

Valena BidCo ApS

C/O European LifeCare Group A/S Gladsaxevej 376,
DK-2860 Søborg

**Annual Report for
5 August 2025 - 31 December 2025**

CVR No. 45 78 72 49

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the
Annual General Meeting of the company on
30/01/2026

Brian Bisgaard
Chairman of the general meeting

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Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Valena BidCo ApS for the financial year 5 August - 31 December 2025.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2025 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2025.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Søborg, 30 January 2026

Executive Board

Stefan Andreas Walter Happak
CEO

Board of Directors

Stefan Andreas Walter Happak
Chairman

Tanja Sølvkjær Frandsen

Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholder of Valena BidCo ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2025 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 5 August - 31 December 2025 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Valena BidCo ApS for the financial year 5 August - 31 December 2025, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 30 January 2026

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Ulrik Ræbild

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne33262

Jacob Dannefer

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne47886

Company information

The Company

Valena BidCo ApS
C/O European LifeCare Group A/S Gladsaxevej 376
DK-2860 Søborg
CVR No: 45 78 72 49
Financial period: 5 August - 31 December
Incorporated: 8 August 2025
Financial year: 1st financial year
Municipality of reg. office: Gladsaxe

Board of Directors

Stefan Andreas Walter Happak, chairman
Tanja Sølvkjær Frandsen

Executive Board

Stefan Andreas Walter Happak

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
DK-2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Key activities

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2025 shows a loss of TDKK 37,765, and at 31 December 2025 the balance sheet of the Company shows an equity of TDKK 358,335.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

There has been no uncertainty regarding recognition and measurement in the Annual Report.

Unusual events

The financial position at 31 December 2025 of the Company and the results of the activities and cash flows of the Company for the financial year for 2025 have not been affected by any unusual events.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Income statement 5 August - 31 December

| (TDKK) | Note | 2025 5 months |
|--|------|------------------|
| Gross loss | | -25,780 |
| Financial income | 2 | 1,500 |
| Financial expenses | 3 | -16,909 |
| Profit/loss before tax | | -41,189 |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year | 4 | 3,424 |
| Net profit/loss for the year | | -37,765 |
| Distribution of profit | | |
| (TDKK) | | 2025 5 months |
| Proposed distribution of profit | | |
| Retained earnings | | -37,765 |
| | | -37,765 |

Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

| (TDKK) | Note | 2025 |
|------------------------------------|------|----------------|
| Investments in subsidiaries | 5 | 895,881 |
| Receivables from group enterprises | | 5,342 |
| Fixed asset investments | | 901,223 |
| Fixed assets | | 901,223 |
| Other receivables | | 1,984 |
| Deferred tax asset | 6 | 190 |
| Corporation tax | | 3,234 |
| Receivables | | 5,408 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 2,928 |
| Current assets | | 8,336 |
| Assets | | 909,559 |

Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

| (TDKK) | Note | 2025 |
|--|------|----------------|
| Share capital | | 20 |
| Retained earnings | | 358,315 |
| Equity | | 358,335 |
| Credit institutions | | 491,723 |
| Long-term debt | 7 | 491,723 |
| Credit institutions | 7 | 52,234 |
| Trade payables | | 4,481 |
| Other payables | | 2,786 |
| Short-term debt | | 59,501 |
| Debt | | 551,224 |
| Liabilities and equity | | 909,559 |
| Staff | 1 | |
| Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations | 8 | |
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Statement of changes in equity

| (TDKK) | Share capital | Retained earnings | Total |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Cash payment concerning formation of entity | 20 | 0 | 20 |
| Contribution from group | 0 | 396,080 | 396,080 |
| Net profit/loss for the year | 0 | -37,765 | -37,765 |
| Equity at 31 December | 20 | 358,315 | 358,335 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Staff

| | 2025 |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| | 5 months |
| Average number of employees | 0 |

2. Financial income

| (TDKK) | 2025 |
|---------------------------------|--------------|
| | 5 months |
| Interest from group enterprises | 887 |
| Other financial income | 79 |
| Exchange adjustments | 534 |
| | 1,500 |

3. Financial expenses

| (TDKK) | 2025 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| | 5 months |
| Interest to group enterprises | 787 |
| Other financial expenses | 13,137 |
| Exchange adjustments, expenses | 2,985 |
| | 16,909 |

4. Income tax expense

| (TDKK) | 2025 |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| | 5 months |
| Current tax for the year | -3,234 |
| Deferred tax for the year | -190 |
| | -3,424 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

5. Investments in subsidiaries

| (TDKK) | 2025 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| Cost at 5 August | 0 |
| Additions for the year | 895,881 |
| Cost at 31 December | 895,881 |
| Carrying amount at 31 December | 895,881 |

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

| Name | Place of registered office | Share capital | Ownership |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| European LifeCare Group A/S | Denmark | TDKK 555 | 100% |

6. Deferred tax asset

| (TDKK) | 2025 |
|---|------------|
| Amounts recognised in the income statement for the year | 190 |
| Deferred tax asset at 31 December | 190 |

7. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

| (TDKK) | 2025 |
|--|----------------|
| Credit institutions | |
| After 5 years | 491,723 |
| Long-term part | 491,723 |
| Other short-term debt to credit institutions | 52,234 |
| | 543,957 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

8. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Charges and security

The Company has granted first-ranking security under the loan Agreement, including:

- Share pledges over Valena BidCo ApS and all subsidiaries, established in accordance with applicable local laws and requirements
- Pledges over material bank accounts in the Group
- Intercompany loans are pledge
- Floating charges over eligible business assets
- Security over material intellectual property rights

Other contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Valena HoldCo ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

9. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company of the largest and smallest group:

| Name | Place of registered office |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Valena HoldCo ApS | Gladsaxevej 376, 2860 Søborg |

The Group Annual Report of Valena HoldCo ApS may be obtained by requests to the respective company.

Notes to the Financial Statements

10. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Valena BidCo ApS for 2025 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The Financial Statements for 2025 are presented in TDKK.

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements for 2025 of Valena HoldCo ApS, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Cash flow statement

With reference to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the cash flow statement included in the consolidated financial statements of Valena HoldCo ApS, the Company has not prepared a cash flow statement.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

Notes to the Financial Statements

10. Accounting policies (continued)

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises of other external expenses.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

Dividends from subsidiaries are recognised as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the subsidiary. However, dividends relating to earnings in the subsidiary before it was acquired by the Parent Company are set off against the cost of the subsidiary.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Valena HoldCo ApS. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of receivables from affiliated companies.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

10. Accounting policies (continued)

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial liabilities

Loans, such as loans from credit institutions, are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. Subsequently, the loans are measured at amortised cost; the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised as an interest expense in the income statement over the loan period.

Mortgage loans are measured at amortised cost, which for cash loans corresponds to the remaining loan. Amortised cost of debenture loans corresponds to the remaining loan calculated as the underlying cash value of the loan at the date of raising the loan adjusted for depreciation of the price adjustment of the loan made over the term of the loan at the date of raising the loan.

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.