



ÅRSREGNSKAPET FOR REGNSKAPSÅRET 2021 - GENERELL INFORMASJON

Enheten

Organisasjonsnummer: 991 219 250
Organisasjonsform: Aksjeselskap
Foretaksnavn: I O S OFFSHORE HOLDING AS
Forretningsadresse: Finnestadgeilen 11
4029 STAVANGER

Regnskapsår

Årsregnskapets periode: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

Konsern

Mørselskap i konsern: Ja
Konsernregnskap lagt ved: Ja

Regnskapsregler

Regler for små foretak benyttet: Ja
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til selskapet: Regnskapslovens alminnelige regler
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til konsernet: -

Årsregnskapet fastsatt av kompetent organ

Bekreftet av representant for selskapet: Kjell Arne Egeland
Dato for fastsettelse av årsregnskapet: 05.09.2022

Grunnlag for avgivelse

År 2021: Årsregnskapet er elektronisk innlevert
År 2020: Tall er hentet fra elektronisk innlevert årsregnskap fra 2021

Det er ikke krav til at årsregnskapet m.v. som sendes til Regnskapsregisteret er undertegnet. Kontrollen på at dette er utført ligger hos revisor/enhetens øverste organ. Sikkerheten ivaretas ved at innsender har rolle/rettighet for innsending av årsregnskapet via Altinn, og ved at det bekreftes at årsregnskapet er fastsatt av kompetent organ.

Brønnøysundregistrene, 17.08.2023



Resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2021	2020
RESULTATREGNSKAP			
Kostnader			
Annen driftskostnad		19 062	
Sum kostnader		19 062	
Driftsresultat		-19 062	
Finansinntekter og finanskostnader			
Inntekt på investering i datterselskap og tilknyttet selskap		15 011 820	
Annen renteinntekt		12 042	
Sum finansinntekter		15 023 862	
Nedskrivning av finansielle eiendeler		24 765 440	
Rentekostnad til foretak i samme konsern		15 000 000	
Annen rentekostnad		4 800	
Sum finanskostnader		39 770 240	
Netto finans		-24 746 378	
Ordinært resultat før skattekostnad		-24 765 440	0
Skattekostnad på ordinært resultat		1	
Ordinært resultat etter skattekostnad		-24 765 441	0
Årsresultat		-24 765 441	0
Overføringer og disponeringer			
Overføringer til/fra annen egenkapital		-24 765 441	
Sum overføringer og disponeringer		-24 765 441	



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2021	2020
BALANSE - EIENDELER			
Anleggsmidler			
Immaterielle eiendeler			
Utsatt skattefordel		4 811 738	
Sum immaterielle eiendeler		4 811 738	
Finansielle anleggsmidler			
Investering i datterselskap		355 802 974	
Sum finansielle anleggsmidler		355 802 974	
Sum anleggsmidler		360 614 712	0
Omløpsmidler			
Varer			
Fordringer			
Andre fordringer		15 011 819	
Sum fordringer		15 011 819	
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende			
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		4 958 074	
Sum bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		4 958 074	
Sum omløpsmidler		19 969 893	0
SUM EIENDELER		380 584 605	0
BALANSE - EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD			
Egenkapital			
Innskutt egenkapital			
Selskapskapital		33 535 440	
Overkurs		79 184 650	
Annen innskutt egenkapital		100 000	
Sum innskutt egenkapital		112 820 090	



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2021	2020
Opptjent egenkapital			
Annen egenkapital		2 764 515	
Sum opptjent egenkapital		2 764 515	
Sum egenkapital		115 584 605	0
Gjeld			
Langsiktig gjeld			
Annen langsiktig gjeld			
Langsiktig konserngjeld		250 000 000	
Sum annen langsiktig gjeld		250 000 000	
Sum langsiktig gjeld		250 000 000	0
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Kortsiktig konserngjeld		15 000 000	
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		15 000 000	
Sum gjeld		265 000 000	0
SUM EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD		380 584 605	0



Brønnøysundregistrene

ÅRSREGNSKAP FOR REGNSKAPSÅRET 2021 - GENERELL INFORMASJON

Journalnummer: 2022 921621

Enheten

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Organisasjonsform: Aksjeselskap
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Forretningsadresse: Finnestadgeilen 11
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Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av
årsregnskapet til selskapet: Regnskapslovens alminnelige regler
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av
årsregnskapet til konsernet: -

Årsregnskapet fastsatt av kompetent organ

Bekreftet av representant for selskapet: Kjell Arne Egeland
Dato for fastsettelse av årsregnskapet: 05.09.2022

Grunnlag for avgivelse

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År 2020: Tall er hentet fra elektronisk innlevert årsregnskap fra 2021.

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Brønnøysundregistrene, 10.09.2022



Organisasjonsnr: 991 219 250
I O S OFFSHORE HOLDING AS

RESULTATREGNSKAP

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2021	2020
RESULTATREGNSKAP			
Kostnader			
Annen driftskostnad		19 062	
Sum kostnader		19 062	
Driftsresultat		-19 062	
Finansinntekter og finanskostnader			
Inntekt på investering i datterselskap og tilknyttet selskap		15 011 820	
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Annen rentekostnad		4 800	
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Skattekostnad på ordinært resultat		1	
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Årsresultat		-24 765 441	0
Overføringer og disponeringer			
Overføringer til/fra annen egenkapital		-24 765 441	
Sum overføringer og disponeringer		-24 765 441	



Organisasjonsnr: 991 219 250
I O S OFFSHORE HOLDING AS

BALANSE

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2021	2020
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BALANSE - EIENDELER

Anleggsmidler

Immaterielle eiendeler

Utsatt skattefordel		4 811 738	
Sum immaterielle eiendeler		4 811 738	

Finansielle anleggsmidler

Investering i datterselskap		355 802 974	
Sum finansielle anleggsmidler		355 802 974	

Sum anleggsmidler		360 614 712	0
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Omløpsmidler

Varer

Fordringer

Andre fordringer		15 011 819	
Sum fordringer		15 011 819	

Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende

Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		4 958 074	
Sum bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		4 958 074	

Sum omløpsmidler		19 969 893	0
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SUM EIENDELER		380 584 605	0
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BALANSE - EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD

Egenkapital

Innskutt egenkapital

Selskapskapital		33 535 440	
Overkurs		79 184 650	
Annen innskutt egenkapital		100 000	
Sum innskutt egenkapital		112 820 090	

Opptjent egenkapital

Annen egenkapital		2 764 515	
Sum opptjent egenkapital		2 764 515	

Sum egenkapital		115 584 605	0
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Gjeld



Langsiktig gjeld		
Annen langsiktig gjeld		
Langsiktig konserngjeld	250 000 000	
Sum annen langsiktig gjeld	250 000 000	
Sum langsiktig gjeld	250 000 000	0
Kortsiktig gjeld		
Kortsiktig konserngjeld	15 000 000	
Sum kortsiktig gjeld	15 000 000	
Sum gjeld	265 000 000	0
SUM EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD	380 584 605	0



Organisasjonsnr: 991 219 250
I O S OFFSHORE HOLDING AS

NOTEOPPLYSNINGER - SELSKAP - alle poster oppgitt i hele tall

Note

Antall årsverk i regnskapsåret
0.00

Sum Beløp

Balanseført verdi 31.12. Varige driftsmidler Immaterielle eiend.

Konsernregnskap

Morselskapet sitt navn

Forretningskontor for morselskapet

Begrunnelse for at datterselskap er utelatt fra konsolideringen

Samlet beløp - tilknyttet selskap Årets Fjorårets

Samlet beløp - foretak i samme konsern Årets Fjorårets

Samlet beløp - foretak i samme konsern Årets Fjorårets

Samlet beløp - felles kontrollert virksomhet Årets Fjorårets

Pantstillelse Beløp

Beholdning av egne aksjer Antall Pålydende Andel av aksjek.



IOS Offshore Holding AS

Styrets beretning for 2021

Virksomhetens art og hvor den drives

IOS Offshore Holding AS driver med salg og utleie av forøyningsutstyr gjennom datterselskapet InterMoor AS og andre tjenester til oljeindustrien i Norge gjennom datterselskapet Claxton Engineering Services AS. Selskapets virksomhet er rettet mot oljebransjen i Norge. Salg foregår med utgangspunkt i selskapets lokaler i Dusavik, Stavanger, i Sola og service utføres fra Dusavik og Sløvågen.

Selskapets aksjonær er Acteon Group Ltd med 100% eierandel.
Konsernregnskap utarbeides under Acteon Group Ltd og kan fås utdelt på adresse Acteon Group Ltd, Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich NR1 1SW, England.

IOS Offshore Holding AS har ikke hatt omsetning hverken i 2021 eller i 2020. Resultat før skatt var i 2021 på MNOK - 24,8 mot MNOK 34,1 året før. Reduksjonen i resultat før skatt skyldes lavere bokført konsernbidrag 2021 fra InterMoor AS og nedskrivning av aksjene i Claxton Engineering Services AS med MNOK 24,8.

Egenkapital pr 31.12.21 etter disponering av årets resultat er MNOK 115,6 og mot MNOK 140,4 pr 31.12.20.

Kontantstrømoppstilling

Det er tilført likvider i løpet av året med MNOK 1,6. Forskjellen mellom tilførte likvider og driftsresultatet MNOK - 0,02 er MNOK 1,58 og skrives fra finansposter, betalt skatt, betalt utbytte og endring i konserninternt mellomværende.

Forskning og utvikling

Selskapet utfører forsknings- og utviklingsaktiviteter som en del av et prosjekt og tas som en kostnad ved gjennomføring, inkludert i selskapets datterselskaper.

Ansatte/styret

Selskapet har ingen ansatte.

Selskapet har en nøytral politikk i forhold til likestilling mellom kjønnene, men har ikke funnet det nødvendig å iverksette spesielle tiltak med hensyn til likestilling.

Det foreligger ansvarsforsikring for styremedlemmer og daglig leder med dekning inntil GBP 20M under Acteon Group Ltd, konsernets ultimate morselskap, sin forsikring.

Fortsatt drift

Forutsetningen om fortsatt drift er til stede, og årsregnskapet for 2021 er satt opp under denne forutsetningen med referanse til regnskapslovens § 4-5.

Ytre miljø

Selskapets virksomhet påvirker ikke det ytre miljø.

Framtidig utvikling

Generelt vil det alltid være usikkerhet knyttet til vurderinger av fremtidige forhold. Selskapet vurderer aktivitetsnivået i Nordsjøen for 2022 som høyere i forhold til 2021. Framtidsutsiktene vurderes som forbedret.



Finansiell risiko

Etter styrets oppfatning er selskapets finansielle stilling god, både når det gjelder inntjening og soliditet. Selskapet har bokført konsernbidrag fra InterMoor AS med MNOK 15,0 i årets regnskap. Egenkapitalen er etter årsoppgjørdisposisjoner MNOK 115,6. Det er i noen grad benyttet terminkontrakter i utenlands valuta for sikring av innkjøpspris på investeringer.

Markedsrisiko

Selskapets (og datterselskapenes) marked er olje og gass virksomhet hovedsakelig letevirksomhet på norsk kontinentalsokkel, men også noe produksjonsboring. Følgelig kan store endringer i oljepris medføre endringer i aktivitetsnivå først og fremst for letevirksomhet. I tillegg har datterselskapene hatt aktivitet i Storbritannia. Vi forventer stabilt antall rigger og brønner i 2022 i forhold til 2021 for Norge og Storbritannia.

Fortøyningsløsning, utstyrsmengde og varighet er også avhengig av vannndybde, havbunnsinstallasjon, fortøyningsanalyse, bunnforhold, rater for ankerhåndteringsfartøy og værforhold/årstid noe som igjen har betydning for nivå på leieinntekter.

Kredittrisiko

Kredittrisikoen er vurdert til moderat, inkludert for selskapets datterselskaper. Kundene er hovedsakelig oljeselskap og boreoperatører.

Likviditetsrisiko

Styret vurderer likviditetsrisikoen som lav, inkludert for selskapets datterselskaper. Investeringer i anleggsmidler er gjennomført i 2021 med egenfinansiering, mens datterselskapet InterMoor AS har plassert overskuddslikviditet som konsernintern kortsiktig fordring MNOK 17,2. Det er ikke gjort låneopptak hverken for selskapet eller i datterselskapene. Den finansielle stilling ved årsslutt gir finansiell fleksibilitet.

Koronapandemien

Vi har ikke i nevneverdig grad blitt påvirket av koronapandemien.

Forhold etter regnskapsårets slutt

Det er ikke inntruffet forhold etter regnskapsårets slutt som har vesentlig betydning for vurdering av foretakets stilling og resultat.

Stavanger, 1. september 2022

I styret for IOS Offshore Holding AS

Kenneth Murdoch
Styreleder

Bernhard Bruggaier
Styremedlem/Daglig leder

David Smith
Styremedlem



IOS Offshore Holding AS

Årsregnskap 2021



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IOS Offshore Holding AS

RESULTATREGNSKAP

	Note	2021	2020
Annen driftskostnad	6	<u>(19,062)</u>	<u>(29,000)</u>
Sum driftskostnad		<u>(19,062)</u>	<u>(29,000)</u>
Driftsresultat		<u>(19,062)</u>	<u>(29,000)</u>
Inntekt på investering i datterselskap	9	15,011,820	48,388,712
Annen renteinntekt		12,042	7,560
Nedskrivning på aksjer i datterselskap	2	(24,765,440)	-
Annen rentekostnad	9	(15,004,800)	(14,308,680)
Ordinært resultat før skattekostnad		<u>(24,765,440)</u>	<u>34,058,592</u>
Skatt på ordinært resultat	5	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(7,502,936)</u>
Årsresultat		<u>(24,765,441)</u>	<u>26,555,656</u>
Disponering av årsresultat			
Til utbytte		-	25,000,000
Avsatt til (dekket fra) annen egenkapital		<u>(24,765,441)</u>	<u>1,555,656</u>
Sum disponert (dekket)		<u>(24,765,441)</u>	<u>26,555,656</u>



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IOS Offshore Holding AS

BALANSE PR. 31.12

EIENDELER	Note	2021	2020
ANLEGGSMIDLER			
Utsatt skattefordel	5	<u>4,811,738</u>	<u>4,811,738</u>
Sum utsatt skattefordel		<u>4,811,738</u>	<u>4,811,738</u>
Finansielle anleggsmidler			
Investeringer i datterselskap	2	<u>355,802,974</u>	<u>380,568,414</u>
Sum finansielle anleggsmidler		<u>355,802,974</u>	<u>380,568,414</u>
<hr/>			
Sum anleggsmidler		<u>360,614,712</u>	<u>385,380,152</u>
OMLØPSMIDLER			
Fordringer			
Andre fordringer	8	<u>15,011,819</u>	<u>48,388,712</u>
Sum fordringer		<u>15,011,819</u>	<u>48,388,712</u>
Bankinnskudd, kontanter o.l.		<u>4,958,074</u>	<u>3,344,535</u>
Sum omløpsmidler		<u>19,969,893</u>	<u>51,733,247</u>
Sum eiendeler		<u>380,584,605</u>	<u>437,113,399</u>



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IOS Offshore Holding AS

BALANSE PR. 31.12

EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD		2021	2020
EGENKAPITAL			
Innskutt egenkapital			
Aksjekapital	3, 4	33,535,440	33,535,440
Overkursfond	3	79,184,650	79,184,650
Annen innskutt egenkapital	3	100,000	100,000
Sum innskutt egenkapital		112,820,090	112,820,090
Opptjent egenkapital			
Annen egenkapital	3	2,764,515	27,529,956
Sum opptjent egenkapital		2,764,515	27,529,956
Sum egenkapital		115,584,605	140,350,046
GJELD			
Langsiktig gjeld			
Langsiktig gjeld til konsernselskap	8	250,000,000	250,000,000
Sum langsiktig gjeld		250,000,000	250,000,000
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Leverandørgjeld		-	-
Gjeld til konsernselskap	8	15,000,000	14,260,417
Avsatt utbytte	8	-	25,000,000
Betalbar skatt	5	-	7,502,936
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		15,000,000	46,763,353
Sum gjeld		265,000,000	296,763,353
Sum egenkapital og gjeld		380,584,605	437,113,399

Stavanger, 1. September 2022

Kenneth Murdoch
Styreleder

Bernhard Bruggaier
Styremedlem og daglig leder

David Smith
Styremedlem



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IOS Offshore Holding AS

KONTANTSTRØMOPPSTILLING

	2021	2020
Kontantstrømmer fra operasjonelle aktiviteter		
Resultat før skattekostnad	(24,765,440)	34,058,592
Endring investert beløp i datterselskap	24,765,440	-
Periodens betalte skatt	(7,502,936)	(6,248,204)
Endring i kundefordringer, leverandørgjeld og gjeld til konsernselskap	34,116,475	(47,923,937)
Netto kontantstrøm fra operasjonelle aktiviteter	26,613,539	(20,113,549)
Kontantstrømmer fra finansieringsaktiviteter		
Mottatt utbytte og konsernbidrag	-	37,950,000
Betalt utbytte	(25,000,000)	(15,000,000)
Netto kontantstrøm fra finansieringsaktiviteter	(25,000,000)	22,950,000
Netto endring i kontanter og kontantekvivalenter	1,613,539	2,836,451
Beholdning av kontanter og kontantekvivalenter ved periodens begynnelse	3,344,535	508,084
Beholdning av kontanter og kontantekvivalenter ved periodens slutt	4,958,074	3,344,535



Note 1 Regnskapsprinsipper mv.

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Årsregnskapet er satt opp i samsvar med regnskapsloven og god regnskapsskikk.

Virksomhetens art og hvor den drives

IOS Offshore Holding AS driver med investering i datterselskapet InterMoor AS. Selskapets virksomhet drives fra Stavanger. Selskapet eies 100% av Acteon Group Ltd. Morselskapet har forretningsadresse Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich NR1 1SW, England hvor konsernregnskap kan fås utdelt.

Klassifisering av balanseposter

Eiendeler bestemt til varig eie eller bruk klassifiseres som anleggsmidler. Fordringer klassifiseres som omløpsmidler hvis de skal tilbakebetales i løpet av ett år etter utbetalingstidspunktet. For gjeld legges analoge kriterier til grunn.

Generelle vurderingsprinsipper

Eiendeler vurderes til det laveste av anskaffelseskost og virkelig verdi.

Investering i og avkastning av investeringer i datterselskap

Selskapet bruker kostmetoden for investeringer i datterselskap. Investert beløp vurderes årlig og nedskrives for forringelse. Endring i verdivurdering bokføres i resultatregnskapet som del av finansposter.

Konsernbidrag og utbytte fra datterselskap regnskapsføres i det samme året som datterselskapet avsetter det. Mottatte utdelinger regnskapsføres i utgangspunktet som inntekt, men føres som reduksjon av balanseført verdi hvis utdelingen overstiger opptjente resultater fra før oppkjøpstidspunktet.

Skatt

Skattekostnaden i resultatregnskapet omfatter både periodens betalbare skatt og endring i utsatt skatt. Utsatt skatt beregnes med aktuell skattesats på grunnlag av de midlertidige forskjeller som eksisterer mellom regnskapsmessige og skattemessige verdier, samt eventuelt ligningsmessig underskudd til fremføring ved utgangen av regnskapsåret. Skatteøkende og skattereduserende midlertidige forskjeller som reverserer eller kan reversere i samme periode er utlignet. Oppføring av utsatt skattefordel på netto skattereduserende forskjeller som ikke er utlignet og underskudd til fremføring, begrunnes med antatt fremtidig inntjening. Utsatt skatt og skattefordel som kan balanseføres oppføres netto i balansen.

Note 2 Aksjer i andre selskaper

	Forretnings- kontor	Eierandel/ stemme- andel	Egenkapital 31/12/2021	Balanseført verdi
Datterselskap				
InterMoor AS 31.12.2021	Stavanger	100%	63,512,864	355,802,974
Claxton Engineering Services AS 31.12.2021	Sola	100%	9,602,167	-
SUM aksjer datterselskap				355,802,974
Datterselskap				
			2021	2020
InterMoor AS	Årsresultat		14,632,678	40,264,482
Claxton Engineering Services AS	Årsresultat		4,604,137	(21,545,021)

Note 3 Egenkapital

	Aksjekapital	Overkursfond	Annen innskutt EK	Annen egenkapital	Sum
Egenkapital 01.01.21	33,535,440	79,184,650	100,000	27,529,956	140,350,046
Årets resultat	-	-	-	(24,765,441)	(24,765,441)
Egenkapital pr. 31.12.21	33,535,440	79,184,650	100,000	2,764,515	115,584,605

Note 4 Aksjekapital og aksjonærinformasjon

Aksjekapitalen på kr 33 535 440 består av 33 535 440 aksjer à kr 1.

Selskapets aksjonærer pr. 31.12.21:

	Antall aksjer	Eierandel
Acteon Group Ltd	33,535,440	100%
	<u>33,535,440</u>	<u>100%</u>

IOS Offshore Holding AS, InterMoor AS og Claxton Engineering Services AS inngår i konsernregnskapet utarbeidet for Acteon Group Ltd med forretningskontor i Norwich England.



Note 5 Skatt

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Beregning av utsatt skatt/utsatt skattefordel

	2021	2020
Midlertidige forskjeller		
Avskåret rentefradrag til fremføring	21,871,535	21,871,535
<u>Netto midlertidige forskjeller</u>	<u>21,871,535</u>	<u>21,871,535</u>
Grunnlag for utsatt skatt	21,871,535	21,871,535
Utsatt skatt 22%	4,811,738	4,811,738
<u>Utsatt skatt i balansen</u>	<u>4,811,738</u>	<u>4,811,738</u>

	2021	2020
Grunnlag for skattekostnad, endring i utsatt skatt og betalbar skatt		
Resultat før skattekostnad	(24,765,440)	34,058,592
<u>Permanente forskjeller</u>	<u>24,765,440</u>	<u>45,664</u>
Grunnlag for årets skattekostnad	-	34,104,256
Endring i midlertidige resultatforskjeller	-	-
<u>Grunnlag for betalbar skatt i resultatregnskapet</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>34,104,256</u>
<u>Skattepliktig inntekt (grunnlag for betalbar skatt i balansen)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>34,104,256</u>

Fordeling av skattekostnaden

Betalbar skatt (22 % av gr.lag for betalbar skatt i resultatregnskapet)	-	7,502,936
Sum betalbar skatt	-	7,502,936
Endring i utsatt skatt	-	-
Skatt vedrørende tidligere år	1	-
<u>Skatte kostnad/(kredit) (22 % av grunnlag for årets skattekostnad)</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>7,502,936</u>

Betalbar skatt i balansen

Betalbar skatt (22 % av gr.lag for betalbar skatt i resultatregnskapet)	-	7,502,936
<u>Betalbar skatt i balansen</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,502,936</u>

Note 6 Lønnskostnader, godtgjørelser m.v.

Selskapet har ingen ansatte.
Det er ikke kostnadsført lønn eller styrehonorar i 2021

Daglig leder/styret kontrollerer ikke andeler i IOS Offshore Holding AS.
Det er ikke gitt lån/sikkerhetsstillelse til daglig leder, styreformann, styremedlemmer eller andre nærstående parter.
Det foreligger ikke avtaler til fordel for styrets leder.
Det er ingen lån/sikkerhetsstillelser som utgjør mer enn 5% av selskapets egenkapital.

Revisor	2021	2020
Lovpålagt revisjon	12,974	29,000
Annen bistand	-	-
<u>Sum</u>	<u>12,974</u>	<u>29,000</u>

Alle honorar er uten mva.



Note 7 Gjeld

Alle tall i hele kroner

<i>Balansført verdi av pantsatte eiendeler</i>	2021	2020
Aksjer i datterselskap	355.802.974	380.568.414
Sum	355.802.974	380.568.414
Eiendelene er i tillegg stillet som sikkerhet for:	2021	2020
Gjeld til kredittinstitusjoner	3.251.213.370	2.878.943.472
Sum	3.251.213.370	2.878.943.472

Selskapets eiendeler er pantsatt under lånefasilitetsavtale mellom HSBC Bank plc og andre banker i sammenheng med morselskapet Acteon Group Ltd's låneopptak.

Note 8 Mellomværende med selskap i samme konsern m.v.

	2021	2020
Konsernbidrag fra InterMoor AS	15.011.819	48.388.712
Kortsiktig gjeld til Acteon UK Financing II (NOK) Ltd	(15.000.000)	(14.260.416)
Avsatt utbytte til Acteon Group Ltd	-	(25.000.000)
Langsiktig gjeld til Acteon UK Financing II (NOK) Ltd	(250.000.000)	(250.000.000)
Sum	(249.988.181)	(240.871.704)

Langsiktig gjeld til Acteon UK Financing II (NOK) Ltd er rentebærende og belastet i henhold til låneavtale med 6% Gjelden forfaller til betaling i sin helhet 3 august 2025.

Note 9 Transaksjoner med nærstående

Type transaksjon	Nærstående part	Tilknytning	2021
Konsernbidrag mottatt	InterMoor AS	Datterselskap	15.011.819
Rentekostnad	Acteon UK Financing II (NOK) Ltd	Konsernselskap	15.000.000



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Til generalforsamlingen i IOS Offshore Holding AS

Uavhengig revisors beretning

Konklusjon

Vi har revidert IOS Offshore Holding AS' årsregnskap som består av balanse per 31. desember 2021, resultatregnskap og kontantstrømoppstilling for regnskapsåret avsluttet per denne datoen og noter til årsregnskapet, herunder et sammendrag av viktige regnskapsprinsipper.

Etter vår mening

- oppfyller årsregnskapet gjeldende lovkrav,
- gir årsregnskapet et rettviseende bilde av selskapets finansielle stilling per 31. desember 2021, og av dets resultater og kontantstrømmer for regnskapsåret avsluttet per denne datoen i samsvar med regnskapslovens regler og god regnskapsskikk i Norge.

Grunnlag for konklusjonen

Vi har gjennomført revisjonen i samsvar med de internasjonale revisjonsstandardene International Standards on Auditing (ISA-ene). Våre oppgaver og plikter i henhold til disse standardene er beskrevet nedenfor under *Revisors oppgaver og plikter ved revisjonen av årsregnskapet*. Vi er uavhengige av selskapet slik det kreves i lov, forskrift og International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (inkludert internasjonale uavhengighetsstandarder) utstedt av the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA-reglene), og vi har overholdt våre øvrige etiske forpliktelser i samsvar med disse kravene. Innhentet revisjonsbevis er etter vår vurdering tilstrekkelig og hensiktsmessig som grunnlag for vår konklusjon.

Øvrig informasjon

Styret og daglig leder (ledelsen) er ansvarlige for informasjonen i årsberetningen. Øvrig informasjon omfatter informasjon i årsrapporten bortsett fra årsregnskapet og den tilhørende revisjonsberetningen. Vår konklusjon om årsregnskapet ovenfor dekker ikke informasjonen i årsberetningen.

I forbindelse med revisjonen av årsregnskapet er det vår oppgave å lese årsberetningen. Formålet er å vurdere hvorvidt det foreligger vesentlig inkonsistens mellom årsberetningen og årsregnskapet og den kunnskap vi har opparbeidet oss under revisjonen av årsregnskapet, eller hvorvidt informasjon i årsberetningen ellers fremstår som vesentlig feil. Vi har plikt til å rapportere dersom årsberetningen fremstår som vesentlig feil. Vi har ingenting å rapportere i så henseende.

Basert på kunnskapen vi har opparbeidet oss i revisjonen, mener vi at årsberetningen

- er konsistent med årsregnskapet og
- inneholder de opplysninger som skal gis i henhold til gjeldende lovkrav.

Ledelsens ansvar for årsregnskapet

Ledelsen er ansvarlig for å utarbeide årsregnskapet og for at det gir et rettviseende bilde i samsvar med regnskapslovens regler og god regnskapsskikk i Norge. Ledelsen er også ansvarlig for slik internkontroll som den finner nødvendig for å kunne utarbeide et årsregnskap som ikke inneholder vesentlig feilinformasjon, verken som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil.

Ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet må ledelsen ta standpunkt til selskapets evne til fortsatt drift og opplyse om forhold av betydning for fortsatt drift. Forutsetningen om fortsatt drift skal legges til grunn for årsregnskapet så lenge det ikke er sannsynlig at virksomheten vil bli avvirket.

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Støttautoriseret revisor - medlemmer av Den norske Revisorforbund

Offiserte

Oslo	Elverum	Molde/Pors	Storø
Ålesund	Finnøy	Steinkjer	Strazene
Årstad	Hauger	Stjørdal	Tromsø
Bergen	Haugesund	Sandnessjøen	Tvedestrand
Bodo	Kinn	Sandnessjøen	Tvedestrand
Drammen	Kviteseid	Stavanger	Ålesund

Penso Dokumentnr: 61484-B4EEC-WJ30E-FC7C6-KZMEN-DXPPT



Revisors oppgaver og plikter ved revisjonen av årsregnskapet

Vårt mål er å oppnå betryggende sikkerhet for at årsregnskapet som helhet ikke inneholder vesentlig feilinformasjon, verken som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil, og å avgi en revisjonsberetning som inneholder vår konklusjon. Betryggende sikkerhet er en høy grad av sikkerhet, men ingen garanti for at en revisjon utført i samsvar med ISA-ene, alltid vil avdekke vesentlig feilinformasjon som eksisterer. Feilinformasjon kan oppstå som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil. Feilinformasjon blir vurdert som vesentlig dersom den enkeltvis eller samlet med rimelighet kan forventes å påvirke økonomiske beslutninger som brukerne foretar basert på årsregnskapet.

Som del av en revisjon i samsvar med ISA-ene, utøver vi profesjonelt skjønn og utviser profesjonell skepsis gjennom hele revisjonen. I tillegg:

- identifiserer og vurderer vi risikoen for vesentlig feilinformasjon i regnskapet, enten det skyldes misligheter eller utilsiktede feil. Vi utformer og gjennomfører revisjonshandlinger for å håndtere slike risikoer, og innhenter revisjonsbevis som er tilstrekkelig og hensiktsmessig som grunnlag for vår konklusjon. Risikoen for at vesentlig feilinformasjon som følge av misligheter ikke blir avdekket, er høyere enn for feilinformasjon som skyldes utilsiktede feil, siden misligheter kan innebære samarbeid, forfalskning, bevisste utelatelser, uriktige fremstillinger eller overstyring av internkontroll.
- opparbeider vi oss en forståelse av den interne kontroll som er relevant for revisjonen, for å utforme revisjonshandlinger som er hensiktsmessige etter omstendighetene, men ikke for å gi uttrykk for en mening om effektiviteten av selskapets interne kontroll.
- evaluerer vi om de anvendte regnskapsprinsippene er hensiktsmessige og om regnskapsestimatene og tilhørende noteopplysninger utarbeidet av ledelsen er rimelige.
- konkluderer vi på hensiktsmessigheten av ledelsens bruk av fortsatt drift-forutsetningen ved avleggelsen av årsregnskapet, basert på innhentede revisjonsbevis, og hvorvidt det foreligger vesentlig usikkerhet knyttet til hendelser eller forhold som kan skape tvil av betydning om selskapets evne til fortsatt drift. Dersom vi konkluderer med at det eksisterer vesentlig usikkerhet, kreves det at vi i revisjonsberetningen henleder oppmerksomheten på tilleggsopplysningene i årsregnskapet, eller, dersom slike tilleggsopplysninger ikke er tilstrekkelige, at vi modifierer vår konklusjon. Våre konklusjoner er basert på revisjonsbevis innhentet inntil datoen for revisjonsberetningen. Etterfølgende hendelser eller forhold kan imidlertid medføre at selskapet ikke fortsetter driften.
- evaluerer vi den samlede presentasjonen, strukturen og innholdet i årsregnskapet, inkludert tilleggsopplysningene, og hvorvidt årsregnskapet gir uttrykk for de underliggende transaksjonene og hendelsene på en måte som gir et rettviseende bilde.

Vi kommuniserer med styret blant annet om det planlagte omfanget av revisjonen og til hvilken tid revisjonsarbeidet skal utføres. Vi utveksler også informasjon om forhold av betydning som vi har avdekket i løpet av revisjonen, herunder om eventuelle svakheter av betydning i den interne kontrollen.

Stavanger, 5. september 2022
KPMG AS

Monica Rosnes
Statsautorisert revisor
(elektronisk signert)

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 61484-R4EEO-WJ3CE-PQ7C6-KZMEN-EXRPT



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Monica Roth Rosnes

Partner

På vegne av: KPMG AS

Serienummer: 9578-5997-4-231508

IP: 89.8.xxx.xxx

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Monica Roth Rosnes

Statsautorisert revisor

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Acteon Group Limited

Annual report and financial statements

Registered number 4231212

31 December 2021



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Registered number 4231212
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Strategic Report

The directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Principal activities

The Group's principal activities are the provision of products and services for the renewable energy, nearshore construction and oil and gas sectors.

Acteon provides specialist engineering, services and technology to companies which develop, own or operate marine infrastructure across the life of their assets. It provides specialist services into the technical supply chains of its customers to help them achieve their operational goals with efficient solutions, optimising both cost and carbon footprint but without compromising the quality of delivery.

Acteon has specialisms in a range of areas including data collection and survey techniques ahead of construction, the installation of foundation and anchoring technologies, the monitoring and management of assets and the decommissioning of assets.

Renewables

Acteon provides specialist engineering services to the offshore renewables sector, particularly in relation to the installation and management of offshore wind turbines. Acteon seeks to reduce costs for operators by optimising design and installation activities and improving scheduling and resource utilisation. It has the expertise to support the development of large structures in deep water, including both fixed and floating installations, and provide baseline environmental surveys which enable projects to establish appropriate controls for environmental protection.

Nearshore construction

Acteon provides nearshore construction services for marine facilities including bridges, jetties and coastal protection. Acteon also undertakes projects for utility companies to develop and manage near-coast infrastructure. These range from geophysical and geotechnical surveys and engineering services to pile-driving, foundations work and moorings. Its integrated solutions and domain knowledge help customers to reduce project footprints, increase efficiency, and lower the total cost of infrastructure construction and installation.

Oil and gas

Acteon supports the oil and gas industry by delivering cost efficiencies and project timeline savings on large and complex projects in all water depths. Its services in this market include pre-development and front-end-engineering, development drilling services, foundations, moorings, production asset installation, asset integrity monitoring and management, field life extension and decommissioning. Acteon has strong capabilities in the management of late-life assets and their integrity as well as decommissioning oil and gas assets when they reach the end of their life.

Integrated solutions

Acteon actively participates in the offshore industry's drive to reduce costs and increase operational efficiency. In order to be more efficient and to offer a broader more integrated range of services, Acteon operates a dedicated business unit known as Acteon Integrated Solutions (AIS). This unit undertakes integrated projects and integrated offerings within each industry Acteon serves to allow clients to overcome unresolved challenges, access a wider range of technologies and to contract in a more efficient manner.

Business model

Acteon is a leading provider of specialist marine energy and infrastructure engineering, services and technology. Its aim is to be the preferred engineering, services and technology partner enabling energy transition across the marine infrastructure industries and to deliver commercial and environmental benefits to its customers.

The Group's principal clients are international, national and independent energy and infrastructure companies and contractors operating in most of the major provinces in the world. As a trusted global partner, Acteon supports its clients by delivering the high levels of international compliance, outstanding quality, health, safety and environmental performance, a flexible, local workforce to support projects worldwide and market leadership in each area of activity.

The Group provides services to customers through a range of business models including service fee, rental, sales and consulting hours. Many contracts comprise a combination of these business and billing models.



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Strategic Report *(continued)*

Business model *(continued)*

The Group operates as eight strategic business units, the principal structures, skills and technologies of which are described below:

Foundations and Cables

Acteon provides specialist services and equipment to design and install piled, drilled and combination foundations for marine infrastructure, particularly offshore wind turbines and platforms including their grouting and any remediation work. This unit also provides services to transport, install and maintain flexible cables and high-voltage electrification services for marine energy assets including for offshore renewables and oil & gas installations.

Moorings and Anchors

Acteon is a global leader in mooring and anchor systems used to secure floating structures to the seabed. This includes complex permanent mooring systems such as those used in offshore floating wind structures or used to temporarily moor marine assets such as mobile drilling units or production units. Acteon specialises in complex mooring solutions across the life-cycle of marine infrastructure including installation and decommissioning. Such services are provided to the aquaculture, oil and gas and offshore-renewables sectors.

Drilling and Decommissioning

Acteon provides engineering and services for the installation and removal of wells and offshore infrastructure for the global oil and gas industry. This business unit provides (1) specialist services for the decommissioning of wells and structures, (2) services to support the drilling of new wells, (3) services to extend the life of infrastructure and (4) bespoke manufacturing of specialist equipment needed by the offshore energy sector.

Asset Integrity and Monitoring

Acteon is a global specialist in marine structural health monitoring: comprising two key capabilities, namely (1) digital monitoring systems that allow the tracking and visualisation of asset condition, including stress, strain, temperature and vibration, leading to engineered interventions or remediation, (2) the engineering design and implementation of corrosion protection systems, including corrosion inspection and remedial action. Acteon helps its customers to make timely integrity decisions and engineer solutions that maintain the integrity and safety of their assets.

Geo-Services

Acteon provides customers with geophysical, geospatial and geotechnical data, to understand seabed conditions and help de-risk marine projects. This unit provides site survey design, data collection, data interpretation and engineering insights relevant to geotechnical and geospatial site surveys. Such data is used to undertake upfront risk assessments, understand seabed geometries, movements and risks relevant to projects, to locate infrastructure, and to design seabed-foundations, amongst other key services.

Offshore Engineering

Acteon's Offshore Engineering segment is an expert marine engineering consultancy business which specialises in the structural engineering design, monitoring and installation of highly dynamic marine structures such as risers, umbilicals, floating structures, floating turbines, mooring and anchor systems.

Electronics and tooling

Acteon is a global marine technology specialist which provides electronic and electro-mechanical parts and systems to the broad marine industries, including the integration and tooling of remotely operated vehicles (ROVs), autonomous underwater vehicles (AUVs) and autonomous surface vehicles (ASVs). Such systems are used for remote access, inspection and survey construction support. This unit provides specialist sensors and scanning systems and their integration for use on ROVs, AUVs and ASVs. It provides such services to the renewables, defence, shipping and oil & gas industries.

Energy Resourcing

Acteon supplies specialist technical human resources to the offshore energy industry on an international basis. The business unit identifies, recruits and screens specialist personnel and provides them to customers on a contract basis.

In addition to the eight business units, Acteon Group also operates as Acteon Integrated Solutions (AIS):

Acteon Integrated Solutions is a dedicated business unit that is able to integrate across the eight strategic business units in order to deliver more complex or integrated services to the Group's customers.



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Strategic Report *(continued)*

Directors' duties under section 172 of the UK Companies Act 2006

The directors recognise their duty to act in a way which they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Group for the benefit of its members as a whole in accordance with section 172 of the UK Companies Act 2006 and in doing so have regard (amongst other matters) to the:

- likely consequences of any decisions taken in the long-term success of the Group;
- interests of the Group's employees;
- need to foster the Group's business relationships with suppliers, customers and other stakeholders;
- impact of the Group's operations on the community and the environment;
- desirability of the Group maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct; and
- need to act fairly between its members and stakeholders.

The directors' section 172 duties form part of Board discussions. The directors continue to have regard to the interests of the Group's key stakeholders and throughout the year its Board and senior management engage with key stakeholders on items relevant to them. We set out below our key stakeholder groups, their material issues and how the Group engages with and considers the interests of each stakeholder group.

Members and lenders

The Board recognises that it has a responsibility to keep members and lenders informed of the Group's performance and strategy. The Board strives to ensure all members and lenders are fully informed of performance, recent events and strategic decisions impacting the business. This is achieved through:

- regular conference calls to discuss financial performance, strategy and potential investment opportunities;
- the supply of monthly and quarterly financial performance information, including forecast information;
- the Group's investment relations team being available to respond to questions raised during the year;
- holding an annual general meeting of shareholders; and
- an annual presentation to the Group's lending syndicate, enabling lenders to engage with and ask questions of the Board.

Employees

Employees are central to the long-term success of the Group. The health and safety and wellbeing of staff are of paramount importance. Acteon has a diverse employee base, with employees of many nationalities based in many countries and with varied skills and capabilities. The directors consider it important to engage with staff and consider their interests, understand their views, support their career development and provide appropriate remuneration. To achieve these objectives the Group:

- maintains a Health, Safety and Environmental (HSE) management system and culture to protect employees at work which is appropriate to the nature of the work the Group undertakes and which is regularly reviewed;
- operates a formal staff appraisal scheme based on individual goals, development and training requirements and performance, with regular reviews held throughout the year;
- operates a system for pay reviews that compensates personnel based on skills, a job grading structure, corresponding market rates and merit;
- manages a discretionary rewards scheme to recognise exceptional performance by employees;
- creates development opportunities based on ongoing career development discussions, individual performance and identified potential;
- undertakes regular employee engagement via surveys, townhall meetings, webinars, etc.;
- offers regionally competitive health and wellness benefits programs to employees including a fully independent and confidential external support helpline for employees to use in relation to both work-related and personal issues; and
- maintains a system to ensure equality of pay without bias.



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Strategic Report *(continued)*

Directors' duties under section 172 of the UK Companies Act 2006 *(continued)*

Customers and suppliers

The Group recognises that fostering strong and trusting business relationships with customers and suppliers is key to business success, which is why the Group and its operating companies seek to ensure that:

- customers and suppliers are treated in a fair and respectful manner, and all business is conducted in a fair, transparent and competitive manner, and in compliance with both the letter and the spirit of all competition laws;
- its compliance team is properly resourced and manages a comprehensive compliance programme;
- customer contracts are performed to the highest standard;
- customer service is delivered through the appropriate allocation of technology and skilled personnel;
- suppliers are carefully selected and appropriate due diligence is carried out before work is awarded;
- supplier contracts are fully complied with; and
- there is frequent and sufficient dialogue with customers and suppliers.

Operating in this way helps to develop and maintain credibility and trust across the Group's large and diverse customer and supplier base, which in turn helps ensure longevity of business relationships.

Local communities and the environment

The Group maintains a very structured process for protecting the environment. This consists of:

- maintaining a Health, Safety and Environmental (HSE) management system and culture which acts to minimise environmental impact from operations;
- compliance with all relevant legislation;
- reporting all actual or potential incidents which could lead to environmental damage;
- maintaining an incident response plan; and
- actively developing new technologies and processes that aim to reduce or minimise environmental impact, both of its own operations and those of its customers.

Acteon is committed to making a positive impact in the communities where we live and work. The Group supports local economies by:

- creating jobs and ensuring local labour laws are followed;
- ensuring local content requirements are fulfilled;
- developing and training local employees;
- working with local supply chains wherever possible; and
- identifying areas of community involvement where voluntary efforts can make a difference.

The Group is committed to establishing a sustainable Environmental Social and Governance (ESG) strategy that positively impacts the environment, its employees and the wider society. Acteon is uniquely placed to play a key role in the energy transition and the reduction of carbon emissions, in large part due to the expertise and technology it offers which can help bring down the cost of offshore renewable energy and reduce emissions.

The Group's ESG strategy is based upon the following principles:

- to align the Group's strategy and services with the need to develop lower carbon energy;
- to record, report and reduce harmful emissions from operations;
- to make a positive contribution to the communities within which it operates;
- ensuring "zero-harm" to the people who work for or with the Group;
- Operating within a business framework that ensures all decisions are made ethically and with integrity; and
- Reporting and communicating with key stakeholders honestly and transparently.



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Strategic Report (continued)

Business review and results

Acteon Group provides specialist services to the offshore energy and infrastructure sectors. The Group continued its focus on the energy transition and to seek to lead in the provision of solutions with environmental benefits. In particular, the Group continued to develop new markets in the offshore renewables sector, where many of its services have specific applications. Renewables and like markets, along with late-life oil and gas activity (such as decommissioning and asset integrity management) accounted for c37% of group revenue in 2021 (up from c32% in 2020) ; revenue relating to core oil- and gas-related activities reduced to c63% (2020: c68%).

2021 was another challenging year with operational challenges being presented for a range of group activities resulting from the impact of the continuing global Covid-19 pandemic; activities across the Group were affected by both operational and logistical delays. Some customer activities were cancelled or postponed as a result. The Group also incurred an exceptional contract loss in the year as detailed below. A landscape of a general increase in the oil price, however, helped to offset the adverse Covid-19 impacts and the Group saw strong trading across Q3 and Q4 before exceptional items and enters 2022 with a solid pipeline of work build up for 2022 delivery.

The Group also took action to curtail cost increases to reduce its existing cost base. Underlying fixed costs, discounting the one-off non-repeating benefits in 2020 arising from government furlough schemes and similar support schemes in other territories and internal Covid-19-related cost-saving initiatives, reduced in 2021. Additionally, the cost synergies arising from the simplified organisational structure along with continued efforts to further consolidate, are expected to continue into 2022 and beyond.

As a result of the actions undertaken and the diversified nature of the Group's product and service offering, the Group's financial performance was resilient despite the challenges; revenue increased by 4.5% to £466m, and adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation amounted to £63.9m, an increase of 5.6% over 2020. With the impact of exceptional items however, as disclosed below, the overall reported loss from operating activities was £31.5m (2020: £4.1m profit).

Financial performance

The financial performance of the Group's operations for 2021 compared with 2020 reconciled to statutory measures of financial performance, can be summarised as follows:

	2021	2020	Increase/ (Decrease)
	£000	£000	%
Group revenue	466,318	446,316	4.5%
Adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation	63,860	60,480	5.6%
Depreciation and amortisation	(46,811)	(50,677)	
Adjusted profit from operating activities before exceptional items	17,049	9,803	73.9%
<u>Exceptional items</u>			
Impairment losses	(15,487)	(2,079)	
Losses from performance of a specific contract*	(28,190)	-	
Reorganisation/restructuring costs	(5,430)	(6,077)	
Government assistance from Covid-19 job retention schemes	509	2,467	
(Loss)/profit from operating activities	(31,549)	4,114	

* During the year the Group entered into a significant contract to supply marine foundations for a liquified natural gas (LNG) terminal in the Philippines. During the performance of this contract, a number of technical and operational challenges arose, not only as a result of unforeseen scoping changes, but also from delays caused by unseasonal, inclement weather and continuing Covid-19 pandemic restrictions. All of these factors had a significant cost impact in the performance and fulfilment of the contract within the agreed timeframe and pricing. This resulted in the decision to terminate the contract with a final settlement being agreed with the customer. The contract loss of £28.2m is presented as an exceptional item due to its incidence and size.



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Strategic Report (continued)

Financial performance (continued)

	2021	2020	(Increase)/ Decrease
	£000	£000	%
Adjusted loss before exceptional items and income tax	(6,627)	(14,128)	53.1%
<u>Exceptional items</u>			
Impairment losses	(15,487)	(2,079)	
Losses from performance of a specific contract	(28,190)	-	
Reorganisation/restructuring costs	(5,430)	(6,077)	
Government assistance from Covid-19 job retention schemes	509	2,467	
Loss before income tax	(55,225)	(19,817)	(178.7%)

Key performance indicators

Further key performance indicators pertinent to the Group's continuing operations are shown below. These demonstrate the underlying operational performance (gross margin and adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation), along with the level of sustained investment in the Group's underlying revenue-generating resources (property, plant and equipment and number of employees).

	2021	2020
Financial		
Gross margin % on total revenues	15.5%	20.2%
Gross margin % on pre-exceptional revenues	20.7%	20.2%
Adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (£000s)*	65,071	62,213
Net book value of property, plant and equipment (£000s)	125,002	132,942

* prior to certain costs totalling £1,211,000 (2020: £1,733,000) considered to be of a non-operating nature.

	2021	2020
Non-financial		
Average number of employees	1,968	1,951
Number of employees at the year-end	2,053	1,815

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Group's multinational operations and debt financing expose it to a variety of risks, including financial risks. The Group has in place risk management policies that seek to limit the adverse effects of these risks on the financial performance of the Group. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the creation and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Group's approach to financial risk management is disclosed in note 4.

The directors have taken steps to ensure that the day-to-day risks which face the Group, such as health and safety and commercial risks, are managed comprehensively by the management teams of its operating segments (with appropriate central oversight), by insurance covers which should mitigate the impact of risks turning into reality, and by the preparation and careful review of comprehensive monthly management financial reporting packages which can alert the board to developments in trading performance and cash position.



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Strategic Report *(continued)*

Principal risks and uncertainties *(continued)*

The Group's legal, compliance, commercial and tax functions provide additional support and training to the Group's operating businesses, including in respect of those risks which may arise from international trading, such as sanctions, anti-bribery and taxation risks.

Any business operates against a background of risks and uncertainties. The directors believe that the principal operational risks facing Acteon are:

- A reduction in activity levels in the offshore oil and gas exploration and production industry worldwide, as a result of various factors including, but not limited to, a fall in oil price and the broader energy transition.
- Lead times and availability of raw materials and components which are required in order for the Group to provide its products and services could deteriorate from their current levels.
- It could become more difficult to recruit and retain the highly qualified and experienced staff required in order for the Group to carry on its business.
- The considerable health and safety risks which are inherent to a business providing products and services for the renewable, nearshore construction and oil and gas sectors.
- Contracts and projects are frequently complex, and there are risks associated with their execution.
- Access to debt, bonding and credit financing facilities could become difficult.

The Group currently has no operations, or exposures resulting from activities, in Russia or Ukraine.

Going concern

The Covid-19 pandemic, although easing, continues to create short- to medium-term uncertainties for businesses worldwide. This, along with the political unrest caused by the current conflict in Ukraine, creates the risk that energy companies will delay the timing of their investment programmes which, in turn, might adversely impact Acteon's overall operations across that time horizon. Risk may also exist in the Group's ability to execute certain projects, depending on their nature and location.

In response, during the past twelve months, the Group has continued to undertake appropriate actions to optimise its trading performance and to protect its margins, profitability and cash flow. It has sought to retain its key capabilities and skills so that it can take advantage and capitalise on opportunities, especially with customer demand starting to return in the second half of 2021, which is expected to continue into 2022 and beyond. The Group operates in a wide range of markets and geographies, a factor that provides resilience from short-term changes in any one business segment.

The Group continues to have the support of its stakeholders and during the year it extended the maturities of its debt facilities until 2024 and 2025 to enable growth both organically and, where appropriate, through further acquisitions.

The Group also introduced and embedded a global treasury function and plans to further develop its capabilities in this area in 2022 and beyond to carefully manage liquidity and ensuring continued financial covenant compliance.

The directors have prepared financial projections for the twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. On the basis of the forecast cash flow information within these projections, and taking into account significant but plausible risks in the current trading environment, the directors consider that the Group will continue to operate with sufficient liquidity and in compliance with its bank covenants. The significant but plausible downside cash flows modelled reflect deferrals or reductions in customer revenues that might impact the forecast period which would result in lower activity levels than those reported for 2021.

The directors believe that the Group is well placed to manage its business risks successfully and will have access to sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.



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Strategic Report *(continued)*

Future developments

The Group has started to realise benefits from synergies, both operationally and financially, as a result of its recent reorganisation into a number of key business segments, with further opportunities to consolidate emerging. It is also increasingly able to offer innovative integrated service offerings combining the knowledge and skills across businesses within the Group.

Acteon intends to continue its diversification into the offshore renewables and near-shore construction sectors, whilst maintaining a focus on services in the oil and gas sector which support the integrity and maintenance of existing infrastructure, including the decommissioning of aged assets.

Acteon therefore remains well placed to build on its current position and continue its drive to support the energy transition.

By order of the board

C G Trowell
Director

28 April 2022



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Directors' Report

The directors note that, as a result of the Strategic Report and Directors' Report regulations of 2013 (which are amendments to the Companies Act 2006), some of the matters which would previously have been contained within the Directors' Report must (along with certain other reporting) appear within the separate Strategic Report. This Directors' Report therefore contains the remaining information required by statute to be disclosed.

Research and development

The Group continues to believe in the importance of investing in innovation and in the development of its products and services, in order to achieve technical success and to improve project economics for clients. During the year Acteon has continued to invest in several research and development areas.

Proposed dividend

No dividend is to be recommended in respect of 2021 (2020: £nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

C G Trowell
K Murdoch (appointed 15 July 2021)
B Bruggaier (appointed 15 July 2021)
K F Ovenden (resigned 15 July 2021)

The directors benefited from qualifying third party indemnity provisions which were in place during the financial year and at the date of this report. These took the form of Directors and Officers liability insurance.

Employees

The Group is committed to involving employees in the business through appropriate communication and consultation and does so through circulating internal newsletters and periodic briefing meetings.

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, having regard to the aptitude and abilities of applicants. If employees become disabled every effort is made to ensure the continuation of their employment with the Group, including the provision of appropriate training. The Group intends that, as far as possible, the training, career development and promotion of a disabled person should be identical to that of a person who does not suffer from a disability.

Political contributions

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries made any political donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year (2020: £nil).

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware. Each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By order of the board

C G Trowell
Director

28 April 2022



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Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the Group and parent company financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare group and parent company financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the Group financial statements in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards and applicable law and have elected to prepare the parent company financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and parent company and of their profit or loss for that period. In preparing each of the group and parent company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable, relevant, reliable and prudent;
- for the group financial statements, state whether they have been prepared in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards;
- for the parent company financial statements, state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Group and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the parent company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the parent company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal controls as they determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Acteon Group Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Acteon Group Limited ("the company") for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Balance Sheet), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow, Company balance sheet and related notes, including the accounting policies in notes 3 and 35.

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of the Group's loss for the year then ended;
- the group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006;
- the parent company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the group in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Group or the company or to cease their operations, and they have concluded that the Group and the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over their ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Group's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Group and company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group or the company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Group or the company will continue in operation.

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors and the Board, and inspection of policy documentation as to the Group's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, including the Group's channel for whistleblowing, as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- Reading Board minutes;
- Considering remuneration incentive schemes and performance targets for management and directors;
- Using analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Acteon Group Limited *(continued)*

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect *(continued)*

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit. This included communication from the Group to full scope component audit teams of relevant fraud risks identified at the group level and request to full scope component audit teams to report to the Group audit team any instances of fraud that could give rise to a material misstatement at Group.

As required by auditing standards, and taking into account possible pressures to meet profit targets and our overall knowledge of the control environment, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls and the risk of fraudulent revenue recognition, in particular the risk that revenue recognised over time is recorded in the wrong period and the risk that Group management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries, and the risk of bias in accounting estimates and judgements such as intangible and tangible asset impairment assumptions.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We performed procedures including:

- Identifying journal entries and other adjustments to test for all full scope components based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included revenue and cash journals posted to unusual or unexpected accounts.
- For all full scope components, agreeing revenue accrued at year end to evidence of goods delivered or services performed in the year and, where applicable, re-performing, for a risk-based sample of fixed price contracts in progress at year end, the calculation of revenue recognised based on percentage of completion of costs, and comparing forecasts against contractual terms and correspondence with customers.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, and through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards), and from inspection of the Group's regulatory and legal correspondence and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Group is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation, and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Group is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: health and safety, fraud, anti-bribery and anti-corruption, and employment legislation, recognising the nature of the Group's operations. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

For the corporation taxation contingent liability discussed in note 31 we assessed disclosures against our understanding from regulatory correspondence and used our taxation specialists to help us further assess the matter.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.



Independent auditor's report to the members of Acteon Group Limited *(continued)*

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

The directors are responsible for the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 10, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the group and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

David Derbyshire (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
1 Marischal Square
1 Broad Street
Aberdeen, AB10 1DD

29 April 2022

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Acteon Group Limited
Registered number 4231212
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31 December 2021

Consolidated Income Statement
for year ended 31 December 2021

					Restated (note 34)	Restated (note 34)	
		Pre- exceptional items 2021 £000	Exceptional items 2021 £000	Total 2021 £000	Pre- exceptional items 2020 £000	Exceptional items 2020 £000	Total 2020 £000
	Note						
Revenue	6	452,611	13,707	466,318	446,316	-	446,316
Cost of sales		(358,892)	(35,214)	(394,106)	(356,103)	-	(356,103)
Gross profit/(loss)		93,719	(21,507)	72,212	90,213	-	90,213
Other income	7	10	-	10	417	-	417
Impairment charges	15,16	-	(15,487)	(15,487)	-	(2,079)	(2,079)
Administrative expenses		(76,680)	(11,604)	(88,284)	(80,827)	(3,610)	(84,437)
Total administrative expenses		(76,680)	(27,091)	(103,771)	(80,827)	(5,689)	(86,516)
Profit/(loss) from operating activities	8	17,049	(48,598)	(31,549)	9,803	(5,689)	4,114
Finance income		1,903	-	1,903	2,428	-	2,428
Finance expense		(25,579)	-	(25,579)	(26,359)	-	(26,359)
Net finance expense	11	(23,676)	-	(23,676)	(23,931)	-	(23,931)
Loss before income tax		(6,627)	(48,598)	(55,225)	(14,128)	(5,689)	(19,817)
Income tax expense	12	(6,133)	-	(6,133)	(676)	-	(676)
Loss for the year		(12,760)	(48,598)	(61,358)	(14,804)	(5,689)	(20,493)
Attributable to:							
Equity holders of the parent				(59,733)			(20,283)
Non-controlling interests				(1,625)			(210)
Loss for the year				(61,358)			(20,493)

The notes on pages 19 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Movements in reserves are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity on page 17.

The allocation of certain costs has been restated in the comparative financial information for the year ended 31 December 2020, as disclosed in note 34. There is no change to the previously reported profit from operating activities or loss for the year.



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Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for year ended 31 December 2021

	<i>Note</i>	2021 £000	2020 £000
Loss for the year		(61,358)	(20,493)
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Defined benefit plan actuarial gains/(losses)	27	227	(277)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Translation of foreign currency net investments		(1,984)	(1,862)
Other comprehensive loss recognised directly in equity		(1,757)	(2,139)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(63,115)	(22,632)
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(61,490)	(22,422)
Non-controlling interests		(1,625)	(210)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(63,115)	(22,632)

The notes on pages 19 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



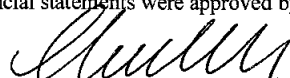
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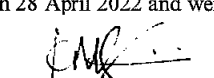
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Balance Sheet)

at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	14	125,002	132,942
Right-of-use assets	15	40,417	46,664
Intangible assets	16	171,337	197,244
Deferred income tax assets	17	10,921	8,430
Total non-current assets		347,677	385,280
Current assets			
Inventories	18	26,136	26,725
Contract costs	19	21,037	10,127
Trade and other receivables	20	107,555	83,890
Contract assets	21	13,295	20,751
Cash and cash equivalents		68,670	48,057
Total current assets		236,693	189,550
Total assets		584,370	574,830
Equity			
Share capital	22	46,659	46,659
Share premium	23	16,437	16,437
Foreign currency translation reserve	23	11,757	13,741
Other reserves	23	(5,250)	(4,991)
Retained earnings	23	18,359	77,865
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		87,962	149,711
Non-controlling interests	24	11,548	12,914
Total equity		99,510	162,625
Non-current liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	25	273,510	246,823
Lease liabilities	26	38,425	44,157
Other creditors		704	630
Employee benefits	27	2,479	2,926
Deferred income tax liabilities	17	9,313	12,789
Total non-current liabilities		324,431	307,325
Current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	26	6,964	6,541
Trade and other payables	28	141,387	86,361
Contract liabilities	21	8,653	9,882
Current income tax liabilities		3,425	2,096
Total current liabilities		160,429	104,880
Total liabilities		484,860	412,205
Total equity and liabilities		584,370	574,830

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 April 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:


C G Trowell - Director


K Murdoch - Director

The notes on pages 19 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



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Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
for year ended 31 December 2021

	Share capital £000	Share premium £000	Foreign currency translation reserve (FCTR) £000	Other reserves £000	Retained earnings £000	Total £000	Non-controlling interests £000	Total equity £000
Balance at 1 January 2020	46,659	16,437	15,603	(4,991)	98,425	172,133	13,124	185,257
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(20,283)	(20,283)	(210)	(20,493)
Income and expense recognised directly in equity								
Defined benefit plan actuarial losses	-	-	-	-	(277)	(277)	-	(277)
Foreign currency translation difference	-	-	(1,862)	-	-	(1,862)	-	(1,862)
Total income and expense recognised directly in equity	-	-	(1,862)	-	(277)	(2,139)	-	(2,139)
Balance at 31 December 2020	46,659	16,437	13,741	(4,991)	77,865	149,711	12,914	162,625
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(59,733)	(59,733)	(1,625)	(61,358)
Income and expense recognised directly in equity								
Defined benefit plan actuarial gains	-	-	-	-	227	227	-	227
Foreign currency translation difference	-	-	(1,984)	-	-	(1,984)	-	(1,984)
Total income and expense recognised directly in equity	-	-	(1,984)	-	227	(1,757)	-	(1,757)
Acquisitions in year (note 5)	-	-	-	(259)	-	(259)	259	-
Balance at 31 December 2021	46,659	16,437	11,757	(5,250)	18,359	87,962	11,548	99,510

The notes on pages 19 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



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Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow for year ended 31 December 2021

	<i>Note</i>	2021	2020
		£000	£000
Cash flow from operating activities			
Loss for the year		(61,358)	(20,493)
Adjustments for:			
Gain on sale of rental/non-rental property, plant and equipment		(717)	(4,407)
Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment	<i>14</i>	27,990	28,290
Depreciation and impairment of right-of-use assets	<i>15</i>	7,818	9,979
Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets	<i>16</i>	26,490	14,487
Net finance expense	<i>11</i>	23,676	23,931
Total income tax expense	<i>12</i>	6,133	676
		30,032	52,463
Change in inventories		391	168
Change in contract costs		(11,232)	1,653
Change in trade and other receivables		(22,211)	13,124
Change in contract assets		7,291	17,682
Change in trade and other payables		55,909	(7,211)
Change in contract liabilities		(974)	(7,746)
Change in provisions and employee benefits		292	284
		59,498	70,417
Cash generated from operating activities			
Interest paid		(19,573)	(19,945)
Interest paid on lease liabilities		(2,753)	(2,901)
Income tax paid		(13,248)	(10,750)
		23,924	36,821
Net cash from operating activities			
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		1,903	2,428
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		1,701	7,778
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	<i>14</i>	(24,072)	(21,480)
Purchase of intangible assets	<i>16</i>	(644)	(1,267)
		(21,112)	(12,541)
Net cash used in investing activities			
Cash flow from financing activities			
Receipt of borrowings	<i>25</i>	31,650	15,000
Expenses paid in relation to borrowings	<i>25</i>	(3,772)	-
Repayment of borrowings	<i>25</i>	(2,300)	(41,070)
Repayment of lease liabilities		(7,079)	(7,016)
		18,499	(33,086)
Net cash generated/(used) in financing activities			
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		48,057	58,928
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held		(698)	(2,065)
		68,670	48,057
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December			

The notes on pages 19 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Acteon Group Limited
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Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Group and company accounts

Acteon Group Ltd is a company incorporated in England. The address of its registered office is Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW. The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended 31 December 2021 comprise the parent company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as “the Group”). The Group is primarily involved in the provision of industry-leading products and services for the renewables, nearshore construction and oil and gas sectors. The financial statements of the parent company are set out on pages 66 to 85.

2 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements consolidate those of the parent company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the “Group”). The parent company financial statements present information about the Company as a separate entity and not about its Group.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared and approved by the directors in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards (“Adopted IFRS”) and applicable law. The Company has elected to prepare its parent company financial statements in accordance with UK GAAP, including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Adopted IFRS and were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 April 2022.

(b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments and available-for-sale financial assets, which are stated at fair value. Any changes in fair value are reflected in the income statement.

The methods used to measure fair values are discussed further below.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is the Company’s functional currency. All financial information presented has been rounded to the nearest £1,000.

(d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a regular basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are reflected in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods which are affected by those revisions.

Information relating to areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have significant effects on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

Note 6 – recognition of revenue from fixed-price contracts

Note 16 – measurement of the recoverable amounts relating to cash-generating units containing goodwill

Note 29 – valuation of financial instruments including the allowance for expected credit loss on trade receivables



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Notes (continued)

2 Basis of preparation of financial statements (continued)

(e) Going concern

The Group's business activities and financial position, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and financial position are set out in the Strategic Report on pages 1 to 8. The Group has reported a loss for the year of £61.4m and generated cash flows from operating activities of £59.5m.

The Covid-19 pandemic, although easing, continues to create short- to medium-term uncertainties for businesses worldwide. This, along with the political unrest caused by the current conflict in Ukraine, creates the risk that energy companies will delay the timing of their investment programmes which, in turn, might adversely impact Acteon's overall operations across that time horizon. Risk may also exist in the Group's ability to execute certain projects, depending on their nature and location.

In response, during the past twelve months, the Group has continued to undertake appropriate actions to optimise its trading performance and to protect its margins, profitability and cash flow. It has sought to retain its key capabilities and skills so that it can take advantage and capitalise on opportunities, especially with customer demand starting to return in the second half of 2021, which is continuing into 2022. The Group operates in a wide range of markets and geographies, a factor that provides resilience from short-term changes in any one business segment. The Group has also implemented new processes to effectively manage commercial risk, including in respect of fixed price contracts.

At 31 March 2022, the Group had £51m in cash. The Group's principal secured bank loan facility of up to £250m as disclosed in note 25, together with its £45m revolving credit facility were both extended in the year with the first debt maturity now in November 2024. These facilities were fully drawn at 31 March 2022.

The principal financial covenants with which the Group is required to comply are ratios relating to EBITDA to Net Interest Payable and, Total Net Debt to EBITDA. EBITDA excludes exceptional items. Compliance is required to be tested at each quarter end.

The directors have prepared financial projections for the twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. On the basis of the forecast cash flow information within these projections, and taking into account significant but plausible risks in the current trading environment, the directors consider that the Group will continue to operate with sufficient liquidity and in compliance with its bank covenants. The significant but plausible downside cash flows modelled reflect deferrals or reductions in customer revenues that might impact the forecast period which would result in lower activity levels than those reported for 2021.

The directors believe that the Group is well placed to manage its business risks successfully and will have access to sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by the Group.

Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, voting rights that are currently exercisable are taken into account. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. The accounting policies of subsidiaries have been aligned, where necessary, with the policies adopted by the Group.



Notes (continued)

3 Significant accounting policies

Basis of consolidation (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances eliminated on consolidation

Intra-Group transactions and balances, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-Group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. For each contract with a customer, the Group:

- Identifies the contract with the customer.
- Identifies the separable performance obligations in the contract.
- Determines the overall transaction (contract) price, allowing for estimates of variable consideration and the time value of money.
- Allocates the transaction price across the separable performance obligations on a pro-rata basis relative to stand-alone selling prices of each distinct good or service to be delivered, applying any overall discounts across the entire contract (or to specific performance obligations if more appropriate).
- Recognises revenue when, or as, each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that reflects the transfer of control of the goods or services promised to the customer.

Where variable consideration exists within the transaction price it reflects any concessions provided to the customer such as discounts, rebates and refunds and other contingent events. Estimates of variable consideration are determined using the expected value method and are only recognised when their impacts on the transaction price are highly probable. If any uncertainty exists with respect to a potential refund of the variable consideration received this consideration is recognised as deferred revenue until the uncertainty is resolved.

(i) Sale of goods

How revenue is recognised from performance obligations for the sale of goods depends on whether or not those goods are customer-specific in nature. Where goods are customer-specific (for example, they are designed or manufactured for a particular project), there is no readily available alternative use for those goods and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date, revenue is recognised over time in accordance with the contract's progression (assessed on a cost input method) up to the point of delivery. Revenue in respect of the sale of non-customer-specific goods is recognised at the point in time when the customer obtains control of those goods, typically at the point of delivery.

(ii) Rendering of services

The Group recognises revenue for service performance obligations over time as those services are fulfilled. Revenue is based either on a fixed price or on an hourly/day rate. Where a fixed price is used the Group assesses the stage of fulfilment based on a cost input method. Where the rendering of services includes rental income which is not considered to be lease income, the rental income element is recognised on a straight-line basis over the contract period in accordance with quoted day rates. Where the contract for rental income meets the definition of a lease, revenue is also recognised on a straight-line basis over the contract period but is disclosed separately from revenue from contracts with customers.

(iii) Mobilisation and demobilisation services

Where contracts contain specific mobilisation and demobilisation services the Group evaluates whether these are separate performance obligations within the contract. Where these services are deemed to be separate performance obligations the corresponding revenue is accounted for separately and recognised at a point in time, normally when each service is fully completed. In other cases the associated revenue is considered to be an integral part of the contract and recognised in accordance with the performance of the contract as a whole.



Notes (continued)

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

(iv) Contracts with a significant financing component

Where contracts contain a significant financing component and where the customer pays more than twelve months in advance of receiving the goods or services, the time-value of money is incorporated into the transaction price and an implicit interest expense is subsequently recorded within finance costs at the rate embedded within the contract. This treatment recognises the effective borrowing period by the Group for any such advance receipts up to the point at which the performance obligation is fulfilled and the revenue is recognised.

Where contracts have a significant financing component but the financing period is less than twelve months, the Group has elected to use the practical expedient permitted by paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 and not adjust the transaction price for this financing element.

Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries and is subject to an annual impairment review.

Goodwill arising on these acquisitions represents the difference between the fair value of the purchase consideration and the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets of the acquired entity. Directly attributable costs of executing the acquisitions are charged to the income statement in accordance with IFRS 3 (*revised*), *Business Combinations*.

Goodwill is not subject to amortisation but is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and annually thereafter. It is also reviewed at other points if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating unit in respect of which the goodwill arose. Impairment is determined by assessing the ability of the cash-generating units to generate future cash flows and comparison of the resulting values with the respective goodwill balances. Impairment losses in respect of goodwill are not reversed.

Negative goodwill on acquisitions is immediately recognised in the income statement.

Order books and customer lists

Order books and customer lists are recognised as intangible assets at their fair value on acquisition. The fair value is determined by discounting the future cash flows expected to be generated from them at an appropriate market-related discount rate. Amortisation is provided in order to write off the cost over the expected economic lives of the assets in equal instalments. The residual values are assumed to be nil.

Economic lives for intangible assets have been established as:

Order books	Typically less than one year
Customer lists	10 years

All intangible assets are reviewed annually for possible impairment, or more regularly if conditions exist that indicate a review is required.

Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful life, which is typically 3-5 years.



Notes (continued)

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Intangible fixed assets (continued)

Research and development

Expenditure on research activities is recognised in the income statement as the costs are incurred.

Expenditure on development activities is capitalised where: the process or final product is considered to be technically and commercially feasible; and, the Group intends, (and has the technical ability and sufficient resources) to complete the development; and, future economic benefits are probable; and, the expenditure attributable to the asset during its development can be measured reliably. Development activities involve a plan or design of the production of new or substantially improved products or processes.

Expenditure which is capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Capitalised development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is charged on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives, typically ranging between 5-10 years.

Other development expenditure is recognised in the income statement as the costs are incurred.

Tangible fixed assets

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of property, plant and equipment at the Group's IFRS transition date was determined by reference to its depreciated cost as at that date.

Cost comprises the purchase price or construction cost and any costs directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended, in the intended location. The purchase price or construction cost is the aggregate amount paid and the fair value of any other consideration given in order to acquire the asset.

When elements of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment, other than those held for rental to clients, are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the corresponding carrying amounts and are recognised net within other income in the income statement. Where items are sold from the rental fleet, the sale proceeds are reflected in revenue and the remaining net book value is charged to cost of sales.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to allocate the cost less residual values to the income statement over the estimated useful lives of each asset. Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	30-50 years
Fixtures, fittings and computer equipment	2-10 years
Motor vehicles	2-4 years
Plant and equipment	3-15 years

Improvements to leasehold premises are depreciated over the expected lease period (in accordance with IFRS 16 *Leases*) to which the improvements relate.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date.



Notes (continued)

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first-in-first-out basis, and includes all direct costs incurred and attributable production overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less all further costs of completion and disposal.

The Group makes provisions for impairment, where appropriate, based on an assessment of excess and obsolete inventories.

Costs in relation to partially complete projects are treated as contract costs to the extent that the revenue relating to those projects is unrecognised at the balance sheet date.

Contract costs

Contract costs represent the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs incurred to fulfil it.

(i) Costs of obtaining a contract

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer are capitalised when it is expected that those costs are recoverable. The costs are subsequently amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract.

Costs to obtain a contract that are incurred regardless of whether or not the contract is obtained, or costs which are not otherwise recoverable from the customer, are expensed immediately to the income statement. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract where the contract term is less than one year are also immediately expensed to the income statement.

(ii) Costs to fulfil customer contracts

Customer contract fulfilment costs are capitalised when all of the following are met:

- The costs relate directly to the contract.
- The costs generate or enhance resources that will be used to satisfy the contract's future performance obligations.
- The costs are expected to be recovered.

Capitalised customer contract fulfilment costs are charged to the income statement in line with the fulfilment of the specific performance obligation to which they relate.

Foreign currencies

(i) Transactions and balances

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated and recorded at exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates ruling at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on retranslation are recognised in the income statement for the year.

(ii) Subsidiaries

The results and financial position of all subsidiaries that have a functional currency other than Sterling are translated into Sterling as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at rates ruling at the balance sheet date;
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates; and
- resulting exchange differences are recognised directly in equity in a separate foreign currency translation reserve (FCTR) in the consolidated balance sheet.

When a foreign subsidiary is disposed of, the portion of the FCTR relating to that subsidiary is required to be included as part of the calculation of profit or loss on the sale.



Notes (continued)

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Exceptional items

Exceptional items are those significant items which in the directors' judgement are highlighted by virtue of their size or incidence to enable a full understanding of the Group's financial performance; such items are reflected separately within the income statement under the caption to which they relate. Transactions which may give rise to material exceptional items include gains and losses on disposals, impairments of assets including goodwill, restructuring costs or provisions, litigation settlements, tax provisions, provisions for onerous contracts and acquisition and divestment costs.

Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in the income statement when they are due. The overwhelming majority of the Group's employees participate in plans of this nature.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Group operates three defined benefit schemes as follows:

Two defined benefit schemes exist in respect of employees of its German subsidiary, MENCK GmbH, in which there are 199 participants. Of these, 5 participate in a final salary scheme and the remaining 194 participate in a scheme which provides very modest benefits: these are determined by length of service rather than being linked to salary.

A further defined benefit scheme, in respect of employees of its Norwegian subsidiary, InterMoor AS, in which there are 20 participants. Benefits are determined by salary levels and length of service.

Amounts charged to operating profit in relation to the schemes are the current service costs and gains and losses on settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs. Past service costs are recognised in the income statement at the earlier of the recognition of related restructuring costs and termination benefits and when the plan amendment occurs. The net interest on the net defined benefit liability is shown in the income statement under finance expense.

Pension scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high-quality corporate bond of equivalent currency and term to the scheme liabilities. Plan assets are valued at fair value and deducted from the pension scheme liabilities. Actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially, with updates at intervening balance sheet dates. The resulting net defined benefit asset or liability is presented separately on the face of the balance sheet.

The Group recognises all actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans directly in equity.

(iii) Short-term benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations such as annual performance bonuses are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid as a short-term benefit if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this benefit as a result of past service provided by the employee and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

(iv) Share-based payments

Where an intermediate parent of the Group grants rights to its equity instruments to the Group's employees, which are accounted for as equity-settled in the consolidated accounts of the intermediate parent, the Group accounts for these share-based payments as equity-settled. The fair value at grant date of share-based payments awarded is recognised as an employee expense, with a corresponding increase in equity spread over the period in which the employee becomes unconditionally entitled to the award. The fair value of the award granted is measured using an option valuation model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the award was granted.



Notes (continued)

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

(iv) Share-based payments (continued)

The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of awards for which the related service and non-market vesting conditions are expected to be met, such that the amount ultimately recognised as an expense is based on the number of awards that do meet the related service and non-market performance conditions at the vesting date.

Leasing

Following the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* from 1 January 2019 (the transition date) the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the lease commencement date.

(i) Right-of-use assets

A right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any:

- lease payments made at or before the commencement date (or transition date if earlier);
- initial direct costs incurred;
- estimate of costs to dismantle, remove or restore the underlying asset or the site to which it is located; and
- lease incentives received.

A right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement (or transition) date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those for property, plant and equipment. A right-of-use asset's value may be reduced where an impairment is necessary and may also be adjusted where a remeasurement of the lease liability is appropriate.

The Group reports its right-of-use assets separately in the statement of financial position.

(ii) Lease liabilities

A lease liability is initially measured at the present value of future lease payments on the commencement date (or transition date if earlier) having been discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the incremental borrowing rate of the entity the lease is with, taking into account the risk profile of the asset and its location. Typically the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability will comprise one or more of the following:

- fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that are dependent on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or the rate at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- lease payments with an optional renewal period where the Group is reasonably certain it will exercise its option to renew; and
- penalties for early termination of the lease unless the Group is reasonably certain it will allow its lease to run its committed term.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Lease liabilities are remeasured when there is a change in the expected future lease payments arising from a change in the adopted index or rate, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether either extension or termination options will be exercised.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, or it is recorded in the income statement if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group reports its lease liabilities separately in the statement of financial position.



Notes (continued)

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leasing (continued)

(iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Financial Instruments

(i) Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments in trade and other receivables, contract assets, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings, lease liabilities and trade and other payables.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

Non-derivative financial instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

(ii) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. Any gain or loss arising in arriving at fair value is recognised immediately in the income statement.

(iii) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

Impairment

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it may be impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated discounted future cash flows. All impairment losses on financial assets measured at amortised cost are recognised in the income statement.

An impairment loss is only reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised.

(ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than inventories, contract costs and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill has an indefinite life and the recoverable amount is estimated at each reporting date.

The Group's approach to impairment testing in relation to goodwill and intangible assets is discussed in the Goodwill section above.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.



Notes (continued)

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current income tax liabilities and assets for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid to, or recovered from, the taxation authorities. Taxable profit or loss differs from that reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in later years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is recognised on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, with the following exceptions:

- where the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that a taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carried forward tax credits or tax losses can be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates and tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Current and deferred income tax is charged or credited directly to equity if it relates to items that are credited or charged to equity. Otherwise, income tax is recognised in the income statement.

Assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that their carrying value will be realised primarily through sale rather than through continuing use.

Such assets are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost of disposal. Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on re-measurement are recognised in the income statement. Once classified as held for sale, intangible assets and tangible fixed assets are not amortised or depreciated.

Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations that has been disposed of or is held for sale. Classification as a discontinued operation occurs at the earlier of disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale. When an operation is classified as a discontinued operation, the comparative income statement is represented as if the operation had been discontinued from the start of the comparative period.



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Notes (continued)

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Determination of fair values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods:

(i) Property, plant and equipment

The fair value of property, plant and equipment recognised as a result of a business combination is based on market values. The market value of property is the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. The market value of items of plant, equipment, fixtures and fittings is based on management's knowledge of prices offered and accepted for comparable items.

(ii) Intangible assets

The fair value of order books and customer lists acquired in a business combination is established by applying the income approach to valuation. The fair value of other intangible assets is based on the discounted cash flows expected to be derived from the use of those assets.

(iii) Inventories

The fair value of inventories acquired in a business combination is determined based on historic cost adjusted to fair value, if applicable. However where its estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and sale is lower than cost, that lower value is adopted.

(iv) Trade and other receivables

The fair value of trade and other receivables is estimated as the present value of their expected future cash flows, discounted where appropriate.

(v) Non-derivative financial liabilities

Fair value, which is determined for disclosure purposes, is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. For leases, the market rate of interest is determined by reference to the imbedded rate within the lease agreement or an entity's incremental borrowing rate.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Amortised cost is calculated taking into account any issue costs.

Net financing costs comprise interest payable on borrowings, interest receivable on cash and cash equivalents and amortisation of debt finance costs that are recognised in the income statement.

Interest income and expense is recognised in the income statement as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and any other short-term highly liquid investments, less bank overdrafts.



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Notes (continued)

3 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost less any provision for expected credit losses.

The Group has applied the simplified approach to measuring the expected credit loss which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit loss, trade receivables have been grouped together based on the number of days they are overdue.

Contract assets

Contract assets are recognised when the Group has satisfied its contractual performance obligations and has either not recognised a receivable to reflect its unconditional right to the corresponding consideration or where that consideration is not yet due. Contract assets are treated as financial assets for impairment purposes and therefore subject to impairment reviews on the same basis as trade and other receivables.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost.

Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities are recognised when a customer pays consideration or when the Group recognises a receivable to reflect its unconditional right to consideration (whichever is earlier), prior to the Group transferring the goods to, or performing the services for, that customer. The liability represents the Group's responsibility to fulfil the contractual performance obligations for which it has already been paid.

New accounting standards adopted in the year

There were no newly adopted accounting standards in the year that had a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Impact of future accounting standards

The Group has reviewed the accounting standards not yet adopted which become effective for periods commencing after 1 January 2021 and concluded that there are none which are expected to significantly impact the Group's existing accounting treatments or disclosures.

4 Financial risk management

The Group's international operations and debt financing expose it to a variety of financial risks. The Group has in place risk management policies that seek to limit the adverse effects of these risks on the financial performance of the Group. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's financial risk management framework.

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising on sales, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of individual Group entities (which are principally Sterling, US Dollars, Euros, Singapore Dollars and Norwegian Kroner). As the Group's presentational currency is Sterling, it is also subject to foreign exchange translation risk in respect of the results and underlying net assets of foreign operations. The Group mitigates its foreign currency risk to a large extent by operating a natural hedge against its major foreign currency risk which is the US Dollar. The impact on earnings of a weakening Dollar is mitigated by a reduction in the Sterling value of borrowings denominated in US Dollars, and vice versa.

Details of significant balances in foreign currencies and the exchange rates used to translate them into Sterling are shown in note 29.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to foreign exchange risk during the year.



Notes (continued)

4 Financial risk management (continued)

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group has interest rate risk arising from its long-term borrowings. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets other than cash and cash equivalents of a working capital nature. Therefore the Group's income and operating cash flows arising from such assets are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group monitors its exposure to interest rate risk as part of its overall financial risk management. The Board of Directors regularly considers its policy in relation to interest rate hedging and takes action where appropriate to manage its cash flow interest rate risks (see note 29).

There were no changes in the Group's approach to cash flow and fair value interest rate risk during the year.

(iii) Credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Group to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. Cash and cash equivalents, primarily comprising of current account balances, are maintained with major financial institutions in each of the territories in which the Group operates. Cash balances held by non-UK operating companies in excess of those required for short-term funding needs are regularly remitted to UK bank accounts.

Sales are made on credit and result in short-term credit exposure on trade receivables. The Group's customers are principally major companies in the renewables, nearshore construction and oil and gas exploration and production sectors that have several years' transaction history with the Group. Credit risk from the ordinary course of trade activities is managed by the Group's subsidiaries on a customer and/or project basis.

The Group establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimated lifetime expected credit loss in respect of trade and other receivables. This includes allowances for specific loss elements that relate to individually significant exposures. The ageing of receivables is shown in note 29.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to credit risk during the year.

(iv) Liquidity risk

The Group maintains a blend of long-term and short-term committed facilities that are designed to ensure that it has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansion and to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. At 31 December 2021 the Group had access to variable rate borrowings in the form of a £295m committed credit facility, of which £250m takes the form of term loans and £45m is a revolving credit facility. The Group is able to draw down on the revolving facility as needed. Interest rates are determined by reference to LIBOR which for sterling facilities has transitioned to SONIA plus a credit spread adjustment (ISDA) from January 2022 as part of IBOR reform.

The Group has a treasury management system which utilises cash-pooling arrangements to enhance its liquidity.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to liquidity risk during the year.

(v) Capital risk management

The objectives when managing capital (equity and bank borrowings) are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and:

- provide returns for shareholders;
- provide benefits for other stakeholders; and
- maintain an optimal capital structure to minimise the cost of capital.

The Group monitors its bank borrowings and conducts regular reviews of actual and projected performance against a suite of bank covenants.

There were no changes to the Group's approach to capital management in the year.



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5 Acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and trades

There were no new acquisitions or divestments of any subsidiaries in 2021, however the Group did increase its percentage shareholding within its existing group company, Century InterMoor Holdings Limited, by acquiring all of the non-controlling interests for a nominal value.

In accordance with IAS27, *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*, as the transactions did not result in a change of overall control, the goodwill increase as a result of this share acquisition has been debited to other reserves.

The Group did not acquire or divest any subsidiaries or trades during the 2020 financial year.

6 Revenue

The following tables disaggregate the Group's revenue by its nature, geographical markets, major market segments and timing of recognition.

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Nature of revenue		
Sale of goods	96,645	88,174
Rendering of services	369,673	358,142
	<u>466,318</u>	<u>446,316</u>
Geographical markets		
Europe	134,464	122,978
Africa	21,375	19,584
North America	80,633	112,463
South America	34,558	47,388
Asia and Asia Pacific	158,423	106,709
Middle East/Caspian	36,865	37,194
	<u>466,318</u>	<u>446,316</u>
Major market segments		
Foundations and cables	120,159	95,291
Moorings and anchors	64,630	74,264
Drilling and decommissioning	68,263	47,911
Asset integrity and monitoring	23,608	19,748
Geo-services	92,045	114,733
Offshore engineering	23,291	29,085
Electronics and tooling	33,568	28,986
Energy resourcing	31,974	36,298
Acteon integrated solutions	8,780	-
	<u>466,318</u>	<u>446,316</u>
Timing of revenue recognition		
Products and services transferred at a point in time	107,275	105,806
Products and services transferred over time	359,043	340,510
	<u>466,318</u>	<u>446,316</u>



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6 Revenue (continued)

Where the Group rents equipment to customers without the provision of other associated services, the equipment rental contract with the customer may meet the definition of a lease and be outside of the scope of IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. Such revenue (to the extent the lease definition is met) has not been presented separately from the Group's IFRS 15 revenue disclosures on the basis that a combined disclosure reflects a more consistent and relevant presentation of the Group's principal trading activities with its customers.

The Group may enter into fixed-price long-term contracts that remain in progress at year-end for which estimates are required to be made for contract revenue and cost recognition. These contract revenues and costs are affected by uncertainties that depend on the outcome of future events.

At the end of each reporting period the Group is required to estimate costs to complete on fixed-price contracts based on the work to be performed after the reporting date, which may span more than one reporting period. This involves an objective evaluation of project progress against the delivery schedule, evaluation of the work to be performed and the associated costs to fully deliver the contract to the customer, and contingencies. These estimates are affected by a variety of uncertainties that depend on the outcome of future events, and therefore require regular evaluation.

The directors assess the value of a contract's revenue at each reporting date, including an estimation for variation orders and any deduction for liquidated damages. The value of revenue is estimated on the basis that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised to date will not occur. The assessment is based on discussions with the customer and a range of other factors, including contractual entitlement, prior experience of the customer and of similar contracts with other customers. At the year-end, the Group had one such individually material contract in progress which required estimation in respect of contract costs to complete and variable revenue as a result of contract variations being in progress. Revised contractual terms are expected to be agreed with the customer in the second quarter of 2022.

7 Other income

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Net gain on sale of non-rental property, plant and equipment	10	417

8 Expenses, auditor's remuneration and exceptional items

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
<i>Loss before taxation is stated after charging:</i>		
Depreciation and other amounts written off owned tangible fixed assets	27,990	28,290
Depreciation of right-of-use assets under IFRS 16	7,703	8,807
Amortisation of intangibles	11,118	13,580
Operating lease rentals from short-term leases and low-value assets	409	934
Research and development expenditure	1,251	1,214

Operating lease commitments at the year-end for non-cancellable short-term and low value asset leases amounted to £234,000 (2020: £172,000), the majority of which is due within one year.

Auditor's remuneration:

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Audit of these financial statements	240	130
Amounts receivable by the Company's auditor and its associates in respect of:		
Audit of financial statements of subsidiaries of the Company	1,378	752
Taxation compliance services	671	852
Other tax advisory services	236	324
All other services	48	101



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Notes (continued)

8 Expenses, auditor's remuneration and exceptional items (continued)

Exceptional items:

Trading activity

During the year, the Group entered into a significant contract to supply marine foundations for a liquified natural gas (LNG) terminal in the Philippines. During the performance of this contract, a number of technical and operational challenges arose, not only as a result of unforeseen scoping changes, but also from delays caused by unseasonal, inclement weather and continuing Covid-19 pandemic restrictions. All of these factors had a significant cost impact in the performance and fulfilment of the contract within the agreed timeframe and pricing. This resulted in the decision to terminate the contract with a final settlement being agreed with the customer. The impact this had on the Group's performance in the year is as detailed below. There is no remaining estimation required for the revenue or costs presented. The loss is disclosed as exceptional because of its size and incidence.

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Revenue	13,707	-
Cost of sales	(35,214)	-
Gross loss	(21,507)	-
Administrative expenses – bad debt written off	(6,683)	-
Exceptional loss in the year	(28,190)	-
<i>Other exceptional (charges)/income</i>		
Group reorganisation costs	(5,430)	(6,077)
Impairment relating to right-of-use assets under IFRS 16 (note 15)	(115)	(1,172)
Impairment relating to intangible assets (note 16)	(15,372)	(907)
Government job retention scheme grant income (note 10)	509	2,467
	(20,408)	(5,689)
Total exceptional items	(48,598)	(5,689)

During 2020 the Group performed a strategic review of its business structure, the sectors it serves and the economic outlook of those sectors along with other potential complementary/related new markets and products. Following this review the Group implemented a reorganisation programme in that year, elements of which continued into 2021. The costs of this reorganisation, including the related right-of-use asset impairment charges, have been disclosed as exceptional.

Total exceptional expenses within administrative expenses comprise other exceptional charges of £20,408,000 (2020: £5,689,000) and £6,683,000 (2020: £nil) relating to the exceptional contract loss.



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9 Remuneration of directors

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Directors' emoluments	1,109	806
Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	3	13
Compensation for loss of office	684	500
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

The aggregate of emoluments of the highest paid director was £551,000 (2020: £376,000). No company pension contributions were made on his behalf to money purchase or defined benefit schemes in the current or previous year.

	Number of directors	
	2021	2020
Retirement benefits are accruing to the following number of directors under:		
Money purchase schemes	-	2
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Defined benefit schemes	1	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

10 Personnel expenses and employee numbers

The average number of employees during each year was as follows:

	Number of employees	
	2021	2020
Directors of Acteon Group Limited	3	2
Technical and administration	1,965	1,949
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	1,968	1,951
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

The aggregate payroll costs (excluding any job retention scheme grant income) of the average number of employees were as follows:

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	119,224	113,540
Social security costs	12,137	11,066
Contributions to defined contribution plans	4,406	4,178
Expenses related to defined benefit plans	292	284
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	136,059	129,068
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

During the year the Group received income from government job retention scheme grants in a number of territories in relation to the Covid-19 pandemic of £509,000 (2020: £2,467,000). This has been recognised in the income statement as a reduction to administrative expenses and disclosed as an exceptional item.

In prior years to 2016, entities controlled by the Group's ultimate controlling party issued equity instruments to Group employees and directors. These instruments vested after a period of five years and are exercisable on sale or listing of the Group. No such equity instruments were issued to the Group's employees in the current or prior year.



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11 Finance income and expense

Recognised in profit or loss

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Interest income on bank deposits	1,851	2,326
Other interest receivable	52	102
Finance income	1,903	2,428
Interest payable on bank borrowings	(18,701)	(18,958)
Foreign exchange losses	(2,358)	(2,471)
Amortisation of finance raising costs	(1,530)	(1,956)
Interest on net employee benefit obligations	(29)	(40)
Interest on lease liabilities under IFRS 16	(2,753)	(2,901)
Other interest payable	(208)	(33)
Finance expense	(25,579)	(26,359)
Net finance expense recognised in profit or loss	(23,676)	(23,931)

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Recognised directly in equity		
Translation of foreign currency net investments	(1,984)	(1,862)
Finance expense recognised directly in equity, net of tax	(1,984)	(1,862)

All finance (expense)/income recognised directly in equity is attributable to holders of equity in the company. Translation gains and losses in respect of foreign currency net investments are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.



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12 Income tax

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Current tax expense		
Corporation tax on UK profits for year	(567)	(169)
Adjustment for prior periods	989	(1,991)
Foreign tax – current	10,925	8,276
Foreign tax – adjustments in respect of prior periods	678	3,382
	<u>12,025</u>	<u>9,498</u>
Deferred tax credit		
Reversal of temporary differences	(7,297)	(8,015)
Adjustments for prior periods	1,405	(807)
	<u>(5,892)</u>	<u>(8,822)</u>
Total income tax expense	<u>6,133</u>	<u>676</u>
Reconciliation of effective tax rate		
	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Loss for the year	(61,358)	(20,493)
Total income tax expense	6,133	676
Loss excluding income tax	<u>(55,225)</u>	<u>(19,817)</u>
Income tax using the Group's domestic tax rate 19% (2020: 19%)	(10,493)	(3,765)
Movements in non-taxable provisions, and non-deductible expenses	5,282	(298)
Capital allowances on tangibles fixed assets in excess of depreciation	(472)	(941)
Unrelieved foreign taxes and franchise taxes paid in the USA	2,146	1,734
Differences between local tax rates and UK standard rate	(115)	(576)
Deferred tax assets relating to losses not recognised	8,572	4,246
Adjustment for prior periods	3,072	584
Effect of increase in UK tax rate on deferred tax balances	(1,859)	(308)
Total income tax expense	<u>6,133</u>	<u>676</u>

In the 11 March 2020 Budget it was announced that the UK tax rate would remain at 19% and not, as previously announced, reduce to 17% from 1 April 2020. The UK deferred tax balance as at 31 December 2020 was therefore calculated based on that rate. In the 3 March 2021 Budget it was announced that the UK corporation tax rate will increase to 25% from 1 April 2023. The UK deferred tax balance as at 31 December 2021 has therefore now been measured using a rate of 25%.



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13 (Loss)/profit for the financial year

The loss dealt with in the accounts of the parent company was £102,597,000 (2020: £19,251,000 profit). The change in results year on year was mainly from the recognition of net impairment losses on investment values and provisions on amounts owed from/by group undertakings totalling £136,908,000 (2020: £32,198,000). This compared to dividend income received of £57,867,000 (2020: £70,444,000). The balance sheet of the parent company can be found on page 67.

14 Property, plant and equipment

	Land, buildings and leasehold improvements £000	Plant, equipment and fixtures and fittings £000	Assets under construction £000	Total £000
Cost or deemed cost				
Balance at 1 January 2020	41,661	345,845	3,825	391,331
Additions	405	9,134	11,856	21,395
Transfer on completion	-	3,541	(3,541)	-
Disposals	(210)	(24,433)	-	(24,643)
Exchange movements	(1,702)	541	18	(1,143)
Balance at 31 December 2020	40,154	334,628	12,158	386,940
Additions	166	8,096	14,091	22,353
Transfer on completion	-	17,312	(17,312)	-
Disposals	(1,028)	(12,546)	-	(13,574)
Exchange movements	(162)	(4,632)	(366)	(5,160)
Balance at 31 December 2021	39,130	342,858	8,571	390,559
Depreciation and impairment losses				
Balance at 1 January 2020	12,851	236,069	-	248,920
Depreciation for the year	1,319	26,971	-	28,290
Disposals	(193)	(21,808)	-	(22,001)
Exchange movements	(1,283)	72	-	(1,211)
Balance at 31 December 2020	12,694	241,304	-	253,998
Depreciation for the year	1,682	26,308	-	27,990
Disposals	(903)	(11,480)	-	(12,383)
Exchange movements	(192)	(3,856)	-	(4,048)
Balance at 31 December 2021	13,281	252,276	-	265,557
Carrying amounts				
At 31 December 2020	27,460	93,324	12,158	132,942
At 31 December 2021	25,849	90,582	8,571	125,002



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14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The Group performed an impairment review of its asset values at both the current and prior year-ends. As a result of limited earnings continuing to be generated from assets within a Brazil-based subsidiary, it was deemed appropriate to maintain a full impairment of these assets. No further impairment losses have been identified in the current year.

The cumulative fixed asset impairment losses carried forward as at 31 December 2021 amounted to £2,805,000 (2020: £2,861,000). The movement in the year arose as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates reducing the value of the underlying impaired assets.

The net carrying amount of land, buildings and leasehold improvements comprises:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Freehold	12,535	12,782
Short leasehold	11,099	11,970
Leasehold improvements	2,215	2,708
	<u>25,849</u>	<u>27,460</u>

Security

At each balance sheet date the majority of properties were subject to a fixed or floating charge as security for bank loans.

Cash flow

The gross additions (excluding those arising on acquisition) to property, plant and equipment of £22,353,000 (2020: £21,395,000) have been adjusted in relation to the value of capital creditors outstanding at 31 December to derive the amount for inclusion in the Statement of Cash Flow for the purchase of property, plant and equipment.

15 Right-of-use assets

	Short- leasehold land and buildings £000	Plant, equipment and fixtures and fittings £000	Total £000
Cost			
Balance at 1 January 2020	57,861	2,820	60,681
Additions	595	1,396	1,991
Movements from modifications of existing lease liabilities	4,004	44	4,048
Disposals	(1,310)	(85)	(1,395)
Exchange movements	(2,845)	(61)	(2,906)
Balance at 31 December 2020	<u>58,305</u>	<u>4,114</u>	<u>62,419</u>
Additions	584	989	1,573
Movements from modifications of existing lease liabilities	425	115	540
Disposals	(2,027)	(643)	(2,670)
Exchange movements	(601)	(12)	(613)
Balance at 31 December 2021	<u>56,686</u>	<u>4,563</u>	<u>61,249</u>



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15 Right-of-use assets (continued)

	Short-leasehold land and buildings £000	Plant, equipment and fixtures and fittings £000	Total £000
Depreciation and impairment losses			
Balance at 1 January 2020	7,036	429	7,465
Depreciation for the year	7,698	1,109	8,807
Impairment for the year	1,172	-	1,172
Disposals	(1,310)	(85)	(1,395)
Exchange movements	(290)	(4)	(294)
Balance at 31 December 2020	14,306	1,449	15,755
Depreciation for the year	6,534	1,169	7,703
Impairment for the year	115	-	115
Disposals	(2,027)	(643)	(2,670)
Exchange movements	(67)	(4)	(71)
Balance at 31 December 2021	18,861	1,971	20,832
At 31 December 2020	43,999	2,665	46,664
At 31 December 2021	37,825	2,592	40,417

The impairment during the year of £115,000 (2020: £1,172,000) resulted from an expectation that leased properties would be vacated prior to the end of their lease term. These were a result of a group wide reorganisation programme and have been disclosed as exceptional items (see note 8).

16 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £000	Customer lists £000	Order books £000	Software £000	Development costs £000	Total £000
Cost						
Balance at 1 January 2020	201,538	147,336	16,482	11,351	9,488	386,195
Additions	-	-	-	775	492	1,267
Disposals	-	-	-	(213)	-	(213)
Exchange movements	(210)	(2,141)	-	(81)	(248)	(2,680)
Balance at 31 December 2020	201,328	145,195	16,482	11,832	9,732	384,569
Additions	-	-	-	452	192	644
Disposals	-	-	-	(233)	-	(233)
Exchange movements	(311)	320	-	(73)	(40)	(104)
Balance at 31 December 2021	201,017	145,515	16,482	11,978	9,884	384,876



Notes (continued)

16 Intangible assets (continued)

	Goodwill	Customer lists	Order books	Software	Development costs	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Amortisation and impairment						
Balance at 1 January 2020	62,494	84,828	14,840	8,731	2,573	173,466
Amortisation for the year	-	10,043	1,642	973	922	13,580
Impairment for the year	-	-	-	-	907	907
Disposals	-	-	-	(211)	-	(211)
Exchange movements	-	(310)	-	(81)	(26)	(417)
Balance at 31 December 2020	62,494	94,561	16,482	9,412	4,376	187,325
Amortisation for the year	-	8,974	-	1,129	1,015	11,118
Impairment for the year	8,815	6,557	-	-	-	15,372
Disposals	-	-	-	(232)	-	(232)
Exchange movements	-	49	-	(65)	(28)	(44)
Balance at 31 December 2021	71,309	110,141	16,482	10,244	5,363	213,539
Carrying amounts						
At 31 December 2020	138,834	50,634	-	2,420	5,356	197,244
At 31 December 2021	129,708	35,374	-	1,734	4,521	171,337

Amortisation and impairment charge

Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets is included within administrative expenses in the income statement.

Customer lists represent the value associated with the customer base of subsidiaries acquired since 1 January 2006.

The principal carrying amount of customer lists at 31 December 2021 includes:

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Probe Oil Tools Ltd – Amortisation period remaining of 1 year 8 months	3,061	4,899
UTEC Group – Amortisation period remaining of 2 years 11 months	8,157	10,965
Viking companies – Amortisation period remaining of 5 years 11 months	635	743
Deepwater Group – Amortisation period remaining of 6 years 11 months	3,227	3,693
Benthic Group – Amortisation period remaining of 7 years 5 months	18,852	21,113
TerraSond Ltd – Amortisation period remaining of 7 years 5 months (fully impaired)	-	6,676
Claxton FTS division – Amortisation period remaining of 7 years 7 months	1,395	2,334

Order books represent the value associated with incomplete customer orders at the date of acquisition in subsidiaries.



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Notes (continued)

16 Intangible assets (continued)

Impairment testing for cash-generating units (CGUs) containing goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to operating units for the purpose of impairment testing and this represents the lowest level within the Group at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill arising on business combinations is not amortised but is reviewed for impairment on an annual basis or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill may be impaired.

The aggregate carrying amounts of goodwill allocated to each unit are as follows:

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
<u>High capital intensity units</u>		
Seatronics Group	43,380	43,380
InterMoor Ltd	20,319	20,319
InterMoor AS	29,117	29,674
Probe Oil Tools Ltd	9,109	15,199
Aquatic Engineering & Construction Ltd (“Aquatic”)	3,364	3,364
Benthic Group (“Benthic”)	8,569	8,462
Other capital-intensive units	1,514	1,714
	<u>115,372</u>	<u>122,112</u>
<u>Low capital intensity units</u>		
Claxton Engineering Services Ltd	6,093	6,093
2H Group	5,804	5,804
TerraSond Ltd	-	2,449
Deepwater Group	1,824	1,761
Other low capital intensity units	615	615
	<u>14,336</u>	<u>16,722</u>
Total goodwill	<u>129,708</u>	<u>138,834</u>

Recoverable amounts for CGUs are based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections for a five/seven-year period, including financial budgets approved by the board covering a one-year period. Cash flows beyond the one-year period are extrapolated based on estimated long-term average growth rates (typically 3 to 6 per cent). Goodwill is considered to have an infinite life and the cash flows in year five/seven are used as a basis for calculating a terminal value. The terminal value is added to the value-in-use calculated for years one to five/seven. The growth rate in years two to five/seven does not exceed the anticipated long-term average growth rate for the market in which the CGU operates after taking account of the expected improvement in markets following the adverse impact from the Covid-19 pandemic and continuing energy transition, and its effect on current profitability levels. In all cases, a terminal growth value of 2% (2020: 2%) has been assumed. The key inputs to this calculation are shown below:

	As at 31 December 2021	As at 31 December 2020
Period on which management approved forecasts are based	1 Year	1 Year
Average growth rate applied for years two to five – Probe Oil Tools Ltd	14.5%	12.0%
Average growth rate applied for years two to five – Aquatic	9.0%	23.5%
Average growth rate applied for years two to five – Benthic	9.0%	5.0%
Average growth rate applied for years two to five – InterMoor Ltd	5.0%	11.5%
Average growth rate applied for years two to five/seven – UTEC	5.0%	11.0%
Average growth rate applied for years two to five – Deepwater Group	2.0%	14.0%
Average growth rate applied for years two to five – other entities*	0.0% - 5.0%	0.0% - 5.0%
Growth rate applied to terminal value calculation	2.0%	2.0%
Pre-tax discount rate	12.0%	12.0%

* excluding TerraSond Ltd for 2021 where further explanation is provided below.



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16 Intangible assets (continued)

Impairment testing for CGUs containing goodwill (continued)

For TerraSond Ltd, the current loss making position in 2021 and into 2022 is expected to improve over the five-year forecast period with an assessed prudent maintainable earnings level at the end of year five of £645,000.

Whilst current market conditions do not support the average growth rates presented above for Probe, Aquatic, Benthic and TerraSond in the short term, it is anticipated that over the medium- to longer-term these rates are appropriate, reflecting the expected development in markets of these entities over the period covered by the projections.

The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections has been derived by estimating the Group's tax-adjusted weighted average cost of capital. The rate adopted is broadly consistent with that of other market participants taken together.

Impairment reviews were performed at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021 by comparing the carrying value of goodwill and other intangible and tangible fixed assets with the estimated recoverable amount of each CGU. As part of the impairment reviews a sensitivity analysis was performed. On the basis of this review the directors concluded that impairments were necessary in relation to the companies listed below. This was as a result of short- and medium-term trading expectations being below the level required to generate cash flows to justify the carrying values of either their goodwill, unamortised customer lists or both.

Bruce Anchor Ltd	- Goodwill value of £200,000 fully impaired.
Claxton Engineering Services AS (part of the FTS division)	- Customer lists value of £670,000 fully impaired.
Probe Oil Tools Ltd	- Goodwill value partially impaired by £6,090,000.
TerraSond Ltd	- Goodwill value of £2,525,000 and customer list value of £5,887,000 fully impaired.

The total impairment loss of £15,372,000 has been recognised in the consolidated income statement.

The directors note that although the 12% pre-tax discount rate used is appropriate, an increase of 1% to 13% would have resulted in a further impairment loss on intangibles being recognised in the year of £1,830,000, £1,500,000 relating to Probe Oil Tools Ltd and £330,000 relating to Aquatic.

The cumulative impairment provisions within intangible assets are as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Goodwill	71,309	62,494
Customer lists	10,861	4,304
	<u>82,170</u>	<u>66,798</u>

There are no intangible assets, other than goodwill, with indefinite useful lives.



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17 Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are analysed as:

	Assets		Liabilities	
	2021 £000	2020 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000
Property, plant and equipment	(5,995)	(2,722)	-	-
Intangible assets	-	-	9,313	12,789
Retirement benefit obligations	(111)	(215)	-	-
Provisions/accruals	(63)	(168)	-	-
Tax losses carried forward	(4,597)	(5,189)	-	-
Other items	(155)	(136)	-	-
	<u>(10,921)</u>	<u>(8,430)</u>	<u>9,313</u>	<u>12,789</u>
Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities				
Net deferred tax (asset)/liabilities			<u>(1,608)</u>	<u>4,359</u>

The Group has recognised deferred tax assets in respect of losses carried forward on the basis that they will be used to offset future taxable profits.

At 31 December 2021 deferred tax assets totalling £35,307,000 (2020: £20,129,000) relating to trading losses (including the restriction of corporate interest deductions) have not been recognised because the relevant entities are forecasting insufficient profits for them to be utilised.

Deferred tax impact of movements in temporary differences during the year – 2021

	Balance 1 January 2021 £000	Foreign exchange movement £000	Recognised in income statement £000	Adjustments for prior year £000	Balance 31 December 2021 £000
Property, plant and equipment	(2,722)	(100)	(5,575)	2,402	(5,995)
Intangible assets	12,789	79	(3,555)	-	9,313
Retirement benefit obligations	(215)	(4)	108	-	(111)
Provisions/accruals	(168)	(2)	212	(105)	(63)
Tax losses carried forward	(5,189)	(47)	1,531	(892)	(4,597)
Other items	(136)	(1)	(18)	-	(155)
	<u>4,359</u>	<u>(75)</u>	<u>(7,297)</u>	<u>1,405</u>	<u>(1,608)</u>



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17 Deferred tax assets and liabilities (continued)

Deferred tax impact of movements in temporary differences during the year – 2020

	Balance 1 January 2020 £000	Foreign exchange movement £000	Recognised in income statement £000	Adjustments for prior year £000	Balance 31 December 2020 £000
Property, plant and equipment	2,911	(15)	(4,608)	(1,010)	(2,722)
Intangible assets	16,179	(506)	(2,884)	-	12,789
Retirement benefit obligations	(190)	13	(38)	-	(215)
Provisions/accruals	(341)	12	161	-	(168)
Tax losses carried forward	(4,579)	158	(971)	203	(5,189)
Other items	(478)	17	325	-	(136)
	<u>13,502</u>	<u>(321)</u>	<u>(8,015)</u>	<u>(807)</u>	<u>4,359</u>

18 Inventories

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Raw materials and consumables	2,164	2,136
Work in progress	1,145	1,074
Finished goods	22,827	23,515
	<u>26,136</u>	<u>26,725</u>

In 2021 raw materials, consumables and changes in finished goods and work in progress recognised as cost of sales amounted to £16,815,000 (2020: £10,598,000).

19 Contract costs

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Costs to fulfil a contract	21,037	10,127

The charge in the year to cost of sales relating to contract costs totalled £74,388,000 (2020: £60,094,000).



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20 Trade and other receivables

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Trade receivables	81,140	63,557
Other debtors	12,103	8,250
Income tax receivables	8,277	5,801
Prepayments	6,035	6,282
	<u>107,555</u>	<u>83,890</u>

Included in income tax receivables is £5,854,000 (2020: *£nil*) relating to the settlement of State Aid charging notices. As disclosed in note 31, these charges are currently being contested by the UK government.

The Group's exposures to credit and currency risks and allowances for expected losses related to trade and other receivables are disclosed in note 29.

21 Contract balances and unsatisfied performance obligations

(a) Contract balances

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Receivables which are included in Trade and other receivables (note 20)	81,140	63,557
Contract assets	13,295	20,751
Contract liabilities	(8,653)	(9,882)

In some contracts the Group receives payments from customers based on explicit billing schedules. Contract assets primarily relate to the Group's conditional right to consideration for completed performance obligations under those contracts. These are transferred to receivables once this right has become unconditional (typically on invoicing). Contract liabilities relate to payments received in advance of performing obligations under a contract and exist primarily in contracts where significant costs are expected to be incurred prior to the fulfilment of a performance obligation where revenue is to be recognised at a later point in time.

The changes in contract assets and contract liabilities during the year were as follows:

	2021 £000
Contract assets	
Balance at 1 January 2021	20,751
Increase in conditional right to consideration	27,232
Transferred to trade receivables when consideration becomes unconditional	(34,641)
Exchange movements	(47)
	<u>13,295</u>
Balance at 31 December 2021	<u>13,295</u>



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21 Contract balances and unsatisfied performance obligations (continued)

(a) Contract balances (continued)

	2021 £000
Contract liabilities	
Balance at 1 January 2021	9,882
Revenue recognised on amounts included in the balance at the beginning of the year	(9,251)
Payments received/invoices raised in advance of recognising revenue at the year-end	8,287
Exchange movements	(265)
	<u>8,653</u>
Balance at 31 December 2021	<u><u>8,653</u></u>

(b) Unsatisfied performance obligations

The aggregate amount of the transaction price (contracted revenue value) allocated to performance obligations (POs) that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 December 2021 totals £194,493,000 (2020: £205,918,000). The Group expects these to be satisfied in:

31 December 2021	2022	2023	After	Total
	£000	£000	2023 £000	
Expected recognition of unsatisfied POs at the year-end	154,546	28,166	11,781	194,493
	<u>154,546</u>	<u>28,166</u>	<u>11,781</u>	<u>194,493</u>
31 December 2020			After	
	2021	2022	2022	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Expected recognition of unsatisfied POs at the year-end	187,397	12,933	5,588	205,918
	<u>187,397</u>	<u>12,933</u>	<u>5,588</u>	<u>205,918</u>

22 Share capital

	Allotted, called up and fully paid	
	2021 £000	2020 £000
At 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021		
4,665,929,237 Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	46,659	46,659
	<u>46,659</u>	<u>46,659</u>

23 Capital and reserves

Share premium

Share premium represents the excess of the proceeds received from the issue of shares over the nominal value of those shares.



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Notes (continued)

23 Capital and reserves (continued)

Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

Other reserves

Other reserves represent a capital redemption reserve credit balance of £1,154,000 (2020: £1,154,000) and an ownership change reserve debit balance of £6,404,000 (2020: debit balance of £6,145,000).

The capital redemption reserve arose on the repurchase of own shares by the Company.

The ownership change reserve arose from the Group acquiring and disposing of shareholdings in existing group companies which did not result in a change in overall control. In accordance with IAS 27, *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*, any goodwill changes are posted to this reserve, rather than adjusting goodwill on initial acquisition by the Group. Further details of the movement in the current year are detailed in note 5.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprise cumulative undistributed earnings of the Group.

24 Non-controlling interests

	UTEC Group £000	Seatronics Group £000	Probe Oil Tools Limited £000	Other £000	Total £000
Balance at 1 January 2020	1,976	1,253	7,718	2,177	13,124
(Loss)/profit allocated to non-controlling interests in the year	(531)	127	11	183	(210)
Balance at 31 December 2020	1,445	1,380	7,729	2,360	12,914
(Loss)/profit allocated to non-controlling interests in the year	(52)	157	(42)	(1,688)	(1,625)
On acquisition in the year (note 5)	-	-	-	259	259
Balance at 31 December 2021	1,393	1,537	7,687	931	11,548



Notes (continued)

25 Loans and borrowings

Net debt

	1 January 2021 £000	Cash flows (* £000	Non-cash changes				31 December 2021 £000
			Foreign exchange £000	Debt issue cost amortisation £000	Change in debt issue cost accrual £000	New lease obligations £000	
Non-current liabilities							
Secured bank loans	(246,823)	(25,578)	(825)	(1,530)	1,246	-	(273,510)
Total loans and borrowings	(246,823)	(25,578)	(825)	(1,530)	1,246	-	(273,510)
Lease liabilities (note 26)	(50,698)	7,079	492	-	-	(2,262)	(45,389)
Cash and cash equivalents	48,057	21,311	(698)	-	-	-	68,670
Net debt	(249,464)	2,812	(1,031)	(1,530)	1,246	(2,262)	(250,229)

	1 January 2020 £000	Cash flows (* £000	Non-cash changes				31 December 2020 £000
			Foreign exchange £000	Debt issue cost amortisation £000	Change in Debt issue cost accrual £000	New lease obligations £000	
Non-current liabilities							
Secured bank loans	(273,176)	26,070	2,239	(1,956)	-	-	(246,823)
Total loans and borrowings	(273,176)	26,070	2,239	(1,956)	-	-	(246,823)
Lease liabilities (note 26)	(54,329)	7,016	2,191	-	-	(5,576)	(50,698)
Cash and cash equivalents	58,928	(8,806)	(2,065)	-	-	-	48,057
Net debt	(268,577)	24,280	2,365	(1,956)	-	(5,576)	(249,464)

* Detailed breakdowns of these cash flows are disclosed within the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow on page 18.

There was no repayment of the brought forward loans and borrowing liability in 2021 following the refinancing exercise during the year which only resulted in changes to the terms of the facilities in place. This is detailed in the terms and debt repayment schedule section below.



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25 Loans and borrowings (continued)

Terms and debt repayment schedule

This note provides information relating to the contractual terms of the Group's interest-bearing loans and borrowings (excluding lease liabilities which are disclosed separately), which are measured at amortised cost. Further information relating to the Group's exposure to interest rate, foreign currency and liquidity risk is contained in note 29.

The principal terms relating to outstanding borrowings are as follows:

	Currency	Nominal interest rate	Year of maturity	Face value 2021 £000	Carrying amount* 2021 £000	Face value 2020 £000	Carrying amount* 2020 £000
Secured bank loan	Sterling	Libor + Margin**	2022	-	-	85,867	84,173
			2023	-	-	97,500	97,500
			2024	115,217	112,957	-	-
			2025	97,500	95,588	-	-
Secured bank loan	US Dollar	Libor + Margin**	2022	-	-	14,675	14,385
			2023	-	-	50,765	50,765
			2024	14,860	14,569	-	-
			2025	51,405	50,396	-	-
Total interest-bearing liabilities				278,982	273,510	248,807	246,823

* The carrying amount of each loan is the face value less its unamortised debt issue costs.

** Margin is in the range of 4.50% to 6.50% depending on the Group's financial performance.

The bank loans are secured via fixed or floating charges over the majority of the Group's properties and other assets.

During the year the Group amended the terms of its secured bank borrowings. This had the effect of revising the thresholds for certain financial covenants, modifying the interest margins and extending of maturity dates. The table above reflects these revised terms. Prior to this Amendment, the loans were due for repayment by 2023 and interest margins on the individual tranches were in the 4.0% to 5.75% range.

The directors considered both the quantitative and qualitative aspects of the Amendment and concluded that the resulting changes in the ancillary facilities and key covenant definitions did not constitute a substantial modification to the financing arrangements. Specifically, the changes did not result in a change of 10% or more in the present value of cash flows, when discounted at the original effective interest rate, nor were there other qualitative changes which were considered substantial.

No gain or loss has been recognised on modification. This reflects how the Group considered the revision of interest margins was a market rate adjustment and the loan is repayable by the Group without a significant penalty. In accordance with IFRS 9 *Financial instruments*, and reflecting the conclusion of no substantial modification to terms, the costs and fees relating to the Amendment have been offset against the carrying value of the loan liability and will be amortised, along with existing unamortised issue costs, over the remaining extended borrowing term on an effective interest rate basis.

A further Amendment to the terms of the secured bank loans was also agreed in December 2021 (effective from 1 January 2022). This was a result of Ibor reform with the only amendment relating to the replacement of Libor, as part of the nominal interest rate for the sterling loans, to Sonia (Sterling Overnight Interbank Average Rate) plus a credit spread adjustment (ISDA). This is an equivalent rate to Libor and therefore is not expected to have a material impact to the future interest costs associated with the facility.



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26 Lease liabilities

The maturity of lease liabilities at the balance sheet date are as follows:

	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Within one year	6,964	6,541
Between one and two years	6,871	7,871
Between two and five years	10,328	11,408
After five years	21,226	24,878
	<u>45,389</u>	<u>50,698</u>

The majority of the Group's leases relate to land and buildings for office space, warehouse and yard facilities. These leases typically run on average for a period of 5 to 10 years although a small number exist where the term is significantly longer and some include options, exercisable by the Group and not by the lessor, to further extend. This is to ensure the Group has sufficient operational flexibility and security over its occupied business premises.

The Group also leases office equipment and vehicles all of which have fixed lease terms of between 2 and 5 years.

When assessing a lease liability's value (and its corresponding right-of-use asset) the Group considers at the lease commencement date (or on transition) whether it will with reasonable certainty exercise any extension options embedded in the lease. A reassessment is performed if there are significant events or changes in circumstances within the Group's control that suggests previous assumptions have changed. For those options that are deemed likely to be exercised they are included in the lease liability values as described in note 3.

As at 31 December 2021 the potential undiscounted future lease payments relating to extension options which are considered likely to lapse with reasonable certainty, and therefore not included in the lease liabilities value, amounted to £36,213,000 (2020: £35,951,000). The main leases this relates to at the current year end are:

	2021
	£000
Facility and extension periods after initial lease term	
Port facility, Brazil – 20-year extension from November 2031	17,896
Facilities in Morgan City, USA – five 5-year extensions from December 2024	9,689
Facilities in Houston, USA – 5/10 year extensions from December 2023/August 2026	5,398
Facility in Kristiansund and Sløvågen, Norway – 10/5 year extensions from June 2024/September 2026	2,597
	<u>35,580</u>

The Group also had potential early termination fees totalling £1,485,000 (2020 £1,293,000) at the year-end. These have not been included in the lease liabilities value as there is no expectation of the related leases being terminated before the end of the lease term.



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27 Employee benefits

Defined contribution schemes

The Group operates various defined contribution pension schemes, the assets of which are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

Defined benefit schemes

MENCK GmbH, a subsidiary of Acteon Group Ltd incorporated in Germany, operates two defined benefit pension schemes as described in note 3. Unlike UK pension schemes the pension obligations of the scheme are met via the assets of the company. There are no assets held separately by the scheme itself.

InterMoor AS, an indirectly owned subsidiary of Acteon Group Ltd incorporated in Norway, also operates a defined benefit scheme. The scheme's pension obligations are met via plan assets held separately in the form of an insurance policy. The company contributes annually into the policy, with the premiums being invested to provide assets sufficient to fund employees' accrued benefit entitlements on retirement.

Charges to the income statement

Total charges to operating profit/(loss) in the income statement in respect of the schemes operated by the Group were as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
(i) In respect of the Group's defined contribution schemes		
- UK	2,523	2,445
- Overseas	1,883	1,733
	<u>4,406</u>	<u>4,178</u>
(ii) In respect of the Group's defined benefit schemes	292	284

Disclosure relating to the Group's defined benefit obligations

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Total present value of unfunded obligations recognised as a liability - Menck GmbH	2,185	2,489
Total present value of funded obligations net of pension plan assets - InterMoor AS	294	437
	<u>2,479</u>	<u>2,926</u>



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27 Employee benefits (continued)

Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligations

	InterMoor AS		Menck GmbH	
	2021 £000	2020 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000
Defined benefit obligations at 1 January	(2,948)	(2,662)	(2,489)	(2,149)
Benefits paid by the plan	30	30	83	86
Current service costs	(215)	(209)	(77)	(75)
Interest cost	(49)	(61)	(18)	(27)
Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in equity (see below)	16	(92)	155	(204)
Payment of payroll taxes on pension obligations	35	29	-	-
Exchange rate movements on retranslation	55	17	161	(120)
Defined benefit obligations at 31 December	(3,076)	(2,948)	(2,185)	(2,489)
Movement in fair value of plan assets				
Fair value of plan assets at 1 January	2,511	2,282	-	-
Interest income	38	48	-	-
Actuarial gain on plan assets recognised in equity (see below)	56	19	-	-
Employer contributions	254	206	-	-
Benefits paid from the plan	(30)	(30)	-	-
Exchange rate movements on retranslation	(47)	(14)	-	-
Fair value of plan assets at 31 December	2,782	2,511	-	-
Deficit recognised at 31 December	(294)	(437)	(2,185)	(2,489)



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27 Employee benefits (continued)

Expense recognised in profit or loss

	InterMoor AS		Menck GmbH	
	2021 £000	2020 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000
Current service costs included in other administrative expenses	(215)	(209)	(77)	(75)
Interest on net obligation included in finance expense	(11)	(13)	(18)	(27)
Total	<u>(226)</u>	<u>(222)</u>	<u>(95)</u>	<u>(102)</u>

Actual return on plan assets

	InterMoor AS	
	2021 £000	2020 £000
Total	<u>94</u>	<u>67</u>

Actuarial gains and losses recognised directly in equity in the statement of recognised income and expense

	InterMoor AS		Menck GmbH	
	2021 £000	2020 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000
Cumulative loss at 1 January	(1,048)	(975)	(1,086)	(882)
Recognised during the period:				
Actuarial gain/(loss) arising from financial assumptions	72	(73)	155	(204)
Cumulative loss at 31 December	<u>(976)</u>	<u>(1,048)</u>	<u>(931)</u>	<u>(1,086)</u>

There were no actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in demographic assumptions in the current or period year.

Fair value of plan assets

The approximate breakdown of the fair value of plan assets (expressed as percentages) was as follows:

	InterMoor AS	
	2021 %	2020 %
Equities	13	8
Corporate bonds	55	68
Property	13	10
Money market deposits	16	14
Other	3	-
	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>



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Notes (continued)

27 Employee benefits (continued)

Actuarial assumptions

Principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages):

	InterMoor AS		Menck GmbH	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	%	%	%	%
Discount rate	1.90	1.70	1.25	0.80
Interest rate on assets	1.90	1.70	-	-
Future salary increases	2.75	2.25	-	-
Staff turnover	-	-	6.00	6.00
Norwegian national insurance increases	2.50	2.00	-	-
Future pension increases	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00

Sensitivity analysis

A 0.5 percent change in the principal actuarial assumptions above at the reporting date would have (increased)/decreased the defined benefit obligation at 31 December by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other assumptions remain constant.

2021	InterMoor AS		Menck GmbH	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
	+0.5%	-0.5%	+0.5%	-0.5%
Discount rate	336	(395)	182	(211)
Future salary increases	(166)	200	-	-
Staff turnover	-	-	1	(1)
Norwegian national insurance increases	62	(17)	-	-
Future pension increases	(235)	-	(135)	123

2020	InterMoor AS		Menck GmbH	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
	+0.5%	-0.5%	+0.5%	-0.5%
Discount rate	333	(387)	217	(253)
Future salary increases	(176)	190	-	-
Staff turnover	-	-	2	(2)
Norwegian national insurance increases	50	(24)	-	-
Future pension increases	(225)	-	(159)	145



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27 Employee benefits (continued)

Historical information – InterMoor AS funded pension scheme

	2021 £000	2020 £000	2019 £000	2018 £000	2017 £000
Present value of the defined benefit obligation	(3,076)	(2,948)	(2,662)	(2,539)	(2,293)
Fair value of the planned assets	2,782	2,511	2,282	2,065	1,910
Deficit in the plan	(294)	(437)	(380)	(474)	(383)
Experience gain/(loss) adjustments on plan liabilities	14	113	(116)	19	1
Experience gain/(loss) adjustments on plan assets	95	53	25	(28)	36

The plan obligations have a weighted average duration at the year-end of 21 years (2020: 21 years), and in 2022 the Group expects to pay contributions totalling £210,000 into the plan.

Historical information – Menck GmbH unfunded pension scheme

	2021 £000	2020 £000	2019 £000	2018 £000	2017 £000
Present value of the defined benefit obligation	(2,185)	(2,489)	(2,149)	(1,973)	(1,912)
Deficit in the plan	(2,185)	(2,489)	(2,149)	(1,973)	(1,912)
Experience loss adjustments on plan liabilities	(33)	(29)	(31)	(9)	(21)

The plan obligations have a weighted average duration at the year-end of 18 years (2020: 19 years). The scheme is an unfunded scheme and the Group expects to pay £86,000 in plan benefits during 2022. This will settle the liabilities to pensioners as they fall due.

28 Trade and other payables

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Trade payables	63,037	38,757
Other tax and social security	4,895	5,687
Other creditors	6,682	4,841
Accruals and deferred income	66,773	37,076
	141,387	86,361

The Group's exposure to currency and liquidity risk related to trade and other payables is disclosed in note 29.



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29 Financial instruments

The Group's activities give rise to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk and cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's approach to financial risk management is described in note 4.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Carrying amount	
	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments)	101,520	77,608
Contract assets	13,295	20,751
Cash and cash equivalents	68,670	48,057
	<u>183,485</u>	<u>146,416</u>

The carrying amounts of the Group's net trade receivables were denominated in the following principal currencies:

	Carrying amount	
	2021	2020
	000	000
Sterling	37,110	18,425
US Dollars	31,372	34,061
Euros	6,764	10,975
Norwegian Kroner	39,377	41,196
Singapore Dollars	12,190	7,402
	<u>127,613</u>	<u>112,060</u>



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29 Financial instruments (continued)

Allowance for expected credit losses

The Group contracts with customers under different credit terms.

The ageing of trade receivables and allowances for expected credit losses at the reporting date was:

	Expected credit loss rates		Gross 2021 £000	Gross 2020 £000	Allowance for expected credit losses	Allowance for expected credit losses
	2021 %	2020 %			2021 £000	2020 £000
0-30 days	0.1	0.1	41,814	34,871	(42)	(35)
31-60 days	0.2	0.2	27,315	15,969	(55)	(32)
61-90 days	3.2	3.2	5,843	6,167	(187)	(197)
91-120 days	50.0	50.0	3,095	3,719	(1,548)	(1,860)
Over 121 days	54.3	61.1	10,735	12,723	(5,830)	(7,768)
			88,802	73,449	(7,662)	(9,892)
Trade receivables net of allowance for expected credit losses					81,140	63,557

The expected credit loss rates are assessed at each year-end and adjusted to reflect the expected future market conditions in which the Group operates.

The directors are of the opinion that despite the market impact of the Covid-19 pandemic easing and the energy sector starting to show an improving trend, the overall recoverability risk on the Group's trade receivables is still considered comparable to 2020. Even though trading activity in the industry has improved in the second half of 2021, which is expected to continue into 2022, competition and cost pressures within the market still remain challenging. This coupled with the legacy impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, has led to the Group's assessment of the inherent risk of credit loss as at 31 December 2021 only showing a small improvement when compared to 31 December 2020 levels. This is reflected in the credit loss percentage rates above.

The movement in the allowance for expected credit losses in respect of trade receivables during the year was as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Balance at 1 January	9,892	11,511
Expected credit loss allowance (utilised and/or reversed)/charged	(2,230)	(1,619)
Balance at 31 December	7,662	9,892

The expected credit loss allowance at 31 December 2021 that covers amounts on contracts known to have specific recoverability risk amounts to £5,893,000 (2020: £7,143,000).



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29 Financial instruments (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group's policy on liquidity risk management is discussed in note 4.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and including the impact of netting agreements:

Non-derivative financial liabilities

2021	Carrying amount £000	Contractual cash flows £000	6 months or less £000	6-12 months £000	1-2 years £000	2-5 years £000	More than 5 years £000
Secured bank loans	273,510	334,877	8,978	8,978	17,956	298,965	-
Lease liabilities	45,389	64,075	4,753	4,753	9,341	15,493	29,735
Trade and other payables	142,091	142,091	141,387	-	81	10	613
	<u>460,990</u>	<u>541,043</u>	<u>155,118</u>	<u>13,731</u>	<u>27,378</u>	<u>314,468</u>	<u>30,348</u>
2020	Carrying amount £000	Contractual cash flows £000	6 months or less £000	6-12 months £000	1-2 years £000	2-5 years £000	More than 5 years £000
Secured bank loans	246,823	278,676	7,008	7,008	113,614	151,046	-
Lease liabilities	50,698	71,520	4,572	4,573	10,500	16,919	34,956
Trade and other payables	86,991	86,991	86,361	-	126	87	417
	<u>384,512</u>	<u>437,187</u>	<u>97,941</u>	<u>11,581</u>	<u>124,240</u>	<u>168,052</u>	<u>35,373</u>



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29 Financial instruments (continued)

Exposure to currency risk

The Group's significant exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows:

31 December 2021

Impact in 000s	USD	Euro	SGD	NOK
Trade receivables	31,372	6,764	12,190	39,377
Cash and cash equivalents	36,442	17,446	12,404	64,198
Secured bank loans	(89,326)	-	-	-
Trade payables	(13,833)	(18,728)	(8,687)	(21,842)
Gross balance sheet financial instrument exposure	<u>(35,345)</u>	<u>5,482</u>	<u>15,907</u>	<u>81,733</u>

31 December 2020

Impact in 000s	USD	Euro	SGD	NOK
Trade receivables	34,061	10,975	7,402	41,196
Cash and cash equivalents	36,275	(1,184)	6,126	73,655
Secured bank loans	(89,326)	-	-	-
Trade payables	(18,178)	(7,761)	(2,399)	(22,897)
Gross balance sheet financial instrument exposure	<u>(37,168)</u>	<u>2,030</u>	<u>11,129</u>	<u>91,954</u>

The following significant exchange rates applied during the year:

	Average rate		Reporting date spot rate	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£	£	£	£
USD	1.3772	1.2868	1.348	1.365
Euro	1.1657	1.1242	1.190	1.113
SGD	1.8492	1.7726	1.818	1.804
NOK	11.8347	12.1228	11.887	11.664



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29 Financial instruments (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

A 5 percent strengthening of Sterling against the following currencies at 31 December would have increased/(decreased) equity and profit after tax by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2020.

Impact in £000	Balance sheet (Equity)	Income Statement (Profit after tax)
31 December 2021		
USD	(949)	662
Euro	(1,066)	(529)
SGD	(1,089)	(285)
NOK	(1,303)	19
31 December 2020		
USD	(1,796)	908
Euro	(167)	(483)
SGD	(895)	(135)
NOK	(1,467)	(47)

A 5 percent weakening of Sterling against the above currencies at 31 December would have had an equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remained constant.

Interest rate risk

Profile

	Carrying amount	
	2021 £000	2020 £000
Variable rate instruments		
Financial liabilities at 31 December	273,510	246,823



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29 Financial instruments (continued)

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

An increase of 100 basis points in interest rates during the reporting period and at the reporting date would have decreased equity and profit before tax by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. Tax effects have been ignored. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2020.

Impact in £000	Balance sheet (Equity)	Income Statement (Profit before tax)
31 December 2021		
Variable rate instruments	2,602	2,602
	<u>2,602</u>	<u>2,602</u>
Cash flow sensitivity	<u>2,602</u>	<u>2,602</u>
31 December 2020		
Variable rate instruments	2,600	2,600
	<u>2,600</u>	<u>2,600</u>
Cash flow sensitivity	<u>2,600</u>	<u>2,600</u>

A decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates during the reporting period and at the reporting date would have had an equal but opposite effect on the above amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remained constant.

Fair values

Fair values versus carrying amounts

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet, are as follows:

	2021		2020	
	Carrying amount £000	Fair value £000	Carrying amount £000	Fair value £000
Trade and other receivables	107,555	107,555	83,890	83,890
Contract assets	13,295	13,295	20,751	20,751
Cash and cash equivalents	68,670	68,670	48,057	48,057
Secured bank loans	(273,510)	(278,012)	(246,823)	(247,349)
Lease liabilities	(45,389)	(45,389)	(50,698)	(50,698)
Trade and other payables*	(137,196)	(137,196)	(81,304)	(81,304)
	<u>(266,575)</u>	<u>(271,077)</u>	<u>(226,127)</u>	<u>(226,653)</u>

* Excludes other taxes and social security

The fair values of bank borrowings have been calculated by discounting expected future cash flows at prevailing interest rates.



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29 Financial instruments (continued)

Interest rates used for determining fair value

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, where applicable, are based on the rates applicable to the bank borrowings at the relevant balance sheet date, and were as follows:

	2021	2020
Bank loans and borrowings	6.4%	5.6%

30 Capital commitments

At 31 December 2021 the Group had entered into contracts to purchase property, plant and equipment totalling £9,612,000 (2020: £5,490,000) in respect of which delivery and settlement was expected to take place in the following financial year.

31 Contingent liabilities

In April 2019, the European Commission published its final decision on its State Aid investigation into the UK's 'Financing Company Partial Exemption' legislation and concluded that part of the legislation is in breach of EU State Aid rules. As with other UK-based international groups that have acted in accordance with the UK legislation in force at the time, the Group is affected by the finding and is monitoring developments.

The European Commission's conclusion as to whether the technical basis for the decision is correct is being contested by the UK government, which has appealed to the General Court of the European Union against the decision.

The Group's estimated maximum potential liability as at 31 December 2021 relating to this is £5,854,000. Based on its current assessment, the Group believes that no provision is required in respect of this issue at 31 December 2021 (2020: £nil). This is based on the Group's current assessment of the matter and the underlying uncertainty surrounding the final conclusion. No additional claim should accrue in future periods following (i) an amendment of the UK legislation affected by the EU Commission findings on 1 January 2019 to be in compliance with EU law, and (ii) the unwinding by the Group of the financing company arrangements in question.

Notwithstanding the appeal, the UK government was required to start collection proceedings and on 5 February 2021, the Group received State Aid charging notices from HM Revenue and Customs totalling £5,854,000 all of which have been settled and recorded as an income tax receivable.

The Group may also, from time to time, be subject to other claims or proceedings in the normal course of business. The directors believe, based on the information currently available to them, that the likelihood of a material outflow of economic benefit arising in relation to such matters is remote.

32 Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is KKR Matterhorn Bidco Ltd, a company incorporated in Jersey.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking is KKR Matterhorn Holdco Ltd, a company incorporated in Jersey, and the ultimate controlling party is KKR & Co. Inc., a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

The registered office address for both Jersey incorporated entities is 47 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE1 0BD.

KKR & Co. Inc.'s registered office address is c/o Maples Fiduciary Services (Delaware) Inc., 4001 Kennett Pike, Suite 302, County of New Castle, Wilmington, Delaware 19807, USA.



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33 Related parties

(a) Transactions with key management personnel

(i) Key management personnel compensation

Key management comprises executive directors and members of the executive management team. In addition to their salaries, the Group also provides non-cash benefits and contributes to post-employment defined contribution plans on their behalf.

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Short-term employee benefits	4,093	2,295
Post-employment benefits	46	65
	<u>4,139</u>	<u>2,360</u>
Total	<u>4,139</u>	<u>2,360</u>
Of which outstanding at the year-end:	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>

	Number	
	2021	2020
Average number of key management personnel during the year	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>

(ii) Key management personnel and director transactions

BHHM pension scheme

The Group had transactions with BHHM Pension Scheme, an entity associated by a common shareholder (former Company director)/trustees as follows:

Rent charged by BHHM Pension Scheme amounted to £297,000 (2020: £297,000). The amount owing to BHHM Pension Scheme at 31 December 2021 was £181,000 (2020: £112,000).

Balanus Assets Ltd

The Group had transactions with Balanus Assets Ltd, an entity associated by a common shareholder (former Company director) as follows:

Rent charged by Balanus Assets Ltd amounted to £187,000 (2020: £154,000). The amount owing to Balanus Assets Ltd at 31 December 2021 was £86,000 (2020: £nil).

Directors' interests

Directors of the Company had an equity interest in the Company of 0.4% (2020: 0.3%) at the balance sheet date.

(b) Post-employment benefit plans

The Group operates a post-employment benefit plan as detailed in note 27.

The Group contributed the following amounts to defined contribution plans and had amounts outstanding at 31 December each year as follows:

	Employer contributions		Outstanding at 31 December	
	2021 £000	2020 £000	2021 £000	2020 £000
Defined contribution schemes	<u>4,406</u>	<u>4,178</u>	<u>513</u>	<u>431</u>



Notes (continued)

33 Related parties (continued)

(c) Other related party transactions

	Transaction value		Balance outstanding	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Sales of goods and services				
Products and services provided to companies on a commercial arm's length basis where the ultimate controlling party has an interest.	29	797	-	-
Products and services provided to the Group's joint venture partner on a commercial arm's length basis.	-	28	-	-
Purchase of goods and services				
Products and services provided by companies on a commercial arm's length basis where the ultimate controlling party has an interest.	1,482	1,398	4	8
Products and services provided by the Group's joint venture partner on a commercial arm's length basis.	-	81	-	32

(d) Financial information relating to significant subsidiaries/entities with non-controlling interests

	UTEC Group		Seatronics Group		Probe Oil Tools Ltd	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Statement of Financial Position*						
Non-current assets	6,489	7,385	13,240	13,510	5,991	6,527
Current assets	42,005	33,510	59,993	48,796	38,121	36,050
Current liabilities	(15,669)	(9,196)	(10,756)	(6,098)	(3,850)	(3,350)
Non-current liabilities	(49)	(342)	(4,226)	(4,419)	(4,219)	(4,552)
Income Statement*						
Revenue	41,294	34,921	36,272	30,966	9,480	9,865
Profit/(loss) for the year	1,291	(3,945)	6,373	3,722	1,118	1,681

* In accordance with IFRS 12, *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*, all amounts disclosed are before any inter-company/group eliminations.

34 Restatement of comparative financial information

During the year the Group has performed a reassessment of the classification of its cost allocations between cost of sales and administrative expenses. This exercise was undertaken to provide a more relevant and reliable allocation of expenditure based on the nature of activities of the Group's subsidiaries. In the current year this has resulted in additional costs of £23,254,000 being presented within cost of sales rather than within administrative expenses.

The comparative financial information has been restated to present the 2020 income statement on a consistent basis. This has resulted in £23,567,000 of costs previously being reported as administrative expenses in 2020 now being reclassified and included within cost of sales. Cost of sales has increased from £332,536,000 to £356,103,000 and administrative expenses decreased from £110,083,000 to £86,516,000. Gross profit has therefore been restated to £90,213,000 from that previously reported of £113,780,000. There is no change to profit/(loss) from operating activities.



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Company balance sheet and notes
prepared under FRS 101



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Balance Sheet at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021		2020	
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	36		15		40
Right-of-use assets	37		286		90
Intangible assets	38		1,026		1,211
Investments	39		470,490		550,154
			<u>471,817</u>		<u>551,495</u>
Current assets					
Debtors	40	51,850		29,650	
Cash at bank and in hand		15,429		8,207	
		<u>67,279</u>		<u>37,857</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	41	<u>(137,144)</u>		<u>(111,718)</u>	
Net current liabilities			<u>(69,865)</u>		<u>(73,861)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>401,952</u>		<u>477,634</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	42		<u>(273,738)</u>		<u>(246,823)</u>
Net assets			<u>128,214</u>		<u>230,811</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	46	46,659		46,659	
Share premium account		16,437		16,437	
Capital redemption reserve		1,154		1,154	
Profit and loss account		63,964		166,561	
		<u>128,214</u>		<u>230,811</u>	
Shareholders' funds			<u>128,214</u>		<u>230,811</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 28 April 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

C G Trowell
Director

K Murdoch
Director



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Statement of Changes in Equity
for year ended 31 December 2021

	Called up share capital £000	Share premium account £000	Capital redemption reserve £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000
Balance at 1 January 2020	46,659	16,437	1,154	147,310	211,560
Profit for the year	-	-	-	19,251	19,251
Balance at 31 December 2020	46,659	16,437	1,154	166,561	230,811
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(102,597)	(102,597)
Balance at 31 December 2021	46,659	16,437	1,154	63,964	128,214



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Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

35 Accounting policies

Acteon Group Limited (the "Company") is a company incorporated and domiciled in the UK.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in s408 of the Companies Act 2006 not to present its individual profit and loss account and related notes that form part of these approved financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework* ("FRS 101").

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has applied the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of UK-adopted international accounting standards ("Adopted IFRS") and applicable law. The Company has also taken advantage of the available FRS 101 disclosure exemptions in relation to the following:

- a Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- Comparative period reconciliations for share capital, tangible and intangible fixed assets;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel.

The consolidated financial statements of Acteon Group Limited include the disclosures as required under IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* and IFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurements*, both relating to financial instruments. As a consequence, the Company has also taken the exemption under FRS 101 not to include the equivalent disclosures, apart from those which are relevant for financial instruments held at fair value and are not either held as part of a trading portfolio or derivatives.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Judgements made by the directors in the application of these accounting policies that have a significant effect on these financial statements, or in relation to estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year, are discussed in note 39 in relation to impairment of investment values.

Measurement convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. When an element of a tangible fixed asset item has a different useful life, it is accounted for as a separate tangible fixed asset item.

Depreciation is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each element of an item of tangible fixed asset.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and computer equipment 3-5 years straight line

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each balance sheet date.



Notes (continued)

35 Accounting policies (continued)

Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets have arisen as a result of the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* from 1 January 2019 (the transition date).

A right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any:

- lease payments made at or before the commencement date (or transition date if earlier);
- initial direct costs incurred;
- estimate of costs to dismantle, remove or restore the underlying asset or the site to which it is located; and
- lease incentives received.

A right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement (or transition) date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those for property, plant and equipment. A right-of-use asset's value may be reduced when an impairment is necessary and may also be adjusted where a remeasurement of the lease liability is appropriate.

The Company reports its right-of-use assets separately in the balance sheet.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets represents software and is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each intangible asset from the date they are available for use. This is currently assessed as 3 years.

Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments, trade and other debtors, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other creditors, lease liabilities and loans and borrowings.

(i) Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at deemed cost less impairment.

(ii) Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment provision for expected credit losses.

The Company has applied the simplification approach to measuring expected credit loss, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit loss, trade debtors have been grouped based on days overdue.

(iii) Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.



Notes (continued)

35 Accounting policies (continued)

Non-derivative financial instruments (continued)

(iv) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities have arisen as a result of the adoption of IFRS 16 *Leases* from 1 January 2019 (the transition date).

A lease liability is initially measured at the present value of future lease payments on the commencement date (or transition date if earlier) having been discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the incremental borrowing rate of the Company taking into account the risk profile of the asset and its location. Typically the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability will comprise one or more of the following:

- fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that are dependent on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or the rate at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- lease payments with an optional renewal period where the Company is reasonably certain it will exercise its option to renew; and
- penalties for early termination of the lease unless the Company is reasonably certain it will allow its lease to run its committed term.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Lease liabilities are remeasured when there is a change in the expected future lease payments arising from a change in the adopted index or rate, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether either extension or termination options will be exercised.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, or it is recorded in the income statement if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company reports its lease liabilities within creditors in the balance sheet and disclosed separately within the accompanying notes.

(v) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

Following the adoption of IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent they meet the following two conditions:

- (a) they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets, or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and
- (b) where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments, or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.



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Notes (continued)

35 Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, adjusted for any tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit other than in a business combination, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the Company's functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are retranslated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the profit and loss account on a net basis.

Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Defined contribution pension plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

Intra-group financial instruments

Where the Company enters into financial guarantee contracts to guarantee the indebtedness of other companies within its group, the Company considers these to be insurance arrangements and accounts for them as such. In this respect, the Company treats the guarantee contract as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probable that the Company will be required to make a payment under the guarantee.



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Notes (continued)

35 Accounting policies (continued)

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

New accounting standards adopted in the year

There were no newly adopted accounting standards in the year that had a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Impact of future accounting standards

The Company has reviewed the accounting standards not yet adopted which become effective for periods commencing after 1 January 2021 and concluded that there are none which are expected to significantly impact the Company's existing accounting treatments or disclosures.

36 Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures, fittings and computer equipment £000
Cost	
Balance at 1 January 2021	366
Additions	27
Disposals	(209)
	<hr/>
Balance at 31 December 2021	184
	<hr/>
Depreciation and impairment	
Balance at 1 January 2021	326
Depreciation charge for the year	51
Disposals	(208)
	<hr/>
Balance at 31 December 2021	169
	<hr/>
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021	15
	<hr/> <hr/>
At 31 December 2020	40
	<hr/> <hr/>



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Notes (continued)

37 Right-of-use assets

	Short leasehold buildings £000
Cost	
Balance at 1 January 2021	893
Movements from modifications of existing lease liabilities	317
Disposals	(729)
Balance at 31 December 2021	481
Depreciation and impairment	
Balance at 1 January 2021	803
Depreciation charge for the year	121
Disposals	(729)
Balance at 31 December 2021	195
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021	286
At 31 December 2020	90

38 Intangible fixed assets

	Software £000
Cost	
Balance at 1 January 2021	3,236
Additions	128
Balance at 31 December 2021	3,364
Depreciation and impairment	
Balance at 1 January 2021	2,025
Depreciation charge for the year	313
Balance at 31 December 2021	2,338
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021	1,026
At 31 December 2020	1,211

Included in the cost as at 31 December 2021 is £246,000 (2020: £898,000) relating to software currently under development. Amortisation will not commence until the development is complete.



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Notes (continued)

39 Fixed asset investments

	Shares in Subsidiary undertakings £000
Cost	
At 1 January 2021	903,360
Additions	50,911
Return of Capital	(15,181)
Disposals	(125,489)
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2021	813,601
	<hr/>
Impairment	
At 1 January 2021	353,206
Impairment charges in the year	117,394
Impairment reversals in the year	(2,000)
Disposals	(125,489)
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2021	343,111
	<hr/>
Net book value	
At 31 December 2021	470,490
	<hr/> <hr/>
At 31 December 2020	550,154
	<hr/> <hr/>

The additions in the year arose from increases in the share capital of various existing subsidiaries (£50,898,000) and the incorporation of a new company, Acteon Taiwan Limited (£13,000).

The return of capital in the year resulted from an assessment and subsequent repayment of excess issued share capital within certain subsidiaries (£6,875,000) together with the reduction of capital from non-trading subsidiaries in readiness for closure (£8,306,000).

The adjustments to the impairment provision in the year resulted from movements in the value of the Company's direct and indirect investments in certain subsidiaries where their respective underlying net asset values or anticipated future trading prospects (based on value-in-use calculations) either improved from prior year expectations, leading to an impairment reversal, or have deteriorated and no longer supports the investment carrying value.

The disposals of fully impaired investments in the year related to two companies which were made dormant following an internal restructuring in 2019. These were struck-off the Companies House register in early 2021.

In assessing value-in-use, pre-tax cash flow projections for a five year period, including financial budgets approved by the board covering a one-year period, have been used. Cash flows beyond the one-year period have been extrapolated based on estimated long-term average growth rates (typically 5 per cent) up to its level of maintainable earnings. The terminal value was then added to the value-in-use calculated. The growth rate in years two to five does not exceed the anticipated long-term average growth rate for the market in which each company operates after taking account of the expected improvement in markets following the adverse impact from the Covid-19 pandemic and continuing energy transition, and its effect on current profitability levels. The key inputs to these calculations are shown below:

Period on which management approved forecasts are based	1 Year
Average growth rate applied for years two to five (Large Diameter Drilling Limited)	64%*
Average growth rate applied for years two to five/seven (all other entities)	0% to 15%
Growth rate applied to terminal value calculation	2%
Pre-tax discount rate	12%

* Large Diameter Drilling Limited's growth rate reflects the anticipated recovery from its current period of weak performance. This investment has still been fully impaired to zero in the year.



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Notes (continued)

39 Fixed asset investments (continued)

The Company has the following investments in subsidiaries:

	Country of incorporation		Ownership interest % in ordinary shares	
			2021	2020
2H Offshore (Asia Pacific) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	*	100	100
2H Offshore Engineering Limited	England		100	100
2H Offshore Engineering Pty Limited	Australia	*	100	100
2H Offshore Engineering Sdn Bhd ⁽¹⁾	Malaysia	*	30	30
2H Offshore Inc	USA	*	100	100
2H Offshore Projetos Limitada	Brazil	*	100	100
Acteon Angola Limitada	Angola		100	100
Acteon (Ghana) Holding Limited	Ghana	*	100	100
Acteon Group Properties Limited	England		100	100
Acteon Guyana Holding Limited	England		100	100
Acteon Guyana Inc	Guyana	*	100	100
Acteon Integrated Solutions Limited	England		100	100
Acteon Malaysia Holding Limited	England		100	100
Acteon Malaysia Operations Holding Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	*	100	100
Acteon Malaysia Operations Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	*	100	100
Acteon Middle East and Far East Investments Limited	England		100	100
Acteon Middle East FZE	UAE		100	100
Acteon Mozambique Holding Limited	England		100	100
Acteon Singapore Holdings Pte Limited	Singapore		100	100
Acteon Singapore Operations Pte Limited	Singapore		100	100
Acteon South American Investments Limited	England		100	100
Acteon Taiwan Limited	Republic of China (Taiwan)		100	-
Acteon UK Financing Limited	England		100	100
Acteon UK Financing II (NOK) Limited	England		100	100
Acteon UK Financing III (EUR) Limited	England		100	100
Acteon UK Financing IV (AUD) Limited	England		100	100
Acteon UK Financing V (SGD) Limited	England		100	100
Acteon US Holdings Inc	USA		100	100
Acteon West Africa Holding Limited	England		100	100
Aquatic Asia Pacific Pte Limited	Singapore	*	100	100
Aquatic Engineering & Construction Limited	Scotland		100	100
Benthic Admin Services (Cayman)	Cayman Island	*	100	100
Benthic Australasia Pty Limited	Australia	*	100	100
Benthic do Brasil Limitada	Brazil	*	100	100
Benthic Geotech Pty Limited	Australia	*	100	100
Benthic Limited	England	*	100	100
Benthic (Singapore) Pte Limited	Singapore	*	100	100
Benthic USA LLC	USA	*	100	100
Bruce Anchor Limited	Scotland		85	85
Century InterMoor Holdings Limited ⁽¹⁾	England		100	48
Century InterMoor Limited ⁽¹⁾	Nigeria	*	100	49
Churchill Acquisition Pty Limited	Australia		100	100
Clarus Subsea Integrity Inc	USA	*	100	100
Claxton Engineering Services AS	Norway	*	100	100
Claxton Engineering Services Limited	England		100	100

* Denotes indirect ownership

⁽¹⁾ The Company has full control of these entities in both 2021 and 2020 as a result of the underlying constitutional documents in place.



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Notes (continued)

39 Fixed asset investments (continued)

The Company has the following investments in subsidiaries (continued):

	Country of incorporation		Ownership interest % in ordinary shares	
			2021	2020
Claxton Engineering Services Pte Limited	Singapore		100	100
Claxton Services Inc	USA	*	100	100
Conductor Installation Services Limited	England		100	100
Core Grouting Services Limited	England		100	100
Deepwater Australasia Pty Limited	Australia	*	90	90
Deepwater do Brasil Engenharia Limitada	Brazil	*	90	90
Deepwater Corrosion Services Inc	USA		90	90
Deepwater Norway AS	Norway	*	90	90
Deepwater EU Limited	England	*	90	90
Deepwater Manufacturing (USA) Inc	USA	*	90	90
EURWA Survey Limited	Scotland	*	94	94
Geoscan Group Limited	Scotland	*	97	97
InterAct PMTI Inc	USA	*	100	100
InterMoor do Brasil Servicos Onshore e Offshore Limitada	Brazil	*	100	100
InterMoor EG, Sociedad Limitada	Equatorial Guinea	*	65	65
InterMoor Inc	USA	*	100	100
InterMoor Limited	Scotland		100	100
InterMoor Mediterranean for Petroleum Services SAE	Egypt		100	100
InterMoor Mexico S de RL de CV	Mexico		100	100
InterMoor Nigeria FZE	Nigeria	*	100	100
InterMoor AS	Norway	*	100	100
InterMoor Personnel Servicios S de RL de CV	Mexico		100	100
InterMoor Pte Limited	Singapore	*	100	100
InterMoor Pty Ltd	Australia		100	100
IOS Offshore Holding AS	Norway		100	100
J2 Subsea Inc	USA	*	100	100
J2 Subsea Limited	Scotland		80	80
Large Diameter Drilling Limited	England		100	100
LDD Australia Pty Limited	Australia	*	100	100
LM Handling Limited	England		100	100
Menck GmbH	Germany		100	100
Menck Pte Limited	Singapore	*	100	100
Probe Oil Tools Limited	England		80	80
PT Cape Resource Indonesia	Indonesia	*	85	85
PT UTEC Survey Indonesia	Indonesia	*	89	89
PT Viking Seatech Indonesia	Indonesia		95	95
Pulse Monitoramento Estrutural Limitada	Brazil	*	100	100
Pulse Structural Monitoring Inc	USA	*	100	100
Pulse Structural Monitoring Limited	England		100	100
Seascan Limited	Scotland		97	97
Seatronics do Brasil Equipamentos Eletronicos Limitada	Brazil	*	97	97
Seatronics Inc	USA	*	97	97
Seatronics Limited	Scotland	*	97	97
Seatronics Pte Limited	Singapore	*	97	97

* Denotes indirect ownership



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Notes (continued)

39 Fixed asset investments (continued)

The Company has the following investments in subsidiaries (continued):

	Country of incorporation	Ownership interest % in ordinary shares	
		2021	2020
Subsea Riser Products Limited	England	100	100
Team Energy Resources Limited	England	100	100
Team Energy Resources Middle East LLC ⁽¹⁾	Qatar	* 49	49
TecAfrica Offshore Limited	Ghana	* 90	90
TerraSond Limited	USA	* 80	80
Utec Geomarine Limited	England	* 94	94
Utec International Limited	Scotland	94	94
Utec NCS Survey AS	Norway	* 94	94
Utec NCS Survey Limited	Scotland	* 94	94
Utec Star Net Geomatics Limited	Scotland	* 94	94
Utec Survey Asia Pte Limited	Singapore	* 94	94
Utec Survey Australia Pty Limited	Australia	* 94	94
Utec Survey Canada Limited	Canada	* 94	94
Utec Survey Inc	USA	* 94	94
Utec Survey South Africa Proprietary Limited	South Africa	* 94	94
Utec Survey West Africa Limited	England	* 94	94
UWG Limited	England	100	100

* Denotes indirect ownership

⁽¹⁾ The Company has full control of this entity as a result of the underlying constitutional documents in place.

The registered office addresses for these subsidiaries are as follows:

	Registered office address
2H Offshore (Asia Pacific) Sdn Bhd	- Lot 6.01, 6 th Floor Imbi Plaza, 28 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur
2H Offshore Engineering Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
2H Offshore Engineering Pty Limited	- Level 8, 1008 Hay Street, Perth, WA6000, Australia
2H Offshore Engineering Sdn Bhd	- Lot 6.01, 6 th Floor Imbi Plaza, 28 Jalan Imbi, 55100 Kuala Lumpur
2H Offshore Inc	- Corporation Service Company, 2711 Centerville Rd, Suite 400, Wilmington, New Castle, DE, 19808, USA
2H Offshore Projetos Limitada	- Avenida Rio Branco, No. 89, room 1102, Centro, Rio de Janeiro, 20040-004, Brazil
Acteon Angola Limitada	- Rua Américo Júlio de Carvalho, No. 182, 1st and 2nd Floor, Zone 2, Bairro Azul, Municipality of Ingombota, Luanda, Angola
Acteon (Ghana) Holding Limited	- GL-126-5368, 4th Floor 1 Airport Square Plot, Near South Liberation Link, Accra, La Dade-Kotopon, Greater Accra, Ghana
Acteon Group Properties Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon Guyana Holding Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon Guyana Inc	- 158 D Waterloo Street, North Cummingsburg, Geirgetown, Guyana
Acteon Integrated Solutions Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon Malaysia Holding Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon Malaysia Operations Holding Sdn Bhd	- Level 22, Axiata Tower, No. 9, Jalan Stesen Sentral 5, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, 50470 Kuala Lumpur, W.P. Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Acteon Malaysia Operations Sdn Bhd	- Level 22, Axiata Tower, No. 9, Jalan Stesen Sentral 5, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, 50470 Kuala Lumpur, W.P. Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



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Notes (continued)

39 Fixed asset investments (continued)

The registered office addresses for these subsidiaries are as follows (continued):

	Registered office address
Acteon Middle East and Far East Investments Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon Middle East FZE	- PO Box 262490, Jebel Ali Freezone, Gate 5, South Side, FZS1 AL05, Dubai, United Arab Emirates
Acteon Mozambique Holding Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon Singapore Holdings Pte Limited	- 107 Tuas South Avenue 8, Acteon Singapore Operations Ctr, Singapore, 637036
Acteon Singapore Operations Pte Limited	- 107 Tuas South Avenue 8, Acteon Singapore Operations Ctr, Singapore, 637036
Acteon South American Investments Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon Taiwan Limited	- 19F, No 508, Sec. 5, Zhongxiao E. Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei City 110, Taiwan, Republic of China
Acteon UK Financing Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon UK Financing II (NOK) Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon UK Financing III (EUR) Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon UK Financing IV (AUD) Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon UK Financing V (SGD) Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Acteon US Holdings Inc	- The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange St, Wilmington, New Castle DE, 19801, USA
Acteon West Africa Holding Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Aquatic Asia Pacific Pte Limited	- 4 Robinson Road, #05-01 The House of Eden, Singapore, 048543
Aquatic Engineering & Construction Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
Benthic Admin Services (Cayman)	- Maple Corporate Services Limited, Uglan House, South Church Street, Georgetown, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands
Benthic Australasia Pty Limited	- Brookfield Place, Level 11, 125 St Georges Terrace, Perth, Western Australia, 6000
Benthic do Brasil Limitada	- Rua Conselheiro Saraiva, No 28 11 andar-sala 1101 – Centro, Rio de Janeiro, 20091-030, Brazil.
Benthic Geotech Pty Limited	- Brookfield Place, Level 11, 125 St Georges Terrace, Perth, Western Australia, 6000
Benthic Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Benthic (Singapore) Pte Limited	- 4 Robinson Road, #05-01 The House of Eden, Singapore, 048543
Benthic USA LLC	- 8 The Green, STE A Dover, DE 19901, USA
Bruce Anchor Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
Century InterMoor Holding Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Century InterMoor Limited	- Plot 21, Prince Adelowo Adedeji Str. (Off Admiralty Way) Lekki Phase 1, Lagos State, Nigeria
Churchill Acquisition Pty Limited	- C/o Company Matters Pty Ltd, Level 12, 680 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia
Clarus Subsea Integrity Inc	- The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange St, Wilmington, New Castle DE, 19801, USA
Claxton Engineering Services AS	- Finnestadgeilen 11, 4029 Stavanger, Norway
Claxton Engineering Services Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Claxton Engineering Services Pte Limited	- 107 Tuas South Avenue 8, Acteon Singapore Operations Ctr, Singapore, 637036



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39 Fixed asset investments (continued)

The registered office addresses for these subsidiaries are as follows (continued):

	Registered office address
Claxton Services Inc	- The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange St, Wilmington, New Castle DE, 19801, USA
Conductor Installation Services Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Core Grouting Services Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Deepwater Australasia Pty Limited	- Ground Floor, 1 Alvan Street, Subiaco WA 6008, Australia
Deepwater do Brasil Engenharia Limitada	- Avenida Presidente Vargas, 633, Sala 2021, Centro, Rio de Janeiro, CEP 20,071-905 JR, Brazil
Deepwater Corrosion Services Inc	- 13813 FM 529, Houston, TX 77041, USA
Deepwater Norway AS	- Neptunveien 6-7652, Verdal, Norway
Deepwater EU Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Deepwater Manufacturing (USA) Inc	- 13813 FM 529, Houston, TX 77041, USA
EURWA Survey Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
Geoscan Group Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
InterAct PMTI Inc	- C T Corporation System, 818 W 7th St Suite 390 Los Angeles, CA 90017, USA
InterMoor do Brasil Servicos Onshore e Offshore Limitada	- Praça Floriano, number 19, 22nd floor, Centro, Rio de Janeiro/RJ, 20031-050, Brazil
InterMoor EG, Sociedad Limitada	- Malabo, Republic of Equatorial Guinea
InterMoor Inc	- The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange St, Wilmington, New Castle DE, 19801, USA
InterMoor Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
InterMoor Mediterranean for Petroleum Services SAE	- Area (B) - Dry Basin Area, South Raswa, Port Said Free Zone Area, Egypt
InterMoor Mexico S de RL de CV	- Florencia 57, 3rd floor, Colonia Juárez, Mexico City, Mexico
InterMoor Nigeria FZE	- 27A Olawale Cole Onitiri, Off Admiralty Road, Lekki Phase 1, Lagos State, Nigeria
InterMoor AS	- Finnestadgeilen 11, 4029 Stavenger, Norway
InterMoor Personnel Servicios S de RL de CV	- Florencia 57, 3rd floor, Colonia Juárez, Mexico City, Mexico
InterMoor Pte Limited	- 25 Loyang Crescent, Block 103, TOPS Avenue 1, #06-02 Loyang Offshore Supply Base, Singapore, 508988
InterMoor Pty Ltd	- Level 3, 140 St Georges Terrace, Perth, WA 6000, Australia
IOS Offshore Holding AS	- Finnestadgeilen 11, 4029 Stavenger, Norway
J2 Subsea Inc	- The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange St, Wilmington, New Castle DE, 19801, USA
J2 Subsea Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
Large Diameter Drilling Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
LDD Australia Pty Limited	- Level 8, 1008 Hay Street, Perth, WA 6000, Australia
LM Handling Limited	- Ferryside, Ferryside Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Menck GmbH	- Industrial Area Moorkaten, Am Springmoor 5a, DE24568 Kaltenkirchen, Germany
Menck Pte Limited	- 107 Tuas South Avenue 8, Acteon Singapore Operations Ctr, Singapore, 637036
Probe Oil Tools Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
PT Cape Resource Indonesia	- Indonesia Stock Exchange Building Tower 1, 27 th Floor, Suite 2703, Jl. Jendral Sudirman Kav 52-53, Jakarta 12190, Indonesia



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39 Fixed asset investments (continued)

The registered office addresses for these subsidiaries are as follows (continued):

	Registered office address
PT UTEC Survey Indonesia	- Menara Rajawali Lt. 7-1, Jl. Dr. Ide Anak Agung Gde Agung Lot. #5.1, Kawasan Mega Kuningan, Setiabudi, Jakarta Selatan – 12950, Indonesia
PT Viking Seatech Indonesia	- Sovereign Plaza 21 st Floor, Jl T.B. Simatupang Kav. 36, Jakarta, 12430, Indonesia
Pulse Monitoramento Estrutural Limitada	- Praça Floriano, number 19, 22nd floor, Centro, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, 20031-050, Brazil
Pulse Structural Monitoring Inc	- The Corporation Trust Company, Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange St, Wilmington, New Castle DE, 19801, USA
Pulse Structural Monitoring Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Seascan Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
Seatronics do Brasil Equipamentos Eletronicos Limitada	- Praça Floriano, number 19, 22nd floor, Centro, Rio de Janeiro/RJ, 20031-050, Brazil
Seatronics Inc	- Gary W Miller, 2925 Richmond Ave. 14th Floor, Houston Texas 77098, USA
Seatronics Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
Seatronics Pte Limited	- 4 Robinson Road, #05-01 The House of Eden, Singapore, 048543
Subsea Riser Products Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Team Energy Resources Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
Team Energy Resources Middle East LLC	- PO Box 23890, Souq Al Thuraiya, Office No 10, Salwa Road, Doha, Qatar
TecAfrica Offshore Limited	- NO.J.489/7, Cassia Street Teshie Nungua Estates, Accra, Greater Accra, Ghana
TerraSond Limited	- 1617S Industrial Way, Palmer, AK, 99465, USA
UTEC Geomarine Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
UTEC International Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
UTEC NCS Survey AS	- Tangen 14, 4072, Randaberg, Norway
UTEC NCS Survey Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
UTEC Star Net Geomatics Limited	- Union Plaza (6th Floor), 1 Union Wynd, Aberdeen, AB10 1DQ, UK
UTEC Survey Asia Pte Limited	- 25 Loyang Crescent, Block 103, TOPS Avenue 1, #04-03, Loyang Offshore Supply Base, Singapore 508988
UTEC Survey Australia Pty Limited	- C/O Fortuna Advisory Group, Suite 102, 110 Erindale Road, Balcatta, WA 6021, Australia
UTEC Survey Canada Limited	- Suite 600, 815 - 8th Avenue SW, Calgary, Alberta, TP2 3P2, Canada
UTEC Survey Inc	- Gary W Miller, 2925 Richmond Ave. 14th Floor, Houston Texas 77098, USA
UTEC Survey South Africa Proprietary Limited	- 11 Buitengracht Street, Cape Town, 8001 / PO Box 695, Cape Town, 8000, South Africa
UTEC Survey West Africa Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK
UWG Limited	- Ferryside, Ferry Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1SW, UK



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Notes (continued)

39 Fixed asset investments (continued)

The Group will be exempting the follow companies from an audit in 2021 under Section 479A of the Companies Act 2006. All of these companies are fully consolidated in the Group Financial Statements.

Acteon Group Properties Limited (Reg No: 06535458)	Acteon UK Financing II (NOK) Limited (Reg No: 09680849)
Acteon Guyana Holding Limited (Reg No: 11412730)	Acteon UK Financing III (EUR) Limited (Reg No: 09956025)
Acteon Malaysia Holding Limited (Reg No: 11796580)	Acteon UK Financing IV (AUD) Limited (Reg No: 12028775)
Acteon Middle East and Far East Investments Limited (Reg No: 06435813)	Acteon UK Financing V (SGD) Limited (Reg No: 13072001)
Acteon South American Investments Limited (Reg No: 05816192)	Century InterMoor Holdings Limited (Reg No: 09093814)
Acteon UK Financing Limited (Reg No: 09301781)	U.W.G. Limited (Reg No: 02369087)

40 Debtors

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Trade debtors	6	2
Amounts owed by group undertakings	41,894	23,541
Other debtors	7,540	4,346
Prepayments and accrued income	373	224
Deferred tax asset (see note 45)	2,037	1,537
	51,850	29,650
	51,850	29,650

Included in other debtors is an income tax receivable of £5,854,000 (2020: £nil) relating to the settlement of State Aid charging notices from HM Revenue and Customs as disclosed in more detail in note 31.

41 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Lease liabilities (see note 43)	62	99
Trade creditors	1,152	2,742
Amounts owed to group undertakings	120,990	107,472
Taxation and social security	331	154
Other creditors	12,032	42
Accruals and deferred income	2,577	1,209
	137,144	111,718
	137,144	111,718

The contractual terms of the secured bank loans measured at amortised cost are shown in note 25.

As a result of exceptional trading losses within one of its wholly owned subsidiaries, as disclosed in note 8, the Company has recognised £12,000,000 (2020: £nil) within other creditors for the settlement, on behalf of this subsidiary undertaking, of outstanding liabilities relating to this loss making contract.



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Notes (continued)

42 Creditors: amounts falling after more than one year

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Bank loans	273,510	246,823
Lease liabilities (see note 43)	228	-
	<u>273,738</u>	<u>246,823</u>

The contractual terms of the secured bank loans measured at amortised cost are shown in note 25.

43 Lease liabilities

The maturity of lease liabilities at the balance sheet date is as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Within one year	62	99
Between one and two years	63	-
Between two and five years	165	-
	<u>290</u>	<u>99</u>

The Company leases property for its office space with the lease term for one property being extended in the year until June 2026. These leases typically run for a period of between 2 and 5 years with a fixed rental charge.

44 Defined contribution plans

The Company operates a defined contribution pension plan. The total expense relating to this plan in the current year was £375,000 (2020: £354,000).

45 Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movement in deferred tax during the year - 2021

	Balance 1 January 2021 £000	Recognised in income £000	Balance 31 December 2021 £000
Tangible fixed assets	103	45	148
Non-trade loan related interest	1,427	451	1,878
Other	7	4	11
	<u>1,537</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>2,037</u>

The increase in the deferred tax asset recognised in the year is a result of a 25% corporation tax rate being applied (2020: 19%) following the announcement by the UK government of future tax rate rises as disclosed in note 12.

At 31 December 2021 a deferred tax asset relating to the restriction of corporate interest deductions of £4,986,000 (2020: £2,158,000) has not been recognised as insufficient profits are being forecast for the foreseeable future for it to be utilised.



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Notes (continued)

45 Deferred tax assets and liabilities (continued)

The movement in deferred tax during the year - 2020

	Balance 1 January 2020 £000	Recognised in income £000	Balance 31 December 2020 £000
Tangible fixed assets	105	(2)	103
Non-trade loan related interest	1,277	150	1,427
Other	7	-	7
	<u>1,389</u>	<u>148</u>	<u>1,537</u>

46 Share capital

	Allotted, called up and fully paid	
	2021 £000	2020 £000
At 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021 4,665,929,237 Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	<u>46,659</u>	<u>46,659</u>

47 Contingencies

The Company has a cross-guarantee with other Group companies in respect of Group borrowings.

48 Related parties

During the year the Company transacted with non-wholly owned group companies in the ordinary course of business.

The income from and (expenditure) to those group companies were as follows:

Related party	Relationship	Transactions	2021 £000	2020 £000
Bruce Anchor Limited	Subsidiary	Bad debt provision	(1,458)	-
Probe Oil Tools Limited	Subsidiary	Loan interest expense	(959)	(1,067)
Seascan Limited	Subsidiary	Loan interest expense	(848)	(815)
Team Energy Resources Middle East LLC	Subsidiary	Management fee income	393	549
TerraSond Limited	Subsidiary	Management fee income	307	800
UTECH International Limited	Subsidiary	Loan interest expense	(6)	(486)
UTECH Group of companies	Subsidiaries	Management fee income	<u>621</u>	<u>628</u>



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Notes (continued)

48 Related parties (continued)

The amounts owed (to) and by those group companies at the balance sheet date were as follows:

Related party	Relationship	Balance	2021 £000	2020 £000
Bruce Anchor Limited	Subsidiary	Loan debtor	224	1,683
Deepwater EU Limited	Subsidiary	Loan creditor	-	(921)
Eurwa Survey Limited	Subsidiary	Loan creditor	(110)	(610)
Probe Oil Tools Limited	Subsidiary	Loan creditor	(30,076)	(27,537)
Seascan Limited	Subsidiary	Loan creditor	(32,096)	(20,064)
Seatronics Inc	Subsidiary	Loan creditor	(1,669)	(747)
Seatronics Pte Ltd	Subsidiary	Loan creditor	(4,169)	(2,765)
Team Energy Resources Middle East LLC	Subsidiary	Loan debtor/(creditor)	229	(839)
TerraSond Limited	Subsidiary	Loan debtor	1,550	-
Utec International Limited	Subsidiary	Loan creditor	(11,019)	(11,018)
Utec NCS Survey AS	Subsidiary	Loan creditor	(581)	(1,235)
Utec Survey Canada Limited	Subsidiary	Loan creditor	(235)	(814)
Utec Survey Inc	Subsidiary	Loan creditor	(3,150)	(2,315)

The Company was also charged rent by BHHM Pension scheme, an entity associated by common shareholders/trustees, amounting to £69,000 (2020: £69,000) and incurred professional fees of £1,464,000 (2020: £570,000) from KKR Capital Markets Partners LLP an entity controlled by the Company's ultimate controlling party.



Skatteetaten

Vår dato
08.07.2022

Din/Deres dato
06.07.2022

Saksbehandler
Lars Waalorp

800 80 000
Skatteetaten.no

Din/Deres referanse

Telefon
90833418

Org.nr
974761076

Vår referanse
2022/5609886

Postadresse
Postboks 9200 Grønland
0134 OSLO

I O S OFFSHORE HOLDING AS
Finnestadgeilen 11
4029 STAVANGER

Att. Aleksander Lee Slang, KPMG Law Advokatfirma AS

Fritak for konsernregnskapsplikt for I O S Offshore Holding AS, org.nr. 991 219 250

Vi viser til deres henvendelse av 6. juli 2022 hvor dere søker om fritak fra plikten til å utarbeide konsernregnskap for I O S Offshore Holding AS.

Skattekontoret finner med hjemmel i regnskapsloven § 3-7 fjerde ledd å kunne gi tillatelse til at det gjøres unntak for konsernregnskapsplikten for I O S Offshore Holding AS. Dispensasjonen gjelder så lenge opplysningene som danner grunnlaget for vedtaket ikke endres vesentlig.

Kopi av dette brev må sendes Regnskapsregisteret i Brønnøysund sammen med årsregnskapet mv. Det påligger den regnskapspliktige å dokumentere ved dette brev at tillatelsen er gitt.

Bakgrunn

I O S Offshore Holding AS er morselskap i et underkonsern, hvor Acteon Group Ltd. er det ultimate morselskapet og er hjemmehørende i Storbritannia. Konsernregnskap utarbeides av Acteon Group Ltd. på engelsk språk etter IFRS, hvor I O S Offshore Holding AS med datterselskaper er omfattet.

Skattekontorets vurdering

Det forutsettes at Acteon Group Ltd. utarbeider konsernregnskap som omfatter den regnskapspliktige og dennes datterselskaper. Det legges til grunn at dette konsernregnskapet er utarbeidet i samsvar med IFRS og at kravene i regnskapsloven § 3-7 med forskrifter for øvrig følges. Bestemmelsene i regnskapsloven kapittel 8 gjelder tilsvarende for dette konsernregnskapet.

Når det gjelder hvilket språk morselskapet skal utarbeide konsernregnskapet på, vises det til forskrift av 7. september 2006 nr. 1062 til utfylling og gjennomføring mv. av regnskapsloven. Det følger av § 3-7-1 at konsernregnskapet foruten å være på norsk, kan være på svensk, dansk eller engelsk.

Skattekontoret gir etter en konkret helhetsvurdering tillatelse til at det gjøres unntak for konsernregnskapsplikten.



Vennligst oppgi vår referanse ved henvendelse i saken.

Med hilsen

Lars Waalorp
seniorrådgiver
Brukerdialog, brukerkontakt
Skatteetaten

Dokumentet er elektronisk godkjent og har derfor ikke håndskrevne signaturer.