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**Yangming Marine Corp K/S  
Stamholmen 153  
2650 Hvidovre - Copenhagen**

**THE ANNUAL REPORT  
The year 2016**

**CVR-nr: 29 82 34 48**

Approved at the General Meeting, the 29/05 2017

  
Chairman

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## COMPANY INFORMATION

**Company number:** 29 82 34 48

**Executive board:** Edita Bajoraté

**Ownership** According to the Danish Financial Statements Act, the following shareholders disclosed:

Altiona Holdings Limited  
13 Karaiskaki  
3032 Limassol  
Cyprus

## MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT

The unaudited Annual Report has been prepared in conformity with the Financial Statements Act. The Executive Board considers the conditions for not performing an audit to have been met.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, equity, liabilities and financial position at 31. december 2016 and of its financial performance for the period 1. January - 31. december 2016.

We recommend that the Annual Report be approved by the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, <sup>29 05</sup> / 2017



Edita Bajordité

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### GENERAL INFORMATION

The financial statements of Yangming Marine Corp K/S for the financial year 2016 have been prepared in conformity with the provisions of the Financial Statements Act on class B enterprises.

The accounting policies applied in the financial statements are consistent with those of the previous year. The reporting currency is Danish kroner.

#### Recognition and measurement in general

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned. Value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are also recognised in the income statement. Costs incurred to generate the earnings for the year are also recognised in the income statement, including amortisation, depreciation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals resulting from changed accounting estimates of amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future financial benefits will flow to the Company and it is possible to obtain a reliable measurement of the individual assets.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future financial benefits will flow from the Company and it is possible to obtain a reliable measurement of the individual liabilities.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item.

Anticipated losses and risks arising before the presentation of the financial statements and confirming or disconfirming facts and circumstances known at the reporting date are taken into consideration at recognition and measurement.

The functional currency used is Danish kroner. All other currencies are considered foreign currencies.

#### Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Gains and losses arising from movements between the exchange rates at the date of the individual transaction and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

### INCOME STATEMENT

#### General information

Certain income and expenses have been aggregated in the item designated 'Gross profit' with reference to section 32 of the Financial Statements Act.

#### Gross profit

Gross profit is a combination of the items of 'Revenue', 'Change in inventories of finished goods, work in progress and goods for resale', 'Other operating income', 'Cost of raw materials and consumables' and 'Other external costs'.

#### Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include expenses for Management and administrative staff, office expenses, amortisation and depreciation, etc.

#### Cost of raw materials and consumables

Cost of raw materials and consumables includes the cost of goods purchased less discounts and

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

changes in inventories for the year.

### **Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include costs for sales, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, rental expenses under operating leases, etc.

### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement based on the amounts which relate to the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest revenue and expenses, finance charges in respect of finance leases, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses on securities, accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies, repayment on mortgage loans, and surcharges and allowances under the tax prepayment scheme. Dividends from other equity investments are recognised as income in the financial year in which the dividends are declared.

## **BALANCE SHEET**

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which normally corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by an allowance for expected impairment losses.

Impairment of accounts receivable past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

### **Payables**

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between proceeds and nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the life of the financial instrument(s).

Other payables, comprising trade payables and amounts owed to Group enterprises and associates and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost, which normally corresponds to the nominal value.

INCOME STATEMENT  
1. JANUARY - 31. DECEMBER 2016

	2016 DKK	2015 TDKK
<b>GROSS PROFIT</b> .....	<b>6.991.427</b>	<b>10</b>
Other financial income.....	31.208	1
Other financial expenses.....	-40.983	0
<b>PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR</b> .....	<b><u>6.981.652</u></b>	<b><u>11</u></b>
 <b>PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF NET PROFIT</b>		
Retained earnings .....	6.981.652	11
<b>SETTLEMENT OF DISTRIBUTION TOTAL</b> .....	<b><u>6.981.652</u></b>	<b><u>11</u></b>

## BALANCE SHEET AT 31. DECEMBER 2016

## ASSETS

	2016 DKK	2015 TDKK
Trade receivables .....	3.523.222	0
<b>Receivables</b> .....	<b>3.523.222</b>	<b>0</b>
Cash .....	3.481.766	23
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b> .....	<b>7.004.988</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>ASSETS</b> .....	<b>7.004.988</b>	<b>23</b>

BALANCE SHEET AT 31. DECEMBER 2016  
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

	2016 DKK	2015 TDKK
Retained earnings .....	6.992.758	11
<b>2 EQUITY .....</b>	<b>6.992.758</b>	<b>11</b>
Trade creditors .....	12.230	12
<b>Short-term payables.....</b>	<b>12.230</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>PAYABLES .....</b>	<b>12.230</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES.....</b>	<b>7.004.988</b>	<b>23</b>
3 Contractual obligations and contingent items, etc.		
4 Charges and securities		

NOTES

		2016 DKK	2015 TDKK
<b>1 Principal activity of the Company</b>			
The Companys activity is trade			
<b>2 Equity</b>	Opening balance	Proposed distribution of net profit	Closing balance
Retained earnings .....	11.106	6.981.652	6.992.758
	<u>11.106</u>	<u>6.981.652</u>	<u>6.992.758</u>
	<u><u>11.106</u></u>	<u><u>6.981.652</u></u>	<u><u>6.992.758</u></u>
<b>3 Contractual obligations and contingent items, etc.</b>			
None			
<b>4 Charges and securities</b>			
None			