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Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2024	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2024	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2024	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	15

Entity details

Entity

Reform Furniture ApS
Vermundsgade 38 C, st.
2100København Ø

Business Registration No.: 36397888
Registered office: København
Financial year: 01.01.2024- 31.12.2024

Executive Board

Anders Dalskov

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Reform Furniture ApS for the financial year 01.01.2024 - 31.12.2024.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2024 - 31.12.2024.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 18.06.2025

Executive Board

Anders Dalskov

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Reform Furniture ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Reform Furniture ApS for the financial year 01.01.2024 - 31.12.2024, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2024 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2024 - 31.12.2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material

misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information

required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 18.06.2025

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No. 33963556

Claus Jorch Andersen

State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne33712

Arif Aygar

State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne50634

Management commentary

Primary activities

Reform Furniture ApS' activities consist of import and sale of kitchens and other related activities.

Development in activities and finances

The income statement for the period 01.01.24 - 31.12.24 shows a net profit of DKK 1.738.746, compared to DKK 1.892.852 for the period 01.01.23 - 31.12.23. The balance sheet reflects an equity position of DKK 14.330.593.

The year 2024 was a transformational year, characterized by strategic adjustments, including a reduction in staff and the consolidation of showrooms. These initiatives led to a lower gross profit of DKK 13.843.512, compared to DKK 20.718.986 in 2023. Despite the decline in gross profit, we achieved a satisfactory net profit for the year.

Management considers the year's result to be in line with expectations.

Foreign branches

The company has a foreign branch in Norway - Reform Furniture NUF, Drammen.

Events after the balance sheet date

No material events have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income statement for 2024

	Notes	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
Gross profit/loss		13,843,512	20,718,986
Staff costs	1	(10,192,053)	(16,902,034)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	(1,869,867)	(1,721,765)
Other operating expenses		(133,514)	0
Operating profit/loss		1,648,078	2,095,187
Other financial income	3	683,691	600,308
Other financial expenses	4	(100,340)	(249,564)
Profit/loss before tax		2,231,429	2,445,931
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	(492,683)	(553,079)
Profit/loss for the year		1,738,746	1,892,852
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		1,738,746	1,892,852
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		1,738,746	1,892,852

Balance sheet at 31.12.2024

Assets

	Notes	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		9,394	63,309
Leasehold improvements		551,372	2,390,759
Property, plant and equipment	6	560,766	2,454,068
Deposits		972,553	984,916
Financial assets		972,553	984,916
Fixed assets		1,533,319	3,438,984
Prepayments for goods		731,959	745,011
Inventories		731,959	745,011
Trade receivables		861,230	430,885
Receivables from group enterprises	7	22,729,306	24,239,861
Deferred tax		313,000	205,000
Other receivables		0	44,136
Income tax receivable		8,971	0
Prepayments		41,264	62,233
Receivables		23,953,771	24,982,115
Cash		4,019,999	3,184,440
Current assets		28,705,729	28,911,566

Assets**30,239,048****32,350,550**

Reform Furniture ApS | Balance sheet at 31.12.2024

10

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
Contributed capital		58,824	58,824
Retained earnings		14,271,769	12,895,075
Equity		14,330,593	12,953,899
Other payables		1,129,166	1,097,293
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	8	1,129,166	1,097,293
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	8	0	488,074
Prepayments received from customers		8,844,404	10,201,600
Trade payables		1,215,238	1,537,920
Payables to group enterprises		810	0
Joint taxation contribution payable		609,654	535,079
Other payables		4,109,183	5,536,685
Current liabilities other than provisions		14,779,289	18,299,358
Liabilities other than provisions		15,908,455	19,396,651
Equity and liabilities		30,239,048	32,350,550
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	9		
Contingent liabilities	10		
Assets charged and collateral	11		

Statement of changes in equity for 2024

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	58,824	12,895,075	12,953,899
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(362,052)	(362,052)
Profit/loss for the year	0	1,738,746	1,738,746
Equity end of year	58,824	14,271,769	14,330,593

Notes

1 Staff costs

	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
Wages and salaries	9,962,850	16,524,847
Pension costs	74,907	116,959
Other social security costs	154,296	260,228
	10,192,053	16,902,034
Average number of full-time employees	24	35

2 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,869,867	1,721,765
	1,869,867	1,721,765

3 Other financial income

	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
Other interest income	109,724	109,774
Exchange rate adjustments	573,967	490,534
	683,691	600,308

4 Other financial expenses

	2024	2023
	DKK	DKK
Other interest expenses	100,340	249,564
	100,340	249,564

5 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2024	2023
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	600,683	535,079
Change in deferred tax	(108,000)	18,000
	492,683	553,079

6 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK	Leasehold improvements DKK
Cost beginning of year	648,586	10,873,351
Additions	0	110,080
Disposals	(66,841)	(572,045)
Cost end of year	581,745	10,411,386
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(585,277)	(8,482,592)
Depreciation for the year	(47,231)	(1,822,636)
Reversal regarding disposals	60,157	445,214

Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(572,351)	(9,860,014)
Carrying amount end of year	9,394	551,372

7 Receivables from group enterprises

Receivables from group enterprises in all material respects fall due after more than 12 months from the balance sheet date. It is Management's expectation that the receivables are repaid over a period of 1-3 years.

8 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due within 12 months 2023 DKK	Due after more than 12 months 2024 DKK
Debt to other credit institutions	488,074	0
Other payables	0	1,129,166
	488,074	1,129,166

Of the DKK 1,129,166 non-current liabilities, DKK 0 is due after more than 5 years from the balance sheet date.

9 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2024 DKK	2023 DKK
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	1,828,289	3,819,017

10 Contingent liabilities

In connection with the sale of kitchens, the Company has provided standard guarantee commitments.

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Reform Group Holding ApS serves as the administration company and Reform Holding ApS has served as the administration company during the year. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

11 Assets charged and collateral

As security for debt obtained from Danske Bank there is a registered corporate mortgage amounting to DKK 6.000.000 DKK. This security includes property plant and equipment, inventories and Intellectual Property Rights. The carrying amount is DKK 1,292,725 (2023: 3,199 thousand).

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, other operating income, cost of sales and other external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for normal inventory writedowns.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses comprise expenses of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-5 years
Leasehold improvements	3-10 years

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of

assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax.

