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## **Contents**

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2024/25	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2025	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2024/25	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	13

## Entity details

### Entity

Advantage Club GP II ApS

Bredgade 40

1260 Copenhagen

Business Registration No.: 45209938

Date of foundation: 13.11.2024

Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 13.11.2024- 31.12.2025

### Executive Board

Anders Stubkjær Dalhoff

### Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Weidekampsgade 6

2300 Copenhagen S

## Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Advantage Club GP II ApS for the financial year 13.11.2024 - 31.12.2025.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2025 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 13.11.2024 - 31.12.2025.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 06.02.2026

**Executive Board**

**Anders Stubkjær Dalhoff**

# Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of Advantage Club GP II ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Advantage Club GP II ApS for the financial year 13.11.2024 - 31.12.2025, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2025 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 13.11.2024 - 31.12.2025 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material

misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information

required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 06.02.2026

**Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR No. 33963556

**Rasmus Grynderup Kiær Steffensen**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne44143

**Mads Sode Heldbo**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne52611

## Management commentary

### Primary activities

The object of the company is to be general partner of NIC ICG IX K/S and other AIF's managed by ADVANTAGE Investment Partners A/S.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## Income statement for 2024/25

	Notes	2024/25 DKK
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>		<b>10,028</b>
Other financial income		62
Other financial expenses		(3,301)
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>6,789</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year		(1,494)
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>5,295</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>		
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		5,295
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>		<b>5,295</b>

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2025

### Assets

	Notes	2024/25 DKK
Other receivables		18,467
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>18,467</b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b>43,072</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>61,539</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>61,539</b>

**Equity and liabilities**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2024/25 DKK</b>
Contributed capital		40,000
Proposed dividend		5,295
<b>Equity</b>		<b>45,295</b>
Income tax payable		1,494
Other payables		14,750
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>16,244</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>16,244</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>61,539</b>
Employees	1	
Contingent liabilities	2	

## Statement of changes in equity for 2024/25

	Contributed capital DKK	Proposed dividend DKK	Total DKK
Contributed upon formation	40,000	0	40,000
Profit/loss for the year	0	5,295	5,295
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>40,000</b>	<b>5,295</b>	<b>45,295</b>

## Notes

### 1 Employees

The Entity has no employees.

Management has not received remuneration

	<b>2024/25</b>
Average number of full-time employees	0

### 2 Contingent liabilities

As General Partner for NIC ICG IX K/S, NIC ISQ IV K/S, NIC DVA IV K/S NIC DIF VIII K/S and Advantage PE V K/S, the company is fully liable for any claims against the limited liability company.

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where PATRIZIA DENMARK A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

# Accounting policies

## **Basis for financial statements**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

## **Non-comparability**

This is the Company's first financial year and comprise the period 13.11.2024 - 31.12.2025, and hence no comparative figures have been presented.

## **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts

attributable to this financial year.

#### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### **Income statement**

##### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, other operating income and external expenses.

##### **Revenue**

Revenue comprises complementary fee, which includes income for the operating as a General Partner.

##### **Other operating income**

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

##### **Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's normal activities.

##### **Other financial income**

Other financial income comprises interest income.

##### **Other financial expenses**

Other financial income comprises interest income.etc.

##### **Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

##### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

##### **Cash**

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

##### **Dividend**

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

##### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

**Tax receivable or payable**

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.