



Piaster Revisorerne

vi giver bedre råd

# Fossen Kraft Danmark ApS

Stenskovvej 37, Fensmark, 4684 Holmegaard

Company reg. no. 43 39 61 88

## Annual report

**1 January - 31 December 2024**

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 4 July 2025.

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Frederik Wilhelm Lindvard Skarstein

Chairman of the meeting

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

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## **Management's statement**

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Today, the Managing Director has approved the annual report of Fossen Kraft Danmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2024.

Further, in my opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Holmegaard, 4 July 2025

### **Managing Director**

Frederik Wilhelm Lindvard Skarstein

## **The independent practitioner's report**

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### **To the Shareholders of Fossen Kraft Danmark ApS**

#### **Opinion**

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Fossen Kraft Danmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

#### **Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements**

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the financial statements and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion.

## **The independent practitioner's report**

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An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

### **Statement on the Management's Review**

Management is responsible for the Management's Review.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in the Management's Review.

Alleroed, 4 July 2025

### **Piaster Revisorerne**

Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab  
Company reg. no. 25 16 00 37

**Emil Lagstrøm**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne45851

## Company information

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### The company

Fossen Kraft Danmark ApS  
Stenskovvej 37, Fensmark  
4684 Holmegaard

Company reg. no. 43 39 61 88  
Established: 15 July 2022  
Domicile: Næstved  
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

### Managing Director

Frederik Wilhelm Lindvard Skarstein

### Auditors

Piaster Revisorerne, Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab  
Engholm Parkvej 8  
3450 Allerød

### Parent company

Fossen Kraft Danmark Holding ApS

## **Management's review**

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### **Description of key activities of the company**

The key activities of the company are to own and lease out BESS (Battery Energy Storage System).

### **Significant changes in the company's activities and financial matters**

The financial year is characterized by investments in BESS to lease out and to be sold. The operations with sale of BESS have started and this has had a positive effect of the financial performance.

The company's financial performance is considered unsatisfying.

We refer to descriptions in note 1.

**Income statement**

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	1/1 2024 - 31/12 2024	15/7 2022 - 31/12 2023
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>743.559</b>	<b>1.614.987</b>
Other financial income	716.849	1.128.864
3 Other financial expenses	-2.633.140	-2.364.927
<b>Pre-tax net profit or loss</b>	<b>-1.172.732</b>	<b>378.924</b>
Tax on net profit or loss for the year	258.016	-83.358
<b>Net profit or loss for the year</b>	<b>-914.716</b>	<b>295.566</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of net profit:</b>		
Transferred to retained earnings	0	295.566
Allocated from retained earnings	-914.716	0
<b>Total allocations and transfers</b>	<b>-914.716</b>	<b>295.566</b>

**Balance sheet at 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

<b>Assets</b>		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
Property, plant and equipment in progress and prepayments for property, plant and equipment	7.704.393	3.894.357
Total property, plant, and equipment	7.704.393	3.894.357
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>7.704.393</b>	<b>3.894.357</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		
Goods for resale	0	11.111.374
Total inventories	0	11.111.374
Receivables from group enterprises	0	2.758.807
Tax receivables from group enterprises	258.016	0
Other receivables	9.519.433	14.027.748
Total receivables	9.777.449	16.786.555
Cash and cash equivalents	69.248	9.030
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>9.846.697</b>	<b>27.906.959</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>17.551.090</b>	<b>31.801.316</b>

**Balance sheet at 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
<b>Equity</b>		
Contributed capital	40.000	40.000
Retained earnings	1.330.680	2.245.396
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>1.370.680</b>	<b>2.285.396</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		
4 Payables to group enterprises	16.027.330	28.441.805
Total long term liabilities other than provisions	16.027.330	28.441.805
Trade payables	51.491	990.757
Payables to group enterprises	101.589	0
Income tax payable to group enterprises	0	83.358
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	153.080	1.074.115
<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<b>16.180.410</b>	<b>29.515.920</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>	<b>17.551.090</b>	<b>31.801.316</b>
<b>1 Going concern</b>		
<b>2 Special items</b>		
<b>5 Contingencies</b>		

## Statement of changes in equity

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All amounts in DKK.

	<b>Contributed capital</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
Equity 15 July 2022	40.000	1.959.330	1.999.330
Retained earnings for the year	0	-1.664.434	-1.664.434
Share premium	0	1.960.000	1.960.000
Establishment costs	0	-9.500	-9.500
Equity 15 July 2022	40.000	2.245.396	2.285.396
Retained earnings for the year	0	-914.716	-914.716
	<b>40.000</b>	<b>1.330.680</b>	<b>1.370.680</b>

## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

### 1. Going concern

Company have received letter of support from the parent company Fossen Kraft Danmark Holding ApS stating that the parent company will maintain the loan of 16 mio. DKK up to 1/1 2026 to and extend that Fossen Kraft Danmark ApS can pay its due debt to other creditor during 2025.

### 2. Special items

Special items costs of DKK 936.250 recognized as Other operating income as part of the gross profit. The item is a debt that has been recognized as income, as the creditor has not made claim against the company, and the creditor is now dissolved .

	1/1 2024	15/7 2022
	- 31/12 2024	- 31/12 2023
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>

### 3. Other financial expenses

Other financial costs

2.633.140	2.364.927
<u>2.633.140</u>	<u>2.364.927</u>

### 4. Payables to group enterprises

The debt is due 1-5 years from the balance-sheet date.

### 5. Contingencies

#### Joint taxation

With Fossen Kraft Danmark Holding ApS, company reg. no 43395793 as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.

## Accounting policies

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The annual report for Fossen Kraft Danmark ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

### Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, write-downs for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

### Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials. If currency positions are considered to hedge future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity in a fair value reserve.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

## Accounting policies

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When recognising foreign group enterprises which are integral units, the monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the time of acquisition or at the time of the subsequent revaluation or write-down for impairment of the asset. Income statement items are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. However, items in the income statement derived from non-monetary items are translated using historical prices.

### Income statement

#### Gross profit

Gross loss comprises the revenue, costs directly associated with the revenue and external costs.

Revenue comprises the value of services provided during the year, including outlay for customers less VAT and price concessions directly associated with the sale.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement on the completion of sales. This is generally considered to be the case when:

- The service has been provided before the end of the financial year
- A binding sales agreement exists
- The sales price has been determined
- Payment has been received, or is anticipated with a reasonable degree of certainty.

This ensures that recognition does not take place until the total income and costs and stage of completion at the reporting date can be reliably validated and it seems probable that the economic benefits, including payments, will flow to the enterprise.

Cost of sales comprises costs directly associated with the revenue.

Other external expenses comprise expenses incurred for administration.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

#### Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

## Accounting policies

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### Statement of financial position

#### Property, plant, and equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are measured at cost less accrued depreciation and write-down for impairment. Land is not subject to depreciation.

The cost comprises acquisition cost and costs directly associated with the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation is done on a straight-line basis according to an assessment of the expected useful life and the residual value of the individual assets:

	Useful life	Residual value
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-5 years	0-20 %

Minor assets with an expected useful life of less than 1 year are recognised as costs in the income statement in the year of acquisition.

Profit or loss derived from the disposal of property, land, and equipment is measured as the difference between the sales price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Profit or loss is recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

#### Property, plant, and equipment in progress

Property, plant, and equipment in progress are measured and recognised as the total costs incurred. When the work has been completed, the total value is transferred to the relevant item under property, plant, and equipment and is amortised from the date of entry into service.

#### Leases

Leases are regarded as operating leases. Payments in connection with operating leases and other lease agreements are recognised in the income statement for the term of the contract. The company's total liabilities concerning operating leases and lease agreements are recognised under contingencies, etc.

#### Impairment loss relating to non-current assets

The carrying amount of both intangible and tangible fixed assets are subject to annual impairment tests in order to disclose any indications of impairment beyond those expressed by amortisation and depreciation respectively.

If indications of impairment are disclosed, impairment tests are carried out for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. write-down for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

## **Accounting policies**

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The recoverable amount is the higher value of value in use and selling price less expected selling cost. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the asset group and expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or the asset group after the end of their useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when conditions for impairment no longer exist. Impairment relating to goodwill is not reversed.

### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at cost according to the FIFO method. In cases when the net realisable value of the inventories is lower than the cost, the latter is written down for impairment to this lower value.

Costs of goods for resale comprise acquisition costs plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value for inventories is recognised as the estimated selling price less costs of completion and selling costs. The net realisable value is determined with due consideration of negotiability, obsolescence, and the development of expected market prices.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value. In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value.

### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank.

### **Income tax and deferred tax**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

The company is jointly taxed with consolidated Danish companies. The current corporate income tax is distributed between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full distribution with reimbursement as to tax losses. The jointly taxed companies are comprised by the Danish tax prepayment scheme.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as "Tax receivables from group enterprises" or "Income tax payable to group enterprises"

According to the rules of joint taxation, Fossen Kraft Danmark ApS is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable to pay the Danish tax authorities the total income tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties, and dividends, arising from the jointly taxed group of companies.

## **Accounting policies**

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Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Adjustments take place in relation to deferred tax concerning elimination of unrealised intercompany gains and losses.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

### **Liabilities other than provisions**

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

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## Skarstein, Frederik Wilhelm L

### Direktør

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## Skarstein, Frederik Wilhelm L

### Dirigent

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## Emil Lagstrøm

### Revisor

På vegne af: Piaster Revisorerne

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