



ÅRSREGNSKAPET FOR REGNSKAPSÅRET 2019 - GENERELL INFORMASJON

Enheten

Organisasjonsnummer: 919 820 616
Organisasjonsform: Aksjeselskap
Foretaksnavn: HILVERDA DE BOER OSLO AS
Forretningsadresse: Lahaugmoveien 54
2013 SKJETTEN

Regnskapsår

Årsregnskapets periode: 01.09.2018 - 31.08.2019

Konsern

Morselskap i konsern: Nei

Regnskapsregler

Regler for små foretak benyttet: Ja
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til selskapet: Regnskapslovens alminnelige regler

Årsregnskapet fastsatt av kompetent organ

Bekreftet av representant for selskapet: Erik Frederik Pieter Pesch
Dato for fastsettelse av årsregnskapet: 20.12.2019

Grunnlag for avgivelse

År 2019: Årsregnskapet er elektronisk innlevert
År 2018: Tall er hentet fra elektronisk innlevert årsregnskap fra 2019

Det er ikke krav til at årsregnskapet m.v. som sendes til Regnskapsregisteret er undertegnet. Kontrollen på at dette er utført ligger hos revisor/enhetens øverste organ. Sikkerheten ivaretas ved at innsender har rolle/rettighet for innsending av årsregnskapet via Altinn, og ved at det bekreftes at årsregnskapet er fastsatt av kompetent organ.

Brønnøysundregistrene, 22.10.2021



Resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2019	2018
RESULTATREGNSKAP			
Inntekter			
Revenue		23 880 147	15 279 938
Other operating income		13 478	10 414
Sum inntekter		23 893 625	15 290 352
Kostnader			
Raw materials and consumables used		18 929 192	12 827 586
Staff costs	3, 9	1 438 755	1 958 040
Depreciation of fixed assets and intangible assets		263 548	165 729
Other operating expenses		4 988 673	2 415 945
Sum kostnader		25 620 168	17 367 301
Driftsresultat		-1 726 543	-2 076 949
Netto finans			
Annen rentekostnad		95 973	41 404
Other financial expense		103 611	26 084
Sum finanskostnader		199 584	67 488
Netto finans		-199 584	-67 488
Ordinært resultat før skattekostnad		-1 926 127	-2 144 437
Ordinært resultat etter skattekostnad		-1 926 127	-2 144 437
Årsresultat		-1 926 127	-2 144 437
Overføringer og disponeringer			
Udekket tap		-1 926 127	-2 144 437
Sum overføringer og disponeringer		-1 926 127	-2 144 437



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2019	2018
BALANSE - EIENDELER			
Anleggsmidler			
Immaterielle eiendeler			
Varige driftsmidler			
Fixtures and fittings, tools, office machinery, etc	11	210 924	485 994
Sum varige driftsmidler		210 924	485 994
Sum anleggsmidler		210 924	485 994
Omløpsmidler			
Varer			
Inventories		364 721	543 739
Sum varer		364 721	543 739
Fordringer			
Trade debtors	8	2 019 356	2 198 732
Other debtors		508 316	391 530
Sum fordringer		2 527 672	2 590 262
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende			
Bank deposits, cash in hand, etc	2	193 491	459 239
Sum bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		193 491	459 239
Sum omløpsmidler		3 085 885	3 593 240
SUM EIENDELER		3 296 808	4 079 234
BALANSE - EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD			
Egenkapital			
Innskutt egenkapital			
Share capital (300 shares of kr 100,00)	5, 6, 7	30 000	30 000
Sum innskutt egenkapital		30 000	30 000



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2019	2018
Opptjent egenkapital			
Udekket tap	7	4 087 320	2 161 194
Sum opptjent egenkapital		-4 087 320	-2 161 194
Sum egenkapital	7	-4 057 320	-2 131 194
Gjeld			
Langsiktig gjeld			
Annen langsiktig gjeld			
Langsiktig konserngjeld		3 646 667	3 266 666
Sum annen langsiktig gjeld		3 646 667	3 266 666
Sum langsiktig gjeld		3 646 667	3 266 666
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Leverandørgjeld		2 481 829	2 020 769
Public duties payable		351 172	456 240
Other short-term liabilities		874 461	466 753
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		3 707 462	2 943 762
Sum gjeld		7 354 129	6 210 428
SUM EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD		3 296 808	4 079 234



Our date 13.08.2018	Din dato 28.05.2018	Inquiries to Jeanette Munkvold Skovholt
800 80 000 Tax Administration Norway.no	Din referanse Marit Brandt	Telephone 90076012
Org.nr 996250318	Our reference 2018/706237	Postal address P.O. Box 9200 Grønland 0134 Oslo

HILVERDA DE BOER BV
Costoneaster 12 1424 LB Kwakel
The Netherlands

Permission to store electronic accounting material in The Netherlands. Permission to prepare the annual accounts and directors' report in English language

With reference to your letter of 28 May 2018 with respect to the above matter, and later correspondance on e-mail, regarding:

- Hilverda De Boer Bergen AS org.nr. 919 820 721
- Hilverda De Boer Haugesund AS org.nr. 919 820 675
- Hilverda De Boer Kristiansand AS org.nr. 919 820 713
- Hilverda De Boer Norge AS org.nr. 919 820 551
- Hilverda De Boer Oslo AS org.nr. 919 820 616
- Hilverda De Boer Stavanger AS org.nr. 919 820 632
- Hilverda De Boer Ålesund AS org.nr. 919 820 659

Based on a total evaluation, the view of The Directorate of Taxes is that the above mentioned companies may state the directors' report and annual accounts in English language according to the Norwegian Accounting Act § 3-4 third paragraph. The exemption requires that the information the decision is based on, does not change significantly.

A copy of this letter must be sent to the Register of Company Accounts in Brønnøysund together with the financial statements. It is incumbent on the company to document by this letter that the permit is granted.

The Directorate of Taxes gives the companies listed above permission to store electronic accounting material in The Netherlands, according to Act no. 73 of 19 November 2004 Act relating to Bookkeeping section 13 second paragraph.

Permission to prepare the annual accounts and directors' report in English language

Background

From the application:

As wholly owned subsidiaries of Hilverda De Boer B.V., a company incorporated in the Netherlands, most board members and owners of the parent do not speak Norwegian. Furthermore, as part of a larger Group, it is reasonable to assume that the majority of the users



*of the financial statements will need an English translation.
In view of the above factors, we request that the Tax Directorate considers the exemption to prepare financial statements in English.*

By e-mail dated 22 June 2018 it is stated that the companies' business is import and sales of flowers and plants. The customers are described as mainly professionals (estimated 95%), with a small amount of personal customers.

Regulation and conditions for preparing the annual accounts and directors' report in English language

According to the Norwegian Accounting Act § 3-4, third paragraph shall *"the directors' report and annual accounts ... be in Norwegian. The Ministry can in an individual decision decide that the directors' report and/or annual accounts may be in another language"*.

Ot. prp. nr. 42 (1997-1998) About Act about annual accounts etc., says the following about the purpose of the Accounting Act, refer section 1.1:

"The aim of the Government with respect to the Accounting Act is that it shall contribute towards providing informative accounts for different users of accounts. The users of accounts include investors and creditors which provide capital for the companies. Other groups include those who have an interest in knowing how the companies are operated, for example employees and the local community. The information to the capital market is an important basis for the correct pricing of financial instruments. The correct pricing of stocks is an important factor in securing the best possible allocation of resources in the economy. High quality accounts will also make it more difficult for market participants to obtain speculative gains as a result of non-publicly available information."

Hence, one of the main aims of the Accounting Act is to contribute to *"informative accounts for different users of accounts"*. The users of the accounts will include investors, creditors, employees and the local community.

Hence, it is the view of the Ministry that it is crucial that the question of dispensation from the general rule that the annual accounts and/or directors' report should be prepared in Norwegian, not in any significant way deviate from the consideration of users of the accounts.

As mentioned above it is particularly the consideration of the users of the account information, which has to be taken into consideration when considering the application for permission. In this assessment, the Directorate of Taxes has emphasized that the companies are part of an international Group company, and that the board members do not understand Norwegian language.

**Permission to store electronic accounting material in The Netherlands****Background**

From the application:

All companies are directly or indirectly wholly owned subsidiaries of Hilverda De Boer B.V. Hilverda De Boer B.V. has their main office in the Netherlands where they provide several services to all subsidiaries, including accounting in order to save costs. This allows the company to start business in countries while reducing the initial losses. Also, the office ensures consistency around all the companies and enforce controls. The accounting material is prepared in English, and all material is available electronically. All material is stored at the following location in the Netherlands:

*Hilverda De Boer B.V.
Cotoneaster 12
1424 LB De Kwakel
The Netherlands*

On behalf of the entity, I hereby confirm that the accounting material will be available for printing, in Norway, should the authorities need access to the servers.

By e-mail dated 22 June 2018 it is confirmed that the address in Norway where the authorities may access the electronic accounting material is Lahaugmoveien 54, 2013 Skjetten.

Regulation

According to Act no. 73 of 19 November 2004 Act relating to Bookkeeping section 13 second paragraph accounting material shall be stored in Norway. After the last paragraph the Directorate of Taxes may in individual decision grant exemptions from the provision concerning storage location for individual companies.

According to preparatory works and best practice the Directorate of Taxes has only granted exemptions if the material is stored electronically, and the storage takes place under the auspices of a company in the same group abroad.

Condition for the permission to store electronic accounting material in The Netherlands

The permission is given on the condition that the accounting material will be available in readable form and capable of being printed on paper during the entire storage period on a terminal in Norway.

The permission is given under the presumption that there exists at shared company system and there is an agreement concerning storage at the places mention above. If the companies' group affiliation is brought to an end, this permission will cease, and the accounting material must be transferred to Norway.



If the accounting material is no longer available with a connected terminal in Norway, either the accounting material must be transferred to another medium for storage in Norway for example paper, or a corresponding IT environment must be established in Norway.

We would further like to bring your attention to the requirement that entries that were initially electronically available shall remain electronically available for three years and six months after the end of the financial year.

According to Regulation no. 1558 of 1 Dec 2004: Regulation relating to bookkeeping it shall be possible without undue delay to present the accounting material to public control authorities in Norway throughout the storage period. The data of the Norwegian company must not be stored in such a way that Norwegian authorities will be denied access to the data material due to inseparability from other companies' data.

Please state "our reference" (see above) in all written communication with The Norwegian Tax Authorities.

Best regards

Torstein Kinden Helleland
senior adviser
Legal department, corporate tax
Norwegian Directorate of Taxes

Jeanette Munkvold Skovholt

This document has been approved electronically and contains therefore no handwritten signatures.



RSM Norge AS

To the General Meeting of Hilverda De Boer Oslo AS

Filipstad Brygge 1, 0252 Oslo
Pb 1312 Vika, 0112 Oslo
Org.nr: 982 316 588 MVA

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Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Hilverda De Boer Oslo AS showing a loss of NOK 1 926 127. The financial statements comprise the balance sheet as at 31 August 2019, the income statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with law and regulations and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 August 2019, and its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act and accounting standards and practices generally accepted in Norway.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with laws, regulations, and auditing standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, including International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company as required by laws and regulations, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director for the Financial Statements

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director (management) are responsible for the preparation in accordance with law and regulations, including fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act and accounting standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern. The financial statements use the going concern basis of accounting insofar as it is not likely that the enterprise will cease operations.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with laws, regulations, and auditing standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, including ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For further description of Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements reference is made to <https://revisorforeningen.no/revisjonsberetninger>

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD

AUDIT | TAX | CONSULTING

RSM Norge AS is a member of the RSM network and trades as RSM. RSM is the trading name used by the members of the RSM network. Each member of the RSM network is an independent accounting and consulting firm which practices in its own right. The RSM network is not itself a separate legal entity in any jurisdiction.

RSM Norge AS er medlem av/is a member of Den norske Revisorforening.



Independent Auditor's Report 2019 for Hilverda De Boer Oslo AS



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Opinion on Registration and Documentation

Based on our audit of the financial statements as described above, and control procedures we have considered necessary in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000, *Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information*, it is our opinion that management has fulfilled its duty to produce a proper and clearly set out registration and documentation of the Company's accounting information in accordance with the law and bookkeeping standards and practices generally accepted in Norway.

Oslo, 20 December 2019
RSM Norge AS

Eystein Hjelme
State Authorised Public Accountant



Årsregnskap for 01.09.2018 - 31.08.2019

HILVERDA DE BOER OSLO AS

Org.nr. 919 820 616

Innhold

Resultatregnskap
Balanse
Noter

Revisjonsberetning

Utarbeidet av Azets Insight AS

 AZETS



Income statement 01.09.18 - 31.08.19
HILVERDA DE BOER OSLO AS

	Note	01.09.18-31.08.19	2018
Revenue		23 880 147	15 279 938
Other operating income		13 478	10 414
Total operating income		23 893 625	15 290 352
Raw materials and consumables used		(18 929 192)	(12 827 586)
Staff costs	3, 9	(1 438 755)	(1 958 040)
Depreciation of fixed assets and intangible assets		(263 548)	(165 729)
Other operating expenses		(4 988 673)	(2 415 945)
Sum operating expenses		(25 620 168)	(17 367 301)
Result of operations		(1 726 543)	(2 076 949)
Other interest charge		(95 973)	(41 404)
Other financial expense		(103 611)	(26 084)
Total financial expenses		(199 584)	(67 488)
Net financial items		(199 584)	(67 488)
Operating result before tax		(1 926 127)	(2 144 437)
Operating result		(1 926 127)	(2 144 437)
Results of the year		(1 926 127)	(2 144 437)
Transfers			
Uncovered losses		(1 926 127)	(2 144 437)
Total transfers and allocations		(1 926 127)	(2 144 437)



Balance sheet, 31.08.19
HILVERDA DE BOER OSLO AS

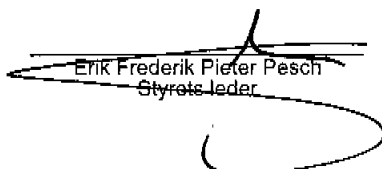
	Note	31.08.19	2018
ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets			
Fixtures and fittings, tools, office machinery, etc	11	210 924	485 994
Total tangible fixed assets		210 924	485 994
Total fixed assets		210 924	485 994
Current assets			
Inventories		364 721	543 739
Total stocks		364 721	543 739
Receivables			
Trade debtors	8	2 019 356	2 198 732
Other debtors		508 316	391 530
Total receivables		2 527 672	2 590 262
Bank deposits, cash in hand, etc	2	193 491	459 239
Total bank deposits, cash in hand, etc		193 491	459 239
Total current assets		3 085 885	3 593 240
Total assets		3 296 808	4 079 234

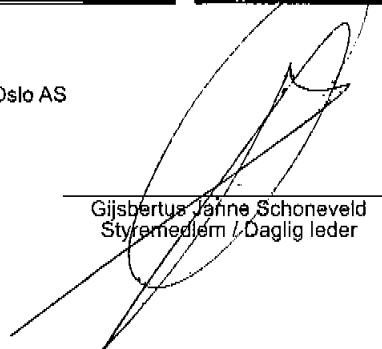


Balance sheet, 31.08.19
HILVERDA DE BOER OSLO AS

	Note	31.08.19	2018
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Paid-in capital			
Share capital (300 shares of kr 100,00)	5, 6, 7	30 000	30 000
Other paid-in capital	7	0	0
Total paid-in capital		30 000	30 000
Retained earnings			
Losses from previous years	7	(4 087 320)	(2 161 194)
Total retained earnings		(4 087 320)	(2 161 194)
Total equity	7	(4 057 320)	(2 131 194)
Liabilities			
Other long-term liabilities			
Long-term group liabilities		3 646 667	3 266 666
Total other long-term liabilities		3 646 667	3 266 666
Total long-term liabilities		3 646 667	3 266 666
Current liabilities			
Trade creditors		2 481 829	2 020 769
Public duties payable		351 172	456 240
Other short-term liabilities		874 461	466 753
Total current liabilities		3 707 462	2 943 762
Total liabilities		7 354 129	6 210 428
Total equity and liabilities		3 296 808	4 079 234

Aalsmeer, 20.12.2019
at the board of Hilverda de Boer Oslo AS


Erik Frederik Pieter Pesch
Styrets leder


Gijsbertus Jähne Schoneveld
Styremedlem / Daglig leder



Notes 2019

HILVERDA DE BOER OSLO AS

Accounting principles

The annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting Act and NRS 8 (Generally accepted accounting principles for small businesses).

Operating revenues

Revenue from the sale of goods takes place at the time of delivery. Services are recognized as income as they are delivered.

Balance sheet classification

Current assets and current liabilities include items relating to the product cycle. For items other than accounts receivable, items due within one year after the transaction date are included. Fixed assets are assets intended for permanent ownership and use. Long-term debt is debt due later than one year after the transaction date.

Current assets are valued at the lower of acquisition cost and fair value. Current liabilities are capitalized at nominal amount at the date of establishment.

Fixed assets are valued at acquisition cost. Long-term fixed assets are amortized according to a reasonable depreciation plan. The assets are written down at fair value through impairment that is not expected to be temporary. Long-term liabilities with the exception of other provisions are capitalized at nominal amount at the date of establishment.

Receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables are entered in the balance sheet at nominal value after deduction of provisions for expected losses. Provisions for losses are made on the basis of individual assessments of the individual receivables. In addition, for other accounts receivable, an unspecified provision is made to cover expected losses.

Inventories

The inventory of purchased goods is valued at the lower of acquisition cost according to the FIFO principle and fair value. Write-downs are made for predictable obsolescence.

Fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are capitalized and depreciated over the life of the assets if they have assumed a life expectancy over 3 years and have a cost price exceeding kr. 15 000. Direct maintenance of operating assets are expensed under operating expenses, while costs or improvements are added to the cost of the asset and depreciated in line with the asset.

Leasing is listed as financial leasing. In accounting, this is recognized in the balance sheet and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the expected economic life. Any interest expenses are charged as financial expenses.

In addition, the following accounting principles have been applied:

The FIFO method for allocating acquisition cost of interchangeable financial assets, the lowest value principle for market-based financial current assets, insured pension obligation is not capitalized - the cost is equal to the premium, pension obligations relating to the AFP scheme are not capitalized, leases are capitalized, monetary items in foreign currency are valued at the exchange rate at the end of the accounting year and the cost method has been used for investments in subsidiaries / affiliates.

Dividends are recognized in the income statement in the same year as it is allocated to a subsidiary / affiliated company, if it is likely that the amount will be received. For dividends exceeding the share of retained earnings after the acquisition, the excess amount represents repayment of invested capital and is deducted from the investment value in the balance sheet.

Tax

Tax expenses in the profit and loss account comprise both tax payable for the accounting period and changes in deferred tax. Deferred tax is calculated at 22% on the basis of existing temporary differences between accounting profit and taxable profit together with tax deductible deficits at the year end. Temporary differences both positive and negative, are balance out within the same period. Deferred tax assets are recorded in the balance sheet to the extent it is more likely than not that the tax assets will be utilized.

The company has not changed accounting principles from 2018 to 2019.



Note 1 - Continued operations

The assumption of continued operations is present and the annual accounts for 01/09/2018 – 31/08/2019 are set up under this assumption. The company shows a positive trend and is expected to drastically improve the nett result

Note 2 - Bank deposit

The amount includes a restricted Tax Account for Payroll Tax of kr 43 657. Amount due is kr 43 596.

Note 3 - Mandatory Occupational Pension

It is mandatory for the company to have a pension scheme based on the mandatory occupational pensions act, and this is in order.

Note 4 - Audit

Audit and other services

Cost for audit is 39 425 and other services are NOK 0 in 2019.

Note 5 - Shareholder information

Shareholder list per 31.08.2019

The company has one shareholder.

Shareholder's name	Number of shares	Owner %
Hilverda De Boer Norge AS	300	100%
	300	100%

Note 6 - Share capital

The company has 300 shares, face value kr 100, which gives a total book value of kr 30 000.

Shares distributed over 1 class

Share class	Number of shares	Share capital
Ordinary	300	30 000
	300	30 000

Note 7 - Equity

Specification equity	Share capital	Uncov. loss	Total
Equity 01.09.2018	30 000	(2 161 194)	(2 131 194)
Result for the year		(1 926 127)	(1 926 127)
Equity 31.08.2019	30 000	(4 087 320)	(4 057 320)

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables are recorded at nominal value. There are recorded losses kr 5 225.

Specification receivables	2019	2018
Receivables at nominal value	2 102 650	2 198 732
Doubtful debts	(83 294)	0
Net recorded receivables	2 019 356	2 198 732



Note 9 - Wages

Specification of salary costs	2019	2018
Wages	1 643 402	1 643 674
Payroll tax	161 469	232 179
Pension cost	99 139	62 761
Other related benefits	14 745	19 426
Sum	1 438 755	1 958 040

The company has 3 employees

No benefits have been paid to persons with significant control or general manager

Note 10 - Intercompany transactions

The company has intercompany transactions. These are as follows:

Company	Sale	Supplier payable	Purchases	Debt
Hilverda de Boer BV		970 972	8 251 099	3 646 667
Hilverda de Boer Norge AS		656 922	2 613 679	
Hilverda de Boer Ålesund AS	128 379			
Hilverda de Boer Bergen AS	155 639			
Hilverda de Boer Stavanger AS	105 592			

Specifications loan from Hilverda de Boer BV is as follows:

- Interest: 2,50%
- Monthly installments to be paid the 1st of each month
- There are no collateral
- Linear mortgage loan
-

Note 11 - Fixed assets

Specification fixed assets

	Inventory	Toyota HiAce	Sum
Purchase amount 01.09.2018	536 501	115 219	651 720
Acquisition assets	0	0	0
Disposed assets	0	(115 219)	(115 219)
Purchase amount 31.08.2019	536 501	0	536 501
Cumulatinv depreciation per 31.08.2019	(325 580)	0	(325 580)
Booked value per 31.08.2019	210 921	0	210 921
Yearly depreciations	(205 938)	(57 610)	(263 548)
Lifespan	1,6 - 3 years	1,6 years	
Depreciation plan	Linear	Linear	

Note 12 - Tax

Basis for calculation of tax	2019	2018
Ordinary profit/loss before tax	(1 926 127)	(2 144 437)
+/- Yearly change temporary differences	232 507	30 775
Taxable income	(1 693 620)	(2 113 662)
Tax expense profit/loss	0	0
Total payable tax in balance sheet	0	0



Note 13 - Temporary differences

Deferred tax/deferred tax assets in the balance are accrued on the basis of differences between accounting values and tax values according to Norwegian accounting standards for tax. Temporary differences that raise or reduce taxes that can be reversed are balanced and recorded as net figures.

Temporary Differences:	01.09.2018	31.08.2019	Change
Fixed assets	(30 775)	(179 988)	149 213
Current Assets	0	(83 294)	83 294
Loss carried forward	(2 130 419)	(3 824 039)	1 693 620
Net differences	(2 161 194)	(4 087 320)	1 926 127
Tax reducing differences that can not be balanced	2 161 194	4 087 320	(1 926 127)
Total temporary differences	0	0	0
Total deferred tax asset 31.08.19. based on 22%	0	0	0

Deferred tax asset is not booked in the balance. In accordance with the Norwegian accounting act and generally accepted accounting principles for small companies.



Notes 2019

HILVERDA DE BOER OSLO AS

Accounting principles

The annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting Act and NRS 8 (Generally accepted accounting principles for small businesses).

Operating revenues

Revenue from the sale of goods takes place at the time of delivery. Services are recognized as income as they are delivered.

Balance sheet classification

Current assets and current liabilities include items relating to the product cycle. For items other than accounts receivable, items due within one year after the transaction date are included. Fixed assets are assets intended for permanent ownership and use. Long-term debt is debt due later than one year after the transaction date.

Current assets are valued at the lower of acquisition cost and fair value. Current liabilities are capitalized at nominal amount at the date of establishment.

Fixed assets are valued at acquisition cost. Long-term fixed assets are amortized according to a reasonable depreciation plan. The assets are written down at fair value through impairment that is not expected to be temporary. Long-term liabilities with the exception of other provisions are capitalized at nominal amount at the date of establishment.

Receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables are entered in the balance sheet at nominal value after deduction of provisions for expected losses. Provisions for losses are made on the basis of individual assessments of the individual receivables. In addition, for other accounts receivable, an unspecified provision is made to cover expected losses.

Inventories

The inventory of purchased goods is valued at the lower of acquisition cost according to the FIFO principle and fair value. Write-downs are made for predictable obsolescence.

Fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are capitalized and depreciated over the life of the assets if they have assumed a life expectancy over 3 years and have a cost price exceeding kr. 15 000. Direct maintenance of operating assets are expensed under operating expenses, while costs or improvements are added to the cost of the asset and depreciated in line with the asset.

Leasing is listed as financial leasing. In accounting, this is recognized in the balance sheet and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the expected economic life. Any interest expenses are charged as financial expenses.

In addition, the following accounting principles have been applied:

The FIFO method for allocating acquisition cost of interchangeable financial assets, the lowest value principle for market-based financial current assets, insured pension obligation is not capitalized - the cost is equal to the premium, pension obligations relating to the AFP scheme are not capitalized, leases are capitalized, monetary items in foreign currency are valued at the exchange rate at the end of the accounting year and the cost method has been used for investments in subsidiaries / affiliates.

Dividends are recognized in the income statement in the same year as it is allocated to a subsidiary / affiliated company, if it is likely that the amount will be received. For dividends exceeding the share of retained earnings after the acquisition, the excess amount represents repayment of invested capital and is deducted from the investment value in the balance sheet.

Tax

Tax expenses in the profit and loss account comprise both tax payable for the accounting period and changes in deferred tax. Deferred tax is calculated at 22% on the basis of existing temporary differences between accounting profit and taxable profit together with tax deductible deficits at the year end. Temporary differences both positive and negative, are balance out within the same period. Deferred tax assets are recorded in the balance sheet to the extent it is more likely than not that the tax assets will be utilized.

The company has not changed accounting principles from 2018 to 2019.



Note 1 - Continued operations

The assumption of continued operations is present and the annual accounts for 01/09/2018 – 31/08/2019 are set up under this assumption. The company shows a positive trend and is expected to drastically improve the nett result

Note 2 - Bank deposit

The amount includes a restricted Tax Account for Payroll Tax of kr 43 657. Amount due is kr 43 596.

Note 3 - Mandatory Occupational Pension

It is mandatory for the company to have a pension scheme based on the mandatory occupational pensions act, and this is in order.

Note 4 - Audit

Audit and other services

Cost for audit is 39 425 and other services are NOK 0 in 2019.

Note 5 - Shareholder information

Shareholder list per 31.08.2019

The company has one shareholder.

Shareholder's name	Number of shares	Owner %
Hilverda De Boer Norge AS	300	100%
	300	100%

Note 6 - Share capital

The company has 300 shares, face value kr 100, which gives a total book value of kr 30 000.

Shares distributed over 1 class

Share class	Number of shares	Share capital
Ordinary	300	30 000
	300	30 000

Note 7 - Equity

Specification equity	Share capital	Uncov. loss	Total
Equity 01.09.2018	30 000	(2 161 194)	(2 131 194)
Result for the year		(1 926 127)	(1 926 127)
Equity 31.08.2019	30 000	(4 087 320)	(4 057 320)

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables are recorded at nominal value. There are recorded losses kr 5 225.

Specification receivables	2019	2018
Receivables at nominal value	2 102 650	2 198 732
Doubtful debts	(83 294)	0
Net recorded receivables	2 019 356	2 198 732



Note 9 - Wages

Specification of salary costs	2019	2018
Wages	1 643 402	1 643 674
Payroll tax	161 469	232 179
Pension cost	99 139	62 761
Other related benefits	14 745	19 426
Sum	1 438 755	1 958 040

The company has 3 employees

No benefits have been paid to persons with significant control or general manager

Note 10 - Intercompany transactions

The company has intercompany transactions. These are as follows:

Company	Sale	Supplier payable	Purchases	Debt
Hilverda de Boer BV		970 972	8 251 099	3 646 667
Hilverda de Boer Norge AS		656 922	2 613 679	
Hilverda de Boer Ålesund AS	128 379			
Hilverda de Boer Bergen AS	155 639			
Hilverda de Boer Stavanger AS	105 592			

Specifications loan from Hilverda de Boer BV is as follows:

- Interest: 2,50%
- Monthly installments to be paid the 1st of each month
- There are no collateral
- Linear mortgage loan
-

Note 11 - Fixed assets

Specification fixed assets

	Inventory	Toyota HiAce	Sum
Purchase amount 01.09.2018	536 501	115 219	651 720
Acquisition assets	0	0	0
Disposed assets	0	(115 219)	(115 219)
Purchase amount 31.08.2019	536 501	0	536 501
Cumulatinv depreciation per 31.08.2019	(325 580)	0	(325 580)
Booked value per 31.08.2019	210 921	0	210 921
Yearly depreciations	(205 938)	(57 610)	(263 548)
Lifespan	1,6 - 3 years	1,6 years	
Depreciation plan	Linear	Linear	

Note 12 - Tax

Basis for calculation of tax	2019	2018
Ordinary profit/loss before tax	(1 926 127)	(2 144 437)
+/- Yearly change temporary differences	232 507	30 775
Taxable income	(1 693 620)	(2 113 662)
Tax expense profit/loss	0	0
Total payable tax in balance sheet	0	0



Note 13 - Temporary differences

Deferred tax/deferred tax assets in the balance are accrued on the basis of differences between accounting values and tax values according to Norwegian accounting standards for tax. Temporary differences that raise or reduce taxes that can be reversed are balanced and recorded as net figures.

Temporary Differences:	01.09.2018	31.08.2019	Change
Fixed assets	(30 775)	(179 988)	149 213
Current Assets	0	(83 294)	83 294
Loss carried forward	(2 130 419)	(3 824 039)	1 693 620
Net differences	(2 161 194)	(4 087 320)	1 926 127
Tax reducing differences that can not be balanced	2 161 194	4 087 320	(1 926 127)
Total temporary differences	0	0	0
Total deferred tax asset 31.08.19. based on 22%	0	0	0

Deferred tax asset is not booked in the balance. In accordance with the Norwegian accounting act and generally accepted accounting principles for small companies.