

CI II Canada Holding K/S

Gdanskgade 18, 12., 2150 Nordhavn

Company reg. no. 38 59 45 08

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2024

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 17 June 2025.

DocuSigned by:

Mikkel Nyborg
Chairman of the General Meeting 84E76F601ED6492...

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Reports	
Management's statement	1
Independent auditor's report	2
Company information	5
Management's review	6
Financial statements 1 January - 31 December 2024	
Income statement	7
Balance sheet	8
Statement of changes in equity	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	12

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
 - Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.
-

Management's statement

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of CI II Canada Holding K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

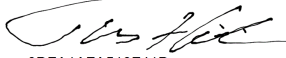
In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2024.

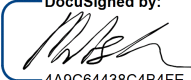
We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 17 June 2025

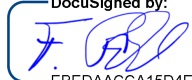
Executive board

DocuSigned by:

0DFA1AFA510F41D...
Thomas Hinrichsen

DocuSigned by:

4A9C64438C4B4FE...
Mads Skovgaard Andersen

DocuSigned by:

7E2F4538E114446...
John Michael Hannibal

DocuSigned by:

EBEDAAQCA15D4E8...
Felix Pahl

Independent auditor's report

To the Limited Partners of CI II Canada Holding K/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CI II Canada Holding K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen S, 17 June 2025

Deloitte statsautoriseret revisionspartnerselskab

State Authorised Public Accountant
Company reg. no. 33 96 35 56

DocuSigned by:
Bill Haudal Pedersen
307042E569274C1...
Bill Haudal Pedersen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne30131

Signed by:
Michael Riddersholm Høj
33BA37A3793F4BF
Michael Riddersholm Høj
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne51504

Company information

The company

CI II Canada Holding K/S
Gdanskgade 18, 12.
2150 Nordhavn

Company reg. no. 38 59 45 08
Established: 25 April 2017
Domicile: Copenhagen
Financial year: 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024

Executive board

Thomas Hinrichsen
Mads Skovgaard Andersen
John Michael Hannibal
Felix Pahl

Auditors

Deloitte statsautoriseret revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
2300 Copenhagen S

Management's review

Primary activities

The object of the company shall be, directly or indirectly, to carry on business in Denmark and abroad through investing in infrastructure- and energy assets and other business related hereto.

Development in activities and finances

The development in the financial year's activities is as expected.

The Entity has lost its equity. Management expects future capital contributions from the owners to restore equity.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

DKK thousand.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Gross profit	-177	-53
2 Employees	0	0
Profit from ordinary operating activities	-177	-53
Other financial income	1	0
Other financial expenses	-1	-40
Net profit or loss for the year	-177	-93
 Proposed distribution of net profit:		
Allocated from retained earnings	-177	-93
Total allocations and transfers	-177	-93

Balance sheet at 31 December

DKK thousand.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash	<u>119</u>	<u>2</u>
Total current assets	<u>119</u>	<u>2</u>
Total assets	<u>119</u>	<u>2</u>

Balance sheet at 31 December

DKK thousand.

Equity and liabilities	2024	2023
<u>Note</u>		
Equity		
3 Contributed capital	7.993	7.720
Retained earnings	-8.103	-7.926
Total equity	-110	-206
 Liabilities other than provisions		
Payables to group enterprises	188	0
Other payables	41	208
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	229	208
 Total liabilities other than provisions	229	208
 Total equity and liabilities	119	2

1 Going concern

4 Contingent liabilities

Statement of changes in equity

DKK thousand.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Equity 1 January 2023	7.720	-7.833	-113
Retained earnings for the year	0	-93	-93
Equity 1 January 2024	<hr/> 7.720	<hr/> -7.926	<hr/> -206
Cash capital increase	273	0	273
Retained earnings for the year	0	-177	-177
	<hr/> 7.993	<hr/> -8.103	<hr/> -110

Notes

DKK thousand.

1. Going concern

The Company has negative equity as of 31.12.2024. It is Management's expectation that further capital contributions will ensure that the equity will be restored.

2. Employees

The Company has no employees.

The Management has not received remunerations.

3. Contributed capital

There are special dividend rights attached to specific share classes. The contributed capital for the Company is divided into the share classes A-R.

4. Contingent liabilities

There are no guarantees or contingent liabilities of the Company.

Accounting policies

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Reporting currency is in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprise revenue and other external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

Accounting policies

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and net exchange losses on transactions in foreign currencies.

Balance sheet

Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.