



ÅRSREGNSKAPET FOR REGNSKAPSÅRET 2022 - GENERELL INFORMASJON

Enheten

Organisasjonsnummer: 991 478 450
Organisasjonsform: Aksjeselskap
Foretaksnavn: ARCHER NORGE AS
Forretningsadresse: Sandnesveien 358
4312 SANDNES

Regnskapsår

Årsregnskapets periode: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022

Konsern

Mørselskap i konsern: Ja
Konsernregnskap lagt ved: Ja

Regnskapsregler

Regler for små foretak benyttet: Nei
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til selskapet: Regnskapslovens alminnelige regler
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til konsernet: -

Årsregnskapet fastsatt av kompetent organ

Bekreftet av representant for selskapet: Else Hauge
Dato for fastsettelse av årsregnskapet: 15.06.2023

Grunnlag for avgivelse

År 2022: Årsregnskapet er elektronisk innlevert
År 2021: Tall er hentet fra elektronisk innlevert årsregnskap fra 2022

Det er ikke krav til at årsregnskapet m.v. som sendes til Regnskapsregisteret er undertegnet. Kontrollen på at dette er utført ligger hos revisor/enhetens øverste organ. Sikkerheten ivaretas ved at innsender har rolle/rettighet for innsending av årsregnskapet via Altinn, og ved at det bekreftes at årsregnskapet er fastsatt av kompetent organ.

Brønnøysundregistrene, 13.08.2024



Resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
RESULTATREGNSKAP			
Inntekter			
Driftsinntekter	2, 3	655 918 217	537 935 964
Sum inntekter		655 918 217	537 935 964
Kostnader			
Lønnskostnad	4, 5	401 427 243	330 909 273
Avskrivninger på driftsmidler og imm. eiend.	8	16 996 657	11 075 359
Annen driftskostnad	3, 5	224 721 485	194 241 343
Sum kostnader		643 145 384	536 225 975
Driftsresultat		12 772 833	1 709 989
Finansinntekter og finanskostnader			
Inntekt på investering i datterselskap		39 591 140	51 464 487
Renteinntekt fra foretak i samme konsern	3, 10	37 613 381	125 043 887
Annen renteinntekt		1 271 544	594 923
Annen finansinntekt	6	370 565 529	1 772 500
Sum finansinntekter		449 041 595	178 875 797
Reversering av nedskrivning	2		
Nedskrivning av andre finansielle anleggsmidler	9		186 777 067
Rentekostnad til foretak i samme konsern	3, 10	121 913 879	155 317 250
Annen rentekostnad		95 981 438	56 380 553
Annen finanskostnad	6	469 748 048	28 291 846
Sum finanskostnader		687 643 365	426 766 716
Netto finans		-238 601 770	-247 890 919
Ordinært resultat før skattekostnad		-225 828 937	-246 180 930
Skattekostnad på resultat	7	-40 469 353	-1 767 128
Ordinært resultat etter skattekostnad		-185 359 584	-244 413 802
Årsresultat		-185 359 584	-244 413 802
Årsresultat etter minoritetsinteresser		-185 359 584	-244 413 802



Resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
Totalresultat		-185 359 584	-244 413 802
Overføringer og disponeringer			
Overført fra annen egenkapital		-185 359 584	-244 413 802
Sum overføringer og disponeringer	13	-185 359 584	-244 413 802



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
BALANSE - EIENDELER			
Anleggsmidler			
Immaterielle eiendeler			
Utsatt skattefordel	7	65 378 659	24 909 306
Sum immaterielle eiendeler		65 378 659	24 909 306
Varige driftsmidler			
Tomter, bygninger o.a. fast eiendom		1 220 367	711 712
Driftsløsøre, inventar o.a. utstyr		40 552 919	43 221 401
Sum varige driftsmidler	8	41 773 285	43 933 113
Finansielle anleggsmidler			
Investering i datterselskap	9	2 459 645 698	2 659 599 262
Lån til foretak i samme konsern	10	1 968 972 385	2 245 397 816
Investeringer i tilknyttet selskap	9	109 741 962	40 603 022
Langsiktig fordring nærstående part	10	25 482 281	8 091 671
Sum finansielle anleggsmidler		4 563 842 326	4 953 691 771
Sum anleggsmidler		4 670 994 270	5 022 534 190
Omløpsmidler			
Varer			
Fordringer			
Kundefordringer		1 021 508	1 021 508
Fordring på selskap i samme konsern	10	419 568 754	982 375 802
Andre kortsiktige fordringer	11	35 545 641	18 709 193
Sum fordringer		456 135 903	1 002 106 503
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende			
Bankinnskudd, kontanter o.l.	12	66 373 520	250 156 277
Sum bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		66 373 520	250 156 277
Sum omløpsmidler		522 509 423	1 252 262 780
SUM EIENDELER		5 193 503 693	6 274 796 970



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
BALANSE - EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD			
Egenkapital			
Innskutt egenkapital			
Aksjekapital	13	1 068 850 000	1 068 850 000
Overkurs		847 978 534	847 978 534
Annen innskutt egenkapital		18 503 005	16 889 909
Sum innskutt egenkapital		1 935 331 539	1 933 718 443
Opptjent egenkapital			
Annen egenkapital		-524 017 908	-338 658 324
Sum opptjent egenkapital		-524 017 908	-338 658 324
Sum egenkapital	13	1 411 313 631	1 595 060 119
Gjeld			
Langsiktig gjeld			
Pensjonsforpliktelser	7		
Utsatt skatt	7		
Annen langsiktig gjeld			
Gjeld til kredittinstitusjoner	14	1 484 119 182	1 599 199 506
Gjeld til konsernselskap	10	1 940 746 908	2 378 847 751
Sum annen langsiktig gjeld		3 424 866 090	3 978 047 257
Sum langsiktig gjeld		3 424 866 090	3 978 047 257
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Gjeld til kredittinstitusjoner	11, 15		
Leverandørgjeld		67 095 086	27 911 936
Betalbar skatt	7	13 830 108	
Skattetrekk, avgifter, feriepenger o.l.		59 750 121	49 660 752
Gjeld til konsernselskap	10	158 058 144	558 901 468
Annen kortsiktig gjeld		58 590 513	65 215 439
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		357 323 972	701 689 594
Sum gjeld		3 782 190 062	4 679 736 851



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
SUM EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD		5 193 503 693	6 274 796 970



Archer

2022

Archer Limited

ANNUAL REPORT



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Board of Directors' Report Business overview

Archer Limited ("Archer" or the "Company"), along with its subsidiaries (the "Group"), is a global services provider with a heritage in drilling and well services that stretches back over 50 years. We employed 4668 people in our global drilling and well services operations as of December 31, 2022. We deliver high quality products and services, provided by our experienced workforce, with an outstanding record of performance and safety. We aim to deliver the best drilling and well services to the global energy industry.

Our comprehensive drilling and work-over services include platform drilling, land drilling, modular drilling rigs, engineering services, and equipment rentals as well as a select range of support services and products.

Our global well services capabilities include a wide range of products and services for well imaging, well integrity, production logging, well interventions, wellbore and blowout preventer clean outs, casing cutting and sidetracks, temporary or permanent plugging and abandonments, and decommissioning, all of which are aimed at improving well performance and extending well life, while reducing overall service operating time. We support our customers in critical processes such as well construction, well completion, well intervention and well plugging and abandonment. Our differentiated technologies in wellbore imaging, well construction and well integrity are an important and integral part of our strategy to support our customers in delivering better wells. Archer has over time developed and invested in both well PSA services and technologies and we are proud to offer the broadest and the most advanced PSA service offering within the industry.

We operate primarily in Norway, the United Kingdom and Argentina, but we also have operations in Asia, Oceania, Eastern Europe, North America, South America, the Middle East and Africa. Archer Limited was incorporated in Bermuda on August 31, 2007, with registration number 40942, as an exempted limited company and is organized and exists under the laws of Bermuda.

Archer's registered office is at Par la Villa Place, 14 Par la Villa Road, Hamilton HM 08, Bermuda. Archer is listed on the Oslo Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol ARCHER-NO and our website is www.archerwell.com.

We deliver high quality products and services, provided by our experienced workforce, with an outstanding record of performance and safety.

Principal markets

The Group operates in 40 locations providing drilling services, well integrity and intervention, plug and abandonment and decommissioning to its upstream oil and gas clients. The Group's drilling teams secure production on 33 offshore platforms, predominantly in the North Sea and operate and owns 14 onshore drilling rigs and 36 workover and service rigs in the Latin America region. The Group's comprehensive drilling and workover services include platform drilling, land drilling, directional drilling, drill bits, modular rigs, fluids, engineering and equipment rentals, as well as a select range of well delivery support services and products.

The Group's operations are managed through three segments: Platform Operations, Well Services and Land Drilling. The Group's current three segments are described further in the following.

The Platform Operations segment includes the divisions: platform drilling, the modular rigs and engineering.

a) Platform drilling

The Group conducts offshore drilling services on client owned fixed oil and gas installations, referred to as "platforms". The Group supplies experienced personnel for drilling operations, maintenance and technical support on fixed production platforms. The scope of services the Group provides is detailed in client-specific contracts, which are also used to govern the relationship between the Group and its clients. The Group's business requires a high volume of personnel who are employed offshore to provide the services on a structured work rotation cycle.

b) Modular rigs

The Group constructed and operates two modular drilling units, the Archer Emerald (2012) and the Archer Topaz (2014), to cost-effectively service the platform drilling industry. The rigs are designed to operate standalone and can be rigged up on certain offshore platforms to provide complete life-cycle drilling and workover services from initial well delivery right through to decommissioning. Typical operations include conventional drilling/sidetrack operations, snubbing services, workover services, through tubing rotary drilling, managed-pressure drilling and plug and abandonment activities.

c) Engineering

From projects on fixed and mobile installations, to asset management and consultancy, the Group provides engineering services encompassing conceptual solutions through detailed design and construction to final offshore and onshore commissioning.

The Well Services segment includes the Oiltools and Wireline divisions.

a) Oiltools

The Groups Oiltools division has developed a range of technology and tools to enhance safety well integrity, and to optimize heavy well interventions. From gas-tight stage tools and barrier plugs, traditional down-hole equipment and high tier solutions for well intervention, and for the plug and abandonment of wells, the solutions contribute to the efficient management and integrity of a well throughout its life.

b) Wireline

Archer Wireline offers a full range of wireline intervention and cased hole logging services throughout the well lifecycle. Intervention by wireline allows for cost efficient diagnostics, maintenance and repair of oil and gas wells within the drilling completion, production, workover, and abandonment phases.

The Groups Land Drilling segment consists of one division being Archer's land drilling operation in South America

a) Land Drilling

Archer is a Land Drilling contractor in Argentina and Bolivia with more than 1700 drilling and maintenance personnel. Archer's drilling staff currently operate 10 drilling rigs, 18 workover rigs and 16 pulling units. Archer owns 22 drilling rigs, 22 workover rigs and 25 pulling units. The service offerings within Archer's Land Drilling division includes an integrated drilling and work over operations.

The Group has facilities and offices in Argentina, Australia, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Dubai, Malaysia, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, the United Arab Emirates, the United Kingdom and the United States.

Strategy

The strategy of the Group is to deliver better wells and to be the "supplier of choice" for drilling services, well integrity, well interventions as well as plug and abandonments. The Group aims to achieve this by continuously improving its services and product quality and by utilizing people who demonstrate the values of the Group and deliver excellence. This approach enables the Group to further broaden its reach, both geographically and technically, and it can be the foundation to secure longer term profitable growth. The Group will continue to pursue opportunities to benefit from economies of scale, to selectively strengthen the Group's geographical footprint and to develop proprietary technologies.

2022 Operating results

Revenue for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$970.2 million or 36% higher than the revenue in 2021 with increased revenue from our Engineering, Wireline and Land Drilling operations, partly offset by reduced revenue in our Platform Drilling, Modular Rigs and Oiltools divisions. The increase in revenue was particularly high in our Wireline and Land Drilling divisions. Wireline had a full year of scope under the Equinor intervention contract which commenced in May 2021, while the general increase in activity levels in Land Drilling was a result of both a general increase in demand for our services, but also less impact from the corona pandemic. The reduction in our reported USD revenue from our platform drilling division was primarily a result of unfavourable development in the USD/NOK FX rate in 2022 compared to 2021.





Board of Directors' Report Financial review

EBITDA (Earnings before Interest and Other financial items, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$86.0 million, representing an increase of 12% compared to 2021. The increase in reported EBITDA is primarily driven by the improvement in our Land Drilling segment. Within our Platform Operation segment, improved EBITDA from our Engineering division was more than offset by reduction in EBITDA within both Platform Drilling and Modular rigs. Within Well Services, the improvement in Wireline was more than offset by reduced EBITDA contribution from Oiltools.

Platform Operation revenue was 12.8% lower than in 2021 with reduced revenue in Platform Drilling and Modular Rigs, partly offset by increased Engineering revenue. The Platform Drilling division was particularly impacted by unfavourable foreign exchange movement compared to 2021.

Well Services revenue increased by 151% compared to 2021, largely driven by increased revenue from the Wireline division. Despite increased revenue year on year, EBITDA was flat compared to 2021. Land Drilling revenue increased by 32.7% compared with 2021, reflecting a solid improvement from the impact of the covid-19 measures in Argentina during 2021, combined with an overall improvement in demand for our services. Year on year EBITDA improved by 217% due to higher activity.

Total expenses, including reimbursable expenses and depreciation for the year ended December 31, 2022 amounted to \$94.09 million, an increase of 2.2% compared to the year ended December 31, 2021.

Our depreciation and amortization expenses for the year ended December 31, 2022 amounted to \$49.5 million, a decrease of 6.0% compared to \$53.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2021.

We test goodwill for impairment on an annual basis during the fourth quarter and between annual tests if an event occurs, or circumstances change, that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. The testing of the valuation of goodwill involves significant judgment and assumptions to be made in connection with the future performance assumptions to be made in connection with the future performance of the various components of our business operations, including

assumptions about future cash flows of each reporting unit, discount rates applied to these cash flows and current market estimates of value. In the event that market conditions deteriorate or there is a prolonged downturn, the Group may be required to record an impairment of goodwill, and such impairment could be material. All of our goodwill relates to our Platform Operations and Well Services segments. Both segments have seen improved results in the last couple of years, and they have a solid contract backlog for the next 3-5 years. Based on the combined improved results, order backlog and forecasts, we identified no impairment requirement at December 31, 2022.

We test our fixed assets for impairment on an annual basis during the fourth quarter and between annual tests if an event occurs, or circumstances change, that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below the carrying amount. The testing of the valuation of our assets involves significant judgement and assumptions to be made in connection with the future performance of those assets in our business operations, including assumptions about future cash flows generated from these assets, discount rates applied to these cash flows and current market estimates of value. As a result of our testing in 2022, we have recognized total impairment charges of \$6.0 million relating to our land rigs in Argentina. The carrying values of our remaining rigs are supported by current contracts, estimated future cash flow forecasts and valuation reports from independent appraisers.

We also recognised impairment charges totalling \$13 million relating to assets located in the US acquired as part of the acquisition of Ziebel. The circumstances giving rise to the impairment of these assets arose after the acquisition when further consideration was given to Archer's future strategy and how these assets could be deployed.

During the fourth quarter 2022, we completed our acquisition of 50% of Iceland Drilling, an unrelated, international geothermal drilling and integrated service company for a purchase price of \$8.3 million. In addition to our equity shareholding we have equal Board representation with the other single 50% shareholder, Kaldabakur airt, which is also unrelated to Archer Ltd. We have determined that our interest in Iceland Drilling does not constitute a controlling interest. Due to the fact that we are able to exercise significant influence over the company's operations we are accounting for the

investment using the equity method of consolidation. The initial investment of \$8.3 million includes the purchase consideration for the shares and direct costs relating to the purchase, comprising mainly legal and professional fees. Following due diligence work we have concluded that the carrying value of the equity acquired is not materially different from the amount of our investment, totalling \$8.3 million. We shall not, therefore, be adjusting our share of the results of Iceland Drilling recognised in our future income statements, to reflect any basis differences between the value recorded as our initial investment and the book value of the underlying equity acquired.

Our general and administrative expenses for the year ended December 31, 2022 amounted to \$40.7 million, an increase of 6.0% compared to \$38.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 amounted to \$34.6 million, an increase of 19.3% compared to 29.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2021. The increase in interest expense primarily reflects additional drawing under our facilities, combined with generally increases in USD interest rates in 2022 compared to 2021. Net interest-bearing debt was \$505.0 million at December 31, 2022, compared to \$500.0 million on December 31, 2021.

In the first quarter of 2022 we recognized a non-recurring gain on bargain purchase of \$9.2 million following our acquisition of Ziebel AS, Ziebel AS, along with its subsidiaries ("Ziebel") provides well intervention services mainly in the US. Ziebel has developed cutting edge wireline technology much of which has been patented. Services offered by Ziebel complement our existing wireline product offering. Archer expect to benefit from the use of the Ziebel wireline splicing technology and also the retention of the Ziebel brand name in our US wireline operations.

In the second quarter of 2021 we recognized a non-recurring gain on bargain purchase of \$114 million following our acquisition of DeepWell, a Norwegian well intervention business which provides high-tech wireline services, which complement Archer's service portfolio. The purchase and assets acquired are discussed in more detail in Note 6.

Other financial items for the year ended December 31, 2022 amounted to a net gain of \$17.3 million, compared to loss of \$6.8

million for the year ended December 31, 2021. Other financial items included foreign exchange gains and losses. We are exposed to the effect of currency exchange movements. In 2022, we recorded an exchange loss of \$18.5 million (2021: \$70 million) which is largely explained by movements in an internal loan denominated in NOK, recorded in our holding company, which has USD as the functional currency. The exchange loss related to internal loans have no cash effect. We recorded a gain of \$181 million in 2022 which is the market-market value increase in our shareholding in KLX Energy Services Holdings Inc. In addition, we recorded a gain of \$24.0 million relating to the market-market value adjustment to our interest rate caps agreement. The significant increase in the value of the interest caps led us to the decision to sell some of the instruments in 2023, as described in Note 27. Subsequent events

The net income before taxes in 2022 amounted to \$231 million, compared to a net loss of \$71 million for the financial year 2021.

Our total income tax charges for 2022 amounted to a tax expense of \$13.3 million as compared to an expense of \$77 million for 2021. The Group's net tax expense primarily relates to tax expense from operations in Europe, driven by underlying improved profitability for the Norway operations.

The net income in 2022 amounted to \$98 million, compared to a net loss of \$14.8 million for the financial year 2021.

We have proposed no dividends for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Balance sheet

Our total current assets were \$339.8 million at December 31, 2022, an increase of 241%, compared to \$273.9 million at December 31, 2021. Accounts receivable increased by \$270 million, or 21% reflecting an increase in business activity. The increase of \$314 million or 61% in Cash and restricted cash was primarily driven by additional drawing under our revolving credit facility over the course of 2022.

Our total non-current assets were \$566.4 million at December 31, 2022 and consisted primarily of fixed assets used in our operations, goodwill, and right of use assets under operating leases. The reduction of \$10.3 million or 18% compared to \$576.7 million in



Ancher

Board of Directors' Report Financial review

2021 is mainly due to the impairment of some of our land rigs and transition adjustments of our goodwill.

As of December 31, 2022, our total assets amounted to \$906.2 million, an increase of \$55.5 million, or 6.9%, as compared to December 31, 2021.

Our total current liabilities were \$778.1 million at December 31, 2022, compared to \$214.2 million at 31 December 2021, an increase of \$563.9 million. The increase is driven by the classification of the main credit facility as short term as it was scheduled to mature October 1st, 2023. The main credit facility was refinanced in April 2023. Reference is made to note 27. Subsequent event with further details regarding the refinancing.

Cash flows

The following table summarizes our cash flows from operating investing and financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

In \$ millions	2022	2021
Net cash provided by operating activities	415	527
Net cash used in investing activities	(43.6)	(42.6)
Net cash provided by financing activities	371	59
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(7.5)	(41)
Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash at the beginning of the year	665	536
Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, at the end of the year	95.0	65.5

Cash flow from operating activities decreased in 2022, compared to 2021 resulting in part from an increase in our net working capital, due to increase in activity.

In 2021 and 2022 we limited our investments in assets to essential overhauls/recondition of operational equipment. During 2022 we invested \$63 million in Iceland Drilling.

In 2022, cash provided by financing activities amounted to \$371 million, which was the result from additional net drawing on our revolving credit facility.

Going concern

Following the completion of our refinancing, as further described in note 27, our Board of Directors confirms their assumption of the Group as a going concern for the foreseeable future, being a period of not less than 12 months from the date of this report. This assumption is based on the liquidity position of the Group, forecasted operating results, and the market outlook for the oil service sector as at December 31, 2022. The Board believes the annual report provides a fair presentation of the Group's assets and debt, financial position and financial performance.

Key figures

	2022	2021
Revenue in \$ millions	970	936
EBITDA ¹ in \$ millions	86	85
EBITDA before exceptional items ² in \$ millions	95	93
Net income/(loss) from continuing operations in \$ millions	98	(15)
Net interest bearing debt in \$ millions	505	500
Employees at December 31	4,658	4,473

¹EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest and other financial items, taxes, depreciation, amortization and impairments. This non-GAAP measurement is widely used by analysts and investors for assessing companies' underlying performance and comparisons with other companies within the industry.

²Exceptional items include severance payments, costs of the personnel in Latin America and office closure costs which are non-recurring and are not directly related to our current business operations as disclosed in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.





Board of Directors' Report Health, Safety and Environmental

Archer is a people business, therefore the diversity in our framework has high focus and is very important to us.

Archer's HSE philosophy is to establish and maintain an incident-free workplace where accidents, injuries or losses do not occur.

Safety is one of our key values. The value is embedded in the way we work in compliance with our procedures, with the authority to 'stop work' if safety is compromised, planning before we act, evaluating performance to ensure we improve, and maintaining a positive working environment.

Measuring performance is a key element in Archer's continuous improvement process, and results are monitored constantly and systematically. A selection of KPIs reflecting Archer's policies and objectives are reviewed down to installation level and reported to management on a monthly basis.

External and internal audits, verifications, inspections and management visits offshore are carried out to measure compliance towards requirements. Archer has the last couple of years introduced a new tool, which we call checkfact. The checkfact is also a verification tool, but more based on interviews with focus on getting employee feedback on status and suggestions for improvements. This increases the ownership to improvement actions coming out of the checkfacts.

The close monitoring of the KPI results facilitates analysis of trends and causes, enabling the management to implement corrective actions if and when required. Together with the outcome of audits and inspections and the discussions in our management reviews, these results are used in the preparation of the annual HSE focus plans.

The main element in the Archer 2022 HSE plan has been the further follow-up of the Archer safety culture program. The Big 5 & the broken window. Via different initiatives during the year, Archer reinforced the message in these two programs.

The Big 5 is an Archer initiated safety culture program, the focus for the program is the personal motivation each of us must stay

incident-free. The main theme is to stay incident free so that we can go back home and do what we love the most. The Big 5, are each employee's most important reasons to stay safe at work. The question we ask is: how will a serious injury impact your life and your Big 5.

The broken window theory is basically one of escalation of behavior based on social norms. The principle of the theory is that when people see broken windows and buildings or cars, they tend to think no one really cares and no one is in charge. And it's then more likely that other windows will get broken. It is easy to imagine how social signals and acceptable behavior can apply to improving and maintaining a healthy organizational safety culture. It is all about:

- Defining acceptable behavior
- Giving employees the tools they need to conform to expectations i.e. safety training, well-maintained equipment, etc.
- And signaling that behavior consistently.

The Big 5 & the broken window will continue to play a central role in the Archer HSE plan for 2023, ensuring a continued improvement in the Archer total recordable injury frequency (TRIF) trend.

Archer continued its focus on the IOPG Life-saving rules. The rules describe key actions to prevent fatal injuries related to 9 different high-risk activities. Archer rolled out 4 information packages related to Life saving rules in 2021 using video material, presentation material and group work tasks. The adherence to the Lifesaving Rules were verified using internal inspections and management hands-on activities.

Compared with 2021, the 2022 TRIF trend had a slight increase from 0.41 to 0.54, but was very below the 2020 results of 0.86 and the Lost Time Injury trend increased from 0.13 to 0.17 during 2022. Archer injury trend is based on number of injuries during 20,000 worked hours. All the incidents Archer experienced during the year had minor personal impact.

Most incidents can easily be avoided, which is why we keep consistent and high QHSE focus. To ensure this is highlighted and to ensure we reach our success criteria the following actions will be put in place and monitored during the 2023:

- Global program for checkfacts
- The Big 5 & broken window reinforcement
- Quality rules
- Daily risk management
- Human & Organizational Performance

The following table provides a summary of our work injury statistics.

Area	2022		2021	
	Lost Time Injuries	Medical Treatment Cases	Lost Time Injuries	Medical Treatment Cases
Platform Operation	5	12	5	6
Offshore Services	2	1	0	3
Land Drilling	0	2	1	4
Archer Total	7	15	6	13

The table above illustrates the total amount of recordable personal injuries in both Eastern and Western Hemisphere.

Archer is actively working to minimize the risk of damage to the environment as a result of operations. This includes the systematic registration of emissions and discharges, and preventive action in selecting chemicals that cause minimum harm to the environment. However, there are still risks of environmental damage and negative consequences for the company. In 2022 Archer had 2 reportable spills.

The Archer Management system is certified according to the ISO 9001:2015 certificate. In addition, the UK and Brazil operations and Wireline Norwegian operations are accredited to the ISO 14001:2015 for Environmental Management Standards. Archer has described the social responsibility in its management system and made clear commitments throughout the year.

Sustainability

The company publishes its Environmental, Social, Governance report (ESG) for in parallel with this Annual Report. The ESG report has been prepared in accordance with the framework established by the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) for Oil and Gas Services. This report allows us to identify, manage and report on material Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) factors specific to our industry. The report is published to provide investors, banks and other stakeholders with easy access to extra financial information. More information is available in the ESG 2022 report on our homepage, please visit <https://www.archerwell.com/sustainability/>

Employee and diversity

Coming out of 2021, we had a belief that the pandemic was over and that we could look forward to a new normal, but we experienced very soon that the situation was not entirely so. The COVID situation had an impact to our offshore operations also in 2022, typically with higher absenteeism due to low threshold for health conditions to not go offshore. Despite this, our global workforces

dedication to demonstrating our values and delivering excellence to our clients has continued to impress also throughout 2022.

Throughout the year, increased use of digitalization and opportunity to practice higher degree of hybrid work flexibility has been requested and appreciated from our global workforce. This situation has improved our ability to connect, and to support our clients even when reduced mobility and home office options. Being a great place to work no longer means that place must be in an office. The 2022 Employee surveys can indicate that this flexibility has a positive effect and impact, which allows our employees to easier handle their personal lives and experience better work-life balance, which could have a positive impact to employees mental health, productivity and to the employee retention.

The total headcount for Archer had a net increase of approximately 170 employees during 2022, with 4568 employees at year end. The increase had an equal balance between Platform Operations, Well Services and Land Drilling operations, and within all business units.

Our diverse global workforce represents 42 nationalities. Although the nature of our business entails a primarily male workforce, most of our employees are working offshore at rig installations or in field locations at onshore drilling rigs. Female employees make up 17% of our onshore workforce, with 17% of those female employees holding leadership positions. The total female ratio is 5.4%, an increase of 0.5% compared to 4.9% in 2021.

Archer is a people business, therefore the diversity in our framework has high focus and is very important to us. We firmly believe that our people are our most valuable capital. Creating a learning, sustainable and safe workplace is a key to the success of our company.

The Archer Group is an equal opportunity employer and exercises fair treatment to all individuals regardless of race, color, religion, gender, national origin, age, disability or any other status protected by law. This commitment applies to all employment decisions and in all the countries in which Archer entities operate. Included within our Human Rights policy is our commitment to respect the principles in the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, the International Bill of Human Rights, and the ILO Core Conventions on Labor Standards. Archer complies with established international labor standards and employment legislation where we operate and is committed to the prevention of child and forced labor, non-discrimination in the workplace, the right of freedom of association and assembly, and the right to collective bargaining.



Board of Directors' Report Risk factors

Risks Relating to the Group and the Industry in which the Group Operates

The Group's business depends on the development and production in the North Sea and internationally, and the level of activity of oil and natural gas exploration.

The Group's business depends on the level of activity of oil and gas exploration, development and production in the North Sea and internationally, and in particular, the level of exploration and production expenditures of the Group's customers. The North Sea is a mature oil and natural gas production region that has experienced substantial seismic survey, and exploration activity for many years. Because a large number of oil and natural gas prospects in this region have already been drilled, additional prospects of sufficient size and quality could be more difficult to identify in the future. The decrease in the size of oil and natural gas prospects and a decrease in production may result in reduced drilling activity in the North Sea. As a significant portion of the Group's business is conducted in the North Sea, such decrease may reduce the demand for the Group's services, which would adversely affect the Group's business, results of operations, cash flows, financial condition and prospects. Further, although the pace and magnitude of the demand for a shift from hydrocarbons to renewable energy sources is uncertain and difficult to predict, such energy transition could lead to a decline in the demand for the Group's services and thus negatively affect the Group, and there can be no assurance that the Group will be able to successfully adapt to such energy transition.

The Group's business is significantly dependent on the level of oil and gas prices

The demand for the Group's drilling and well services is adversely affected by declines in exploration, development and production activity associated with depressed oil and natural gas prices. Historically, oil and gas prices have been highly volatile and subject to large fluctuations in response to relatively minor changes in the supply of and demand for oil and gas, market uncertainty and a variety of other economic and political factors as seen in connection with the recent COVID-19 pandemic and the war in Ukraine.

The Group may fail to keep pace with technological changes

The Group provides drilling and well services in increasingly challenging onshore and offshore environments. To meet its clients

needs, the Group must continually develop new and update existing technology for the services it provides, primarily in the Group's well services division. In addition, rapid and frequent technology and market demand changes can render existing technologies obsolete, requiring substantial new capital expenditures, and could have a negative impact on the Group's market share. For instance, the oil tools and wireline segments of the Group's services divisions have developed proprietary technologies. In the event that the Group is unable to develop these technologies further in line with the general market for competing technologies, the Group may experience a material decrease in the demand for its technology, which in turn could have a material adverse effect on the Group's operations, profitability and prospects.

The Group's industry is highly competitive

The Group's industry is highly competitive. The Group's contracts are traditionally awarded on a competitive bid basis, with pricing often being the primary factor in determining which qualified contractor is awarded a job, although each contractor's technical capability, product and service quality and availability, responsiveness, experience, safety performance record and reputation for quality can also be key factors in the determination.

Several other oilfield service companies are larger than the Group and have resources that are significantly greater than the Group's resources. Furthermore, the Group competes with several smaller companies capable of competing effectively on a regional or local basis. These competitors may be able to better withstand industry downturns, compete on the basis of price, and acquire and implement new equipment and technologies. Should the Group not be able to compete effectively, this could adversely affect the Group's revenues and profitability.

The Group's Argentina operations could be affected by government action

The Group's land drilling division provides drilling and well services to operators in Argentina, and these operations account for approximately 25-30% of the Group's total revenues. Argentina's default on its sovereign debt combined with capital restrictions have led to a challenging situation for the oil and gas sector in the country, including the oil service industry. How the government of Argentina invests in the energy sector, makes changes to employment and labour legislation, and formulates policy around

taxation, currency control and exchange national debt repayment and commodity pricing could all have a significant effect on the Group's business in Argentina.

Currently, the Argentinean government has imposed strict capital controls, including prohibiting payment to related parties for services rendered. This effectively prevents payment from Argentinean Archer entities to non-Argentinean Archer entities. Until these capital controls are lifted, Archer is unable to utilize any cash generated from its Argentinean operation to support the rest of the Group's activity.

A small number of customers account for a significant portion of the Group's total operating revenues

The Group derives a significant amount of its total operating revenues from a few energy companies. In the year ended 31 December 2022, Equinor, Pan American, and YPF accounted for approximately 47.6%, 18.8% and 8.6% of the Group's total operating revenues, respectively. During the year ended 31 December 2021, contracts from Equinor, Pan American Energy, YPF, and Repsol accounted for 42.0%, 14.3%, 7.3% and 5.0% of the Group's total operating revenues, respectively. Consequently, the Group's financial condition and results of operations will be materially adversely affected if these customers interrupt or curtail their activities, terminate their contracts with the Group, fail to renew their existing contracts or refuse to award new contracts to the Group, and the Group is unable to enter into contracts with new customers at comparable day rates. As such, the loss of any significant customer could adversely affect the Group's financial condition and results of operations.

An oversupply of comparable rigs in the geographic markets in which the Group competes could depress the utilization rates and day rates for its rigs

Utilization rates, which are the number of days a rig actually works divided by the number of days the rig is available for work, and day rates, which are the contract prices customers pay for rigs per day, are also affected by the total supply of comparable rigs available for service in the geographic markets in which the Group competes. Improvements in demand in a geographic market may cause the Group's competitors to respond by moving competing rigs into the market, thus intensifying price competition. Significant new rig construction could also intensify price competition. In the

past, there have been prolonged periods of rig oversupply with correspondingly depressed utilization rates and day rates largely due to earlier, speculative construction of new rigs. Improvements in day rates and expectations of long-term, sustained improvements in utilization rates and day rates for drilling rigs may lead to construction of new rigs. Furthermore, these increases in the supply of rigs could also depress the utilization rates and day rates for the Group's modular rigs and thus materially reduce the Group's revenues and profitability for this segment. The Group's land drilling operations in Argentina are particularly exposed to the aforementioned risks.

The Group will experience reduced profitability if its customers reduce activity levels or terminate or seek to renegotiate their contracts with the Group

Currently, the Group's drilling services contracts with major customers are largely day rate contracts, pursuant to which the Group charges a fixed charge per day regardless of the number of days needed to drill the well. Likewise, under the Group's current well services contracts, the Group charges a fixed daily fee. During depressed market conditions, a customer may no longer need services that are currently under contract or may be able to obtain comparable services at a lower daily rate. As a result, customers may seek to renegotiate the terms of their existing platform drilling contracts with the Group or avoid their obligations under such contracts. In addition, the Group's customers may have the right to terminate, or may seek to renegotiate, existing contracts if the Group experiences downtime, operational problems above the contractual limit or safety-related issues or in other specified circumstances, which include events beyond the control of either party.

Exploration and production operations involve numerous operational risks and hazards

Substantially all of the Group's operations are subject to hazards that are customary for exploration and production activity, including blowouts, reservoir damage, loss of well control, cratering, oil and gas well fires and explosions, natural disasters, pollution and mechanical failure. Any of these risks could result in damage to or destruction of drilling equipment, personal injury and property damage, suspension of operations, or environmental damage.



Board of Directors' Report Risk factors

Risks relating to cyber attacks

The Group relies heavily on technology and data systems in order to conduct its operations. The Group's software, technology, data websites or networks as well as those of third parties, are vulnerable to security breaches, including unauthorised access, computer viruses or other cyber threats that could have a security impact. Although the Group has implemented security systems, the Group may not be able to prevent cyberattacks, such as phishing and hacking or prevent breaches caused by employee error, in a timely manner or at all. If such events occur, unauthorised persons may access or manipulate confidential and proprietary information of the Group, destroy or cause interruptions in the Group's data systems which in turn could adversely hamper the Group's ability to execute projects and otherwise conduct its business. Consequently, cyberattacks or breaches negatively affecting the Group's data systems could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Risks related to law, regulation and litigation

Risks related to the Group's international operations. The Group has operations in 40 countries in Asia, Oceania, Europe, North America, South America, the Middle East and Africa. As such, the Group's operations are subject to various laws and regulations in the countries in which it operates, whose political and compliance regimes differ. Part of the Group's strategy is to prudently and opportunistically acquire businesses and assets that complement the Group's existing products and services and to expand the Group's geographic footprint. There can however be no assurance that the Group will be able to successfully integrate businesses or assets acquired in the future (domestic or abroad), and there is a risk that substantial costs, delays, business disruptions or other issues could arise in connection with such acquisitions, which in turn could have a material adverse effect on the Group. Further, if the Group makes acquisitions in other countries, the Group may increase its exposure to various risks, such as unexpected changes in regulatory requirements, foreign currency fluctuations and devaluation, increased governmental ownership and regulation of the economy in markets in which the Group operates, and other forms of government regulations beyond the Group's control. Governments in some foreign countries have become increasingly active in regulating and controlling the ownership of concessions

and companies holding concessions, the exploration for oil and natural gas, and other aspects of their countries' oil and natural gas industries. In some areas of the world, this governmental activity has adversely affected the amount of exploration and development work done by major oil and natural gas companies and may continue to do so. For instance, the Company has observed certain foreign exchange restrictions in Argentina and Angola, an increase of local content legislation in West Africa and more challenging contracting practices by national oil companies (NOCs) in e.g. Brazil, United Arab Emirates and Malaysia.

The Group is subject to governmental laws and regulations, some of which may impose significant liability on the Group.

Many aspects of the Group's operations are subject to laws and regulations that relate, directly or indirectly, to the oilfield services industry, including laws requiring the Group to control the discharge of oil and other contaminants into the environment, requiring removal and clean-up of materials that may harm the environment, controlling carbon dioxide emissions or otherwise relating to environmental protection. The Group incurs, and expects to continue to incur, capital and operating costs to comply with environmental laws and regulations.

Although the Group actively works towards minimizing the risk of damage to the environment as a result of its operations, there are still risks of environmental damage and negative consequences for the Group. For example, the Company reported two spills in 2020. Failure to comply with environmental laws and regulations may result in the assessment of administrative, civil and even criminal penalties, the imposition of remedial obligations, and the issuance of injunctions that may limit or prohibit the Group's operations. The technical requirements of environmental laws and regulations are becoming increasingly expensive, complex and stringent. The application of these requirements, the modification of existing laws or regulations or the adoption of new laws or regulations curtailing exploration and production activity could materially limit the Group's future contract opportunities, limit the Group's activities or the activities and levels of capital spending by the Group's customers, or materially increase the Group's costs.

The Group's failure to comply with anti-bribery laws may have a negative impact on its ongoing operations.

The Group operates in countries known to experience governmental corruption, as indicated by Transparency International's Corruption Perception Index, such as Angola, Azerbaijan, Brazil, Brunei, Congo, Indonesia, Mauritania and Nigeria. While the Group is committed to conducting business in a legal and ethical manner, there is a risk that its employees or agents or those of its affiliates may take actions that violate legislation promulgated by a number of countries pursuant to the 1997 OECD Convention on Combating Bribery of Foreign Public Officials in International Business Transactions or other applicable anti-corruption laws which generally prohibit companies and their intermediaries from making improper payments for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business. Any failure to comply with the anti-bribery laws could subject the Group to fines, sanctions and other penalties against it, which could have a material adverse impact on the Group's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Group is exposed to risk due to changes in tax laws or tax practice of any jurisdiction in which the Group operates.

The Company is a Bermuda company and, as such, the Company is not required to pay taxes in Bermuda on income or capital gains pursuant to current Bermuda law. However, certain of the Company's subsidiaries operate in jurisdictions where taxes are imposed, mainly Norway, the United States of America, Argentina, Brazil and the United Kingdom. For legal entities operating in taxable jurisdictions, the Company computes tax on income in accordance with the tax rules and regulations of the taxing authority where the income is earned. Tax laws and regulations are highly complex and subject to interpretation and change, and the income tax rates imposed by these authorities vary. Thus, the Company is exposed to a material risk regarding the correct application of the tax regulators as well as possible future changes in the tax legislation of those relevant countries. Any incorrect application or changes in tax regulations or customs duty could adversely affect the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Risks related to labour disruptions.

Union activity and general labour unrest may significantly affect the Group's operations in some jurisdictions. In Argentina and Brazil, which are countries where the Group operates, labour

organizations have substantial support, and considerable political influence. The demands of labour organizations in Argentina have increased in recent years as a result of the general labour unrest and dissatisfaction resulting from the disparity between the cost of living and salaries in Argentina due to the devaluation of the Argentine Peso. Should the Group's operations in Argentina or in other countries in which the Group operates, face labour disruptions in the future, this could have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial condition and results of operations.

Risks related to financial matters

Risks relating to the new First Lien Loan and Second Lien Bonds. The Group's new financing arrangements (as described in Note 27, Subsequent Event), impose various restrictive covenants, including change of control clauses, and undertakings that limit the discretion of the Group's management in operating the Group's business. In particular, these covenants limit the Group's ability to, among other things:

- make certain types of loans and investments;
- incur or guarantee additional indebtedness;
- pay dividends, redeem or repurchase stock, treasury, redeem or repurchase other debt or make other restricted payments;
- use proceeds from asset sales, new indebtedness or equity issuances for general corporate purposes or investment into its business;
- invest in joint ventures;
- create or incur liens;
- enter into transactions with affiliates;
- sell assets or consolidate or merge with or into other companies; and
- enter into new lines of business.

The Group's continued ability to incur additional debt and to conduct business in general is subject to the Group's compliance with the above-mentioned covenants, which limit the discretion of management in operating the Group's business and that, in turn, could impair the Group's ability to meet its obligations. Breaches of these covenants could result in defaults under the applicable debt instruments and could trigger defaults under any of the Group's other indebtedness that is cross defaulted against such instruments, even if the Group meets its payment obligations. In particular, the



Board of Directors' Report Risk factors

First Lien Facility will include a change of control clause which, if triggered, will, inter alia, entitle a lender or guarantee facility bank to require repayment under the First Lien Facility, and also entitle a lender to cancel its commitment under the First Lien Facility. Financial and other covenants that limit the Group's operational flexibility as well as defaults resulting from breach of any of these covenants, could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations, cash flows, financial condition and prospects.

The Group's results of operations may be adversely affected by currency fluctuations.

The Group's functional and reporting currency is US Dollars, but the Group receives revenues and incurs expenditures in other currencies due to its international operations, mainly Argentine Pesos, Norwegian kroner, and British pounds. As such, the Group is exposed to foreign currency exchange movements in both transactions that are denominated in currency other than US Dollars and in translating consolidated subsidiaries who do not have a functional currency of US Dollars. For the financial year 2022, the Group recognized net foreign exchange losses of USD 185 million in its consolidated income statement. The Group attempts to limit the risks of currency fluctuation and restrictions on currency repatriation where possible by obtaining contracts providing for payment of a percentage of the contract indexed to the US dollar exchange rate. To the extent possible, the Group seeks to limit its exposure to local currencies by matching the acceptance of local currencies to the Group's local expense requirements in those currencies. However, there can be no assurance that future hedging arrangements will be effective. Consequently, fluctuations between USD, NOK, Argentine Pesos, British pounds, and other currencies, may have a material adverse effect on the Group's cash flow and financial condition.

The Group currently has a significant level of debt and could incur additional debt in the future.

As of 31 December 2022, the Group had total outstanding interest-bearing debt of USD 588.4 million. This debt represented 65% of the Group's total assets. Although the contemplated Refinancing is intended to de-leverage the Group's debt, the Group's current debt and the limitations imposed on the Group by the Refinancing or any future debt agreements could have significant adverse consequences for the Group's business and future prospects.

including the following:

- limit the Group's ability to obtain necessary financing in the future for working capital, capital expenditure, acquisitions, debt services requirements or other purposes.
- make it difficult for the Group to repay the debt as it comes due, obtain extension of maturities or secure sufficient refinancing.
- require the Group to dedicate a substantial portion of its cash flow from operations to payments of principal and interest on its debt.
- make the Group more vulnerable during downturns in its business and limit its ability to take advantage of significant business opportunities and to react to changes in the Group's business and in market or industry conditions, and
- place the Group at a competitive disadvantage compared to competitors that have less debt.

If the Group's operating income is not sufficient to service its current or future indebtedness, the Group may be forced to take action such as reducing or delaying its business activities, acquisitions, investments or capital expenditures, selling assets, restructuring or refinancing its debt or seeking additional equity capital, which in turn could materially and adversely affect the business of the Group.

Interest rate fluctuations could affect the Group's cash flow and financial condition.

The Group has incurred, and may in the future incur, significant amounts of debt. The Group is generally financed using floating interest rates. The Group may be exposed to movements in interest rates on non-USD Dollar-denominated debt. As such, movements in interest rates could have a material adverse impact on the Group's cash flows as well as its financial condition.

The Group has recorded substantial goodwill which is subject to periodic reviews of impairment.

The Group performs purchase price allocations to intangible assets when it makes acquisitions. The excess of the purchase price after allocation of fair values to tangible assets is allocated to identifiable intangibles, and thereafter to goodwill. The value of the Group's goodwill is material, and amounted to \$167.5 million as per 31 December 2021, constituting approximately 20% of the asset values in the balance sheet. As of 31 December 2022, the

goodwill amounted to \$149.4 million, equivalent to 16% of the asset values in the balance sheet. The reduction in carrying value is the result of converting the goodwill recorded in NOK to USD. The Group is required to conduct periodic reviews of goodwill for impairment in value. The testing of the valuation of goodwill requires judgment and assumptions to be made in connection with the future performance of the various components of the Group's business operations and may significantly impact any subsequent impairment charge. Any impairment would result in a non-cash charge against earnings in the period reviewed, which may or may not create a tax benefit, and would cause a corresponding decrease in shareholders' equity. In the event that market conditions deteriorate or there is a prolonged downturn, the Group may be required to record an impairment of goodwill, and such impairment could be material.

Risks Relating to the Shares

Future issues of Shares may dilute the holdings of Shareholders.
The Company may decide to offer additional Shares in the future, to finance new capital-intensive projects, to pursue merger and acquisition opportunities in connection with unanticipated liabilities of expenses, for the purpose of delivering shares under employee incentive programs or for any other purposes. As the Company is a Bermuda exempted company limited by shares, shareholders do not have the same preferential rights in a future offering in the Company as shareholders in Norwegian limited liability companies listed on the Oslo Stock Exchange normally have. Depending on the structure of any future offering, certain existing shareholders may therefore not be able to purchase additional equity securities meaning that these shareholders' holding and voting interest may be diluted.



Board of Directors' Report Share capital issues and Corporate Governance

Share Capital Issues

At December 31, 2022, the number of shares issued was 148758612 corresponding to a share capital of \$1487586. At December 31, 2022, our authorised share capital was \$10,000,000 consisting of 10,000,000 shares each with a par value of \$0.01. All of our shares are of the same class.

The issued shares are fully paid, and all issued shares represent capital in the company. The shares are equal in all respects and each share carries one vote at our General Meeting of shareholders. None of our shareholders have different voting rights. The Board is not aware of any other shareholders agreements or any take-over bids during the year.

All of our issued shares are listed on the Oslo Stock Exchange and the split of the shareholders, as registered in the Norwegian Central Securities Depository (VPS), was as per the table below.

Shareholder overview as of December 31, 2022

PARATUS JU NEVCO BERMUDA LIMITED	15.5%
HEMEN HOLDING LIMITED	12.5%
SKANDINAVISKA ENSKILDA BANKEN AB	4.3%
STAVANGER FORVALTNING AS	2.9%
Others	64.4%

Hermen Holding Ltd. or Hermen, a Cyprus holding company is indirectly controlled by trusts established by Mr. John Fredrikson for the benefit of his immediate family.

Reference is also made to note 27 "Subsequent event" with further details regarding the refinancing in 2023.

Corporate governance

The Board has reviewed our compliance with various rules and regulations, such as the Norwegian Accounting Act, the Norwegian Code of Practice for Corporate Governance, as well as the respective Bermuda law. A detailed discussion of each item can be found in the compliance section of this annual report in Appendix A. The Board believes that we are in compliance with the rules and regulations except for certain sections where the reasons for this non-compliance are provided.



Board of Directors' Report Board of Directors

Composition of the Board

Overall responsibility for the management of Archer Limited and its subsidiaries rests with the Board. Our bye-laws provide that the Board shall consist of a minimum of two directors, and the shareholders have currently approved a maximum of nine directors. One of the directors is elected to act as chairman at each Board meeting. Archer maintains Directors & Officers liability insurance against liabilities incurred in their capacity as Director or officer. The policy has a limit of \$40 million.

Archer Limited's business address at Par-la-Ville Place, 14 Par-la-Ville Road, Hamilton HM 08, Bermuda, serves as c/o addresses for the members of the Board in relation to their directorships of the company.

James O'Shaughnessy

Director

Mr. James O'Shaughnessy has served as Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee since September 2018. O'Shaughnessy served as an Executive Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller of Axis Capital Holdings Limited up to March 26, 2019. Prior to that Mr. O'Shaughnessy has amongst others served as Chief Financial Officer of Flagstone Reinsurance Holdings and as Chief Accounting Officer and Senior Vice President of Scottish Re Group Ltd. and Chief Financial Officer of XL Re Ltd. at XL Group plc. Mr. O'Shaughnessy received a Bachelor of Commerce degree from University College, Cork, Ireland and is both a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ireland, an Associate Member of the Chartered Insurance Institute of the UK and a Chartered Director. Mr. O'Shaughnessy also serves as a director of Frontline, Golden Ocean, SFL Corporation Limited, Avance, Gas, ST Energy Transition I Ltd., CG Insurance Group and Catalina General. Mr. O'Shaughnessy is an Irish, British and Bermudian citizen residing in Bermuda.

Giovanni Dell'Orto

Director

Giovanni Dell'Orto was appointed as a Director in February 2011. Mr. Dell'Orto was president and chief executive officer of DLS Drilling Logistics and Services from 1994 to August 2006. He is a member of the board of Energy Developments and Investments Corporation (EDIC). Mr. Dell'Orto also has served as chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Sapem and was a board member of Agip and Spam. Mr. Dell'Orto is an Argentinian and Italian citizen, resident in Switzerland.

Jan Erik Klepsland

Director

Jan Erik Klepsland has served as Director in Archer since October 2021. Mr. Klepsland is an Investment Director of Seatankers Management Norway AS. He holds a MSc in Finance from the Norwegian School of Economics (NHH). Prior to joining Seatankers, he held the position as Partner at ABC Sundal Collier. Prior to ABC he held a position as a Director in Nordal Investment Banking. Mr. Klepsland also serves as Chief Financial Officer of St. Energy Transition Ltd. He has experience within equity/debt financing, M&A and restructuring. Mr. Klepsland is a Norwegian citizen and resides in Oslo, Norway.

Board Independence

The Chairman of the company's four-member Board of Directors is elected by the Board of Directors and not by the shareholders as recommended in the Norwegian Code of Practice. This is in compliance with normal procedures under Bermuda law.

Peter Sharpe

Director

Mr. Sharpe was appointed as a Director in November 2019. Mr. Sharpe retired from Shell in 2017 after holding a diverse range of Executive Management positions at various international locations over a period of 37 years. He served as Executive Vice President of Shell for over 10 years, with responsibility for managing Shell upstream investments in well construction and maintenance globally. He served as chairman of Sirius Well Manufacturing Plc, an independent joint venture between Shell and China National Petroleum Corporation from 2012 to 2017, as a non-executive director of Xtreme Drilling and Coil Services Corporation from 2008 to 2014, and as a Director of Seadrill Ltd from 2018 to 2020. Mr. Sharpe received a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Hull in 1980. Mr. Sharpe is a UK citizen residing in the United Kingdom.



Board of Directors' Report Executive management

Dag Skindlo Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Skindlo joined Archer in April 2016 as Chief Financial Officer before becoming Chief Executive Officer in March 2020.

Mr. Skindlo is a business-oriented executive with 30 years in the energy industry. He joined Schlumberger in 1992 where he held various financial and operational positions before he joined the Aker Group of companies in 2005. His experience from Aker Kvaerner, Aker Solutions and Kvaerner includes both global CFO roles and Managing Director roles for several large industrial business divisions. Prior to joining Archer Mr. Skindlo was the Chief Executive Officer of Aquamarine Subsea. Mr. Skindlo brings with him extensive international experience including working for more than twelve years in countries like the US, Indonesia, Scotland and China. Mr. Skindlo currently serves as Chairman of the Nasdaq listed oil-field service company KLX Energy Services Holdings, Inc.

Mr. Skindlo is a Norwegian citizen with a Master of Science in Economics and Business Administration from the Norwegian School of Economy and Business Administration (NHH).

Espen Joranger Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Joranger was appointed Chief Financial Officer for Archer in March 2020. Mr. Joranger has more than 10 years' experience in the Oil and Gas industry. Espen joined Archer in May 2018 as Finance Director North Sea Region and held the position as Group Controller prior to his appointment as Chief Financial Officer in Archer. Before joining Archer, he worked for Seadrill as Director of Financial Accounting for 3 years and 8 years for Ernst & Young.

Mr. Joranger is a State Authorized Public Accountant from the Norwegian School of Economics and Business Administration (NHH) and is a Norwegian citizen and resides in Stavanger, Norway.

Adam Todd General Counsel

Mr. Todd was appointed General Counsel in September 2017. Mr. Todd started his career with Canadian law firms focusing on commercial litigation before moving to Oslo in 2009 to join Aker Solutions. He spent 8 years with Aker Solutions in various roles based in Oslo and London including head of legal positions for Europe and Africa and Tendering and Partnering. Mr. Todd brings with him extensive international oil and gas services experience in corporate, contracting, M&A, litigation, and compliance matters.

Mr. Todd holds a juris doctorate from the University of Alberta, received in 2003. Mr. Todd is a Canadian citizen and resides in Oslo, Norway.

Board of Directors' Report Responsibility Statement

We confirm that, to the best of our knowledge, the financial statements for 2022 have been prepared in accordance with the current applicable accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss for the Company and the Group.

We also confirm that the Board of Directors' Report includes a true and fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company and the Group, together with a description of the financial risks and uncertainties facing the Company and the Group.

April 28, 2023

The Board of Archer Limited


Giovanni Deir Orto
(Director)


James O'Shaughnessy
(Director)


Jan Erik Klepsland
(Director)


Peter Sharpe
(Director)

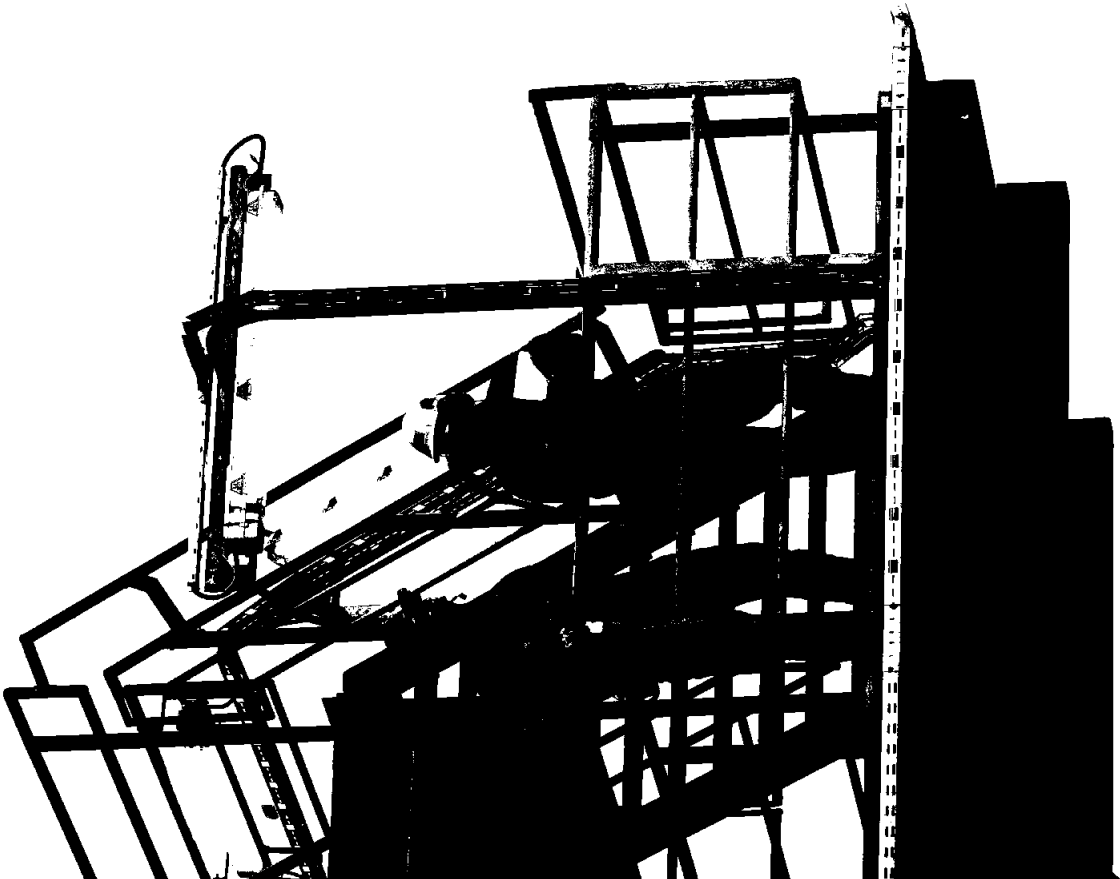


Archer

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**Financial Statements
2022**

Archer 2022 Annual Report



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To the shareholders and Board of Directors of Archer Limited

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Archer Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated statement of operations, statement of comprehensive loss, statement of changes in shareholders' equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a fair presentation of the financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP). Our opinion is consistent with our additional report to the Audit Committee.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company and the Group as required by relevant laws and regulations in Norway and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, no prohibited non-audit services referred to in the Audit Regulation (537/2014) Article 5.1 have been provided.

We have been the auditor of the Company for 3 years from the election by the general meeting of the shareholders on 26 May 2021 for the accounting year 2020.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of Goodwill and Valuation of certain modular and land based drilling rigs have the same characteristics and risks as in the prior year, and therefore continue to be areas of focus this year. *Acquisition of Deepwell AS & DW Quip AS* was a non-recurring event in 2021 and is not included as a focus area for 2022.

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Statsautoriserede revisorer, medlemmer av Den norske Revisorføring og autorisert regnskapsførerelekap



Key Audit Matters

Valuation of certain modular and land based drilling rigs

The value of the Group's land based and modular drilling rigs is material to the financial statements and constitute a major part of the carrying values of property plant and equipment of \$ 310.7 million as at 31 December 2022.

Management identified indicators of impairment and consequently assessed the carrying values of the drilling rigs for impairment. Management assessed and compared the sum of the undiscounted cash flows that the asset is expected to generate, including any estimated disposal proceeds to the carrying values. Where the undiscounted cash flows for a rig was less than its carrying value, management adjusted the carrying value, by recording an impairment, to its estimated recoverable value. An additional impairment assessment has been made for idle rigs.

An impairment of \$6 million was recorded in 2022, and the majority of the impairment charge for 2022 was related to idle land based drilling rigs.

We focused on this area due to the significant carrying value of the rigs and the judgement inherent in the impairment assessment.

Management explains their impairment process and assumptions in notes 5 and 13 to the financial statements

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

We evaluated and challenged management's assessment of indicators of impairment and the process by which this was performed.

We assessed management's accounting policy against US GAAP and obtained explanations from management as to how the specific requirements of the standards, in particular ASC 360, were met. We also assessed the consistency year on year of the application of the accounting policy.

Management considers each rig to be a cash generating unit ("CGU") in their assessment of impairment indicators. Consequently we assessed impairment indicators on the same basis.

We assessed the significant assumptions management used in their forecast of future cash flows. This included tracing input data to actual contracts and considering whether key assumptions, such as estimated utilisation rates and day rates, were consistent with historical performance, expected market rates and our knowledge of the industry. We also performed a sensitivity analysis on the assumptions made by management, using various scenarios.

In order to assess management's estimate of the fair value of the land-based rigs, we considered the evidence obtained from external valuation firms and also the objectivity and competence of the firms to provide reliable estimates. We interviewed one of the external valuation firms to understand how the estimates for fair value were compiled. We also satisfied ourselves that the firm was provided with relevant facts in order to determine such an estimate, by testing key inputs. We concluded that management sufficiently understood the valuations from third parties, including having obtained an understanding of the methodology used in arriving at the valuations.

From the evidence obtained we found the assumptions and methodology used to be appropriate.

We read note 5 (Impairments) and note 13 (Property, plant and equipment) and assessed this to be in line with the requirements. No matters of consequence arose from the procedures above.



Valuation of goodwill

The value of the Group's goodwill is material to the financial statements and constitute approximately 1/6 of the values in the balance sheet.

The Group is required to, at least annually, perform impairment assessments of goodwill. Management assessed and compared the discounted cash flows that the reporting units are expected to generate to the carrying values. Management concluded that goodwill was not impaired at the balance sheet date.

We focused on this area due to the significant carrying value of goodwill and the judgement inherent in the impairment review.

Management explains their impairment process and assumptions in note 14 to the financial statements.

We obtained and considered management's written assessment supporting the carrying value of goodwill on 31 December 2022.

We evaluated management's impairment assessment and the process by which this was performed.

We assessed management's accounting policy against US GAAP and obtained explanations from management as to how the specific requirements of the standards were met.

We assessed the significant assumptions management used in their forecast. This included challenging management assumptions and considering if they were consistent with historical performance and our knowledge of the industry. We also performed a sensitivity analysis on the assumptions made by management using various scenarios. From the evidence obtained we found the assumptions and methodology used to be appropriate.

We also calculated the market capitalization at 31 December 2022 based on the quoted share price and considered share price movements since year-end.

Our testing of the discount rate applied by management included benchmarking of inflation and discount rates applied against external market data.

We read note 14 (Goodwill) and assessed this to be in line with the requirements. No matters of consequence arose from the procedures above.

Other Information

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director (management) are responsible for the information in the Board of Directors' report and the other information accompanying the financial statements. The other information comprises information in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the information in the Board of Directors' report nor the other information accompanying the financial statements.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Board of Directors' report and the other information accompanying the financial statements. The purpose is to consider if there is material inconsistency between the Board of Directors' report and the other information accompanying the financial statements and the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or whether the Board of Directors' report and the other information accompanying the financial statements otherwise appear to be materially misstated. We are required



to report if there is a material misstatement in the Board of Directors' report or the other information accompanying the financial statements. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Based on our knowledge obtained in the audit, it is our opinion that the Board of Directors' report

- is consistent with the financial statements and
 - contains the information required by applicable statutory requirements.
- Our opinion on the Board of Directors' report applies correspondingly to the statements on Corporate Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless liquidation of the Group becomes imminent.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast substantial doubt on the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty



exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves a true and fair view.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Report on Compliance with Requirement on European Single Electronic Format (ESEF)

Opinion

As part of the audit of the financial statements of Archer Limited, we have performed an assurance engagement to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements included in the annual report, with the file name archerlimited-2022-12-31-en, have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the requirements of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 on the European Single Electronic Format (ESEF Regulation) and regulation pursuant to Section 5-5 of the Norwegian Securities Trading Act, which includes requirements related to the preparation of the annual report in XHTML format.

In our opinion, the financial statements, included in the annual report, have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the ESEF regulation.

Management's Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the preparation of the annual report in compliance with the ESEF regulation. This responsibility comprises an adequate process and such internal control as management determines is necessary.



Auditor's Responsibilities
Our responsibility, based on audit evidence obtained, is to express an opinion on whether, in all material respects, the financial statements included in the annual report have been prepared in compliance with ESEF. We conduct our work in compliance with the International Standard for Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 – "Assurance engagements other than audits or reviews of historical financial information". The standard requires us to plan and perform procedures to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements included in the annual report have been prepared in compliance with the ESEF Regulation.

As part of our work, we have performed procedures to obtain an understanding of the Company's processes for preparing the financial statements in compliance with the ESEF Regulation. We examine whether the financial statements are presented in XHTML-format. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Stavanger, 28 April 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers AS

Gunnar Slettebo

State Authorised Public Accountant



Archer

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Consolidated statement of operations

	NOTE	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31	
		2022	2021
Revenues			
Operating revenues		8,233	8,131
Reimbursable revenues		1469	1,230
Total revenues		9,702	9,361
Expenses			
Operating expenses	4	691.7	682.3
Reimbursable expenses		145.8	122.3
Operating lease costs	18	6.0	8.0
Depreciation and amortization	13	49.5	53.8
(Gain)/loss on sale of assets	13	0.0	(0.6)
Impairment charges	5	7.3	16.4
General and administrative expenses		40.7	38.4
Total expenses		940.9	920.7
Operating income		29.2	15.4
Gain on bargain purchase	6	9.2	11.4
Financial items			
Interest income		2.5	2.4
Interest expenses	17	(34.6)	(29.0)
Share of results in associated companies	12	(0.6)	(0.9)
Other financial items	7	1.73	(6.8)
Total financial items		(15.0)	(33.9)
Income / (loss) from continuing operations before taxes		23.1	(7.0)
Income tax expense	8	(13.3)	(7.7)
Income / (loss) from continuing		9.8	(14.8)
Net income / (loss)		9.8	(14.8)
Income / (loss) per share - basic		0.07	(0.10)
Income / (loss) per share - diluted		0.07	(0.10)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding			
Basic	9	148.8	148.2
Diluted	9	149.5	148.2

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Archer

Consolidated Financial Statements 2022

35	Consolidated Statement of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2022
36	Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive loss for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2022
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Archer Limited and subsidiaries Consolidated statement of comprehensive Income/(Loss)

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income/(Loss) \$ in millions	YEAR ENDED (DECEMBER 31)	
	2022	2021
Net income/(loss)	9.8	(14.8)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income		
Currency translation differences	(16.7)	(6.4)
Gain on sale of equity investment	—	0.6
Total other comprehensive loss	(16.7)	(6.8)
Total comprehensive loss	(6.9)	(20.6)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

\$ in millions	Translation differences		Other comprehensive income	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	13.6	—		13.6
Total other comprehensive income during 2021	(6.4)	0.6	(5.8)	
Balance at December 31, 2021	7.2	0.6		7.8
Total other comprehensive income during 2022	(16.7)	—	(16.7)	
Balance at December 31, 2022	(9.5)	0.6		(8.9)

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Consolidated balance sheet

\$ in millions	Note	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		821		507	
Restricted cash		139		148	
Accounts receivables	3	152.6		125.6	
Inventories	10	55.2		52.1	
Other current assets	11	39.0		30.7	
Total current assets		339.8		273.9	
Investment in associated	12		11.8		34
Marketable securities			15.9		2.9
Property plant and equipment, net	13	310.7		343.6	
Right of use assets	18	264		267	
Deferred income tax asset	8	21.6		20.6	
Goodwill	14	149.4		167.5	
Other intangible assets, net		2.2		0.6	
Deferred charges and other assets	15	28.4		11.4	
Total noncurrent assets		566.4		576.7	
Total assets		906.2		850.7	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current portion of interest-bearing debt	26	562.9		25.3	
Accounts payable		472		435	
Operating lease liabilities	18	5.6		5.2	
Other current liabilities	16	162.3		140.2	
Total current liabilities		778.1		214.2	
Long-term interest-bearing debt	26	8.7		509.5	
Subordinated related party loan	26	15.9		15.9	
Operating lease liabilities	18	20.8		21.5	
Deferred tax	8	0.4		0.0	
Other noncurrent liabilities		0.8		0.0	
Total noncurrent liabilities		46.6		547.9	
Shareholders' equity		81.5		88.5	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		906.2		850.7	

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Consolidated statement of cash flows

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31	
	2022	2021
<i>€ in millions</i>		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net income / (loss) from continuing operations	9.8	(14.8)
Adjustment to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	49.5	53.8
Impairment of fixed assets	7.3	16.4
Share-based compensation expenses	0.1	0.4
(Gain)/loss on assets disposals	0.0	(0.6)
Share of losses of unconsolidated affiliates	0.6	0.5
Amortization of loan fees	1.3	1.3
Mark to market of financial instruments	(7.7)	(6.1)
Mark to market of marketable securities	(3.1)	3.2
Change in deferred and accrued taxes	6.8	4.5
Gain on bargain purchase	(9.2)	(11.4)
Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable and other current assets	(55.8)	(17.3)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	1.2	2.2
Decrease/(increase) in accounts payable and other current liabilities	4.4	13.8
Change in other operating assets and liabilities net, including non-cash fx effects	7.3	5.7
Net cash provided by operating activities	41.5	52.7
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Capital expenditures	(30.3)	(33.5)
Proceeds from asset disposals	1.9	3.2
Proceeds from partial sale of equity investment	—	1.9
Investment in / loans to associated entities	(9.3)	(0.9)
Investment in subsidiaries net of cash acquired	(5.9)	(13.3)
Net cash used by investing activities	(43.6)	(42.6)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Borrowings under revolving facilities, other long-term debt and financial leases	91.8	58.5
Repayments under revolving facilities, other long-term debt and financial leases	(54.5)	(52.3)
Cash settlement of RSUs	(0.2)	(0.3)
Net cash provided by financing activities	37.1	5.9
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(7.5)	(4.1)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	27.5	11.9
Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, at beginning of the period	65.5	53.6
Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, at the end of the period	93.0	65.5
Interest paid	3.1	2.76
Taxes paid	6.5	3.9

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity

	COMMON SHARES	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	ACCUMULATED COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS	TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
<i>€ in millions</i>						
Balance at December 31, 2020	1.5	928.1	(1,574.2)	13.6	740.1	109.1
Share based compensation	—	0.3	—	—	—	0.3
Transition differences	—	—	—	(6.4)	—	(6.4)
Cash Settlement of RSUs	—	(0.3)	—	—	—	(0.3)
Gain on sale of equity investment	—	—	—	0.6	—	0.6
Balance at December 31, 2021	1.5	928.1	(1,589.0)	7.8	740.1	88.5
Share based compensation	—	0.1	—	—	—	0.1
Transition differences	—	—	—	(16.7)	—	(16.7)
Cash Settlement of RSUs	—	(0.2)	—	—	—	(0.2)
Net income	—	—	—	9.8	—	9.8
Balance at December 31, 2022	1.5	928.0	(1,579.2)	(8.9)	740.1	81.5

See accompanying notes that are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 1 – General information

Archer is an international oilfield services company providing a variety of oilfield products and services through its global organizations. Services include Platform Drilling, Land Drilling, Modular Rigs, Engineering services, Wireline services, production monitoring, well imaging and integrity management tools. In 2022, Archer invested in a 50% holding of Iceland Drilling, a provider of geothermal services.

As used herein, unless otherwise required by the context, the term "Archer" refers to Archer Limited and the terms "company", "we", "Group", "our" and words of similar import refer to Archer and its consolidated subsidiaries. The use herein of such terms as Group, organization, we, us, our and its, or references to specific entities, is not intended to be a precise description of corporate relationships.

Archer was incorporated on August 31, 2007, and conducted operations as Seawell Ltd. or Seawell until May 16, 2011, when shareholders approved a resolution to change the name to Archer Limited.

Basis of presentation

The financial statements are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (US GAAP). The amounts are presented in United States Dollars, USD, or \$, rounded to the nearest million, unless otherwise stated.

We present our financial statements on a continuing business basis and separately present discontinued operations.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods in these consolidated financial statements.

Basis of consolidation

Investments in companies in which we directly or indirectly hold more than 50% of the voting control are generally consolidated in our financial statements.

Entities in which we do not have a controlling interest but over which we have significant influence are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Our share of after-tax earnings of equity method investees are reported under Share of results of unconsolidated associates.

A list of all significant consolidated subsidiaries is attached – see Appendix B.

Intercompany transactions and internal sales have been eliminated through consolidation.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior years' consolidated financial statements may be reclassified when necessary to conform to the current year presentation.

Going concern

Following the completion of our refinancing as further described in note 27, our Board of Directors confirms their assumption of the Group as a going concern for the foreseeable future, being a period of not less than 12 months from the date of this report. This assumption is based on the liquidity position of the Group, forecasted operating results, and the market outlook for the oil service sector as at December 31, 2022. The Board believes the annual report provides a fair presentation of the Group's assets and debt, financial position and financial performance.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 2 – Accounting Policies Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Future events and their effects cannot be predicted with certainty. Accordingly, our accounting estimates require the exercise of judgment. While management believes the estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are appropriate, actual results could differ materially from those estimates. Estimates are used for, but are not limited to, determining the following allowance for doubtful accounts, recoverability of long-lived assets, goodwill and intangibles, useful lives used in depreciation and amortization, income taxes and valuation allowances and purchase price allocations. The accounting estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements may change as new events occur, as more experience is acquired, as additional information is obtained and as our operating environment changes.

Revenue from contracts with customers

The activities that primarily drive the revenue earned from our drilling contracts include:

- Providing specialist crew for the operation of or repair, maintenance or modifications of Customer's platform rigs.
- Providing land drilling rigs and modular rigs, and the crew and supplies necessary to operate the rigs.
- Mobilizing and demobilizing land rigs between well sites.
- Wireline services, and
- Rental of equipment.

Consideration received for performing these activities, consist primarily of contract day rates. We account for our integrated services as a single performance obligation that is (i) satisfied over time and (ii) consists of a series of distinct time increments. Occasionally we receive lump mobilization fees and fixed fees for engineering projects.

We recognize consideration for activities that correspond to a distinct time increment within the contract term in the period when the services are performed. We recognize consideration for activities that are (i) not distinct within the context of our contracts and (ii) do not correspond to a distinct time increment, ratably over the estimated contract term.

We determine the total transaction price for each individual contract by estimating both fixed and variable consideration expected to be earned over the term of the contract. The amount estimated for variable consideration may be constrained and is only included in the transaction price to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of previously recognized revenue will not occur throughout the term of the contract. When determining if variable consideration should be recognized, we consider whether there are factors outside of our control that could result in a significant reversal of revenue as well as the likelihood and magnitude of a potential reversal of revenue. We reassess these estimates each reporting period as required. Refer to Note 3 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

Day rate Drilling Revenue: Our contracts generally provide for payment on a day rate basis, with higher rates for periods when the drilling unit is operating and lower rates or zero rates for periods when drilling operations are interrupted or restricted. The day rate invoices billed to the customer are typically determined based on the varying rates applicable to the specific activities performed on an hourly basis. Such day rate consideration is allocated to the distinct hourly increment it relates to within the contract term, and therefore, recognized in line with the contractual rate billed for the services provided for any given hour.

Mobilization Revenue: We may receive fees (on either a fixed lump-sum or variable day rate basis) for the mobilization of our rigs. These activities are not considered to be distinct within the context of the contract and therefore, the associated revenue is allocated to the overall performance obligation and recognized ratably over the expected term of the related drilling contract. We record a contract liability for mobilization fees received, which is amortized ratably to contract drilling revenue as services are rendered over the initial term of the related drilling contract.

Demobilization Revenue: We may receive fees (on either a fixed lump-sum or variable day rate basis) for the demobilization of our rigs. Demobilization revenue expected to be received upon contract completion is estimated as part of the overall transaction price at contract inception and recognized over the term of the contract. In most of our contracts, there is uncertainty as to the likelihood and amount of expected demobilization revenue to be received. For example, the amount may vary dependent upon whether or not the rig has additional contracted work following the initial contract. Therefore, the estimate for such revenue may be constrained, as described above, depending on the facts and circumstances pertaining to the specific contract. We assess the likelihood of receiving such revenue based on past experience and knowledge of the market conditions.



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Revenues: Related to Reimbursable Expenses: We generally receive reimbursements from our customers for the purchase of supplies, equipment, personnel services and other services provided at their request in accordance with a billing contract or other agreement. Such reimbursable revenue is variable and subject to uncertainty, as the amounts received, and timing thereof is highly dependent on factors outside of our influence. Accordingly, reimbursable revenue is not recorded and not included in the total transaction price until the uncertainty is resolved, which typically occurs when the related costs are incurred on behalf of a customer. We are generally considered a principal in such transactions and record the associated revenue at the gross amount billed to the customer, at a point in time, as "Reimbursable revenues" in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Foreign currencies

For subsidiaries that have functional currencies other than the USD, the statements of operations are translated using the average exchange rate for the month and the assets and liabilities are translated using the year-end exchange rate. Foreign currency translation gains or losses are recorded as a separate component of other comprehensive income in shareholders' equity.

Transactions in foreign currencies during the year are translated into the functional currency of the respective entity at the rates of exchange in effect on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated using rates of exchange at the balance sheet date. Foreign currency transaction gains or losses are included in the consolidated statements of operations.

Current and noncurrent classification

Assets and liabilities are classified as current assets and liabilities respectively if their maturity is within one year of the balance sheet date. Assets and liabilities not maturing within one year are classified as long term, unless the facts or circumstances indicate that current classification is otherwise appropriate.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, demand deposits and highly liquid financial instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less and exclude restricted cash.

Restricted cash

Restricted cash consists mainly of bank deposits arising from advance employee tax withholdings.

Receivables

Accounts receivable are recorded in the balance sheet at their full amount less allowances for doubtful receivables. We establish reserves for doubtful receivables on a case-by-case basis. In establishing these reserves, we consider changes in the financial position of the customer as well as customer payment history. Uncollectible trade accounts receivables are written off when a settlement is reached for an amount that is less than the outstanding historical balance or when they are considered irrecoverable. If a previously written off debt is subsequently recovered it is recorded as a credit to bad debt expense.

Net bad debt expense for 2022 was \$0.3 million (2021 0.0 million).

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of first-in, first-out cost or market value. On a regular basis we evaluate our inventory balances for excess quantities and obsolescence by analyzing demand, inventory on hand, sales levels and other information. Based on these evaluations, inventory balances are written down, if necessary.

Equity Method Investments

Investments in which we have the ability to exercise significant influence but do not control are accounted for under the equity method of accounting and are reported under investments in unconsolidated associates in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Significant influence is generally deemed to exist if the company has an ownership interest in the voting stock of the investee between 20% and 50%, although other factors such as representation on the investee's Board of Directors and the nature of commercial arrangements are considered in determining whether the equity method of accounting is appropriate.

Under this method of accounting, our share of the net earnings or losses of the investee, together with other than temporary impairments in value and gain/loss on sale of investments, is reported under Share of gains/losses of unconsolidated associates in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

We evaluate our equity method investments whenever events or changes in circumstance indicate that the carrying amounts of such investments may be impaired. If a decline in the value of an equity method investment is determined to be other than temporary, a loss is recorded in earnings in the current period.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of these assets less estimated residual value is depreciated on a straightline basis over their estimated remaining economic useful lives. The estimated economic useful lives of our fixed assets are in the following ranges:

- Buildings 3 - 50 years
- Drilling and well service equipment 2 - 30 years
- Office furniture and fixtures 3 - 10 years
- Motor vehicles 3 - 7 years

We evaluate the remaining useful life of our property, plant and equipment on a periodic basis to determine whether events and circumstances warrant a revision.

Expenditures for replacements or improvements are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operating expenses as incurred.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in property, plant and equipment and accumulated depreciation until disposal. Upon sale or retirement the cost of property and equipment related accumulated depreciation and write-downs are removed from the balance sheet and the net amount less any proceeds from disposal, is charged or credited to the consolidated statement of operations.

Assets under construction

The carrying value of assets under construction represents the accumulated costs at the balance sheet date and is included in property, plant and equipment on the face of the balance sheet. Cost components include payments for installments and variation orders, construction supervision, equipment spare parts, capitalized interest, costs related to first-time mobilization and commissioning costs. No charge for depreciation is made until commissioning of the new builds has been completed and it is ready for its intended use.

Finance Leases

We lease office space and equipment at various locations. Our Oiltools division also leases operating equipment which in turn is leased out to Archer customers. Where we have substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, the lease is classified as a finance lease. Finance leases are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the future minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the corresponding finance lease liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the liability outstanding. The interest element of the capital cost is charged to the Consolidated Statement of Operations over the lease period.

Depreciation of assets held under capital leases is reported within "Depreciation and amortization expense" in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. Capitalized leased assets are depreciated on a straightline basis over the estimated useful economic lives of the assets or a straightline basis over the lease term, whichever is shorter.

Operating leases

Our operating leases relate to office and warehouse space. We recognize on the balance sheet the right to use these assets, and a corresponding liability in respect of all material lease contracts with duration or lease term of 12 months or above. We estimate discount rates used for calculating the cost of operating leases, which take into account the types of assets subject to the lease and the geographical region in which it is leased and used. The amortization of right of use assets is presented in operating costs on our statement of operations.

In relation to our operating leases, prior periods were not restated to reflect the recording of the right of use asset/liability related to these leases.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated amortization. The cost of intangible assets is generally amortized on a straightline basis over their estimated remaining economic useful lives. The estimated economic useful lives of our intangible assets range from 2 to 20 years. We evaluate the remaining useful life of our intangible assets on a periodic basis to determine whether events and circumstances warrant a revision of the remaining amortization period. Once fully amortized, the intangible's cost and accumulated amortization are eliminated.

Trade names under which we intend to trade for the foreseeable future are not amortized. In circumstances where management decides to phase out the use of a trade name, the relevant cost is amortized to zero over the remaining estimated useful life of the asset.

Acquired technology is not amortized until ready for marketing.



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Goodwill

We allocate the cost of acquired businesses to the identifiable tangible and intangible assets and liabilities acquired, with any remaining amount being capitalized as goodwill. Goodwill is not amortized but is tested for impairment at least annually. We test goodwill by reporting unit for impairment on an annual basis and between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. The reporting units have been identified in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 350-20 Intangible Assets-Goodwill, as the business components one level below the reporting segments, each of which we identified as:

- constituting a business,
- for which discrete financial information is available, and
- whose operating results are reviewed regularly by segment management.

We aggregate certain components with similar economic characteristics.

The goodwill impairment test involves an initial qualitative review to determine whether it is more likely than not that goodwill is impaired. If the initial review indicates a possible impairment, we follow with a one-step process involving a comparison of each reporting unit's fair value to its carrying value. If a reporting unit's fair value is less than its carrying value, an impairment charge equal to the shortfall is made against the relevant goodwill until the balance is zero.

We estimate the fair value of each reporting unit using the income approach. The income approach incorporates the use of a discounted cash flow method in which the estimated future cash flows and terminal values for each reporting unit are discounted to a present value. Cash flow projections are based on management's estimates of economic and market conditions that drive key assumptions of revenue growth rates, operating margins, and capital expenditures. The discount rate is based on our specific risk characteristics, its weighted average cost of capital and its underlying forecasts. There are inherent risks and uncertainties involved in the estimation process, such as determining growth and discount rates.

Impairment of long-lived assets and intangible assets other than goodwill

The carrying values of long-lived assets, including intangible assets that are held and used by us, are reviewed for impairment if factors are identified that suggest that the carrying value may be more than the assets' fair value. As prescribed by US GAAP, for step one of the impairment test, we assess our major asset groups for recoverability of the carrying value of the asset by estimating the undiscounted future net cash flows expected to result from the asset, including eventual disposal. If the future net cash flows are less than the carrying value of the asset, an impairment charge is required. We then use various methods to estimate the fair value of our assets, using all and best available relevant data, including estimated discounted cash flow forecasts, relevant market data where available, and independent broker valuations for our land rigs. Once the fair value has been determined, the potential impairment is recorded equal to the difference between the assets' carrying value and fair value.

Research and development

All research and development ("R&D") expenditures are expensed as incurred. Under the provisions of ASC 806, Business Combinations' acquired in-process R&D that meets the definition of an intangible asset is capitalized and amortized.

Income taxes

Archer is a Bermuda company. Under current Bermuda law, Archer is not required to pay taxes in Bermuda on either income or capital gains. We have received written assurance from the Minister of Finance in Bermuda that, in the event of any such taxes being imposed, Archer will be exempted from taxation until 2035.

Certain of our subsidiaries operate in other jurisdictions where taxes are imposed, mainly Norway, the United States, Argentina, Brazil and the United Kingdom. For legal entities operating in taxable jurisdictions, we compute tax on income in accordance with the tax rules and regulations of the taxing authority where the income is earned. The income tax rates imposed by these authorities vary. Taxable income may differ from pretax income for accounting purposes. To the extent that differences are due to revenues or expense items reported in one period for tax purposes and in another period for financial accounting purposes, an appropriate provision for deferred taxes is made. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is more likely than not that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. When it is more likely than not that a portion or all of a deferred tax asset will not be realized in the future, we provide a valuation allowance against that deferred tax asset. The amount of deferred tax provided is based upon the expected manner of settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted at the balance sheet date.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

The impact of changes to income tax rates or tax law is recognized in periods when the change is enacted. Significant judgment is involved in determining the provision for income taxes. There are certain transactions for which the ultimate tax determination is unclear due to uncertainty in the ordinary course of business. Our tax filings are subject to regular audit by the tax authorities in most of the jurisdictions in which we conduct our business. These audits may result in assessments for additional taxes which are resolved with the authorities or, potentially, through the courts. We recognize the impact of a tax position in our financial statements if that position is more likely than not to be sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. The level of judgment involved in estimating such potential liabilities and the uncertain and complex application of tax regulations may result in liabilities on the resolution of such audits, which are materially different from our original estimates. In such an event, any additional tax expense or tax benefit will be recognized in the year in which the resolution occurs.

Earnings per share or EPS

Basic earnings per share are calculated based on the income/(loss) for the period available to common stockholders divided by the weighted average number of shares outstanding for basic EPS for the period, including vested restricted stock units. Diluted EPS includes the effect of the assumed conversion of potentially dilutive instruments for which we include share options and unvested restricted stock units.

Deferred charges

Loan related costs, including debt arrangement fees, incurred on the initial arrangement are capitalized and amortized over the term of the related loan using the straightline method, which approximates the interest method. Amortization of loan-related costs is included in interest expense. Subsequent loan costs in respect of existing loans, such as commitment fees, are recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations within "Interest expense" in the period in which they are incurred. Unamortized loan costs are presented as a reduction of the carrying value of the related debt.

Share-based compensation

We had previously established a stock option plan under which employees, directors and officers of the Archer Group may be allocated options to subscribe for new shares in Archer.

The fair value of the share options issued under our employee share option plans is determined at grant date, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options are granted and using a valuation technique that is consistent with generally accepted valuation methodologies for pricing financial instruments, and that incorporates all factors and assumptions that knowledgeable, willing market participants would consider in determining fair value. The fair value of the share options is recognized as personnel expenses with a corresponding increase in equity over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options. At December 31, 2022 we have no stock options outstanding under stock option grants.

The Board has from time to time granted restricted stock units, or RSUs, to members of Archer's management team. The RSUs vest typically with 144th on each date falling approximately one, two, three and four years after the grant date.

Compensation cost in respect of share options and RSUs is initially recognized based upon grants expected to vest with appropriate subsequent adjustments to reflect actual forfeitures. National insurance contributions will arise from such incentive programs in some tax jurisdictions. We accrue an estimated contribution over the vesting periods of the relevant instruments.

Financial instruments

From time to time, we enter into interest rate swaps or caps in order to manage floating interest rates on debt. Interest rate swap/cap agreements are recorded at fair value in the balance sheet when applicable. A hedge of a forecasted transaction or of the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized asset or liability may be designated as a cash flow hedge.

When the interest swap qualifies for hedge accounting, we formally designate the swap instrument as a hedge of cash flows to be paid on the underlying loan, and in so far as the hedge is effective, the change in the fair value of the swap in each period is recognized in the "Accumulated other comprehensive loss" line of the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Changes in fair value of any ineffective portion of the hedges are charged to the Consolidated Statement of Operations in "Other financial items". Changes in the fair value of interest rate swaps are otherwise recorded as a gain or loss under "Other financial items" in the Consolidated Statement of Operations, where those hedges are not designated as cash flow hedges.

Discontinued operations

The disposal of a component of an entity, or a group of components of an entity is reported in discontinued operations if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results.



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the company that is engaged in business activities from which it earns revenues and incurs expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker, and which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. As our business develops we periodically review our reporting segments, and conducted such a review in 2022, as a result of which we changed our reporting segments to disclose our financial data at a more detailed level, reflecting the various services provided. The new reporting segments reflect Archer's management structure and also take account of financial data presented to our chief operating decision maker, the Board of Directors, when reviewing Archer's performance and allocating resources.

We were previously presenting our business under two reporting segments:

- Eastern Hemisphere
- Western Hemisphere

Western Hemisphere comprised our land drilling and related operations in Latin America and our 88% interest in KLX Energy Services Holdings Inc. The Eastern Hemisphere segment contains Platform Drilling operations in the North Sea, plus our global Oiltools and Wireline Service divisions. In addition we report corporate costs, and assets as separate line items.

With effect from December 31, 2022, we have determined that our reporting segments are:

- Platform Operations (which includes Platform Drilling, Modular rig, and Engineering services)
- Well Services (which includes our Oiltools and Wireline service divisions)
- Land Drilling

We report corporate costs, and assets as separate line items.

Segmental information is presented in Note 25.

The accounting principles for the segments are the same as for our consolidated financial statements.

Related party transactions

Parties are related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties also are related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

Accounting standards that became effective January 1, 2021, did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements. There are currently no recently issued Accounting Standard updates that are expected to materially affect our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures in future periods.

Note 3 – Revenue from contracts with customers

The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from our contracts with customers:

Revenue from contracts with customers	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
\$ m/mwsp	1526	1256
Accounts receivable net		

Our accounts receivable balance includes \$600 million unbilled and accrued revenue (2021: \$390 million)

Provision for bad debts - On December 31, 2022, we have a provision for bad debt of \$0.3 million which relates to debt owed from Russia. We have closed our operation in Russia. Prior to this provision we had no provisions for bad debts in our balance sheet. Any anticipated unrecoverable revenues are taken into account under our revenue recognition policy and subsequent bad debts are generally written off as they are recognised.

We have recognised contract assets of \$157 million which relate to mobilisation fees for one of our modular rigs. These fees will be amortised over the contract period. \$6.3 million of these fees are included in other current assets and \$94 million in other non-current assets.

Practical expedient - We have applied the disclosure practical expedient in ASC 606(10-50-4(A)(b)) and have not included estimated variable consideration related to wholly unsatisfied performance obligations, or to distinct future time increments within our contracts, including dayrate revenue. The duration of our performance obligations varies by contract.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 4 – Compensation, and severance expenses

Total compensation costs

The following table shows a summarized analysis of our total employee compensation costs.

\$ m/mwsp	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	
	2022	2021
Salary costs	3541	3518
Pension costs	232	255
Employers tax	554	512
Other compensation costs	257	214
Total compensation costs	4684	4499

Remuneration to management

Key management consists of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and General Counsel. The compensation to key management is paid in NOK, and the USD figure is not fully comparable year on year. The company discloses remuneration to management on aggregated levels. Total compensation and benefits of the key management were as follows:

\$ m/thousands	Year ended December 31, 2022		(in USD million equivalent)	
Salary	5994	5994	8877	8877
Bonus	5493	5493	9609	9609
Other remuneration	42	42	657	657
Pension contribution	340	340	514	514
Total compensation costs	1,5069	1,5069	1,3417	1,3417

Remuneration to the Board of Directors

The Directors of the Board received a yearly remuneration of between \$70 thousand and \$90 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, paid proportionately for the time spent on the Board. We do not recognize a permanent Chairman of the Board. A Chairman of the Board is elected for each meeting. Total Board fees for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$3576 thousand and \$3813 thousand respectively.

The table below shows the total number of shares owned directly or indirectly by Directors and key management as of December 31, 2022.

Name	Position held	Shares held	Outstanding PSU held
Dag Skindmo	CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER	324,333	500,000
Espen Lorange	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	57,307	20,000
Adam Todd	GENERAL COUNSEL	83,616	200,000

Severance cost and other restructuring costs

In total we expensed \$90 million in connection with our restructuring actions in 2022 and \$80 million in 2021 (the amounts being included in operating expenses).

An analysis of these costs is tabulated below:

\$ m/mwsp	Year ended December 31, 2022		Year ended December 31, 2021	
	Severance costs	Other costs	Severance costs	Other costs
Platform Operations	22	-	13	06
Well Services	10	08	00	00
Land Drilling	50	-	25	36
Total	82	08	38	42

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 5 – Impairments

Our long-lived assets predominantly consist of land drilling rigs and equipment utilized by our Land drilling division in South America, and our two modular rigs. The carrying values of these assets are reviewed for potential impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of a particular asset or group of assets may not be fully recoverable, and at least once each year as part of our annual reporting routine.

During 2022 we recognized total impairment losses of \$6.0 million (2021 \$16.4 million) relating to rigs and land drilling equipment in our South American business. In addition, in 2022 following our acquisition of Ziebel, we recognized impairment charges of \$1.3 million relating to assets acquired as part of the acquisition. The impairments arose subsequent to the acquisition as described in note 6 below. All impairments were recognized as part of our annual detailed review of fixed assets and assessment of carrying values.

In 2021 in response to the ongoing difficulties in Latin America resulting from the covid pandemic, strike actions and government fiscal restrictions, we expanded our recognized indicators for asset impairment which are historically the comparison of carrying values with estimated future cash flows and independent broker valuations, to include rigs which have remained idle for a period of five or more years. We have impaired rigs which have been idle for this length of time to a zero carrying value. Impairment of idle rigs, resulting from this additional test criterion accounts for 98% and 90% the impairments of our land rigs recognized in 2022 and 2021 respectively.

As stated in our accounting policy, we use various methods to estimate the fair value of our assets, each of which involves significant judgment. We use the most relevant data available at the balance sheet date, including specific independent valuations for our land rigs. The key inputs and assumptions used in the various valuations included future market growth rates, EBITDA margins, discount factors and asset lifetimes. Reasonable variations in these assumptions could give rise to additional impairment, particularly in relation to the modular rigs and the Latin America drilling rigs.

Whilst acknowledging the uncertainty and the level of judgment involved in our estimates of value, we believe our determination of impairment charges to be reasonable and prudent as at 31 December 2022.

Please refer to Note 14 for further details on the calculation of goodwill impairments. No impairment charge was recognized in respect of goodwill in 2022.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 6 – Gain on bargain purchase

The gain on bargain purchase of \$9.2 million relates to the acquisition of all of the shares in Ziebel AS from an unrelated third party. Ziebel AS is the parent company of the Ziebel group (Ziebel).

Ziebel provides well intervention services mainly in the US. Ziebel has developed cutting edge wireline technology much of which has been patented. Services offered by Ziebel complement our existing wireline product offering. Archer expects to benefit from the use of the Ziebel wireline splicing technology and also the retention of the Ziebel brand name in our US wireline operations.

Purchase consideration was given by way of an assignment agreement, under which Archer assumed debt of principal amount NOK 29 million in exchange for a settlement of NOK 7 million paid to the lenders. All outstanding shares in Ziebel were transferred to Archer for zero consideration.

Purchase consideration

	(in NOK millions)	(in USD million equivalent)
Cash settlement with Ziebel lenders	(7.0)	(0.8)
Principal and interest owing at date of assignment of debt	29.2	3.3

Gain on assignment of debt - included in gain on bargain purchase

	22.2	2.5
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In addition, the gain on bargain purchase includes the fair value of the following assets, acquired for zero consideration at the acquisition date of February 3, 2022:

Fair value of assets acquired (preliminary)

	(in USD million equivalent)
Cash and restricted cash	0.21
Other current assets	0.6
Tangible fixed assets	2.0
Intangible assets	2.8
Deferred tax asset	6.4
Liabilities	(5.3)
Total fair value of assets acquired	6.7

The excess of fair value of the assets acquired over the purchase consideration is reported as a separate line item, "Gain on bargain purchase", and comprises the gain on loan assignment plus the fair value of the assets acquired. The USD numbers quoted above are based on consolidated USD numbers provided by Ziebel. The gain arises primarily from:

1. the acquisition of the debt at significant discount,
2. the recognition of the technology developed by Ziebel which will be utilized in our wireline divisions,
3. the recognition of a deferred tax asset relating to Ziebel's carried forward tax losses, which Archer can utilize going forward.

The gain on bargain purchase results from our preliminary calculations, based on all information available to date. The calculation may change if further information materializes within 12 months from the acquisition date of February 3, 2022, which would result in adjustment to the reported gain and relevant carrying values acquired.

The acquisition and future operation of Ziebel are included in our Well Services reporting segment. For the period from the acquisition until the end of March 2022, Archer recognized a total of \$0.4 million in external revenue from Ziebel.

The gain on bargain purchase of \$11.4 million recognized in 2021 relates to the acquisition of all of the shares in DeepWell AS and DW Quip AS (collectively referred to as DeepWell), from Moreid AS, an unrelated third party. DeepWell AS was merged into Archer AS in the fourth quarter of 2021.

DeepWell provides well intervention and casing hole services from its base in Norway. Archer's interest in acquiring DeepWell was driven by the fact that DeepWell's business complements Archer's wireline division. The utilization of DeepWell's equipment and personnel and its advanced technology will enable Archer to improve and expand its wireline business. Prior to the acquisition, Archer was already renting some equipment from DeepWell.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Purchase consideration for the DeepWell totalled NOK 1704 million (or \$199 million) and settled as follows:

	(in NOK million)	(in USD million equivalent)
Cash settlement	20	0.2
Repayment of DeepWell's external loan	1214	14.2
Seller's credit, due in January 2022	470	5.5
Total consideration	1704	19.9

Fair value of assets acquired (preliminary)

	(in NOK million)	(in USD million equivalent)
Cash and restricted cash	97	1.1
Other current assets	575	6.7
Tangible fixed assets	1944	22.7
Intangible assets	24	0.3
Deferred tax asset	84.3	98
Liabilities	(77.4)	(9.3)
Total fair value of assets acquired	270.8	31.3

The excess of fair value of the assets acquired over the purchase consideration is reported as a separate line item. Gain on bargain purchase¹ the gain arises primarily from the recognition of a deferred tax asset upon the acquisition relating to DeepWell's carried forward tax losses, which Archer can utilize going forward.

The gain on the bargain purchase results from our preliminary calculations based on all information available to date. The calculation may change if further information materializes within 12 months from the acquisition date of June 3, 2021 which would result in adjustment to the reported gain and relevant carrying values acquired.

The acquisition and future operation of DeepWell are included in our Eastern Hemisphere reporting segment. For the period from the acquisition until the end of June 2021, Archer recognized a total of \$11 million in external revenue from:

Note 7 – Other Financial Items

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	
(\$ in millions)	2022	2021
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)	(18.5)	(7.0)
Mark-to-market of marketable securities	131	(3.2)
Mark-to-market of financial investments	24.0	51
Other items	(1.3)	(18)
Total other financial items	175.3	(6.8)

Foreign exchange gains and losses includes foreign exchange gains and losses on an intercompany loan balance denominated in Norwegian Kroner. The internal NOK loan is held in a USD functional entity, while the corresponding intercompany debt is held in a Norwegian Kroner functional entity. The financial impact of USD/NOK exchange rate movements on the entity with Norwegian Kroner functional currency is classified as other comprehensive income. During 2022, we have experienced significant movements in foreign exchange rates, with the NOK weakening against the USD by around 1%. This resulted in the large exchange losses recorded in the income statement in 2022. These are largely offset by translation adjustments recorded directly in accumulated other comprehensive income, and so the net effect of these exchange rate movement on equity is not so significant.

Mark-to-market of marketable securities include the mark to market of our investment in KIX Energy Services Holdings Inc. while mark-to-market of financial instruments include the mark to market of our interest rate caps agreements, which has increased in value in 2022 following the accelerated increase in the USD interest rates.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 8 – Income Taxes

Our income tax consists of the following:

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	
(\$ in millions)	2022	2021
Current tax expense	11.2	4.5
Deferred tax expense / (benefit)	2.1	3.2
Total income tax expense / (benefit), net	13.3	7.7

Tax expense is impacted by the derecognition of deferred tax assets which we do not expect to be able to utilize within the foreseeable future. We have booked valuation allowances against deferred tax relating to net operating losses and foreign tax credits in Argentina, Brazil, Canada and North America and other timing differences in Norway and the UK.

The company, including its subsidiaries, is taxable in several jurisdictions based on its operations. A loss in one jurisdiction may not be offset against taxable income in another jurisdiction. Thus, the company may pay tax within some jurisdictions even though it might have losses in others.

Income tax expense / (benefit) can be split in the following geographical areas:

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	
(\$ in millions)	2022	2021
North America	1.4	0.5
South America	5.3	0.8
Europe	6.4	4.5
Others	0.3	1.8
Total	13.3	7.7

The income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 differed from the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate in Bermuda, of 0% as follows:

	YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	
(\$ in millions)	2022	2021
Income taxes at statutory rate	-	-
Taxable losses at local tax rate from continuing operations*	3.4	(8.2)
Effect of impairment charges	(9.3)	61
Effect of other non-deductible expenses	(2.0)	(2.2)
Effect of share of losses of unconsolidated associates	0.3	0.4
Effect of non-deductible interest	3.4	3.4
Effect of temporary differences	89	89
Effect of tax and exchange rate on temporary movements	61	96
Effect of valuation allowances	(2.6)	12.9
Effect of adjustments from prior years	11	15
Effect of state and withholding taxes	4.0	11
Actual tax expense / (benefit) recognized	13.3	7.7

*Figures exclude non-taxable income in Bermuda (net gain of \$44.2 million, 2021, \$22 million)



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of temporary differences between the amount of assets and liabilities recognized for financial reporting purposes and such amounts recognized for tax purposes. The net deferred tax assets consist of the following:

	DECEMBER 31	
	2022	2021
(\$ in millions)		
Reserve	00	02
Tax losses carry forward	8457	8161
Impairments of tangible and intangible assets	18	18
Property differences	708	836
Provisions	109	136
Other	3047	2948
Gross deferred tax asset	12339	12011
Net deferred tax asset basis before valuation allowance	12339	12011
Valuation allowance	(11764)	(11319)
Net deferred tax asset basis	1075	762
Net deferred tax asset	212	196

Tax losses carry forward in the table above, principally relates to carried forward tax losses of \$719 million originating in the United States and tax losses of \$433 million originating in Brazil. The tax losses in the US can be carried forward over a period of 20 years and most of these accumulated losses will expire by 2037. The Brazilian tax losses can be carried forward indefinitely.

Overall, deferred tax assets increased in 2022 due to the acquisition of Ziebel AS (\$64 million). This is offset by net profit in Norway (\$21 million). For tax losses incurred in 2022 for Argentina, Canada and in the United States, the increase in deferred tax assets are offset by an increase in the valuation allowance, resulting in no net effect in the 2022 financial statements.

In total, the valuation allowance is a provision against deferred tax assets relating to tax operating losses, foreign tax credits and excess tax values on drilling equipment, for which we do not, at the balance sheet date, have a sufficiently documented tax strategy for realization against future tax liabilities.

Deferred taxes are classified as follows

	DECEMBER 31	
	2022	2021
(\$ in millions)		
Deferred tax asset	216	206
Deferred tax liability	(04)	(10)
Net deferred tax asset	212	196

The deferred tax assets of \$216 million primarily consist of \$120 million of tax assets in Norway, \$82 million tax assets in Argentina and \$10 million tax assets in UK. \$64 million of deferred tax asset in Norway relates to the acquisition of Ziebel AS in first quarter 2022.

No provision has been made in respect of deferred tax on unremitted earnings from subsidiaries (2021: \$Nil). No tax would be expected to be payable if unremitted earnings were repatriated to the ultimate parent.

The Group operates in a number of jurisdictions and its tax filings are subject to regular audit by the tax authorities. The Group's principal operations are located in Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Malaysia, Norway and the UK, with the earliest periods under audit or open and subject to examination by the tax authorities, within these jurisdictions, being 2017-2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022.

As in previous years, all benefits and expenses in relation to uncertain tax positions have been analyzed in terms of quantification and risk, and we have provided for uncertain benefits and expenses where we believe it is more likely than not that they will crystallize.

The Group's accounting policy is to include interest and penalties in relation to uncertain tax positions within tax expense. Withholding taxes are expensed as and when withheld and are credited to the income statement if and when recovered.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 9 – Earnings Per Share, or EPS

The components for the calculation of basic EPS and diluted EPS and the resulting values are as follows:

	NET LOSS (\$ millions)	WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING	LOSS PER SHARE (IN \$)
2021			
Basic loss per share from continuing operations	(14.8)	148,217,888	(0.10)
Effect of dilutive options *	—	—	—
Diluted loss per share	(14.8)	148,217,888	(0.10)

* Share-based compensation of 17,6422 shares were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2021, and of 14,422,233 shares were excluded from the computation for year ended December 31, 2022, as the effect would have been antidilutive due to the net loss for the period.

	NET LOSS (\$ millions)	WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING	LOSS PER SHARE (IN \$)
2022			
Basic Earnings per share from continuing operations	98	148,758,622	0.07
Effect of dilutive options	—	767,693	0.00
Diluted loss per share	98	149,526,305	0.07

Note 10 – Inventories

Our inventories include the following:

	DECEMBER 31, 2022	DECEMBER 31, 2021
(\$ in millions)		
Manufactured		
Raw materials	15	11
Finished goods	136	97
Work in progress	09	04
Total manufactured	161	112
Drilling supplies	218	145
Other items and spares	173	264
Total inventories	552	521

Other items - Other items and spares primarily relate to parts and spares for the land rigs used in our Latin America operation and spares and parts used in the Oiltools operations.

Provisions for obsolescence amounting to \$33 million (2021: \$36 million) are included under Other Items and spares.

Note 11 – Other Current Assets

Our other current assets include:

	DECEMBER 31	DECEMBER 31
	2022	2021
(\$ in millions)		
Prepaid expenses	144	113
VAT and other taxes receivable	104	97
Reimbursable costs incurred	110	78
Other short-term receivables	32	19
Total other current assets	390	307

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 12 – Investments in Unconsolidated Associates

We have the following participation in investments that are recorded using the equity method:

	2022	2021
Contrac AS	50.0%	50.0%
Jarðboranir hf. (Iceland Drilling*)	50.0%	–

The carrying amounts of our equity method investments are as follows:

€ in millions	2022	2021
Contrac AS	2.5	3.4
Iceland Drilling	9.3	–
Total investments in unconsolidated associates	11.8	3.4

The components of investments in unconsolidated associates are as follows:

€ in millions	2022	2021
Net book value at beginning of year	3.4	3.4
Additional capital investment	0.0	8.3
Subsidiary loan to Iceland Drilling	–	1.0
Share in results of associates	(0.6)	–
Transition adjustment	(0.3)	–
Carrying value of investment at end of year	2.5	9.3

€ in millions	2021	2020
Net book value at beginning of year	–	4.7
Transfer of loan advances	3.4	(3.4)
Sale of remaining balances	–	1.3
Additional capital investment	0.9	–
Share in results of associates	(0.9)	–
Transition adjustment	(0.4)	–
Carrying value of investment at end of year	3.4	–

* Equity and loan investments combined

Quoted market prices for C6 Technologies AS and Contrac AS and IcelandDrilling are not available because the shares are not publicly traded.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Investment in Iceland Drilling

During the fourth quarter 2022, we completed our acquisition of 50% of Iceland Drilling, an unrelated, international geothermal drilling and integration service company for a purchase price of \$8.25 million. In addition to our equity shareholding we have equal Board representation with the other single 50% shareholder, Kaibakur ehf, which is also unrelated to Archer Ltd. We have determined that our interest in Iceland Drilling does not constitute a controlling interest. Due to the fact that we are able to exercise significant influence over the company's operations we are accounting for the investment using the equity method of consolidation. The initial investment of \$8.3 million includes the purchase consideration for the shares and direct costs relating to the purchase, comprising mainly legal and professional fees. Following due diligence work we have concluded that the book value of the net assets acquired is not materially different from the amount of our investment, totalling \$8.3 million. We do not therefore anticipate any material adjustments to our share of the results of Iceland Drilling, recognised in our future income statements, to reflect any basis differences between the value recorded as our initial investment and the book value of the underlying equity acquired.

Following the acquisition we have made a loan equivalent to \$1.0 million to Iceland drilling.

Investment in Contrac AS / C6 Technologies AS

Our investment in C6 comprised equity investment and a loan. In December 2020, we entered into a sale and purchase agreement with IKM, the other 50% shareholder of C6. Under the agreement, completed in 2021, our investment in the Contrac technology developed by C6 was transferred to a new joint venture in which we continue to hold a 50% interest.

Contrac AS is financed by the transfer of loans advanced to C6 by the original shareholders. The carrying value of our investment in the new entity has been adjusted to reflect historical adjustments made to the original investment in C6 which related to the Contrac technology.

We received the sales consideration of \$1.9 million from IKM for our shares in C6, after the carve-out of the Contrac business. The resultant gain of \$0.6 million has been recognized in other comprehensive income in 2021.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 13 – Property Plant and Equipment

	OPERATIONAL EQUIPMENT	OTHER FIXED ASSETS	ASSETS UNDER CONSTRUCTION	TOTAL
<i>(\$ in millions)</i>				
Cost				
As of December 31, 2020	900.9	351	86	944.6
Net Additions	24.9	2.3	6.3	33.5
Assets recognized on DeepWell acquisition	64.7	-	-	64.7
Transition adjustments	(1.2)	(1.1)	(0.1)	(1.3)
As of December 31, 2021	978.4	36.3	14.8	1,029.5
Net purchased additions	28.3	1.7	0.3	30.3
Costs eliminated on asset disposals	(5.3)	-	-	(5.3)
Assets recognized on Ziebel acquisition	8.9	-	-	8.9
Transition adjustments	(34.5)	(1.1)	(0.0)	(35.6)
As of December 31, 2022	975.8	36.9	15.1	1,027.8
Accumulated depreciation and impairments				
As of December 31, 2020	(361.7)	(27.7)	-	(589.4)
Depreciation	(51.8)	(1.6)	-	(53.4)
Impairments	(16.4)	-	-	(16.4)
Accumulated depreciation recognized on DeepWell acquisition	(42.0)	-	-	(42.0)
Transition adjustments	14.5	0.9	15.4	30.8
As of December 31, 2021	(657.5)	(24.4)	-	(681.9)
Depreciation	(46.6)	(2.1)	-	(48.7)
Impairments	(7.3)	-	-	(7.3)
Accumulated depreciation eliminated on asset disposals	3.5	-	-	3.5
Accumulated depreciation recognized on Ziebel acquisition	(6.8)	-	-	(6.8)
Transition adjustments	25.4	2.7	28.1	56.2
As of December 31, 2022	(689.3)	(27.8)	-	(717.1)
Net book value December 31, 2022	286.5	9.1	15.1	310.7
Net book value December 31, 2021	320.9	7.9	14.8	343.6

Operational equipment includes drilling and well services equipment. Included in the cost of operational equipment is \$320 million in respect of assets held under capital leases (2021 \$309 million). Other fixed assets include land and buildings, office furniture and fixtures, and motor vehicles. At December 31, 2022, \$9.6 million of fixed assets have been pledged in respect of finance agreements for their acquisition (2021 \$7.7 million).

During 2022 we recognized total impairment losses of \$5.0 million (2021 \$16.4 million) relating to rigs and land drilling equipment in our South American business. The impairments were recognized as part of our annual detailed review of fixed assets and assessment of carrying values. In addition, in 2022 we have recognized impairment charges of \$1.3 million relating to assets acquired as part of our acquisition of Ziebel. The impairment of these assets, situated in the US, resulted from changes in deployment of certain assets following the acquisition. Our impairment testing of our two modular rigs, which uses projected undiscounted cash flows, indicated that the rigs are not impaired. We reached a similar conclusion in our testing for 2021.

The testing for impairment of our modular and land rigs, and other long lived assets, involves significant judgment and assumptions to be made in connection with the future performance of the various components of our business operations, including assumptions about future cash flows, discount rates applied to these cash flows and current market estimates of value. Based on the uncertainty of future revenue growth rates and other assumptions used to estimate our assets' fair value and future reductions in our expected cash flows, current market conditions worsening or persisting for an extended period of time could lead to future material non-cash impairment charges in relation to our major assets.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

In reviewing our land rigs for impairment, we also rely on valuations provided by independent appraisers. The experts we use have extensive experience in the market in which our rigs are deployed and is also familiar with our assets. One of the experts has performed several valuations for us for rigs where we have no short term future cash flows to evaluate, or where our first review of estimated future cash flows indicates a possible impairment. We use the appraiser valuations based on an orderly liquidation valuation scenario as our benchmark for fair value. In 2021 in response to the ongoing difficulties in Latin America resulting from the covid pandemic, strike actions, and government fiscal restrictions, we expanded our recognized indicators for asset impairment, which were historically the comparison of carrying values with estimated future cash flows and independent broker valuations, to include rigs which have remained idle for a period of five or more years. Please see Note 5 for further discussion on our impairment review process and the impairment charges recognized in 2022.

Note 14 – Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price over the fair value of tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired, which relates primarily to intangible assets pertaining to the acquired workforce and expected future synergies. In the table below the period end balances and periodic movements have been allocated to our new reporting segments.

	2022		2021	
	Original goodwill recognized	Accumulated impairments	Net Value	Accumulated impairments
<i>(\$ in millions)</i>				
Value at beginning of year				
Platform Operations	94.8	(6.5)	88.3	(8.8)
Well Services	90.2	(9.0)	81.2	(9.3)
	184.9	(17.4)	167.5	(18.1)
Impairment charges				
Platform Operations	-	-	-	-
Well Services	-	-	-	-
Currency adjustments				
Platform Operations	(0.2)	0.9	(0.3)	(0.7)
Well Services	(9.7)	1.0	(8.7)	(3.0)
	(9.9)	1.9	(8.0)	(5.7)
Net book balance at end of year				
Platform Operations	84.6	(7.6)	77.0	(9.5)
Well Services	80.4	(8.0)	72.4	(9.0)
	165.0	(15.6)	149.4	(17.4)

We test goodwill for impairment on an annual basis during the fourth quarter and between annual tests if an event occurs, or circumstances change, that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount.

In 2021, we conducted a qualitative review of our goodwill carrying value which concluded that our goodwill was not impaired. The main observations leading us to this conclusion were:

- The amount of headroom indicated by our 2020 quantitative testing, coupled with
- Secured key long term contracts in Norway for Equinor and COPNO within our Well Services division
- The improvement in results in 2021 compared to 2020 in the divisions to which the goodwill is allocated.

In 2022, we conducted a full qualitative review of the carrying value of our goodwill at December 31, 2022 which involved estimating future cash flows for the relevant reporting units and using a calculated weighted average cost of capital to discount them in order to estimate a fair value. This was compared to carrying values of the business units. The results of our testing support our carrying values and no impairment charges have been recognized in 2022.

The testing of the valuation of goodwill can involve significant judgment and assumptions to be made in connection with the future performance of the various components of our business operations, including assumptions about future cash flows of each reporting unit, discount rates applied to these cash flows and current market estimates of value. Based on the uncertainty of future revenue growth rates, gross profit performance and other assumptions used to estimate our reporting units' fair value, future reductions in our expected cash flows should current market conditions worsen or persist for an extended period of time, could lead to a future material non-cash impairment charge in relation to our remaining goodwill.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 15 – Other Noncurrent Assets

Our other noncurrent assets are composed of the following:

\$ in millions	2022	2021
Deferred mobilization costs	10	13
Deferred modular rig start-up costs	94	-
Financial instruments	145	70
Other	34	31
Total other noncurrent assets	284	114

Note 16 – Other Current Liabilities

Our other current liabilities are comprised of the following:

\$ in millions	2022	2021
Accrued restructuring costs	04	06
Accrued expenses and prepaid revenues	151	166
Taxes payable	(00)	(04)
VAT employee and other taxes	178	287
Other current liabilities	00	54
Total other current liabilities	162.3	140.2

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 17 – Debt

\$ in millions	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Loan balance	Unamortized debt issuance costs	Loan balance less unamortized debt issuance costs	Unamortized debt issuance costs
Multicurrency term and revolving facility	559.6	598.8	516.4	514.3
Related party subordinated loan	15.9	-	15.9	-
Hermes-covered term loans	-	-	4.4	-
Other loans and capital lease liability	12.8	-	12.8	161
Total loans and capital lease liability	588.4	(0.8)	587.5	(2.1)
Less: current portion	(563.8)	(0.8)	(562.9)	(25.3)
Long-term portion of interest-bearing debt	24.6	-	24.6	(2.1)

Multicurrency term and revolving credit facility

The total amount available under the Multicurrency term and revolving credit facility (the Facility) is \$599.6 million, split between \$340 million under a term loan and \$259.6 million in revolving facilities. In addition, a total of \$109 million of the Facility is carved out into an overdraft facility. A total of \$599.6 million was drawn as at December 31, 2022, under the Facility. The Facility is secured by pledges over shares in material subsidiaries, assignment over intercompany debt and guarantees issued by the material subsidiaries.

The interest payable on the Facility is the aggregate of 1, 3 or 6-month NIBOR, LIBOR or EURIBOR, plus between 2.25% and 4.25% per annum, depending on the ratio of the net interest-bearing debt to EBITDA. In the event our total consolidated net interest bearing debt after adjustments of the related party subordinated convertible loan amount, exceeds 60x the last twelve months Nominal EBITDA measured at December 31, 2022 and/or August 31, 2023, the loan will accrue an additional 1% PIK margin for 2022 and/or from January 1st to October 1st 2023. The quarterly instalments amount to \$4 million. In addition to the scheduled instalments, there is a cash sweep mechanism in the Facility agreement whereby 90% of the available liquidity above \$90 million, calculated each December and June after certain adjustments, is applied towards prepayment under the Facility. The final maturity date of the Facility is October 1, 2023.

The Facility contains certain financial covenants, including, among others:

- Archer will ensure that the ratio of net interest-bearing debt (after certain adjustments) to 12 months rolling Nominal EBITDA (after certain adjustments) at the financial quarter ending December 31, 2022 shall not exceed 6.75x, at March 31, 2023 shall not exceed 6.00x, at June 30, 2023 shall not exceed 5.5x and 5.0x thereafter
- Archer shall maintain \$30 million in freely available cash and undrawn committed credit lines
- Archer shall ensure that the capital expenditures shall not exceed \$40 million per year.

The Facility contains events of default which include payment defaults, breach of financial covenants, breach of other obligations, breach of representations and warranties, insolvency, illegality, unenforceability, curtailment of business, claims against an obligor's assets, appropriation of an obligor's assets, failure to maintain exchange listing, material adverse effect, repudiation and material litigation. In addition, there are cross default clauses in the event of the obligor defaulting on other issued debt.

As of December 31, 2022, the Company is compliant with all covenants as agreed with its lenders under this Facility.

See note 27. Subsequent events, for further details regarding the conversion of the related party subordinated loan.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Related party subordinated loan

In Q3 2017 we established a subordinated convertible loan with face value of \$45 million. In April 2020 we renegotiated the terms of the subordinated loan, with a new face value of \$13 million. The loan matures on April 1, 2024 and bears PIK interest of 5.5% per year. The conversion rights attached to the loan are exercisable ending the lender to convert the debt at a rate of 2.5 ordinary shares in Archer for each \$100 of loan and accrued interest. The interest up to the maturity date has been accrued to the loan balance, increasing the book value of the loan from \$13 million to \$15.9 million.

See note 27, Subsequent events for further details regarding the conversion of the related party subordinated loan.

Other loans and capital leases

As described above, a total of \$10.9 million of the Facility is carved out into an overdraft facility. There was no borrowing under the overdraft facility on December 31, 2022.

On December 31, 2022, net borrowing under short term facilities in Argentina was \$16 million.

We have finance arrangements relating to equipment in our Oiltools and Platform Drilling divisions. On December 31, 2022, the balance under these arrangements was \$106 million.

Interest rate cap agreement

We have entered into USD interest rate cap agreements, securing the interest rate against fluctuations above 1.65% on \$66 million until February 2025 and \$34 million until February 2023. Furthermore, we have entered into a USD interest rate cap agreement, securing the interest rate against fluctuations above 0.85% on \$10.0 million until December 2025. The fair value of the instruments on December 31, 2022 was an asset of \$47 million and is included within other non-current assets. In 2023 we have sold a number of the interest rate cap instruments, see note 27, Subsequent events.

Our outstanding interest bearing debt as of December 31, 2022, is repayable as follows:

(\$ in millions)		CAPITAL LEASE	OTHER DEBT	TOTAL
Year ending December 31				
2023	3.3	561.3	564.6	
2024	3.0	16.0	19.0	
2025	2.1	0.5	2.6	
2026 and thereafter	2.2	-	2.2	
Total debt	10.6	577.8	588.4	

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 18—Lease Obligations

Finance leases

We have entered into finance arrangements for the purchase of some items of equipment, mainly well plugs for use in our Oiltools division and some rental equipment in our Platform Drilling division. The leases are entered into under a frame agreement with the bank, and the lease term is typically 3 years.

Assets leased under finance leases with a carrying value of \$96 million (2021: \$77 million) are included in property, plant and equipment and the liability is included in the interest-bearing debt.

Operating Leases

The company has historically leased some operating assets, office and warehouse facilities and office equipment under operating leases. With effect from January 1, 2019, for material operating leases, we have recognised the relevant right of use assets and lease liabilities in our balance sheet. The leases have remaining lease terms of 1 to 11 years at December 31, 2022. Some operating leases include options to extend the leases for up to 3 years. We have sub-let unused office space, for which we received rental income of \$0.9 million during 2022.

We have calculated an incremental borrowing rate, or IBR, for discounting each lease's cashflows to arrive at an initial value for the lease liability and right of use asset. The IBR is calculated as a function of the following elements/considerations:

- Base rate – generally the inter-bank lending rate in the relevant jurisdictions.
- Credit spread – we estimate the effect of the lessee credit worthiness
- Country risk premium
- Inflation differential
- Contract term
- Security or collateral provided in the lease contract

Significant judgment is required in estimating some of these elements. We apply a consistent methodology in estimating IBR for each lease.

We have elected not to recognise the right of use asset and lease liability for short term leases.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Supplemental information pertaining to the Company's leasing activities for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows.

	Year Ended December 31, 2022
<i>(\$ in millions)</i>	
Finance lease costs	
Amortization of right of use assets	2.2
Interest on lease liabilities	0.5
Operating lease costs	5.6
Short term lease costs	2.18
Total Lease costs	30.1
Other information	
Cash paid for amounts included in measurement lease liabilities	0.5
Operating cash flows from finance leases	2.18
Operating cash flows from operating leases	2.8
Financing cash flows from finance leases	5.3
Right of use assets obtained in exchange for new finance lease liabilities	17
Right of use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	17
Weighted average remaining lease term - finance leases	41 years
Weighted average remaining lease term - operating leases	77 years
Weighted average discount rate - finance leases	6.6%
Weighted average discount rate - operating leases	6.8%

Estimated future minimum rental payments are as follows

<i>(\$ in millions)</i>	
YEAR	OPERATING LEASE OBLIGATIONS
2023	5.6
2024	5.6
2025	5.0
2026	2.8
Thereafter	14.2
Total	33.2

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 19 – Commitments and Contingencies

Purchase commitments

As of December 31, 2022, we have committed to purchase obligations including capital expenditures amounting to \$20.4 million. (2021: \$10.9 million).

We have no material contingent liabilities.

Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are involved in litigation, disputes and other legal proceedings arising in the normal course of our business. We insure against the risks arising from these legal proceedings to the extent deemed prudent by our management and to the extent insurance is available, but no assurance can be given that the nature and amount of that insurance will be sufficient to fully indemnify us against liabilities arising out of pending and future legal proceedings. Many of these insurance policies contain deductibles or self-insured retentions in amounts we deem prudent and for which we are responsible for payment. If there is a claim, dispute or pending litigation in which we believe a negative outcome is probable and a loss by the company can be reasonably estimated, we record a liability for the expected loss. As of December 31, 2022, we are not aware of any such expected loss which would be material to our financial position and results of operations. In addition, we have certain claims, disputes and pending litigation in which we do not believe a negative outcome is probable or for which the loss cannot be reasonably estimated.

Other than the above, we are not involved in any governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened) which may have, or have had in the recent past, significant effects on our financial position or profitability.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 20 – Share Capital

	DECEMBER 31	
	2022	2021
	All shares are common shares of \$0.01 par value each	
	SHARES	SHARES
	\$ MILLION	\$ MILLION
Authorized share capital	100,000,000,000	100,000,000,000
Issued, outstanding and fully paid share capital	148,798,612	15,148,798,612

Archer shares are traded on the Oslo Stock exchange with the ticker "ARCH".

The Board has indicated that no dividend will be distributed in respect of the results for the financial year 2021.

The Board has indicated that no dividend will be distributed in respect of the results for the financial year 2022. Under the Bermuda Companies Act, dividends cannot be paid if there are reasonable grounds for believing that (a) the company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or (b) the realizable value of the company's assets would thereby be less than its liabilities. The Company has not declared dividend since its inception, and there are restrictions in the financing arrangement effectively preventing the Company from distributing dividend to its shareholders before the loan has been repaid, refinanced or a dividend distribution is approved by our Lenders. Some of the jurisdictions in which we operate impose restrictions on dividend payments from subsidiaries to holding companies.

Shareholder overview as of December 31, 2022

PARATUS JU NEWCO BERMUDA LIMITED	15.5%
HEMEN HOLDING LIMITED	12.9%
SK-ANDINAVISKA ENSKILDA BANKEN AB	4.3%
STAVANGER FORVALTNING AS	2.2%
Others	64.6%

Hemen Holding Ltd. or Hemen, a Cyprus holding company is indirectly controlled by trusts established by Mr. John Fredriksen, for the benefit of his immediate family.

Note 21 – Audit fees

Total auditors' remuneration to PricewaterhouseCoopers was an audit fee of \$0.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 and \$0.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2021. Archer Ltd (\$0.2 million) received the main amount of cost, in addition to Archer (UK) Ltd (\$0.1 million) and Archer AS (\$0.1 million). The compensation to the auditor is paid in GBP, NOK and USD. The USD figure is not totally comparable year on year.

	DECEMBER 31	
	2022	2021
Legally required audit	0.7	0.5
Attestation services	0.0	0.0
Other services	-	-
Total audit fee	0.7	0.5

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 22 – Directors and executive compensation and share option plan

Directors and executive compensation

During the year ended December 31, 2022, we paid aggregate cash compensation of approximately \$4.7 million and an aggregate amount of approximately \$34 thousand for pension and retirement benefits to our executive officers and directors. In addition, we recognized stock compensation expense of approximately \$31 thousand in respect to options and restricted stock units granted to our directors and executive officers.

	DECEMBER 31	
	2022	2021
Salary including bonus	15	18
Other remuneration	0.0	0.1
Pension contribution	0.0	0.0
Total compensation	1.5	1.9

Share Option Plans

We have granted share options to our senior management that provide the management with the right to subscribe for new shares. The options are not transferable and may be withdrawn upon termination of employment under certain conditions. Options granted under the scheme will vest at a date determined by the Board of Directors. The options granted under the plan vest over a period of one to five years.

As of December 31, 2022, Archer has one active option program.

The following summarizes share option transactions related to the Archer programs in 2022 and 2021:

	2022		2021	
	OPTIONS	WEIGHTED AVERAGE PRICE PER SHARE	OPTIONS	WEIGHTED AVERAGE PRICE PER SHARE
Outstanding at beginning of year	600,000	10.00	600,000	10.00
Forfeited/expired	600,000	-	-	-
Outstanding at end of year	-	-	600,000	10.00
Exercisable at end of year	-	-	600,000	10.00

No income was received in 2022 as a result of share options being exercised (2021: \$ nil).

On December 31, 2022, there were no options outstanding.

Valuation:

We use the Black-Scholes pricing model to value stock options granted. The fair value of options granted is determined based on the expected term, risk-free interest rate, dividend yield and expected volatility. The expected term is based on historical information of past employee behaviour regarding exercises and forfeiture of options. The risk-free interest rate assumption is based upon the published Norwegian treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant for instruments with a similar life. The dividend yield assumption is based on history and expectation of dividend pay-outs.

We use a blended volatility for the volatility assumption to reflect the expectation of how the share price will react to the future cyclicality of our industry. The blended volatility is calculated using two components. The first component is derived from volatility computed from historical data for a period of time approximately equal to the expected term of the stock option, starting from the date of grant. The second component is the implied volatility derived from our "at-the-money" long-term call options. The two components are equally weighted to create a blended volatility.

Archer did not grant any new options in 2022 or 2021.



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Restricted Stock units

The Board has from time to time granted restricted stock units, or RSUs, to members of Archer's management team. The RSUs typically vest over three to four years after the grant date. As of December 31, 2022, a total of 646,330 RSUs was outstanding.

RSU awards do not receive dividends or carry voting rights during the performance period. The fair value of the restricted stock award is the quoted market price of Archer's stock on the date of grant.

The following table summarizes information about all restricted stock transactions:

	2022		2021	
	RSUs	Weighted average grant date fair value NOK	RSUs	Weighted average grant date fair value NOK
Unvested at beginning of year	1,182,365	396	2,583,353	467
Granted	-	-	120,000	-
Vested/released	(66,415)	(1,341,104)	(1,341,104)	-
Forfeited	(73,620)	(79,884)	(79,884)	-
Unvested at end of year	548,330	392	1,182,365	396

Accounting for share-based compensation

The fair value of the share options and RSUs granted is recognized as personnel expenses. During 2022, \$0.1 million has been expensed in our Statement of Operations (\$0.4 million in 2021).

As of December 31, 2022, total unrecognized compensation costs related to all unvested share-based awards totalled NOK 0.5 million (\$0.06 million), which is expected to be recognized as expenses in 2023.

Note 23 – Pension Benefits

Defined Contributions Plans

We contribute to a private defined contribution pension plan for our UK onshore workforce. Eligible employees may contribute a minimum of 4% of their salary to this scheme, and we contribute between 5% and 75% to participants' plans. In 2022, we contributed \$3.2 million (2021, \$3.9 million) to the plan.

In Norway, we also have a defined contribution pension plan both for our Norwegian onshore workforce in addition to our employees working offshore on the Norwegian continental shelf from 2019. For onshore employees we contribute 5% of salary up to 6 G, and 8% of salary between 6 and 12 G. For offshore employees we contribute 3% of salary up to 71 G and 15% of salary between 71 and 12 G. (G represents the minimum base salary used in the Norwegian National Insurance scheme, and for 2022 is equivalent to approximately \$11,300). In 2022, we contributed \$10 million (2021, \$9.8 million) to the plan in Norway.

Note 24 – Related Party Transactions

In the normal course of business we transact business with related parties conducted at arm's length.

Transactions with CG Technologies AS and Contrac AS:

Our 50% investment in Contrac AS comprises equity investment and a loan equivalent to \$17 million and \$0.9 million respectively. We account for our investment using the equity method as discussed above in note 7. During the 12 months ended December 31, 2022, we have invoiced Contrac AS a total of NOK 3.3 million, or \$0.3 million, for services provided to them. The total balance of \$0.4 million is outstanding on December 30, 2022, and is reported in Accounts receivable.

Transactions with Iceland drilling:

During the fourth quarter of 2022, we acquired 50% of Iceland drilling. We are accounting for this investment using the equity method of accounting. Due to the fact that we exercise significant influence over its operations, following the acquisition, Iceland is a related party. The acquisition and relevant transactions are discussed further in note 12.

Transactions with other related parties:

During the fourth quarter of 2022, we acquired 50% of Iceland drilling. We are accounting for this investment using the equity method of accounting. Due to the fact that we exercise significant influence over its operations, following the acquisition, Iceland is a related party. The acquisition and relevant transactions are discussed further in note 12.

The following are related parties, being companies in which Archer's second-largest shareholder, Hemen Holding Ltd, has a significant interest.

- Seadrill Group
- Frontline Management (Bermuda) Limited, ("Frontline")
- Seatankers Management Company Limited ("Seatankers")

During the 12 months ended December 31, 2022, we supplied Seadrill Limited and affiliates ("Seadrill") with platform drilling and engineering services amounting to \$0.8 million. This amount has been included in operating revenue. At December 31, 2022, Seadrill owed us \$0.4 million in respect of these services.

Frontline and Seatankers provide management support and administrative services to us, and we have recorded fees of \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million respectively for these services 2022. These expenses are included in General and administrative expenses in the Consolidated statement of operations.

Note 25 – Reporting and Geographical Segment Information

The split of our organization and aggregation of our business into segments is based on differences in management structure and reporting, location of regional management and assets, economic characteristics, customer base, asset class and contract structure.

Prior to December 31, 2022, we have presented our business under two reporting segments based on geographical location:

- Eastern Hemisphere
- Western Hemisphere

In addition, we have reported corporate costs, and assets as separate line items.

During 2022, we have conducted a review of our reporting segments. Within the Eastern and Western Hemisphere segments, our business is split into business units according to the type of services supplied. Western Hemisphere operations consist only of Land drilling services in Latin America. We have no land drilling services within our Eastern Hemisphere operations. Our management structure reflects the split of operations by service. The chief operating decision maker, Archer's Board of directors, receives some financial information by service unit or division, and uses such information in assessing the company's overall performance and making decisions about resource allocation. The relative revenues and assets relating to the main divisions have grown and developed such that they now represent a significant percentage of Archer's business as a whole. We have therefore concluded that the disclosure of segmental information at divisional levels more appropriate than aggregating the divisions into the larger Eastern and Western Hemisphere segments. With effect from December 31, 2022, our reporting segments are represented by divisions which are engaged in the supply of the following services:

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Divisions comprising Platform Operations

Platform Drilling and Modular Rigs
Engineering

Divisions comprising Well Services

Wireline
Oiltools

Divisions comprising Land Drilling

Land Drilling

The Well Services and Platform Drilling reporting segment was previously reported combined as Eastern Hemisphere, whereas Western Hemisphere comprised the Land Drilling division.

The accounting principles for the segments are the same as for our consolidated financial statements. Presented below, and on the following page are the revenues, depreciation and amortisation, operating income, capital expenditures, goodwill and total assets by segment.

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31	
(\$ in millions)	2022	2021
Revenues from external customers		
Platform Operations	450.8	516.9
Well Services	240.0	208.4
Land Drilling	279.4	210.6
Total revenue	970.2	936.1
Depreciation and amortization		
Platform Operations	12.7	14.4
Well Services	10.8	8.3
Land Drilling	26.0	31.1
Total depreciation and amortization	49.5	53.8
Operating income/net income		
Platform Operations	34.8	33.8
Well Services	18.0	23.1
Land Drilling	(10.6)	(31.2)
Corporate Cost	(2.9)	(10.2)
Stock compensation cost	0.0	(0.3)
Total operating income	29.2	15.4
Total financial items	(15.4)	(33.6)
Gain on bargain purchase	9.2	11.4
Income taxes	(3.3)	(7.7)
Net income/(loss)	9.8	(14.5)
Capital Expenditures		
Platform Operations	8.0	11.6
Well Services	11.4	9.0
Shared assets *	1.5	1.9
Total excluding Land Drilling	20.9	22.5
Land Drilling	9.6	11.0
Total	30.5	33.5

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Goodwill	Platform Operations	Well Services	TOTAL
Balance at December 31, 2020	88.7	83.9	172.6
Exchange rate fluctuations on goodwill measured in foreign currency	(2.4)	(2.7)	(5.1)
Balance at December 31, 2021	86.3	81.2	167.5
Exchange rate fluctuations on goodwill measured in foreign currency	(9.3)	(8.8)	(18.1)
Balance at December 31, 2022	77.0	72.4	149.4

Total assets	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
(in USD millions)		
Platform Operations	216.6	160.4
Well Services	197.1	260.2
Shared assets *	173.8	106.1
New investment in Iceland Drilling	9.5	-
Land Drilling	294.0	313.2
Corporate	15.2	10.8
Total	906.2	850.7

Geographic information by country

	FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31	
(\$ in millions)	2022	2021
Revenue		
Norway	531.0	534.5
Argentina	278.7	207.9
United Kingdom	64.5	79.7
Other	96.0	114.0
Total	970.2	936.1

Property plant and equipment

	AS OF DECEMBER 31	
(\$ in millions)	2022	2021
United States	21	17
Latin America	184.2	206.8
New Zealand	26.4	31.2
Norway	56.4	100.7
United Kingdom	40.6	19
Other	1.0	1.3
Total	310.7	343.6



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 26 – Risk Management and Financial Instruments

Our functional and reporting currency is US Dollars. We have operations and assets in a number of countries worldwide, and receive revenues and incur expenditures in other currencies, causing our results from operations to be affected by fluctuations in currency exchange rates, primarily related to Argentine Pesos, Norwegian kroner and British pounds. We are also exposed to changes in interest rates on variable interest rate debt, and to the impact of changes in currency exchange rates on debt denominated in currencies other than US Dollar. There is thus a currency risk and interest rate risk, which could have a negative effect on our cash flows as well as our reported financials.

Interest rate risk management

Our exposure to interest rate risk relates mainly to our variable interest rate debt and balances of surplus funds placed with financial institutions. Recently, the interest rate risk has been managed by the application of interest rate caps for a portion of our US Dollar denominated debt.

At December 31, 2022, we had entered into USD interest rate cap agreements, securing the interest rate against fluctuations above 165% on \$66 million until February 2025 and \$34 million until February 2023 and 0.85 % on \$100 million until December 2025. We have not applied hedge accounting principles to these instruments. The fair value of the instruments as of December 31, 2022 was an asset of \$4.5 million and is included within other non-current assets. In 2023 we have sold the interest rate cap instruments, see note 27. Subsequent events.

Foreign currency risk management

We are exposed to foreign currency exchange movements in both transactions that are denominated in currency other than USD, and in translating consolidated subsidiaries who do not have a functional currency of USD. Transaction losses are recognized in "Other financial items" on our Consolidated Statement of Operations in the period to which they relate. Translation differences are recognized as a component of equity. The total transaction loss relating to foreign exchange recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Operations in 2022 amounted to \$185 million (\$201, \$70 million).

Credit risk management

We have financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other receivables. These assets expose us to credit risk arising from possible default by the counterparty. We consider the counterparties to be creditworthy financial institutions and do not expect any significant loss to result from non-performance by such counterparties. In the normal course of business, we do not demand collateral.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Fair values

Carrying value of financial instruments

\$ in millions	December 31, 2022 FAIR VALUE	December 31, 2022 CARRYING VALUE	December 31, 2021 FAIR VALUE	December 31, 2021 CARRYING VALUE
Assets / (Liabilities)				
Nonderivatives				
Cash and cash equivalents	821	821	507	507
Restricted cash	109	109	148	148
Marketable securities	159	159	29	29
Accounts receivable	152.6	152.6	125.6	125.6
Accounts payable	(47.2)	(47.2)	(43.5)	(43.5)
Current portion of interest-bearing debt	(562.9)	(562.9)	(25.3)	(25.3)
Current portion of operating lease liability	(5.6)	(5.6)	(5.2)	(5.2)
Long-term interest-bearing debt	(87)	(87)	(509.5)	(509.5)
Operating lease liability	(20.8)	(20.8)	(21.5)	(21.5)
Subordinated related party loan	(15.9)	(15.9)	(15.9)	(15.9)
Derivatives				
Interest cap agreements	145	145	70	70

The above financial assets and liabilities are disclosed at fair value as follows:

\$ in millions	DECEMBER 31, 2022			FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AT REPORTING DATE USING		
	Fair Value	Level1	Level2	Level1	Level2	Level3
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	821	821	–	–	–	–
Restricted cash	109	109	–	–	–	–
Marketable securities	159	159	–	–	–	–
Accounts receivable	152.6	–	152.6	–	–	–
Interest cap agreements	145	–	145	–	–	–
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	(47.2)	–	(47.2)	–	–	–
Current portion of interest-bearing debt	(562.9)	–	(562.9)	–	–	–
Current portion of operating lease liability	(5.6)	–	(5.6)	–	–	–
Long-term interest-bearing debt	(87)	–	(87)	–	–	–
Operating lease liability	(20.8)	–	(20.8)	–	–	–
Subordinated related party loan	(15.9)	–	(15.9)	–	–	–

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

We used a variety of methods and assumptions, which are based on market conditions and risks existing at the time, to estimate the fair value of our financial instruments. For certain instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, it is assumed that the carrying amount approximated fair value due to the short-term maturity of those instruments.

The fair values of interest rate caps are calculated using well-established independent market valuation techniques applied to contracted cash flows and LIBOR interest rates.

The fair value of the current portion of long-term debt is assumed to not deviate materially from the carrying value. The majority of our loan is repayable within twelve months. In general, the cost of capital has increased, and it is possible that the company will experience higher credit margins in the future.

Restricted cash consists mainly of bank deposits arising from advance employee tax withholdings.

Retained risk

We retain the risk, through self-insurance, for deductibles relating to physical damage insurance on our capital equipment. In the opinion of management, adequate provisions have been made in relation to such exposures, based on known and estimated losses.

Concentration of risk

The following table summarizes revenues from our major customers as a percentage of total revenues from continuing operations (revenues in excess of 10 percent for the period).

CUSTOMER	2022	2021
Equinor	48%	48%
Pan American Energy	19%	13%
Customer <10%	33%	42%
Total	100%	100%

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Note 27 – Subsequent Events

The acquisition of Romar-Abraço

On January 10th, 2023 we completed the acquisition of Romar-Abraço, an unrelated company who offers advanced milling and SWARF handling services to the global RSA market. The acquisition is based on an enterprise value of USD 8 million, plus earn-out pending trading performance over 2023 to 2025. Romar-Abraço will be added to our Well Services reporting segment.

The acquisition of Baker Hughes coiled tubing business in the UK

On February 8th, 2023 we agreed the acquisition of Baker Hughes coiled tubing business in the UK (BHT CT), an unrelated company who offers coil tubing and pumping services to the UK market. The acquisition is based on an enterprise value of USD 7 million. BHT CT will be added to our Well Services reporting segment.

In principle refinancing Agreement

On 6 March 2023, the Company announced that it had reached an agreement in principle with its secured lenders and other stakeholders regarding a contemplated refinancing solution for the Group (the "Refinancing"). The Refinancing consists of the Private Placement, the First Lien Facility, the Second Lien Bonds and the conversion of the related party subordinated loan.

a) First Lien Facility

As part of the Refinancing, the Company's indirectly and directly owned subsidiary Archer Norge AS and Archer Assets (UK) Ltd, have entered into a term sheet with lenders in relation to a USD 250 million multicurrency facility agreement (the "First Lien Facility"), consisting of:

- a USD 150 million multicurrency term loan facility,
- a USD 100 million multicurrency revolving credit facility, and
- a USD 10 million multicurrency guarantee facility.

The term loan facility and revolving facility will be used to refinance the Multicurrency term and revolving credit facility and general corporate purposes of the Group and will have a tenor of 4 years with a margin of Secured Overnight Financing Rate, or "SOFR" + a margin of between 300 - 350 basis points, depending on the leverage ratio. The guarantee facility will be used towards issuance of letters of credit, including the refinancing of existing letters of credit.

b) Second Lien bond

As part of the Refinancing, the Company's indirectly wholly owned subsidiary Archer Norge AS will issue USD 200 million second lien bonds with a tenor of 4.25 years. The second lien bonds will have an interest rate of either 0.500% SOFR in cash interest + 5% payment-in-kind interest, or (ii) 12% + SOFR in payment-in-kind interest, where the payment-in-kind interest is settled by issuing additional bonds to the bondholders. The net proceeds from the Second Lien Bond will be used for partial repayment of the Multicurrency term and revolving credit facility and general corporate purposes of the Group.

The Second Lien Bond Issue is fully back-stopped by back-stop participants who have agreed to subscribe for such Second Lien Bonds that are not subscribed for by other investors in the public marketing of the Second Lien Bonds. As consideration for the back-stop commitment, the back-stop providers will receive a fee of USD 20 million. This fee will be settled through the issuance of 208,000,000 shares to the back-stop participants, at the subscription price per share in the Private Placement.

c) Conversion of the related party subordinated loan

As part of the Refinancing, the related party subordinated loan is expected to be converted to 208,000,000 shares in the Company implying a value of USD 20 million based on an issuance price per share of NOK 10 and a USD/NOK rate of 10:4.

d) The Private Placement

As part of the Refinancing, the Company will raise the NOK equivalent of USD 100 million in new equity through a private placement of new common shares (the "Private Placement"). The net proceeds from the Private Placement will be used for partial repayment of the Multicurrency term and revolving credit facility and general corporate purposes of the Group. The Company will carry out a subsequent offering of new shares (the "Subsequent Offering"), directed towards existing shareholders in the Company as at 6 March 2023.

e) Conditions and timeline of the Refinancing

The Refinancing is inter-conditional and subject to agreement on final form documents for the First Lien Facility, the loan agreement relating to the Second Lien Bonds as well as an inter-creditor agreement. The First Lien Facility and the 2nd Lien Bond are inter-conditional and subject to completion of the Private Placement and the conversion of the related party convertible loan. The conversion of the related party convertible loan is conditional upon completion of the Private Placement and the conditions for satisfaction of the terms of the First Lien Facility and the Second Lien Bond being satisfied.



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Notes to the consolidated financial statements

The Private Placement

On March 7, 2023 the Company announced that it has raised the NOK equivalent of USD 100 million in gross proceeds through the Private Placement of 104,000,000 new common shares at a subscription price of NOK 1 per share.

The Subsequent Offering

On March 27, 2023 the Company announced that it has raised the NOK equivalent of USD 17 million in gross proceeds through the Subsequent Offering of 17,506,357 new shares at a subscription price of NOK 1 per share.

The Second Lien Bond Issuance

On April 3, 2023 the Company announced that its subsidiary Archer Norge AS had issued the Second Lien Bond of USD 200 million with a 4.25 years tenor.

Signing of the First Lien Facility

On April 13, 2023 the Company signed the First Lien Facility agreement with lenders in relation to the USD 260 million multicurrency facility.

Conversion of the related party subordinated loan

On April 20, 2023 the Company announced that the related party subordinated loan had been converted to 208 million shares in the Company.

Issuance of the Compensation Shares

On April 24, 2023 the Company announced that it had issued the 208 million Compensation Shares, as described above.

Completion of the Refinancing

On April 25, 2023 the Company announced that it had completed its overall refinancing and repaid all amounts outstanding under its previous Multicurrency term and revolving credit facility.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Appendix A - Corporate Governance

As used herein, unless otherwise required by the context, the terms "Archer", "Company", "we", "our" and "us" refer to Archer Limited and its consolidated subsidiaries. The Norwegian Code of Practice for Corporate Governance, as updated October 14, 2023 (the "Code") applies to us to the extent that the provisions of this Code do not conflict with the legislation of our national jurisdiction. The Code is a "comply or explain" guideline and we generally aim at complying with the recommendations of the Code. However, we will, to some extent, deviate from certain recommendations of the Code, partly due to different practice and principles under which Bermuda companies operate. The status of non-compliance and the explanations therefore is set out below.

The Code is available in its entirety at the Oslo Stock Exchange website (www.oslo.no/etx/markets/oslo) and the website of the Norwegian Corporate Governance Board (www.norgesno).

Section 1 Implementation and reporting on corporate governance

Archer Limited is a limited liability company registered in Bermuda and listed on the Oslo Stock Exchange (Oslo Børs). The foundation for Archer's governance structure is Bermuda law as well as regulations for foreign companies listed on the Oslo Stock Exchange. In line with the directions given by the Board of Directors of Archer Limited (the "Board"), Archer conducts its business on the basis of three fundamental values.

Safety: We are committed individually and as a team, to protect the health and safety of its employees, customers and communities.

Integrity: We are committed to maintaining an environment of trust, built upon honesty, ethical behaviour, respect and candour.

Performance: We are committed to efficiently and effectively perform to all Archer standards and those of our customers.

The Board reviews the actual performance for all the values mentioned above and where applicable compares the key performance indicators against the plan regularly. With regard to integrity, Archer has implemented a Code of Conduct, which is available on our website (www.archerwell.com). It is Archer's policy that an employee who becomes aware of a possible violation of the Company's policies regarding legal or ethical business conduct must report the violation. This includes possible violations of policies set forth in the Code of Conduct or other policies, manuals, or guides distributed by the Company in addition to all applicable laws. On a quarterly basis the Audit Committee reviews reported potential violations of the Company's Code of Conduct and discusses required actions, if any.

The Board has defined clear objectives, strategies, and risk profiles for our business activities and integrates considerations related to our stakeholders to create value and deliver results. The Board evaluates these objectives, strategies and risk profiles at regular intervals.

The Board has reviewed the overall performance of the Company compared to its values and its corporate governance for the financial year 2022 in line with the Code and confirms it is in compliance with the Code, except for deviations which are highlighted in the detailed description of the main provisions of the Code below.

Section 2 Business

In accordance with normal practice for Bermuda companies, our by-laws do not include a specific description of our business. According to the memorandum of association, no restrictions apply as to the purpose of the Company and the reasons for its incorporation. As a Bermuda incorporated company, we have chosen to establish the constitutional framework in compliance with the normal practice of Bermuda and accordingly deviate from section 2 of the Code.

The Company provides an annual ESG Report, published on our website (<https://www.archerwell.com/sustainability/esg-reporting>) which outlines our activities, performance, and strategy in relation to the environment, social issues, working environment, equality and non-discrimination, human rights, and anti-corruption.

Section 3 Equity and dividends

In accordance with Bermuda law, the Board is authorized to repurchase treasury shares, and to issue any unissued shares within the limits of the authorized share capital. These authorities are neither limited to specific purposes nor to a specific period as recommended in section 3 of the Code. While we aim at providing competitive long term return on the investments of our shareholders, we do not currently have a formal dividend policy.

The Board ensures that the Company has a capital structure that is appropriate to the Company's objective, strategy and risk profile.



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Appendix A - Corporate Governance

Section 4 Equal treatment of shareholders

In accordance with the company laws of Bermuda, the shareholders can resolve an amount of authorized capital within which the Board may decide to increase the issued capital at its discretion without further shareholder approval. There is no legal framework providing for specific limited or purpose-limited authorizations to increase the share capital. The Board will propose to the shareholders that they consider and, if necessary, resolve to increase the authorized capital of the Company that will allow the Board some flexibility to increase the number of issued shares without further shareholder approval. As such, we may deviate from the Code's recommendation in section 4. Any increase of the authorized capital is, however, subject to approval by the shareholders by 2/3 majority of the votes cast. Neither our by-laws nor Bermuda company laws include regulation of pre-emptive rights for shareholders in connection with share capital increases. Our by-laws provide for the Board in its sole discretion to direct a share issue to existing shareholders at par value or at a premium price. We are subject to the general principle of equal treatment of shareholders under the Norwegian Securities Trading Act section 514. The Board will, in connection with any future share issues, on a case-by-case basis, evaluate whether deviation from the principle of equal treatment is justified.

Section 5 Shares and negotiability

We do not limit any party's ability to own, trade or vote for shares in the Company. As such, we are in compliance with Section 5 of the Code.

Section 6 General meetings

As a Bermuda registered company, the general meetings of the Company can be conducted through proxy voting. The VPS registered shareholders are holders of interests in the shares and thus represented by the VPS Registrar in the general meetings and not through their own physical presence. This is in line with the general practice of other non-Norwegian companies listed on Oslo Børs. We believe we comply in all other respects with the recommendations for general meetings as set out in the Code.

Section 7 Nomination committee

We have not established a nomination committee as recommended by the Code section 7 and our by-laws do not include the requirement for one. In lieu of a nomination committee comprised of independent directors, the Board is responsible for identifying and recommending potential candidates to become Board members and recommending directors for appointment to board committees.

Section 8 Board of directors: composition and independence

The Chairman of our four-member Board is elected by the Board and not by the shareholders as recommended in the Code. We are not in compliance with the requirement to have female directors on our Board.

Section 9 The work of the board of directors

The Board sets an annual plan for the upcoming year in December which includes a review of strategy, objectives and their implementation, the review and approval of the annual budget and review and monitoring of our current year financial performance. The Board meets at least four times a year, with further meetings held as required to react to operational or strategic changes in the market and Company circumstances. The Board receives frequent and relevant information to carry out its duties. It has delegated authority to the Company's executive management by the means of a delegation of authority guideline.

The Board has established an Audit Committee, which has a formal charter and terms of reference approved by the Board. The Audit Committee is comprised of directors Peter Sharpe and James O'Shaughnessy. The Audit Committee is responsible for ensuring Archer has an independent and effective external audit system. In addition, we have an internal audit program. The Audit Committee reports to the Board in the administration and exercise of its responsibility for supervisory oversight of financial reporting and internal control matters and to maintain appropriate relationships with our auditors. Appointment of the auditor for audit services is approved at our annual general meeting and the Board is given authority to approve the fees to be paid to the auditor. Our auditor meets with the Audit Committee annually regarding the preparation of the annual financial statements and also to present their report on the internal control procedures. The Audit Committee holds separate discussions with our external auditor on a quarterly basis without executive management being present. The scope, resources, and the level of fees proposed by the external auditor in relation to our audit are approved by the Audit Committee.

The Board ensures through an internal check that members of the Board and executive personnel advise the Company of any material interests that they may have in terms to be considered by the Board.

The Board and executive management will consider and determine on a case-by-case basis whether independent third-party evaluations are required. If entering into agreements with related parties in accordance with the Code section 9, the Board may decide, however due to the specific agreement or transaction, to deviate from this recommendation if the interests of the shareholders in general are believed to be maintained in a satisfactory manner through other measures. Other than related party transactions disclosed in note 24, the Company did not enter into any transactions with its shareholders or closely associated entities.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Appendix A - Corporate Governance

Section 10 Risk management and internal control

The Board ensures that Archer follows guidelines to minimize the overall risk to the Company and its shareholders and implements and complies with an adequate internal control framework. Archer's system of internal control is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

We have implemented clear lines of responsibility and limits of delegated authority. Comprehensive procedures provide for the appraisal, approval, control and review of expenditures. The senior management team meets with its geographic and divisional leadership on a regular basis to discuss particular issues affecting each region and business unit, including their key risks, health and safety statistics and legal and financial matters. We have also implemented a process to assess the Company's projected financing needs and compliance with covenants under its financing arrangements. The results are presented to and discussed with the Board on a regular basis so adequate corrective measures can be taken and when necessary.

Integrity is part of our core values and high ethical standards are paramount to achieve our business objectives. Our Code of Conduct describes Archer's commitment related to ethics for both personal and business matters. We comply with applicable laws and regulations and act in an ethical and socially responsible manner. Our Code of Conduct applies to everyone working for Archer, including the members of the Board. The Code of Conduct is available at www.archerwell.com. Archer has implemented a dedicated ethics helpline that can be used by employees who wish to express concerns or seek advice regarding the legal and ethical conduct of our business.

We comply with the Code related to this section.

Section 11 Remuneration of the board of directors

There is no obligation to present the guidelines for remuneration of the Board of Directors to the shareholders of a Bermuda incorporated company. We will provide information to our shareholders regarding remuneration of the Board in compliance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("US GAAP") but will not implement procedures that are not generally applied under Bermuda law. We therefore deviate from this part of section 11 of the Code. There are no service contracts between the Company and any of our directors providing for benefits upon termination of their service.

Section 12 Salary and other remuneration for executive personnel

There is no obligation to present the guidelines for remuneration of the executive management to the shareholders of a Bermuda incorporated company. We provide information to our shareholders regarding remuneration of the executive management in compliance with US GAAP but will not implement procedures that are not generally applied under Bermuda law. In the view of the Company there is sufficient transparency and simplicity in the remuneration structure and information provided through the annual report and financial statements are sufficient to keep shareholders adequately informed. We therefore deviate from this part of section 12 of the Code.

Section 13 Information and communications

The Board has established guidelines requiring interim financial reporting on a quarterly basis according to a financial calendar that is publicly available. We hold a quarterly financial results conference call, which is accessible to all participants in the securities market. Timing and venue for such events are announced through public press releases. For specific events the Board requests that the Company hold investor meetings allowing for more detailed information. The information shared in such meetings is published on our website.

Section 14 Take-overs

The Board of Directors has adopted all recommendations in the Code related to takeovers, which requires that all shareholders are given sufficient information and time to form an independent view of a potential takeover offer.

We comply with the Code related to this section.

Section 15 Auditor

The Board's Audit Committee is responsible for ensuring that the Group is subject to an independent and effective audit. Our independent registered public accounting firm (independent auditor) is independent in relation to Archer and is appointed by the general meeting of shareholders. The independent auditor's fee must be approved by the general meeting of shareholders.

The Audit Committee is approved by the Board and is responsible for ensuring that the Company is subject to an independent and effective external audit. On an annual basis the independent auditor, presents a plan to the Audit Committee for the execution of the independent auditor's work.



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Appendix A - Corporate Governance

The independent auditor participates in all meetings of the Audit Committee, which concern financial statement filings, and participates in reviewing the Company's internal control procedures, including identified weaknesses and proposals for improvement.

When evaluating the independent auditor, emphasis is placed on the firm's competence, capacity, local and international availability, and the size of its fee. The Audit Committee evaluates and makes a recommendation to the Board, the corporate assembly, and the general meeting of shareholders regarding the choice of independent auditor, and it is responsible for ensuring that the independent auditor meets the requirements in Norway.

The Audit Committee considers all reports from the independent auditor before they are considered by the Board. The Audit Committee holds regular meetings with the independent auditor without the Company's management being present. We comply with the Code related to this section.

Norwegian Accounting Act Section 3-3 b
In addition to the Norwegian Code of Practice for Corporate Governance, the Norwegian Accounting Act has set out additional requirements for corporate governance. We have established a set of guidelines related to internal control and corporate governance.

Risk Oversight
It is management's responsibility to manage risk and bring our most material risks to the attention of the Board. The Board has delegated to the Audit Committee the responsibility to discuss with management our major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control those exposures, including our risk assessment and risk management. The Audit Committee reports as appropriate to the full Board. Each operational division head is responsible to report risks related to each segment to the Chief Executive Officer, who in turn reports to the Board.

Internal control
Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of our financial statements for external purposes in accordance with US GAAP. Our control environment is the foundation for our system of internal control over financial reporting and is an integral part of our Code of Conduct and Business Ethics for the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Accounting Officer, which sets the tone of our Company. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect our transactions and dispositions of our assets; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of our financial statements in accordance with US GAAP; and that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements.

Audit committee
The Audit Committee currently consists of James O'Shaughnessy and Peter Sharpe. The Audit Committee assists our Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibility by overseeing and evaluating (i) the conduct of our accounting and financial reporting process and the integrity of our financial statements; (ii) the functioning of our systems of internal accounting and financial controls; (iii) the performance of our internal audit function and (iv) the engagement, compensation, performance, qualifications and independence of our independent auditors.

The independent auditors have unrestricted access and report directly to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee meets privately with, and has unrestricted access to, the independent auditors and all of our personnel.

Compensation committee
The role of a Compensation Committee is currently performed by all members of the Board. The Board formulates and oversees the execution of our compensation strategies, including making recommendations with respect to compensation arrangements for senior management, directors and other key employees. The Board also administers our stock compensation plans.

Archer Limited and subsidiaries Appendix A - Corporate Governance

Communications with the Board
Shareholders and other interested parties wishing to communicate with the Board or any individual director, including the Chairman, should send any communication to the Corporate Secretary, Archer Limited, Parkville Place 14 Parkville Road, Hamilton Hill, St. Bernard, Any such communication must state the number of shares beneficially owned by the shareholder making the communication. The Corporate Secretary will forward such communication to the director or directors to whom the communication is directed, unless the Corporate Secretary determines that the communication does not relate to the business or affairs of the Company or the functioning or constitution of the Board or any of its committees, or it relates to routine or insignificant matters that do not warrant the attention of the Board, or is an advertisement or other commercial solicitation or communication, or is frivolous or offensive, or is otherwise not appropriate for delivery to directors.

Communication from the company
Information of relevance to our share price is communicated through our website, and includes information relating to results and economic development. Our policy is to comply with all applicable standards aimed at securing a good information flow.

We publish annual and quarterly reports, as well as our annual ESG report, on our website. We acknowledge the importance of providing shareholders, and the equity market in general, with correct and relevant information about us and our activities.

Other than the items mentioned above, we have not established any further guidelines regulating the work of the Board and its committees.



Archer Limited and subsidiaries Appendix B - List of significant subsidiaries

Company	Country of Incorporation	Direct and indirect shareholding and voting rights
Archer (UK) Limited Abu Dhabi (Branch)	ABU DHABI	100%
Archer (UK) Limited	ARGENTINA	100%
DLS-Archer Ltd SA	ARGENTINA	100%
DLS Argentina Ltd Argentina (Branch)	ARGENTINA	100%
DLS Argentina Fluidos SA	ARGENTINA	100%
DLS Argentina Pty Ltd	AUSTRALIA	100%
Archer Well Company International Azerbaijan (Branch)	AZERBAIJAN	100%
Archer (UK) Ltd (Branch)	AZERBAIJAN	100%
Archer Emerald (Bermuda) Limited	BERMUDA	100%
Archer Topaz Limited	BERMUDA	100%
Archer DLS Corporation Bolivia (Branch)	BOLIVIA	100%
Archer do Brasil Serviços de Petróleo Ltda	BRASIL	100%
BCH Energy do Brasil Serviços de Petróleo Ltda	BRASIL	100%
Archer DLS Corporation	BVI	100%
DLS Argentina Limited	BVI	100%
DLS Argentina Holding Ltd	BVI	100%
Archer BCH (Canada) Ltd	CANADA	100%
Archer BCH (Canada) Branch	GUYANA	100%
Archer Oil Tools AS Congo (Branch)	CONGO	100%
Archer Offshore Denmark AS	DENMARK	100%
Archer (UK) Limited France (Branch)	FRANCE	100%
Archer Services Limited	HONG KONG	100%
Jarborantr If	ICELAND	50%
PT Archer	INDONESIA	95%
Archer Well Company (M) SDN BHD	MALAYSIA	100%
Archer Well Solutions Sdn Bhd	MALAYSIA	49%
Archer Wellcompany International Ltd	MOZAMBIQUE	100%
Archer Well Services Nigeria Limited	NIGERIA	100%
Archer AS	NORWAY	100%
Archer Consulting AS	NORWAY	100%
Archer Norge AS	NORWAY	100%
Archer Oil Tools AS	NORWAY	100%
Comtrac AS	NORWAY	50%
Archer Poland Sp. Z.OO.	POLAND	100%
Archer Well Technologies LLC*	RUSSIA	100%
Archer (UK) Limited Jebel Ali Free Zone (Branch)	UAE	100%
Archer (UK) Limited	UK	100%
Archer Assets UK Limited	UK	100%
Archer Consulting Resources Limited	UK	100%
Archer Well Company International Ltd	UK	100%
Limby Drilling Rigs Ltd	UK	100%
Archer Well Services (Saudi Arabia) Ltd	UK	100%
Zibel UK Ltd	UK	100%
Archer Holdco LLC	USA	100%
Archer Oiltools LLC	USA	100%
Archer Well Company Inc	USA	100%
Zibel US Inc	USA	100%
KLX Energy Services Holdings Inc	USA	66%

* see note 12 for details regarding Comtrac AS

Global Offices

Main Office Sattelmeholm 358 43 2 Sattarna Norway Tel: +47 33 80 8000	Malaysia Level 2, Pavilion, Edeka Trade Mega Mall, Shah Alam 50450 Kuala Lumpur Malaysia	UK Archer House Vain Road Bristolport Albion Park, AS2 0SP Jubilee Square, London
Argentina Camino del Inmigrante 1323 Pcia 7 C1000SAS J - Ciudad Autónoma de Buenos Aires Argentina	Norway Sattelmeholm 5 4329 Sattarna Norway	USA 250 Clinton Road Houston, TX 77061 Jubilee Square, Houston
Australia 7 Truderinga Road Vallhall Wentworth Australia 60380	Norway Veslefrikkveien 3 5224 Skjerve Norway	
Brazil Av. Engenheiro Wladimir 23 - Sub. 152 V - Bairro Jardim - 2, CEP: 20080-905 Brazil	Norway Sattelmeholm 358 43 2 Sattarna Norway	
Bolivia Calle San Eduardo Barridos - El Ombú - P.O. Box 5 Av. Bolívar, Calle 3 Sucre City - Bolivia	Norway Sattelmeholm 3 4329 Sattarna Norway	



Skattedirektoratet

Saksbehandler Torstein Kinden Helleland	Deres dato 15.09.2008	Vår dato 18.09.2008
Telefon 22 07 81 39	Deres referanse Erik Magnessen	Vår referanse 2008/008286/SKDREF5/1KH/ 812.1

Seawell Norge AS
Pb. 338
4002 Stavanger

Søknad om fritak fra konsernregnskapsplikten for morselskap i underkonsern, Seawell Norge AS, org. nr. 991 478 450

Det vises til Deres brev av 15. september 2008 der De på vegne av Seawell Norge AS søker om fritak fra plikten til å utarbeide konsernregnskap.

Seawell Norge AS eies 100 % av Seawell Holding UK Ltd som igjen eies 100 % av Seawell Ltd. Seawell Norge AS er morselskap i underkonsern i "Seawell konsernet". Morselskap i "Seawell konsernet" er Seawell Limited som er et Bermuda registrert selskap. Dette selskapet er notert på OTC listen på Oslo Børs, og er underlagt deres krav til regnskapsrapportering. Det utarbeides konsernregnskap for Seawell Limited etter USGAAP hvor Seawell Norge AS er konsolidert inn sammen med sine datterselskaper. Dette konsernregnskapet avgis på engelsk.

Skattedirektoratet finner med hjemmel i regnskapsloven av 17. juli 1998 nr. 56 § 3-7 fjerde ledd å kunne gi tillatelse til at det gjøres unntak for konsernregnskapsplikten for Seawell Norge AS. Det forutsettes at morselskapet, Seawell Limited, utarbeider konsernregnskap som omfatter det norske underkonsernet. Det legges til grunn at dette konsernregnskap er utarbeidet i samsvar med US GAAP og at kravene i regnskapsloven § 3-7 forøvrig følges. Bestemmelsene i regnskapsloven kapittel 8 gjelder tilsvarende for dette konsernregnskapet.

Når det gjelder hvilket språk morselskapet skal utarbeide konsernregnskapet på, vises det til forskrift av 07.09.2006 nr. 1062 til utfylling og gjennomføring mv. av regnskapsloven. Det følger av § 3-7-1 at konsernregnskapet foruten å være på norsk, kan være på svensk, dansk eller engelsk.

Postadresse Postboks 6300 Fletterstad 0603 Oslo	Besøksadresse Fredrik Selmers vei 4 Org. nr: 974761076	Sentralbord 800 80 000 Telefaks 22 07 71 08
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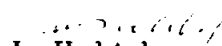
skattedirektoratet@skatteetaten.no



2006/808286 /SKDREFS TKH/ 812.1 Side 2 av 2

Kopi av dette brev må sendes Regnskapsregisteret i Brønnøysund sammen med årsregnskapet mv. Det påligger den regnskapspliktige å dokumentere ved dette brevet at tillatelse er gitt.

Med hilsen


Jan Hoelstad
seniorrådgiver
Rettsavdelingen, foretaksskatt
Skattedirektoratet


Torstein Kinden Helleland



Archer Norge as

Org. Nr: 991 478 450

Årsregnskap 2022

Archer



Archer Norge AS

Årsberetning for 2022

Virksomhetsbeskrivelse

Selskapet ble opprettet i 2007 og er lokalisert i Sandnes. Selskapets virksomhet består i forvaltning av investeringer i andre selskaper hvis virksomhet består i tjenesteyting til olje- og gassindustrien, samt oppkjøp og salg av selskaper herunder deltakelse i andre virksomheter ved egenkapitalinnskudd og tilby ulike former for finansiering.

Arbeidsmiljø

Selskapets målsetting er å ha en godt sammensatt arbeidsstyrke med hensyn til alder, kjønn og nasjonalitet samt å representere en arbeidsplass hvor de ansatte har anledning til å videreutvikle sine ferdigheter i samsvar med selskapets grunnleggende verdier.

Selskapet hadde ved årsskiftet 324 årsverk. Det var ingen rapporteringspliktige skader i 2022. Gjennomsnittlig sykefravær i 2022 var 2,5 prosent Dette er på linje med sykefravær i 2021. Utstrakt bruk av hjemmekontor har medvirket til lavt sykefravær i de to siste årene. Selskapet arbeider kontinuerlig for å redusere sykefraværet.

Etter styrets vurdering har selskapet et godt arbeidsmiljø. Dette understøttes av liten utskiftning i arbeidstokken i løpet av året.

Likestilling

Olje og gass-industrien offshore har tradisjonelt sett vært mannsdominert. Av selskapets 324 ansatte per 31.12.2022 er 25,3 prosent kvinner og 74,7 prosent menn. Selskapet har et mål om å øke kvinneandelen blant de ansatte. Både styret og selskapets ledelse er bevisst på de samfunnsmessige forventningene om tiltak for å fremme likestilling i virksomheten og styret. Selskapet benytter seg av ulike ordninger for å beholde og forfremme ansatte av begge kjønn. Slike ordninger er fleksibel arbeidstid, mulighet for deltidsarbeid, omplassering og mindre fysisk arbeid under graviditet, liberale fødselspermisjoner. Likestilling er en viktig del av ansettelsesprosessen.

Diskrimineringslovens formål er å fremme likestilling, sikre like muligheter og rettigheter og å hindre diskriminering på grunn av kjønn, graviditet, permisjon ved fødsel eller adopsjon, omsorgsoppgaver, etnisitet, religion, livssyn, funksjonsnedsettelse, seksuell orientering, kjønnsidentitet og kjønnsuttrykk og kombinasjoner av disse grunnlagene. Selskapet arbeider aktivt, målrettet og planmessig for å fremme lovens formål innenfor virksomheten.. Selskapet arbeider aktivt, målrettet og planmessig for å fremme lovens formål innenfor virksomheten. Selskapet har etablert en arbeidsgruppe med 3 representanter fra HR og 3 ansatte representanter fra vernetjeneste og fagforening (ARP gruppe) som har utarbeidet en rapport på bakgrunn av arbeidet og den er publisert på Archerwell.com. ARP gruppens kontinuerlige arbeid blir brukt for å nå selskapets målsetting.

Ytre miljø

Selskapets virksomhet har ingen påvirkninger på det ytre miljø. Vi viser til selskapets ESG rapport der det kommer frem hvilket arbeid selskapet gjør for å minimere karbonavtrykket. ESG rapporten finnes på selskapets hjemmesider.

Finansiell risiko

Selskapet er utsatt for kreditt risiko, renterisiko og valutarisiko i dens ordinære forretningsvirksomhet, og styrer mot å ha en akseptabel risiko innenfor disse områdene. Selskapets inntekter er i vesentlig del i norske kroner. Selskapet har i all hovedsak rentebærende gjeld med flytende rentesats og er derfor eksponert for renteendringer. Styret legger til grunn at selskapet ved behov vil kunne få tilført likviditet fra konsernselskapene.

Selskapet har internt lån i amerikanske dollar fra Archer Asset UK og har inngått valkutakontrakt med Archer Ltd Bermuda for å redusere valutarisikoen for lånebalansen. Selskapet var ved utgangen av

Side 1 av 4



2022 en av flere garantister for Archer-gruppens syndikerte lån. I tillegg til garantistillelsen, var aksjene i Archer Norge AS pantsatt, samt alle aksjer i datterselskapene Archer Oiltools AS og Archer AS.

Selskapet har både konserninterne innlån og utlån, i amerikanske dollar . I tillegg til konserninterne lån, er også de eksterne lånene tatt opp i amerikanske dollar. Selskapet har inngått valutakontrakt med Archer Limited for å redusere valutarisikoen for bevegelser i lånebalansen som følge av valutakursbevegelser.

Refinansering

Per utgangen av 2022, hadde Archer gruppen en lånefasilitet hvor blant annet Archer Norge AS var både låntaker og garantist. Denne lånefasiliteten hadde et forfall 1. oktober 2023. Denne lånefasiliteten ble refinansiert i løpet av april 2023 gjennom opptak av et nytt syndikert lån på 250 millioner USD, utstedelse av et obligasjonslån på 200 millioner USD og utstedelse av ny egenkapital i konsernets toppselskap Archer Limited på 100 millioner USD. Archer Norge AS er utsteder av obligasjonen, mens både Archer Norge AS og Archer Assets UK Limited kan trekke lån på det nye syndikerte lånet. Både obligasjonslånet og det syndikerte lånet har forfall i 2027.

Operasjonell risiko og markedsrisiko

Selskapets operasjonelle risiko og markedsrisiko er i hovedsak knyttet til datterselskapene. Datterselskapenes resultater er hovedsakelig avhengig av forhold gjeldende for olje- og gassindustrien og herunder oljeselskapenes etterspørsel etter bore- og brønntjenester for leting og produksjon. Datterselskapene er eksponert for operasjonell risiko knyttet til boring av olje- og gassbrønner. Operasjoner kan dessuten bli forsinket som følge av unormale boreforhold, reparasjon av utstyr eller svikt i leveranser av varer eller tjenester fra underleverandører. Selskapet leverer primært tjenester til olje- og gassindustrien, og den pågående energiomstillingen kan begrense aktiviteten på disse områdene i fremtiden. På lang sikt vil av vår evne til effektivt å håndtere energiomstillingen, som vil kreve tilpasning av teknologien vår. Portefølje til potensielt endrede myndighetskrav og kundepreferanser, samt engasjere seg med kundene våre for å utvikle løsninger for å de-karbonisere olje- og gassvirksomhet. Hvis energiomstillingslandskapet endres raskere enn forventet eller på en måte som vi ikke forventer, kan etterspørselen etter våre produkter og tjenester bli negativt påvirket. Videre, hvis vi mislykkes eller oppfattes som å ikke implementere en energiomstillingsstrategi effektivt, eller hvis investorer eller finansinstitusjoner flytter finansiering bort fra selskaper i fossil relaterte industrier, kan tilgangen vår til kapital eller markedet for våre verdipapirer bli negativt. Selskapet er tilfredsstillende i stand til å tilpasse kostnadsnivået til aktivitetsnivået.

Åpenhetsloven

Selskapet er pliktig til å avgi redegjørelse etter åpenhetsloven. Denne redegjørelsen er publisert på www.Archerwell.com

Redegjørelse for årsregnskapet

Selskapet hadde kr 655,9 millioner i driftsinntekter i 2022. Dette er en økning på kr 118,0 millioner fra 2021. Økningen i driftsinntekter skyldes økt salg av administrasjon- og støttefunksjoner til konsernselskaper som en følge av høyere aktivitet i konsernet. Driftskostnadene utgjorde kr 643,1 millioner. Driftskostnadene er økt med kr 106,9 millioner hovedsakelig som følge av økning i aktivitet. Driftsresultatet ble på kr 12,8 millioner, noe som er en økning på kr 11,1 millioner sammenlignet med 2021.

Netto finansposter var minus kr 238,6 millioner, mot minus kr 247,9 millioner i 2021. I 2022 har selskapet hatt høye valutatap, mens det i 2021 ble det utført nedskrivning av finansielle anleggsmidler som bidro til høye finanskostnader.

Årsunderskuddet var kr 185 359 584.



Selskapets totale eiendeler utgjør kr 5 193 millioner ved utgangen av 2022, noe som er en reduksjon på kr 1 081 millioner fra 2021. Reduksjonen skyldes i hovedsak avslutning av konsernkontoordning i 2022. Dette gjenspeiler også reduksjon av selskapets gjeld til andre konsernselskap. Totale anleggsmidler er redusert med kr 352 millioner. Investering i felleskontrollert virksomhet er økt med 69 millioner som følge av kjøp av 50% av Iceland Drilling.

Selskapets likviditet anses å være tilfredsstillende.

Styret foreslår følgende disponering av årets underskudd:

Overført fra annen egenkapital	kr	185 359 584
Sum disponert i 2022	kr	185 359 584





Redegjørelse for forutsetningen om fortsatt drift


Årsregnskapet er utarbeidet under forutsetning om fortsatt drift, ettersom selskapet finn refinansiert sine lån i april 2023 som sikrer gruppen finansiering frem til 2027. Selskapets datterselskaper har en tilfredsstillende kontraktportefølje som sikrer selskapene tilfredsstillende beskjefligelse de nærmeste årene. Det er på det nåværende tidspunkt geopolitisk ustabilitet og usikkerhet knyttet til energiforsyning som preger markedet. Videre tror vi at etterspørselen etter oljeservice tjenester generelt, og selskapets tjenester spesielt, vil tilta i tiden fremover. Videre tror vi at etterspørselen etter oljeservice tjenester generelt, og selskapets tjenester spesielt, vil tilta i tiden fremover.

Styret mener at årsregnskapet er avgitt i samsvar med lov og forskrifter og gir et rettviseende bilde av selskapets økonomiske stilling per 31. desember 2022 og at resultatet, kontantstrømmene og endringene i egenkapitalen i regnskapsåret er i overensstemmelse med god regnskapsskikk i Norge.

Sandnes, 15 juni 2023
i styret for Archer Norge AS


Espen Joranger
Adm. Dir/Styremedlem


Joachim Houeland
Styrets leder


Einar Åge Vae
Styremedlem



Til generalforsamlingen i Archer Norge AS

Uavhengig revisors beretning

Konklusjon

Vi har revidert årsregnskapet til Archer Norge AS som består av balanse per 31. desember 2022, resultatregnskap og kontantstrømoppstilling for regnskapsåret avsluttet per denne datoen og noter til årsregnskapet, herunder et sammendrag av viktige regnskapsprinsipper.

Etter vår mening

- oppfyller årsregnskapet gjeldende lovkrav, og
- gir årsregnskapet et rettviseende bilde av selskapets finansielle stilling per 31. desember 2022, og av dets resultater og kontantstrømmer for regnskapsåret avsluttet per denne datoen i samsvar med regnskapslovens regler og god regnskapsskikk i Norge.

Grunnlag for konklusjonen

Vi har gjennomført revisjonen i samsvar med de internasjonale revisjonsstandardene International Standards on Auditing (ISA-ene). Våre oppgaver og plikter i henhold til disse standardene er beskrevet nedenfor under *Revisors oppgaver og plikter ved revisjonen av årsregnskapet*. Vi er uavhengige av selskapet slik det kreves i lov, forskrift og International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (inkludert internasjonale uavhengighetsstandarder) utstedt av the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA-reglene), og vi har overholdt våre øvrige etiske forpliktelser i samsvar med disse kravene. Innhentet revisjonsbevis er etter vår vurdering tilstrekkelig og hensiktsmessig som grunnlag for vår konklusjon.

Øvrig informasjon

Styret og daglig leder (ledelsen) er ansvarlige for informasjonen i årsberetningen. Øvrig informasjon omfatter informasjon i årsrapporten bortsett fra årsregnskapet og den tilhørende revisjonsberetningen. Vår konklusjon om årsregnskapet ovenfor dekker ikke informasjonen i årsberetningen.

I forbindelse med revisjonen av årsregnskapet er det vår oppgave å lese årsberetningen. Formålet er å vurdere hvorvidt det foreligger vesentlig inkonsistens mellom årsberetningen og årsregnskapet og den kunnskap vi har opparbeidet oss under revisjonen av årsregnskapet, eller hvorvidt informasjon i årsberetningen ellers fremstår som vesentlig feil. Vi har plikt til å rapportere dersom årsberetningen fremstår som vesentlig feil. Vi har ingenting å rapportere i så henseende.

Basert på kunnskapen vi har opparbeidet oss i revisjonen, mener vi at årsberetningen

- er konsistent med årsregnskapet og
- inneholder de opplysninger som skal gis i henhold til gjeldende lovkrav.

Ledelsens ansvar for årsregnskapet

Ledelsen er ansvarlig for å utarbeide årsregnskapet og for at det gir et rettviseende bilde i samsvar med regnskapslovens regler og god regnskapsskikk i Norge. Ledelsen er også ansvarlig for slik

PricewaterhouseCoopers AS, Kanalsletta 8, Postboks 8017, NO-4068 Stavanger
T: 02316, org. no.: 987 009 713 MVA, www.pwc.no
Statsautoriserte revisorer, medlemmer av Den norske Revisorforening og autorisert regnskapsførerselskap



internkontroll som den finner nødvendig for å kunne utarbeide et årsregnskap som ikke inneholder vesentlig feilinformasjon, verken som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil.

Ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet må ledelsen ta standpunkt til selskapets evne til fortsatt drift og opplyse om forhold av betydning for fortsatt drift. Forutsetningen om fortsatt drift skal legges til grunn for årsregnskapet så lenge det ikke er sannsynlig at virksomheten vil bli avvirket.

Revisors oppgaver og plikter ved revisjonen av årsregnskapet

Vårt mål er å oppnå betryggende sikkerhet for at årsregnskapet som helhet ikke inneholder vesentlig feilinformasjon, verken som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil, og å avgi en revisjonsberetning som inneholder vår konklusjon. Betryggende sikkerhet er en høy grad av sikkerhet, men ingen garanti for at en revisjon utført i samsvar med ISA-ene, alltid vil avdekke vesentlig feilinformasjon som eksisterer. Feilinformasjon kan oppstå som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil. Feilinformasjon blir vurdert som vesentlig dersom den enkeltvis eller samlet med rimelighet kan forventes å påvirke økonomiske beslutninger som brukerne foretar basert på årsregnskapet.

For videre beskrivelse av revisors oppgaver og plikter vises det til:
<https://revisorforeningen.no/revisjonsberetninger>

Stavanger, 15. juni 2023
PricewaterhouseCoopers AS

Roy Henrik Heggelund
Statsautorisert revisor
(elektronisk signert)



 Securely signed with Brevio

Revisjonsberetning

Signers:

Name	Method	Date
Heggelund, Roy Henrik	BANKID	2023-06-19 09:28

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Resultatregnskap			
Archer Norge AS			
Driftsinntekter og driftskostnader	Note	2022	2021
Driftsinntekter	2, 3	655 918 217	537 935 964
Sum driftsinntekter		<u>655 918 217</u>	<u>537 935 964</u>
Lønnskostnad	4, 5	401 427 243	330 909 273
Avskrivninger på driftsmidler og imm. eiend.	8	16 996 657	11 075 359
Annen driftskostnad	3, 5	224 721 485	194 241 343
Sum driftskostnader		<u>643 145 384</u>	<u>536 225 975</u>
Driftsresultat		<u>12 772 833</u>	<u>1 709 989</u>
Finansinntekter og finanskostnader			
Inntekt på investering i datterselskap		39 591 140	51 464 487
Renteinntekt fra foretak i samme konsern	3, 10	37 613 381	125 043 887
Annen renteinntekt		1 271 544	594 923
Annen finansinntekt	6	370 565 529	1 772 500
Nedskrivning av andre finansielle anleggsmidler	9	0	186 777 067
Rentekostnad til foretak i samme konsern	3, 10	121 913 879	155 317 250
Annen rentekostnad		95 981 438	56 380 553
Annen finanskostnad	6	469 748 048	28 291 846
Resultat av finansposter		<u>-238 601 770</u>	<u>-247 890 919</u>
Resultat før skattekostnad		<u>-225 828 937</u>	<u>-246 180 930</u>
Skattekostnad på resultat	7	<u>-40 469 353</u>	<u>-1 767 128</u>
Årsresultat		<u>-185 359 584</u>	<u>-244 413 802</u>
Overføringer			
Overført fra annen egenkapital		185 359 584	244 413 802
Sum overføringer	13	<u>-185 359 584</u>	<u>-244 413 802</u>

Archer Norge AS

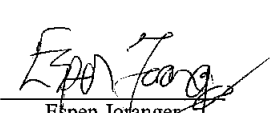
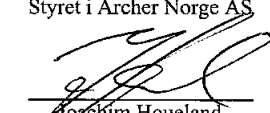
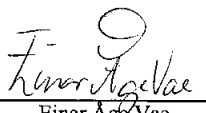


Balanse			
Archer Norge AS			
Eiendeler	Note	2022	2021
Anleggsmidler			
Immaterielle eiendeler			
Utsatt skattefordel	7	65 378 659	24 909 306
Sum immaterielle eiendeler		<u>65 378 659</u>	<u>24 909 306</u>
Varige driftsmidler			
Tomter, bygninger o.a. fast eiendom		1 220 367	711 712
Driftsløsøre, inventar o.a. utstyr		40 552 919	43 221 401
Sum varige driftsmidler	8	<u>41 773 285</u>	<u>43 933 113</u>
Finansielle anleggsmidler			
Investeringer i datterselskap	9	2 459 645 698	2 659 599 262
Lån til foretak i samme konsern	10	1 968 972 385	2 245 397 816
Investering i felles kontrollert virksomhet	9	109 741 962	40 603 022
Langsiktig fordring nærstående part	10	25 482 281	8 091 671
Sum finansielle anleggsmidler		<u>4 563 842 326</u>	<u>4 953 691 771</u>
Sum anleggsmidler		<u>4 670 994 270</u>	<u>5 022 534 190</u>
Omløpsmidler			
Fordringer			
Kundefordringer		1 021 508	1 021 508
Fordring på selskap i samme konsern	10	419 568 754	982 375 802
Andre kortsiktige fordringer	11	35 545 641	18 709 193
Sum fordringer		<u>456 135 903</u>	<u>1 002 106 503</u>
Bankinnskudd, kontanter o.l.	12	66 373 520	250 156 277
Sum omløpsmidler		<u>522 509 423</u>	<u>1 252 262 780</u>
Sum eiendeler		<u>5 193 503 693</u>	<u>6 274 796 970</u>
Archer Norge AS			



Balanse			
Archer Norge AS			
Egenkapital og gjeld	Note	2022	2021
Innskutt egenkapital			
Aksjekapital	13	1 068 850 000	1 068 850 000
Overkurs		847 978 534	847 978 534
Annen innskutt egenkapital		18 503 005	16 889 909
Sum innskutt egenkapital		<u>1 935 331 539</u>	<u>1 933 718 443</u>
Opptjent egenkapital			
Annen egenkapital		-524 017 908	-338 658 324
Sum opptjent egenkapital		<u>-524 017 908</u>	<u>-338 658 324</u>
Sum egenkapital	13	<u>1 411 313 631</u>	<u>1 595 060 119</u>
Gjeld			
Annen langsiktig gjeld			
Gjeld til kredittinstitusjoner	14	1 484 119 182	1 599 199 506
Gjeld til konsernselskap	10	1 940 746 908	2 378 847 751
Sum annen langsiktig gjeld		<u>3 424 866 090</u>	<u>3 978 047 257</u>
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Leverandørgjeld		67 095 086	27 911 936
Betalbar skatt	7	13 830 108	0
Skattetrekk, avgifter, feriepenger o.l.		59 750 121	49 660 752
Gjeld til konsernselskap	10	158 058 144	558 901 468
Annen kortsiktig gjeld		58 590 513	65 215 439
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		<u>357 323 972</u>	<u>701 689 594</u>
Sum gjeld		<u>3 782 190 062</u>	<u>4 679 736 851</u>
Sum egenkapital og gjeld		<u>5 193 503 693</u>	<u>6 274 796 970</u>

Stavanger, 15.06.2023
Styret i Archer Norge AS

 Espen Jonanger Daglig leder/Styremedlem	 Joachim Houeland Styrets leder	 Einar Age Vae styremedlem
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Archer Norge AS



Kontantstrømpoppstilling		
Archer Norge AS		
	2022	2021
Kontantstrømmer fra operasjonelle aktiviteter		
Resultat før skattekostnad	-225 828 937	-246 180 930
-Periodens betalte skatt	-	-
+Ordinære avskrivninger	16 996 657	11 075 359
+Inntektsført konsernbidrag/ utbytte fra datterselskaper	39 591 140	51 464 487
+/-Nedskrivning datterselskap/andre nærstående parter	-	186 777 067
+/-Endring i kundefordringer	-	-719 761
+/-Endring andre tidsavgrensningsposter	-37 525 579	-224 896 809
+/-Endring i leverandørgjeld	38 993 916	-2 780 816
+/-Endring andre gjeldsposter	120 294 435	148 433 940
+/-Endring virkelig verdi fin. Poster	-41 017 042	5 105 076
+/-Resultatandel felles kontrollert virksomhet	13 912 575	17 303 116
+/-Opsjonskostnader	1 613 096	3 881 805
= Netto kontantstrøm fra operasjonelle aktiviteter	<u>-72 969 738</u>	<u>-50 537 466</u>
Kontantstrømmer fra investeringsaktiviteter		
-Utbetalinger ved kjøp av varige driftsmidler	-14 836 829	-17 555 594
+Innbetaling ved salg av aksjer og andeler i andre foretak	-	1 000 000
- Utbetalinger ved kjøp av datter/andre nærstående	-83 097 951	-2 000 000
+/- innbetalinger/ utbetalinger lån andre nærstående parter	-10 219 999	-
+/- innbetalinger/ utbetalinger til konsernkontoordning	309 639 366	24 340 985
+/- Innbetalinger/Utbetalinger funding konsernselskaper	183 176 957	-327 484 818
= Netto kontantstrøm fra investeringsaktiviteter	<u>384 661 544</u>	<u>-321 699 427</u>
Kontantstrømmer fra finansieringsaktiviteter		
+/- Innbetalinger/utbetalinger ekstern gjeld	-275 281 442	276 673 557
+/- Innbetalinger/utbetalinger gjeld konsernselskap	-220 193 121	182 948 897
= Netto kontantstrøm fra finansieringsaktiviteter	<u>-495 474 562</u>	<u>459 622 453</u>
= Netto endring i kontanter og kontantekvivalenter	-183 782 757	87 385 560
+Beh. av kont. og kontantekvivalenter ved per. begynnelse	250 156 277	162 770 717
= Beh. av kontanter og kontantekvivalenter ved per. slutt	<u>66 373 520</u>	<u>250 156 277</u>
Archer Norge AS		



Archer Norge AS

Noter til årsregnskapet - 2022

Note 1 Regnskapsprinsipp

Hovedvirksomhet

Selskapets virksomhet består i forvaltning av investeringer i andre selskaper hvis virksomhet består i tjenesteyting til olje- og gassindustrien, handel med verdipapirer samt oppkjøp og salg av selskaper herunder deltakelse i andre virksomheter ved egenkapitalinnskudd, tilby ulike former for finansiering som lån og garantistillelse og administrative tjenester til konsernet

Regnskapet er utarbeidet i samsvar med regnskapsloven og god regnskapskikk.

Klassifisering og vurdering av balanseposter

Omløpsmidler og kortsiktig gjeld omfatter poster som forfaller til betaling innen ett år. Øvrige poster er klassifisert som anleggsmidler/langsiktig gjeld. Omløpsmidler vurderes til laveste av anskaffelseskost og virkelig verdi. Kortsiktig gjeld balanseføres til nominelt beløp på etableringstidspunktet. Anleggsmidler vurderes til anskaffelseskost, men nedskrives til virkelig verdi dersom verdifallet ikke forventes å være forbigående. Langsiktig gjeld balanseføres til nominelt beløp på etableringstidspunktet.

Regnskapsføring av inntekt

Storstedelen av selskapets inntekter stammer fra salg av administrative tjenester til andre Archer-selskaper. Inntektsføring skjer i den perioden tjenesten er utført.

Varige driftsmidler

Driftsmidlene blir avskrevet lineært over driftsmidlenes økonomiske levetid.

Kundefordringer og andre fordringer

Kundefordringer og andre fordringer er vurdert til netto verdi etter fradrag for påregnelige tap.

Investeringer i datterselskaper

Investeringer i datterselskaper vurderes etter kostmetoden i selskapsregnskapet. Investeringene er verdsatt til anskaffelseskost for aksjene med mindre nedskrivning har vært nødvendig. Det er foretatt nedskrivning til virkelig verdi når verdifall skyldes årsaker som ikke kan antas å være forbigående og det må anses nødvendig etter god regnskapskikk. Nedskrivninger er reversert når grunnlaget for nedskrivning ikke lenger er tilstede.

Det blir ikke utarbeidet konsernregnskap da Archer Norge AS er en del av Archer Ltd (Bermuda) og er en del av Archer Ltd. sitt konsernregnskap.

Investering i felles kontrollert virksomhet

Felles kontrollert virksomhet defineres som selskaper hvor konsernet har felles kontroll sammen med en annen part. Felles kontrollert virksomhet foreligger ved 50/50 eierandel eller dersom det på annen måte er regulert at partene har felles kontroll. Investeringer i felles kontrollert virksomhet regnskapsføres etter egenkapitalmetoden.

Utenlandsk valuta

Selskapet har deler av sine inntekter og kostnader i andre valutaer enn NOK. Inntekter og kostnader i utenlandsk valuta bokføres til transaksjonsdagens valutakurs. Balanseposter i utenlandsk valuta omregnes til balansedagens kurs.

Pensjoner

Selskapet har en innskuddsbasert pensjonsordning som kostnadsføres løpende.

Skattekostnad

Skattekostnaden består av betalbar skatt og endring i utsatt skatt på selskapets eiendeler og gjeld. Utsatt skattefordel og utsatt skatt er basert på midlertidige forskjeller som oppstår mellom regnskapsmessig verdi, skattemessig verdi og underskudd til fremføring. Utsatt skattefordel hensyntas hvis det er sannsynlig at fordelene vil bli benyttet.

Kontantstrømpoppstilling

Kontantstrømpoppstillingen er utarbeidet etter den indirekte metode.



Archer Norge AS Noter til årsregnskapet - 2022

Note 2 Driftsinntekter

	2022	2021
Salgsinntekter	655 918 217	537 935 964
Andre driftsinntekter	0	0
Sum	655 918 217	537 935 964

Fordeling på virksomhetsområder

	2022	2021
Hovedkontortjenester	655 918 217	537 935 964
Sum	655 918 217	537 935 964

Geografisk fordeling

	2022	2021
Norge	592 515 503	481 710 313
UK	35 041 180	29 578 996
Midtøsten	7 739 754	5 673 158
Australia	849 923	468 105
Sør-Amerika	18 922 094	20 505 393
Polen	849 764	0
Sum	655 918 217	537 935 964

Note 3 Vesentlige transaksjoner med nærstående parter

Nærstående part	Eierforhold	2022	2021
Driftsinntekter			
Archer AS	Del av konsern	513 929 852	420 424 243
Archer Ltd (UK)	Del av konsern	18 594 846	15 181 955
Archer Oiltools AS	Del av konsern	66 878 805	53 524 632
Archer Assets UK Ltd	Del av konsern	16 446 334	14 153 242
Archer DLS Corporation (BVI Company)	Del av konsern	7 533 105	4 768 943
Archer Consulting AS	Del av konsern	4 239 172	3 085 414
Archer Well Company (Malaysia) Sdn.Bhd	Del av konsern	4 728 047	3 686 764
ARCHER DO BRASIL LTDA	Del av konsern	2 167 963	1 316 525
Archer BCH (Canada) Ltd	Del av konsern	4 979 055	3 198 360
Øvrige konserninterne driftsinntekter	Del av konsern	16 421 039	14 565 451
Sum driftsinntekter		655 918 217	533 905 529

Driftskostnader

Archer AS	Del av konsern	11 581 819	10 481 546
Archer Consulting AS	Del av konsern	597 520	1 206 797
Archer Oiltools AS	Del av konsern	23 688 212	21 905 489
TecWel Telemetry AS	Del av konsern	480 000	375 203
Archer Ltd (UK)	Del av konsern	8 115 165	5 512 132
Archer Assets UK Ltd	Del av konsern	268 418	202 678
Archer Middle East	Del av konsern	175 920	675 328
Archer Ltd (BM)	Del av konsern	18 836 143	6 496 995
ARCHER WELL COMPANY INC.	Del av konsern	1 687 316	1 705 887
Archer DLS Corporation (BVI Company)	Del av konsern	-	3 418 791
Archer Services Limited	Del av konsern	553 532	-
Archer Topaz Ltd (BM)	Del av konsern	1 084 318	-
Sum konserninterne driftskostnader		67 068 362	51 980 847

Renteinntekt fra foretak i samme konsern

Archer Ltd (BM)	Del av konsern	4 137 134	15 833 267
Archer Assets UK Ltd	Del av konsern	13 266 568	53 499 571
Archer AS	Del av konsern	8 593 701	6 848 616
Archer OilTools AS	Del av konsern	11 615 979	7 858 520
Archer Well Company Inc.	Del av konsern	-	38 782 669
Øvrige konserninterne renteinntekter	Del av konsern	-0	2 221 242
Sum renteinntekt fra foretak i samme konsern		37 613 381	125 043 887



Archer Norge AS Noter til årsregnskapet - 2022

Rentekostnad til foretak i samme konsern

Archer Ltd (BM)	Del av konsern	92 351 973	148 177 459
Archer AS	Del av konsern	1 180 181	820 178
Limay Drilling Services LTD	Del av konsern	-	2 466 283
Tanus Argentina S.A.	Del av konsern	-	1 029 996
DLS Archer Ltd SA	Del av konsern	-	2 232 051
Archer Assets UK Ltd	Del av konsern	28 098 954	-
Øvrige konserninterne rentekostnader	Del av konsern	282 772	591 283
Sum rentekostnad til foretak i samme konsern		121 913 879	155 317 250

Se og note 10, mellomværende konsernselskap

Note 4 Lønn

	2022	2021
Lønn	318 697 965	264 286 612
Arbeidsgiveravgift	47 402 630	40 532 270
Pensjonskostnader	22 684 014	18 353 992
Andre ytelser	12 642 634	7 736 398
Total	401 427 243	330 909 274

Antall årsverk

Antall årsverk ved utgangen av året	324	283
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Note 5 Godtgjørelse til daglig leder, styret, ledende personer og revisor

Det er i 2022 utbetalt kr. 3 748 403 i lønn og andre godtgjørelser til daglig leder.

Det er ikke kostnadsført styrehonorar i 2022.

Kostnadsført godtgjørelse til revisor utgjør kr 250 00 for revisjonstjenester og 52 949 for andre tjenester utenom revisjon.

Aksjebasert betaling

I 2019 og 2020 har ledende ansatte blitt tildelt begrensete aksjehenheter (RSU) i morselskapet Archer Limited.

25% av RSU'ene kan innløses 1. mars året etter tildeling.

Ved utgangen av året var 17 personer i selskapet omfattet av RSU ordningen.

Ledende ansatte har totalt 250 110 RSU'er ved årsslutt.

	2022	2021
Vektet gjennomsnittlig verdi per RSU på tildelingstidspunktet	3,80	3,80

Note 6 Finansposter

Annen finansinntekt

	2022	2021
Realisert valutagevinst	37 959 028	1 772 500
Urealisert valutagevinst	332 606 501	-
Annen finansinntekt	-	-
Total	370 565 529	1 772 500

Annen finanskostnad

	2022	2021
Realisert valutatap	24 284 190	2 793 608
Urealisert valutatap	251 949 343	5 105 076
Valutakontrakt	145 489 657	-
Kådeskatt	25 624 859	-
Tap på investering i felleskontrollert selskap	13 912 575	17 303 116
Kostnader relatert til refinansiering	7 459 593	-
Annen finanskostnad	1 027 830	3 090 046
Total	469 748 048	28 291 846



Archer Norge AS Noter til årsregnskapet - 2022

Note 7 Skatter

Midlertidige forskjeller

	31.12.2022	31.12.2021	Endring
Midlertidige forskjeller:			
Anleggsmidler	4 745 823	6 989 704	2 243 881
Avsetning valutahandel	145 489 657	-	(145 489 657)
Pensjonsforpliktelse	-	-	-
Avsetning til restrukturering	-	-	-
Sum midlertidige forskjeller	150 235 480	6 989 704	(143 245 776)
Underskudd til fremføring	(447 411 206)	(120 213 824)	(288 735 433)
Avskåret rentefradrag til fremføring	(277 529 090)	(277 529 090)	-
Grunnlag for utsatt skatt	(574 704 816)	(390 753 210)	(431 981 209)
Utsatt skatt	(126 435 060)	(85 965 706)	-
herav ikke balanseført utsatt skatt	(61 056 400)	(61 056 400)	-
Utsatt skatt i balansen	(65 378 660)	(24 909 306)	-

Grunnlag for skattekostnad, endring i utsatt skatt og betalbar skatt

Resultat før skattekostnad	(225 828 937)	(246 180 930)
+ Permanente forskjeller	2 286 191	186 684 040
Grunnlag for årets skattekostnad	(223 542 746)	(59 496 890)
Endring i midlertidige forskjeller	(143 245 776)	(4 387 974)
Grunnlag for betalbar skatt i resultatregnskapet	(366 788 522)	(63 884 864)
- Fremførbart underskudd	327 197 382	12 420 377
+/- Mottatt/avgitt konsernbidrag	39 591 140	51 464 487
Skattepliktig inntekt (grunnlag for betalbar skatt i balansen)	-	-

Anvendt skattesats	22 %	22 %
Anvendt skattesats utsatt skatt	22 %	22 %

Fordeling av skattekostnaden

	2022	2021
Betalbar skatt på årets resultat	0	0
Betalbar skatt tidligere år	0	0
Sum betalbar skatt	0	0
Endring i utsatt skatt/skattefordel	-40 469 352	-1 767 128
Endring i utsatt skatt/skattefordel som følge av endret skattesats	0	0
Skattekostnad	-40 469 352	-1 767 128

Avstemning av årets skattekostnad

Regnskapsmessig resultat før skattekostnad	-225 828 937	-246 180 930
Beregnet skattekostnad	-49 682 366	-54 159 805
Skattekostnad i resultatregnskapet	-40 469 352	-1 767 128
Differanse	9 213 014	52 392 677

Differansen består av følgende:

Skatt av permanente forskjeller	502 962	41 070 489
Endring midlertidige forskjeller	-	-
Konsernbidrag	8 710 051	11 322 187
Avvik tidligere år	-	-
Sum forklart differanse	9 213 014	52 392 677

Betalbar skatt i balansen

	2022	2021
Betalbar skatt i skattekostnaden	0	0
Kildeskatt på renter betalt til Bermuda	13 830 108	0
Betalbar skatt i balansen	13 830 108	0



Archer Norge AS

Noter til årsregnskapet - 2022

Note 8 Varige driftsmidler

	Inventar	Bygninger og bygningsmessige anlegg		IT-utstyr/prosjekt	Total
Anskaffelseskost 01.01	21 788 047	711 712	202 508 968		225 008 727
Tilgang	1 278 793	2 161 155	11 396 881		14 836 829
Avgang	-	-	-		-
Anskaffelseskost 31.12	23 066 840	2 872 867	213 905 849		239 845 556
Avskrivninger 01.01	17 731 081	-	163 344 535		181 075 616
Årets avskrivning	2 084 400	29 655	14 882 602		16 996 657
Akkumulerte avskrivninger 31.12	19 815 481	29 655	178 227 137		198 072 273
Bokført verdi pr 31.12	3 251 359	2 843 212	35 678 714		41 773 285
Levetid	3-10 år	5 år	3-5 år		

Note 9 Investering i datterselskaper og felles kontrollert virksomhet

Archer Norge AS har følgende investeringer i datterselskaper:

Selskap	Forretningskontor	Eierandel	Stemmeandel	Total Egenkapital	Totalt Årsresultat	Bokført verdi
Archer AS	Sandnes	100 %	100 %	335 398 815	218 685 669	1 966 178 407
Archer Consulting AS	Sandnes	100 %	100 %	9 042 983	4 163 983	9 030 000
Archer OilTools AS	Sandnes	99,8 %	99 %	61 420 107	36 730 624	388 761 552
DLS Argentina Fluidos S.A.	Buenos Aires	90,0 %	90 %	61 982 933	(4 370 428)	0
DLS Archer LTD SA	Buenos Aires	90,0 %	90 %	1 139 455 862	37 059 119	95 629 302
Archer Poland sp. Z.O.O*	Gdansk	100,0 %	100 %	21 999	-	46 436
Sum langsiktige aksjer						2 459 645 698

*Archer Poland sp Z.O.O har ikke ferdigstilt årsregnskapet for 2022. Egenkapital er oppgitt fra stiftelsesdato

Archer Norge AS gjennomførte en verddivurdering av aksjene i datterselskaper pr 31.12.22 for å vurdere behov for eventuelle nedskrivninger. Verddivurdering er gjennomført med utgangspunkt i endringene i markedsutsikter som var kjent på tidspunktet for avleggelse av årsregnskapet.

Modellen for verddivurdering av aksjer i datterselskaper bygger på en rekke forutsetninger, deriblant en forventning om vekst i både omselning og resultat. Verddivurderingen er foretatt ved å beregne nåverdien av forventede fremtidige kontantstrømmer. På grunn av usikkerhet rundt korrekt WACC for Argentina ble endelig verdi 31.12.2021 justert til egenkapitalsbidraget fra DLS Archer LTD SA i konsernregnskapet til Archer Ltd. Dette førte til en noe større nedskrivning for 2021 enn verddivurderingen basert på forventede kontantstrømmer tilsa. Selskapet har foretatt en nedskrivingsvurdering pr 31.12.2022, men ikke funnet grunnlag for ytterligere nedskrivning utover det som ble gjort 31.12.2021.

Aksjeverdien i DLS Argentina Fluidos S.A. var nedskrevet til null pr 01.01.2021. Aksjeverdien i DLS Archer LTD SA er nedskrevet med kr 186 777 067 i 2021.

Ved beregning av nåverdien har Archer benyttet en diskonteringsrente (WACC) på 9,0% for investeringer i Argentina (2020; 6,5%) i tillegg er det tatt hensyn til ytterligere nedskrivninger på konsernivå for investeringer relatert til driften i DLS. Verddivurderingen er basert på den kontraktporteføljen Archer har per i dag og det forventes at aktivitetsøkning i de neste årene.

Det er stor usikkerhet knyttet til verddivurderingene da disse bygger terminalvekstverdi i EBITDA for de ulike forretningsområdene på mellom 1-2% på estimater om fremtidige markeder og vekst innenfor Archer sine forretningsområder. EBITDA marginer er forventet moderat forbedring over de neste årene. Skulle disse ikke disse forbedringene eller forventet vekst inntreffe kan ytterligere nedskrivning av aksjeverdiene forekomme.

Archer Norge AS har følgende investeringer i felles kontrollert virksomhet:

Selskap	Forretningskontor	Eierandel	Stemmeandel	Egenkapital	Resultatandel 2022	Bokført verdi
Comtrac AS	Stavanger	50 %	50 %	57 567 145	(12 118 255)	28 484 767
Iceland Drilling	Reykjavik	50 %	50 %	247 798 748	(1 794 320)	81 257 195
Sum investering i felles kontrollert virksomhet				305 365 893	(13 912 575)	109 741 962



Archer Norge AS

Noter til årsregnskapet - 2022

Note 10 Mellomværende konsernselskap og andre nærstående parter

Selskapet har pr. årslutt følgende fordringer og gjeld mot konsernselskaper:

Kortsiktige fordringer på selskap i samme konsern	2022	2021
Archer Ltd (BM)	-	283 311 609
Archer AS	307 238 568	459 741 142
Archer Assets UK Ltd	16 446 334	48 958 129
Archer Emerald Bermuda Ltd	798 727	3 337 879
Archer Topaz Ltd (BM)	1 060 799	11 460 155
Archer OilTools AS	56 672 956	102 906 012
Archer DLS Corporation (BVI Company)	-	4 644 563
Archer UK Ltd.	6 429 963	-
Archer Consulting AS	8 912 170	12 113 423
Archer BCH (Canada) Ltd	2 877 540	3 114 943
Archer Well Company (Malaysia) Sdn.Bhd	8 700 042	4 559 211
Bergen Technology Center AS	-	3 525 865
Archer Offshore Danmark AS	-	4 035 947
Archer Integrated AS	-	17 326 144
Archer Consulting Resources Ltd	-	17 532 358
Archer UK Ltd Abu Dhabi Branch	2 825 102	2 846 757
Archer Oil Tools LLC	31 068	1 024 175
Andre konsernselskaper	7 575 487	1 937 492
Totalt	419 568 754	982 375 802

Kortsiktige fordringer forfaller innen ett år.

Langsiktige fordringer på selskap i samme konsern	2022	2021
Archer Well Company Inc	1 400 679 016	1 263 064 061
Archer Assets UK Ltd	-	573 179 051
Archer Oiltools AS	243 863 270	145 726 385
Archer AS	91 736 642	94 272 886
DLS Argentina Fluidos S.A.	5 903 546	563 509
DLS Archer Ltd SA	188 992 432	168 591 924
Archer Poland Sp. z O.O.	6 181 797	-
Archer DLS Corporation (BVI Company)	14 262 056	-
Ziebel US Inc	17 353 626	-
Totalt	1 968 972 385	2 245 397 816

På grunn av manglende evne til å betale renter har Archer Norge as ikke beregnet renter for lån til Archer Well Company Inc, DLS Archer Argentina Fluidos og DLS Archer Ltd SA for 2022

Pr 31.12.2022 er fordringene mot DLS Argentina Fluidos nedskrevet med NOK 43 567 118.

Langsiktige fordringer på nærstående parter	2022	2021
Contrac AS	15 637 731	8 091 671
Iceland Drilling Company	9 844 549	-

Kortsiktig gjeld til konsernselskap	2022	2021
Archer Ltd (BM)	145 489 657	-
Archer Well company Inc	12 568 487	-
Archer UK Ltd.	-	9 414 298
Archer AS	-	367 465 470
Archer Integrated Services AS	-	115 794 534
Archer Oiltools AS	-	8 125 965
Archer Consulting Resources Ltd	-	20 358 785
Archer Consulting AS	-	19 666 192
Archer Emerald Bermuda Ltd	-	6 718 061
Andre konsernselskaper	-	11 358 163
Totalt	158 058 144	558 901 468

Kortsiktig gjeld forfaller innen ett år.



Archer Norge AS

Noter til årsregnskapet - 2022

Langsiktig gjeld til konsernselskap	2022	2021
Archer Ltd (BM)	-	2 378 847 751
Archer Asset UK Ltd	1 930 405 250	-
Archer Well Comp PTE. LTD.	10 341 657	-
Totalt	1 940 746 908	2 378 847 751

Note 11 Andre kortsiktige fordringer	2022	2021
Forskuddsbetalte kostnader	26 314 547	11 053 891
Tilgode merverdiavgift	9 100 086	4 547 552
Øvrige kortsiktige fordringer	131 008	3 107 751
Totalt	35 545 641	18 709 193

Note 12 Bankinnskudd

Kr 15 238 808 av selskapets bankinnskudd er bundne skatetrekksmidler.

Note 13 Egenkapital

Aksjekapital

Selskapets aksjekapital er kr 1 068 850 000 fordelt på 10 688 500 aksjer pålydende kr 100. Selskapet har en aksjeklasse og alle aksjer gir lik stemmerett. Samtlige aksjer eies av Archer Assets UK Ltd.

Årets endring i egenkapitalen:

	Aksjekapital	Overkurs	Annen innskutt egenkapital	Annen egenkapital	Sum
Egenkapital 01.01.2022	1 068 850 000	847 978 534	16 889 909	(338 658 324)	1 595 060 119
Årsresultat	-	-	-	(185 359 584)	(185 359 584)
Opsjoner ført mot EK	-	-	3 881 805	-	1 613 095
Egenkapital 31.12.2022	1 068 850 000	847 978 534	20 771 714	(524 017 907)	1 411 313 631

Note 14 Garantier, pantstillelse etc.

Aksjer i datterselskaper er pantsatt som sikkerhet for kreditorer.

Archer Norge AS har utstedt driftsgarantier til datterselskaper i forbindelse inngåelse av kontrakter.

Archer Norge AS er garantist for Archer Ltd sitt syndikerte lån i Danske bank pr 31.12.2022. Egne aksjer, samt aksjer i datterselskap er pantsatt som sikkerhet for kreditorerne. Det syndikerte lånet har finansielle covenantskrav som måles på Archer Ltd konserne og hadde et forfall 1. oktober 2023. Denne lånefasiliteten ble refinansiert i løpet av april 2023 gjennom opptak av et nytt syndikert lån på 250 millioner USD, utstedelse av et obligasjonslån på 200 millioner USD og utstedelse av ny egenkapital i konsernets toppselskap Archer Limited på 100 millioner USD. Archer Norge AS er utsteder av obligasjonen, mens både Archer Norge AS og Archer Assets UK Limited kan trekke lån på det nye syndikerte lånet. Både obligasjonslånet og det syndikerte lånet har forfall i 2027.

Note 15 Pensjonsforpliktelser

Selskapet har innskuddsbaserte pensjonsordninger for alle sine ansatte. Pensjonsordningene tilfredstiller kravene i lov om obligatorisk tjenestepensjon.

Note 16 Konsernregnskap

Archer Norge AS er et heleid datterselskap av Archer Assets UK Ltd. og inngår i konsernregnskapet til Archer Ltd. Archer Ltd har kontoradresse på Bermuda og er notert på Oslo børs med ticker ARCHER. Konsernregnskapet finnes på selskapet hjemmeside www.archerwell.com