

Aberdeen Property Copenhagen Gamma ApS

Nybrogade 12
1203 København K
CVR No. 37118168

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Entity details

Entity

Aberdeen Property Copenhagen Gamma ApS
Nybrogade 12
1203København K

Business Registration No.: 37118168

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.10.2024- 30.09.2025

Board of Directors

Caspar Schultz
Ole Meier Sørensen

Executive Board

Caspar Schultz, CEO

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen44
2900Hellerup

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Aberdeen Property Copenhagen Gamma ApS for the financial year 01.10.2024 - 30.09.2025.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 30.09.2025 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.10.2024 - 30.09.2025.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 26.03.2026

Executive Board

Caspar Schultz
CEO

Board of Directors

Caspar Schultz

Ole Meier Sørensen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Aberdeen Property Copenhagen Gamma ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 September 2025, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 October 2024 - 30 September 2025 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the financial statements of Aberdeen Property Copenhagen Gamma ApS for the financial year 01.10.2024 - 30.09.2025, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such

disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 26.03.2026

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No. 33771231

Morten Jørgensen
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne32806

Tobias Damm Larsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne52092

Management commentary

Primary activities

The company is empty and has had no business and has no property during the year.

Development in activities and finances

The income statement of the Company for 2024/25 shows a loss of DKK 2,966,865, and at 30 September 2025 the balance sheet of the Company shows negative equity of DKK 1,444,030.

Capital resources

The company has lost more than half of the share capital. The share capital is expected to be re-established through debt conversion, on the debt to the parent company, in 2026. The parent company has issued a letter of support with commitment to provide necessary liquidity to ensure that the company will be able to fulfil its obligations as they are due. On this basis, management have assessed that the entity has sufficient capital to continue as going concern.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income statement for 2024/25

	Notes	2024/25 DKK	2023/24 DKK
Gross profit/loss		(543,947)	(450,850)
Other financial income	2	230,554	345,593
Other financial expenses	3	(260,109)	(1,295,260)
Profit/loss before tax		(573,502)	(1,400,517)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	(2,393,363)	(929,974)
Profit/loss for the year		(2,966,865)	(2,330,491)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(2,966,865)	(2,330,491)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(2,966,865)	(2,330,491)

Balance sheet at 30.09.2025

Assets

	Notes	2024/25 DKK	2023/24 DKK
Receivables from group enterprises		0	6,105,477
Other receivables		0	44,534
Joint taxation contribution receivable	5	126,170	2,891,988
Receivables		126,170	9,041,999
Cash		1,156,698	1,465,681
Current assets		1,282,868	10,507,680
Assets		1,282,868	10,507,680

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2024/25 DKK	2023/24 DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		(1,494,030)	(12,185,755)
Equity		(1,444,030)	(12,135,755)
Payables to group enterprises		0	5,500,000
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		0	5,500,000
Trade payables		188,353	55,211
Payables to group enterprises		0	16,908,555
Joint taxation contribution payable		2,519,533	0
Other payables		19,012	179,669
Current liabilities other than provisions		2,726,898	17,143,435
Liabilities other than provisions		2,726,898	22,643,435
Equity and liabilities		1,282,868	10,507,680
Judgements regarding going concern	1		
Employees	6		
Contingent liabilities	7		

Statement of changes in equity for 2024/25

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	(12,185,755)	(12,135,755)
Group contributions etc.	0	13,658,590	13,658,590
Profit/loss for the year	0	(2,966,865)	(2,966,865)
Equity end of year	50,000	(1,494,030)	(1,444,030)

Notes

1 Judgements regarding going concern

The company has lost more than half of the share capital. The share capital is expected to be re-established through debt conversion, on the debt to the parent company, in 2026. The parent company has issued a letter of support with commitment to provide necessary liquidity to ensure that the company will be able to fulfil its obligations as they are due. On this basis, management have assessed that the entity has sufficient capital to continue as going concern.

2 Other financial income

	2024/25 DKK	2023/24 DKK
Financial income from group enterprises	208,615	345,593
Exchange rate adjustments	4,039	0
Other financial income	17,900	0
	230,554	345,593

3 Other financial expenses

	2024/25 DKK	2023/24 DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	247,500	1,287,088
Other interest expenses	12,611	8,019
Exchange rate adjustments	0	153
Other financial expenses	(2)	0
	260,109	1,295,260

4 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2024/25 DKK	2023/24 DKK
Current tax	(126,170)	(169,871)
Change in deferred tax	0	1,259,117
Adjustment concerning previous years	2,519,533	(159,272)
	2,393,363	929,974

5 Joint taxation contribution receivable

Of the total joint tax contribution receivables, 126 t.DKK falls due more than one year after the balance date

6 Employees

The Entity has no employees other than the Executive Board. The Executive Officer has not received any remuneration

	2024/25	2023/24
Average number of full-time employees	0	0

7 Contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the Group's jointly taxed income. The total corporate tax payable appears in the annual report for Aberdeen Property Deninvest Alpha ApS, which is the management company in relation to the jointly tax. The Group companies are jointly and severally liable for both withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties. Any subsequent corrections in relation to the corporate taxes and withholding taxes may result in the company's liability amounting to a larger amount.

Accounting policies

Basis for financial statements

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Non-comparability

In the interest of securing comparability between current financial year and previous financial years some reclassifications has been carried out in the comparison figures, without effect on result, total assets or equity.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and

measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year..

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises and fee for advisors and consultants etc.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc. received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group

enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the onaccount taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.