprise expenses incurred for sales, car expenses, administration and premises.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members.

Depreciation, amortisation, and write-down for impairment

Depreciation, amortisation, and write-down for impairment comprise depreciation on, amortisation of, and write-down for impairment of tangible assets.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses comprise items of secondary nature as regards the principal activities of the enterprise, including losses on the disposal of intangible and tangible assets.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to transactions in foreign currency.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

Statement of financial position

Equipment

Equipment are measured at cost less accrued depreciation and write-down for impairment.

Depreciation is done on a straight-line basis according to an assessment of the expected useful life:

	Useful life
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5-10 years

Minor assets with an expected useful life of less than 1 year are recognised as costs in the income statement in the year of acquisition.

Accounting policies

Leases

All leases are regarded as operating leases. Payments in connection with operating leases and other lease agreements are recognised in the income statement for the term of the contract. The company's total liabilities concerning operating leases and lease agreements are recognised under contingencies, etc.

Impairment loss relating to non-current assets

The carrying amount of both intangible and tangible fixed assets are subject to annual impairment tests in order to disclose any indications of impairment beyond those expressed by amortisation and depreciation respectively.

If indications of impairment are disclosed, impairment tests are carried out for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. write-down for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher value of value in use and selling price less expected selling cost. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the asset group and expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or the asset group after the end of their useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when conditions for impairment no longer exist.

Deposits

Deposits are measured at amortised cost and represent lease deposits, etc.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the following financial year.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Accounting policies

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.