



ÅRSREGNSKAPET FOR REGNSKAPSÅRET 2022 - GENERELL INFORMASJON

Enheten

Organisasjonsnummer:	982 435 358
Organisasjonsform:	Aksjeselskap
Foretaksnavn:	SOLØR BIOENERGI VARME AS
Forretningsadresse:	Ringsakervegen 10 2383 BRUMUNDDAL

Regnskapsår

Årsregnskapets periode:	01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022
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Konsern

Mørselskap i konsern:	Ja
Konsernregnskap lagt ved:	Ja

Regnskapsregler

Regler for små foretak benyttet:	Nei
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til selskapet:	Regnskapslovens alminnelige regler
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til konsernet:	-

Årsregnskapet fastsatt av kompetent organ

Bekreftet av representant for selskapet:	Hans Marcus Moss
Dato for fastsettelse av årsregnskapet:	16.06.2023

Grunnlag for avgivelse

År 2022: Årsregnskapet er elektronisk innlevert
År 2021: Tall er hentet fra elektronisk innlevert årsregnskap fra 2022

Det er ikke krav til at årsregnskapet m.v. som sendes til Regnskapsregisteret er undertegnet. Kontrollen på at dette er utført ligger hos revisor/enhetens øverste organ. Sikkerheten ivaretas ved at innsender har rolle/rettighet for innsending av årsregnskapet via Altinn, og ved at det bekreftes at årsregnskapet er fastsatt av kompetent organ.

Brønnøysundregistrene, 18.08.2024



Resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
RESULTATREGNSKAP			
Inntekter			
Salgsinntekt	1	106 555 355	102 310 143
Annen driftsinntekt	1	1 432 060	20 904
Sum inntekter		107 987 415	102 331 047
Kostnader			
Varekostnad		49 452 687	51 746 582
Lønnskostnad	2, 3	6 590 950	6 087 282
Avskrivning av driftsmidler og immaterielle eiendeler	4	6 148 770	6 750 585
Nedskrivning av varige driftsmidler og immaterielle eiendeler	4		
Annen driftskostnad	2	24 349 039	22 993 408
Sum kostnader		86 541 446	87 577 857
Driftsresultat		21 445 969	14 753 190
Finansinntekter og finanskostnader			
Renteinntekt fra foretak i samme konsern		14 782 569	12 346 281
Annen renteinntekt		7 469	2 180
Annen finansinntekt		10 180 193	60 755 411
Sum finansinntekter		24 970 230	73 103 872
Rentekostnad til foretak i samme konsern		41 899 740	12 750 603
Annen rentekostnad		108	1 986
Annen finanskostnad		13 618 654	16 798 598
Sum finanskostnader		55 518 502	29 551 188
Netto finans		-30 548 272	43 552 684
Ordinært resultat før skattekostnad		-9 102 303	58 305 875
Skattekostnad på resultat	5	-1 999 940	2 204 100
Ordinært resultat etter skattekostnad		-7 102 363	56 101 775
Årsresultat	6	-7 102 363	56 101 775
Årsresultat etter minoritetsinteresser		-7 102 363	56 101 775



Resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
Totalresultat		-7 102 363	56 101 775
Overføringer og disponeringer			
Avsatt til annen egenkapital		-7 102 363	56 101 775
Sum overføringer og disponeringer		-7 102 363	56 101 775



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
BALANSE - EIENDELER			
Anleggsmidler			
Immaterielle eiendeler			
Utsatt skattefordel	5		
Varige driftsmidler			
Tomter, bygninger o.a. fast eiendom	4	2 547 689	3 021 189
Maskiner og anlegg	4	56 226 933	60 906 630
Skip og flytende installasjoner	4		
Driftsløsøre, inventar o.a. utstyr	4		
Sum varige driftsmidler	4	58 774 622	63 927 819
Finansielle anleggsmidler			
Investering i datterselskap	7	1 076 797 059	35 972 879
Investering i annet foretak i samme konsern	7		
Lån til foretak i samme konsern	8	557 371 475	216 875 710
Andre langsiktige fordringer	3	1 526 305	1 600 022
Sum finansielle anleggsmidler		1 635 694 839	254 448 611
Sum anleggsmidler		1 694 469 461	318 376 430
Omløpsmidler			
Varer			
Sum varer	9	5 551 181	3 525 340
Fordringer			
Kundefordringer	8, 10	30 813 253	29 332 844
Andre kortsiktige fordringer		4 287 834	612 143
Sum fordringer		35 101 087	29 944 987
Investeringer			
Aksjer og andeler i foretak i samme konsern	7		
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende			
Bankinnskudd, kontanter o.l.	11	4 949 317	5 014 409
Sum bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		4 949 317	5 014 409



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
Sum omløpsmidler		45 601 585	38 484 736
SUM EIENDELER		1 740 071 046	356 861 166
BALANSE - EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD			
Egenkapital			
Innskutt egenkapital			
Aksjekapital	6, 12	17 000 000	17 000 000
Overkurs	6		
Annen innskutt egenkapital	6	2 650 000	2 650 000
Sum innskutt egenkapital		19 650 000	19 650 000
Opptjent egenkapital			
Annen egenkapital	6	28 228 774	35 331 137
Sum opptjent egenkapital		28 228 774	35 331 137
Sum egenkapital		47 878 774	54 981 137
Gjeld			
Langsiktig gjeld			
Pensjonsforpliktelser	3		
Utsatt skatt	5	3 131 144	5 131 084
Sum avsetninger for forpliktelser		3 131 144	5 131 084
Annen langsiktig gjeld			
Langsiktig konserngjeld	8	1 667 911 117	
Øvrig langsiktig gjeld		669 881	
Sum annen langsiktig gjeld		1 668 580 998	
Sum langsiktig gjeld		1 671 712 141	5 131 084
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Leverandørgjeld	8	11 654 626	10 163 262
Betalbar skatt	5		
Skyldig offentlige avgifter		4 994 042	4 907 266
Kortsiktig konserngjeld	8		277 864 358



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
Annen kortsiktig gjeld		3 831 463	3 814 060
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		20 480 131	296 748 946
Sum gjeld		1 692 192 272	301 880 029
SUM EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD		1 740 071 046	356 861 166



Solør Bioenergi Varme AS

Resultatregnskap 2022

Resultat	Note	2022	2021
Driftsinntekter og Driftskostnader			
Salgsinntekt	1	106 555 355	102 310 143
Annen driftsinntekt	1	1 432 060	20 904
Sum driftsinntekter		107 987 415	102 331 047
Driftskostnader			
Varekostnad		49 452 687	51 746 582
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Rentekostnad til foretak i samme konsern		41 899 740	12 750 603
Annen rentekostnad		108	1 986
Annen finanskostnad		13 618 654	16 798 598
Resultat av finansposter		-30 548 272	43 552 684
Resultat før skattekostnad		-9 102 303	58 305 875
Skattekostnad på resultat	5	-1 999 940	2 204 100
Resultat		-7 102 363	56 101 775
Årsresultat	6	-7 102 363	56 101 775
Overføringer			
Avsatt til annen egenkapital		-7 102 363	56 101 775
Sum overføringer		-7 102 363	56 101 775



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Årsregnskap 2022

Balanse

	Note	2022	2021
Eiendeler			
Anleggsmidler			
Varige Driftsmidler			
Tomter, bygninger o.a. fast eiendom	4	2 547 689	3 021 189
Maskiner og anlegg	4	56 226 933	60 906 630
Sum varige driftsmidler	4	58 774 622	63 927 819
Finansielle Anleggsmidler			
Investeringer i datterselskap	7	1 076 797 059	35 972 879
Lån til foretak i samme konsern	8	557 371 475	216 875 710
Andre langsiktige fordringer	3	1 526 305	1 600 022
Sum finansielle anleggsmidler		1 635 694 839	254 448 611
Sum anleggsmidler		1 694 469 461	318 376 430
Omløpsmidler			
Lager av varer og annen beholdning	9	5 551 181	3 525 340
Kundefordringer	8, 10	30 813 253	29 332 844
Andre kortsiktige fordringer		4 287 834	612 143
Sum fordringer		35 101 087	29 944 987
Bankinnskudd, kontanter o.l.	11	4 949 317	5 014 409
Sum omløpsmidler		45 601 585	38 484 736
Sum eiendeler		1 740 071 047	356 861 166



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Årsregnskap 2022

Balanse

	Note	2022	2021
Egenkapital og Gjeld			
Innskutt Egenkapital			
Aksjekapital	6, 12	17 000 000	17 000 000
Annen innskutt egenkapital	6	2 650 000	2 650 000
Sum innskutt egenkapital		19 650 000	19 650 000
Opptjent Egenkapital			
Annen egenkapital	6	28 228 774	35 331 137
Sum opptjent egenkapital		28 228 774	35 331 137
Sum egenkapital		47 878 774	54 981 137
Gjeld			
Avsetning for forpliktelser			
Utsatt skatt	5	3 131 144	5 131 084
Sum avsetning for forpliktelser		3 131 144	5 131 084
Annen langsiktig gjeld			
Langsiktig konserngjeld	8	1 667 911 117	0
Øvrig langsiktig gjeld		669 881	0
Sum annen langsiktig gjeld		1 668 580 998	0
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Leverandørgjeld	8	11 654 626	10 163 262
Skyldig offentlige avgifter		4 994 042	4 907 266
Konserngjeld	8	0	277 864 358
Annen kortsiktig gjeld		3 831 463	3 814 060
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		20 480 131	296 748 946
Sum gjeld		1 692 192 273	301 880 029
Sum egenkapital og gjeld		1 740 071 047	356 861 166

16.06.2023


Styret i Solør Bioenergi Varme AS



Hans Marcus Moss
styreleder



Bjørn Nybakken
daglig leder



Florian Josef Raitner
styremedlem



Solør Bioenergi Varme AS Årsregnskap 2022

Noter

Regnskapsprinsipper

Årsregnskapet er satt opp i samsvar med regnskapslovens bestemmelser og god regnskapsskikk.

Bruk av estimater

I utarbeidelse av årsregnskapet har man brukt estimater og forutsetninger som har påvirket resultatregnskapet og verdsettelsen av eiendeler og gjeld, samt usikre eiendeler og forpliktelser på balansedagen i henhold til god regnskapsskikk. Områder som i stor grad inneholder slike skjønsmessige vurderinger, høy grad av kompleksitet, eller områder hvor forutsetninger og estimater er vesentlige for årsregnskapet, er beskrevet i notene.

Valuta

Transaksjoner i utenlandsk valuta omregnes til kursen på transaksjonstidspunktet. Pengeposter i utenlandsk valuta omregnes til norske kroner ved å benytte balansedagens kurs. Valutakursendringer resultatføres løpende i regnskapsperioden under andre finansposter.

Inntekter

Inntektsføring ved salg av varer skjer på leveringstidspunktet for salg av pellets. For salg av ferdig varme skjer inntektsføringen ved månedlig avlesning av målere. Tjenester inntektsføres etter hvert som de leveres.

Skatt

Skattekostnaden i resultatregnskapet omfatter både periodens betalbare skatt og endring i utsatt skatt. Utsatt skatt er beregnet med 22 % på grunnlag av de midlertidige forskjeller som eksisterer mellom regnskapsmessige og skattemessige verdier, samt ligningsmessig underskudd til fremføring ved utgangen av regnskapsåret. Skatteøkende og skattereduserende midlertidige forskjeller som reverseres eller kan reverseres i samme periode er utlignet og nettoført. Netto utsatt skattefordel balanseføres i den grad det er sannsynlig at denne kan bli utnyttet.

Klassifisering og vurdering av anleggsmidler

Anleggsmidler omfatter eiendeler bestemt til varig eie og bruk. Anleggsmidler er vurdert til anskaffelseskost, fratrukket avskrivninger og nedskrivninger. Langsiktig gjeld balanseføres til nominelt beløp på transaksjonstidspunktet.

Varige driftsmidler balanseføres og avskrives over driftsmidlets økonomiske levetid. Vesentlige driftsmidler som består av flere betydelige komponenter med ulik levetid er dekomponert med ulik avskrivningstid for de ulike komponentene. Direkte vedlikehold av driftsmidler kostnadsføres løpende under driftskostnader, mens påkostninger eller forbedringer tillegges driftsmidlets kostpris og avskrives i takt med driftsmidlet. Varige driftsmidler nedskrives til gjenvinnbart beløp ved verdifall som forventes ikke å være forbigående. Gjenvinnbart beløp er det høyeste av netto salgsverdi og verdi i bruk. Verdi i bruk er nåverdi av fremtidige kontantstrømmer knyttet til eiendelen. Nedskrivningen reverseres når grunnlaget for nedskrivningen ikke lenger er til stede.

Klassifisering og vurdering av omløpsmidler

Omløpsmidler og kortsiktig gjeld omfatter normalt poster som forfaller til betaling innen ett år etter balansedagen, samt poster som knytter seg til varekretsløpet. Omløpsmidler vurderes til laveste verdi av anskaffelseskost og virkelig verdi. Kortsiktig gjeld balanseføres til nominelt beløp på transaksjonstidspunktet.

Datterselskap og tilknyttet selskap

Datterselskap og tilknyttede selskaper vurderes etter kostmetoden i selskapsregnskapet. Investeringen er vurdert til anskaffelseskost for aksjene med mindre nedskrivning har vært nødvendig. Det er foretatt nedskrivning til virkelig verdi når verdifall skyldes årsaker som ikke kan forventes å være forbigående og det må anses nødvendig etter god regnskapsskikk. Nedskrivninger er reversert når grunnlaget for nedskrivning ikke lenger er til stede.

Utbytte, konsernbidrag og andre utdelinger fra datterselskap er inntektsført samme år som det er avsatt i givers regnskap. Overstiger utbytte / konsernbidraget andelen av opptjent resultat etter anskaffelsestidspunktet, representerer den overskytende del tilbakebetaling av investert kapital, og utdelingene er fratrukket investeringens verdi i balansen til morselskapet.

**Varer**

Varer er vurdert til det laveste av anskaffelseskost og netto salgsverdi. Netto salgsverdi er estimert salgspris ved ordinær drift etter fradrag for beregnede nødvendige utgifter for gjennomføring av salget. Anskaffelseskost inkluderer utgifter påløpt ved anskaffelse av varene og kostnader for å bringe varene til nåværende plassering og tilordnes ved bruk av FIFO - prinsippet.

Fordringer

Kundefordringer og andre fordringer oppføres til pålydende etter fradrag for avsetning til forventet tap. Avsetning til tap gjøres på grunnlag av en individuell vurdering av de enkelte fordringene. For øvrige kundefordringer utføres en uspesifisert avsetning for å dekke forventet tap på krav.

Pensjoner - Ytelsesordning

Pensjonsforpliktelser finansiert over driften (ytelsesbaserte pensjonsordninger) vurderes til nåverdien av de fremtidige pensjonsytelser som regnskapsmessig anses opptjent på balansedagen. Pensjonsmidler vurderes til virkelig verdi. Pensjonspremien anses som pensjonskostnad og klassifiseres sammen med lønnskostnader.

Pensjoner - Innskuddsbasert ordning

Kostnaden til innskuddsbasert pensjonsordning tilsvarer periodens premie til forsikringsselskapet.

Kontantstrømoppstilling

Kontantstrømoppstillingen er utarbeidet etter den indirekte metoden. Kontanter og kontantekvivalenter omfatter kontanter, bankinnskudd og andre kortsiktige, likvide plasseringer.



Note 1 Driftsinntekter

	2022	2021
Salgsinntekter	106 533 679	101 408 850
Leieinntekter	602 773	20 904
Andre driftsinntekter	850 963	901 293
Sum	107 987 415	102 331 047

Fordeling på virksomhetsområde

Pellets	40 745 200	43 751 020
Ferdig varme	67 242 215	58 580 027
Sum	107 987 415	102 331 047

Geografisk fordeling

Norge	107 618 073	102 212 239
Sverige	369 342	118 808
Sum	107 987 415	102 331 047

Note 2 Lønnskostnader og ytelser, godtgjørelser til daglig leder, styret og revisor

Lønnskostnader	2022	2021
Lønninger	4 895 573	4 644 360
Arbeidsgiveravgift	805 337	763 172
Pensjonskostnader	720 717	713 471
Andre ytelser	169 323	-33 721
Sum	6 590 950	6 087 282

Sysselsatte årsverk 6 6

Selskapets pensjonsordninger tilfredsstiller kravene i lov om obligatorisk tjenestepensjon.

Ytelser til ledende personer

	Daglig leder
Lønn	1 243 124
Pensjonskostnader	123 387
Annen godtgjørelse	94 952
Sum	1 461 463

Det er ikke gitt lån/sikkerhetsstillelse til daglig leder, styrets leder eller andre nærstående parter.

Kostnadsført godtgjørelse til revisor

	2022	2021
Lovpålagt revisjon (inkl. teknisk bistand med årsregnskap)	214 243	190 360
Andre attestasjonstjenester	31 910	31 800
Sum	246 153	222 160



Note 3 Ytelsespensjon

Selskapet er pliktig til å ha tjenstepensjonsordning etter lov om obligatorisk tjenstepensjon. Selskapets pensjonsordninger tilfredsstiller kravene i denne lov.

Selskapet har i tillegg pensjonsordninger som omfatter i alt fem personer. Ordningene gir rett til definerte fremtidige ytelser. Disse er i hovedsak avhengig av antall opptjeningsår, lønnsnivå ved oppnådd pensjonsalder og størrelsen på ytelsene fra folketrygden. Forpliktelsene er dekket gjennom et forsikringsselskap.

	2022	2021
Endring balanseført direkte pensjonsforpliktelser	299 300	377 122
Rentekostnad av pensjonsforpliktelsen	110 173	195 803
Avkastning på pensjonsmidler	-79 248	-18 055
Administrasjonskostnader	24 254	20 243
Resultatføring av tap/gevinst	154 988	20 909
Netto pensjonskostnad	509 467	596 022
Opptjente pensjonsforpliktelser pr. 31.12	-1 600 022	-1 430 051
Resultatført pensjonskostnad i perioden	509 467	596 022
Innbetalinger og utbetalt pensjon inkl AGA	-435 750	-765 993
Beregnete pensjonsforpliktelser (-overfinansiering) pr. 31.12	-1 526 305	-1 600 022

Økonomiske forutsetninger for beregning av pensjonskostnaden

Diskonteringsrente	3,00%	1,50%
Forventet avkastning på pensjonsmidler	4,70%	2,90%
Forventet lønnsvekst	3,50%	2,50%
Forventet G-regulering	3,25%	2,25%
Forventet regulering av pensjoner under utbetaling	1,50%	0,00%

Som aktuariemessige forutsetninger for demokratiske fakturer og avgang er lagt til grunn vanlig benyttede forutsetninger innen forsikring. Dødlighetstabell K2013BE er benyttet.

Note 4 Varige driftsmidler

	Fast eiendom	Maskiner og anlegg	Anlegg under utførelse	Sum varige driftsmidler
Anskaffelseskost 01.01	19 999 369	135 412 327	461 815	155 873 512
Tilgang kjøpte driftsmidler	0	991 688	1 704 947	2 696 635
Avgang driftsmidler/Enova	0	-1 898 694	-1 701 062	-3 599 756
Anskaffelseskost 31.12	19 999 369	134 505 321	465 700	154 970 391
Akk. av- og nedskrivninger 01.01	16 978 180	74 967 513	0	91 945 693
Akk. av- og nedskrivninger 31.12	17 451 680	78 744 089	0	96 195 769
Bokført verdi per 31.12	2 547 689	55 761 232	465 700	58 774 622
Årets avskrivninger	473 500	5 675 270	0	6 148 770
Avskrivningssatser - lineær	5-33 år	3-20 år		



Note 5 Skatt

Skatteeffekten av midlertidige forskjeller og underskudd til fremføring som har gitt opphav til utsatt skatt og utsatte skattefordeler, spesifisert på typer av midlertidige forskjeller:

	2022	2021	Endring
Varige driftsmidler	21 436 447	21 432 726	-3 721
Gevinst – og tapskonto	232 289	290 362	58 073
Pensjonspremie/- forpliktelse	1 526 305	1 600 022	73 717
Sum	23 195 041	23 323 110	128 069
Akkumulert fremførbart underskudd	-8 962 569	-5 235 369	3 727 200
Grunnlag for beregning av utsatt skatt	14 232 471	18 087 741	3 855 270

Utsatt skatt (22 %)	3 131 144	5 131 084	1 999 940
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Årets skattekostnad	2022	2021
Skattepliktig inntekt:		
Ordinært resultat før skatt	-9 102 303	58 305 875
Permanente forskjeller	11 665	-48 221 442
Endring i midlertidige forskjeller	128 069	270 510
Avgitt konsernbidrag	0	-10 093 960
Anvendelse av fremførbart underskudd	0	-260 982
Skattepliktig inntekt	-8 962 569	0

Resultatført skatt på ordinært resultat:

Betalbar skatt	0	2 220 671
Endring i utsatt skatt	-1 999 940	-16 571
Skattekostnad ordinært resultat	-1 999 940	2 204 100

Beregning av effektiv skattesats

Resultat før skatt	-9 102 303	58 305 875
Beregnet skatt av resultat før skatt	-2 002 507	12 827 292
Skatteeffekt av permanente forskjeller	2 566	-10 608 717
Sum	-1 999 940	2 218 575
Effektiv skattesats	22,0 %	3,8 %

Betalbar skatt i balansen:

Betalbar skatt på årets resultat	0	2 220 671
Betalbar skatt på avgitt konsernbidrag	0	-2 220 671
Sum betalbar skatt i balansen	0	0

Note 6 Egenkapital

	Aksjekapital	Overkurs	Annen egenkapital	Sum egenkapital
Egenkapital 01.01	17 000 000	2 650 000	35 331 137	54 981 137
Årets resultat	0	0	-7 102 363	-7 102 363
Egenkapital 31.12	17 000 000	2 650 000	28 228 774	47 878 774



Note 7 Datterselskap, tilknyttet selskap og felleskontrollert virksomhet

Investeringene i datterselskap, tilknyttet selskap og felleskontrollert virksomhet regnskapsføres etter kostmetoden. Samtlige datterselskap har forretningskontor i Kirkenær, Norge.

Datterselskap	Eier-/ stemmeandel	Egenkapital (100%)	Resultat (100 %)	Balanseført verdi
Solør Bioenergi Jessheim AS	100%	46 629 863	11 920 899	35 972 879
Solør Bioenergi Otta AS	100%	2 423 692	1 710 371	24 192 894
Solør Bioenergi Gran AS	100%	9 537 266	3 846 222	107 219 332
Solør Norsk Bioenergi AS	100%	37 825 935	4 111 171	909 411 954
Balanseført verdi 31.12.2022				1 076 797 059

Solør Bioenergi Otta AS, Solør Bioenergi Gran AS og Solør Norsk Bioenergi AS ble kjøpt opp av Solør Bioenergi Varme i 2022. Det har vært en større fusjon i Solør Norsk Bioenergi AS etter oppkjøpet. Selskapet eier også Solør Bioenergi Varme AB, hvor bokført verdi er 0,-.

Note 8 Mellomværende med selskap i samme konsern

	2022	2021
Fordringer		
Lån til foretak i samme konsern	557 371 475	216 875 710
Kundefordringer konsern	283 022	2 342 171
Sum	557 654 496	219 217 881
Gjeld		
Langsiktig gjeld konsern	-1 667 911 117	0
Leverandørgjeld til selskap i samme konsern	-4 151 840	-4 114 775
Annen kortsiktig gjeld konsern	0	-277 864 358
Sum	-1 672 062 957	-281 979 133

Note 9 Varelager

	2022	2021
Varelager	5 551 181	3 525 340
Total varelagerbeholdning	5 551 181	3 525 340

Varelageret består hovedsakelig av pellets som er vurdert til tilvirkningskost, det er ikke ukurante varer i lagerverdien.

Note 10 Kundefordringer

	2022	2021
Kundefordringer til pålydende	30 813 253	29 332 844
Sum	30 813 253	29 332 844

Kundefordringer er vurdert til pålydende, det er ikke forventet tap på fordringer.



Note 11 Bundne midler

	2022	2021
Bundne bankinnskudd på skattetrekkkonto	309 724	248 180

Note 12 Aksjekapital og aksjonærinformasjon

Aksjekapitalen i Solør Bioenergi Varme AS pr. 31.12 består av følgende aksjeklasser:

Selskapets aksjonær	Antall	Pålydende	Eierandel	Stemmeandel
Solør Bioenergi Fjernvarme AB	17 000	1 000	100 %	100 %
Sum	17 000	1 000	100 %	100 %

Selskapets regnskap inngår i Konsernregnskapet til Solør Bioenergi Holding AB org.nr 556907-9535 med sete i Stockholm i Sverige. Det er 100% eie i konsernet. Konsernregnskapet blir kunngjort på konsernets hjemmeside: www.solorbioenergi.com



Kontantstrøm Solør Bioenergi Varme AS

	2022	2021
Kontantstrømmer fra operasjonelle aktiviteter		
Resultat før skattekostnad	-9 102 303	58 305 875
Tap/ gevinst ved salg av eiendeler	-829 287	0
Avskrivninger	6 148 770	6 750 585
Forskjell mellom kostnadsført pensjon og inn-/utbet. i pensj.ordn.	73 717	0
Endring i varelager	-2 025 841	1 293 016
Endring i kundefordringer	-1 480 409	-10 105 381
Endring i vareleverandørgjeld	1 491 365	-2 934 923
Endring i andre tidsavgrensingsposter	-3 571 513	-10 850 852
Netto kontantstrøm fra operasjonelle aktiviteter	-9 295 501	42 458 320
Kontantstrøm fra investeringsaktiviteter		
Innbetalinger ved salg av varige driftsmidler	2 530 349	3 392 769
Utbetalinger ved kjøp av varige driftsmidler	-2 696 635	-7 981 611
Utbetalinger på lånefordring konsern (korts./langs.)	-340 495 765	-11 137 590
Innbetalinger på andre lånefordringer (korts./langs.)	0	25 275
Utbetalinger ved kjøp av aksjer, obligas. / konsernbidrag til DS	-1 040 824 180	0
Netto kontantstrøm fra investeringsaktiviteter	-1 381 486 231	-15 701 157
Kontantstrømmer fra finansieringsaktiviteter		
Innbetalinger gjeld konsernselskaper	1 390 046 759	0
Utbetalinger gjeld konsernselskaper	0	-38 341 538
Innbetalinger ved opptak av annen gjeld (korts./langs.)	669 881	0
Innbetalinger av egenkapital	0	15 000 000
Netto kontantstrømmer fra finansieringsaktiviteter	1 390 716 640	-23 341 538
Netto kontantstrøm for perioden	-65 092	3 415 625
Effekt av valutakursendringer på kontanter og kontantekvivalenter	0	0
Kontanter og kontantekvivalenter ved periodens begynnelse	5 014 409	1 598 784
Kontanter og kontantekvivalenter ved periodens slutt	4 949 317	5 014 409
Denne består av:		
Bankinnskudd m.v.	4 949 317	5 014 409
Ubenyttet driftskreditt utgjør i tillegg	0	0



Årsberetning 2022 for Solør Bioenergi Varme AS

Virksomhetens art

Solør Bioenergi Varme AS er et selskap der virksomheten omfatter salg av ferdig varme fra varmeanlegg i Norge samt produksjon og salg av trepellets. Produksjonen er lokalisert i Ringsaker. Selskapets forretningslokaler er lokalisert i Ringsaker kommune.

Fortsatt drift

I samsvar med regnskapslovens § 3-3a bekrefte det at forutsetningen om fortsatt drift er til stede og at denne forutsetningen er lagt til grunn ved utarbeidelsen av regnskapet.

Fremtidig utvikling

Solør Bioenergi Varme AS er som del av Solør Bioenergy Group er i en sektor av energibransjen med langsiktig økende etterspørsel etter fornybar energi basert på trevirke. Virksomheten viser en positiv utvikling med vekst så vel organisk som gjennom oppkjøp.

Virksomheten er i prinsippet selvforsynt av brensel fra egen pelletsproduksjon i Brumunddal. Pellets selges dog også til eksterne kunder – både i sekk og i bulk – og dette markedet har vist en positiv utvikling både med tanke på pris og volum. Med mål om et fossilfritt Europa, vurderer vi at etterspørselen etter pellets vil være stigende i årene som kommer, men sesongvise variasjoner som svinger med de klimatiske forhold vil fortsatt være tilstede. Virksomheten opplever for tiden stor etterspørsel etter råvarene som benyttes i pellets produksjonen og det forventes at dette kommer til å vedvare de nærmeste årene. Solør Bioenergi Gruppen har dog ytterligere 3 pelletsfabrikker og 1 brikettfabrikk i andre geografier og har i så måte en stor fleksibilitet mht å opprettholde leveranser til varmeporteføljen.

Redegjørelse for årsregnskapet og kontantstrøm

Selskapet oppnådde et resultat før avskrivninger og finans (EBITDA) på NOK 27,6 mill (2021: NOK 21,5 mill). Prisen på fjernvarme er delvis knyttet opp mot prisen for elektrisitet, ettersom denne har vært høy i 2022 har dette påvirket prisen, men det har også påvirket kostnaden på kjøp av el. Selskapet forventer- over tid - en positiv utvikling av denne. Netto kontantstrøm fra operasjonelle aktiviteter er negativ med NOK 9,3 mill (2021: NOK 42,5 mill). Det er hovedsakelig netto finanskostnader som resulterer i denne nedgangen. Kontantstrøm fra investeringsaktiviteter er negativ med NOK 1.381,5 mill (2021: NOK 15,7 mill). Det er utbetalinger ved kjøp av datterselskaper som skaper denne utviklingen. Beholdning av kontantekvivalenter er forholdsvis uendret på ca 5 mill.

Egenkapitalen har blitt redusert fra 55 mill til 48 mill. Egenkapitalen utgjør 2,8% av totalkapitalen pr 31.12.2022. Store kjøp i 2022 har gjort at egenkapitalprosenten er redusert.

Styret kjenner ikke til noen forhold av viktighet for å bedømme selskapets stilling og resultat som ikke fremgår av regnskapet og balansen med noter. Det er heller ikke etter regnskapsårets utgang inntrådt forhold som etter styrets syn har betydning ved bedømmelse av regnskapet.

Finansiell risiko

Selskapet fakturerer sine varer og tjenester i NOK, og er i begrenset grad utsatt for valutarisiko.



Selskapet har ikke ekstern gjeld, men er en del av Solør Bioenergy Group, og er sikret riktig likviditet og finansiering gjennom konsernets finansieringsprogrammer. Ansvar for håndtering av finansielle risiki ligger hos konsernledelsen.

Arbeidsmiljø, likestilling og diskriminering

Styret anser arbeidsmiljøet i selskapet som godt. Det er ikke iverksatt spesielle tiltak i denne forbindelse. Ansatte i virksomheten har ikke vært utsatt for ulykker eller skader i forbindelse med utførelsen av sitt arbeid. Sykefraværet er på 0,66% i 2022.

Solør Bioenergi Varme AS har som mål å være en arbeidsplass der det råder full likestilling mellom kvinner og menn, og har innarbeidet en personalpolitikk anses for å være kjønnsnøytral på alle områder. Selskapet hadde ved årets utløp 6 ansatte menn. Selskapets styre består av 2 menn i tillegg til daglig leder.

Styreansvarsforsikring

Selskapet er dekket av konsernets styreansvarsforsikring som gjelder for alle styremedlemmer og daglig leder. Forsikringen gjelder også for mulig ansvar overfor tredjepersoner. Forsikringsdekningen er: 10.000.000.

Miljørapportering

Selskapets virksomhet medfører ikke forurensning eller utslipp som kan være til skade for det ytre miljø utover det som er normalt for et selskap innenfor denne bransjen. Selskapet har gjort undersøkelser og har arbeidet for at luft og vann som inngår i produksjonsprosessen er rent og at det ikke produseres avfall.

Åpenhetslov

Åpenhetsloven trådte i kraft 1. juli 2022 og krever at det skal utføres aktsomhetsvurderinger av grunnleggende menneskerettigheter og anstendige arbeidsforhold i forbindelse med produksjon av varer og levering av tjenester. Vår redegjørelse blir kunngjort på hjemmesiden: www.solorbioenergi.no

Forsknings- og utviklingsaktiviteter

Solør Bioenergi Varme AS har ikke hatt forsknings- og utviklingsaktiviteter i 2022.

Årsresultat og disponeringer

I 2022 hadde selskapet et resultat etter skattekostnad på kr -7.102.363,- som disponeres fra annen egenkapital.

Styret i Solør Bioenergi Varme AS,
Kirkenær 16.06.2023

Hans Marcus Moss
styreleder

Florian Josef Raitner
styremedlem

Bjørn Nybakken
daglig leder



Til generalforsamlingen i Solør Bioenergi Varme AS

Uavhengig revisors beretning

Konklusjon

Vi har revidert årsregnskapet for Solør Bioenergi Varme AS som består av balanse per 31. desember 2022, resultat og kontantstrøm for regnskapsåret avsluttet per denne datoen og noter til årsregnskapet, herunder et sammendrag av viktige regnskapsprinsipper.

Etter vår mening

- oppfyller årsregnskapet gjeldende lovkrav, og
- gir årsregnskapet et rettviseende bilde av selskapets finansielle stilling per 31. desember 2022, og av dets resultater og kontantstrømmer for regnskapsåret avsluttet per denne datoen i samsvar med regnskapslovens regler og god regnskapsskikk i Norge.

Grunnlag for konklusjonen

Vi har gjennomført revisjonen i samsvar med International Standards on Auditing (ISA-ene). Våre oppgaver og plikter i henhold til disse standardene er beskrevet nedenfor under *Revisors oppgaver og plikter ved revisjonen av årsregnskapet*. Vi er uavhengige av selskapet i samsvar med kravene i relevante lover og forskrifter i Norge og International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (inkludert internasjonale uavhengighetsstandarder) utstedt av International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA-reglene), og vi har overholdt våre øvrige etiske forpliktelser i samsvar med disse kravene. Innhentet revisjonsbevis er etter vår vurdering tilstrekkelig og hensiktsmessig som grunnlag for vår konklusjon.

Øvrig informasjon

Styret og daglig leder (ledelsen) er ansvarlige for informasjonen i årsberetningen. Øvrig informasjon omfatter informasjon i årsrapporten bortsett fra årsregnskapet og den tilhørende revisjonsberetningen. Vår konklusjon om årsregnskapet ovenfor dekker ikke informasjonen i årsberetningen.

I forbindelse med revisjonen av årsregnskapet er det vår oppgave å lese årsberetningen. Formålet er å vurdere hvorvidt det foreligger vesentlig inkonsistens mellom årsberetningen og årsregnskapet og den kunnskap vi har opparbeidet oss under revisjonen av årsregnskapet, eller hvorvidt informasjon i årsberetningen ellers fremstår som vesentlig feil. Vi har plikt til å rapportere dersom årsberetningen fremstår som vesentlig feil. Vi har ingenting å rapportere i så henseende.

Basert på kunnskapen vi har opparbeidet oss i revisjonen, mener vi at årsberetningen

- er konsistent med årsregnskapet og
- inneholder de opplysninger som skal gis i henhold til gjeldende lovkrav.

Ledelsens ansvar for årsregnskapet

Ledelsen er ansvarlig for å utarbeide årsregnskapet og for at det gir et rettviseende bilde i samsvar med regnskapslovens regler og god regnskapsskikk i Norge. Ledelsen er også ansvarlig for slik

PricewaterhouseCoopers AS, Aslak Boltsgate 42, Postboks 1100, NO-2305 Hamar
T: 02316, org. no.: 987 009 713 MVA, www.pwc.no
Statsautoriserte revisorer, medlemmer av Den norske Revisorforening og autorisert regnskapsførerselskap



internkontroll som den finner nødvendig for å kunne utarbeide et årsregnskap som ikke inneholder vesentlig feilinformasjon, verken som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil.

Ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet må ledelsen ta standpunkt til selskapets evne til fortsatt drift og opplyse om forhold av betydning for fortsatt drift. Forutsetningen om fortsatt drift skal legges til grunn for årsregnskapet så lenge det ikke er sannsynlig at virksomheten vil bli avvirket.

Revisors oppgaver og plikter ved revisjonen av årsregnskapet

Vårt mål er å oppnå betryggende sikkerhet for at årsregnskapet som helhet ikke inneholder vesentlig feilinformasjon, verken som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil, og å avgi en revisjonsberetning som inneholder vår konklusjon. Betryggende sikkerhet er en høy grad av sikkerhet, men ingen garanti for at en revisjon utført i samsvar med ISA-ene, alltid vil avdekke vesentlig feilinformasjon. Feilinformasjon kan oppstå som følge av misligheter eller utilsiktede feil. Feilinformasjon er å anse som vesentlig dersom den enkeltvis eller samlet med rimelighet kan forventes å påvirke de økonomiske beslutningene som brukerne foretar på grunnlag av årsregnskapet.

For videre beskrivelse av revisors oppgaver og plikter vises det til:
<https://revisorforeningen.no/revisjonsberetninger>

Hamar, 16. juni 2023
PricewaterhouseCoopers AS

Vegard Løvlien
Statsautorisert revisor
(elektronisk signert)



 Securely signed with Brevio

Revisjonsberetning

Signers:

Name	Method	Date
Løvlien, Vegard Haug	BANKID	2023-06-26 20:02

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solørbioenergi



ANNUAL REPORT 2022
SOLÖR BIOENERGI HOLDING AB
(PUBL)



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Directors' Report

The Board of Directors and Managing Director of Solör Bioenergi Holding AB (publ), corporate identity number 556907-9535, hereby present the annual report and consolidated financial statements for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

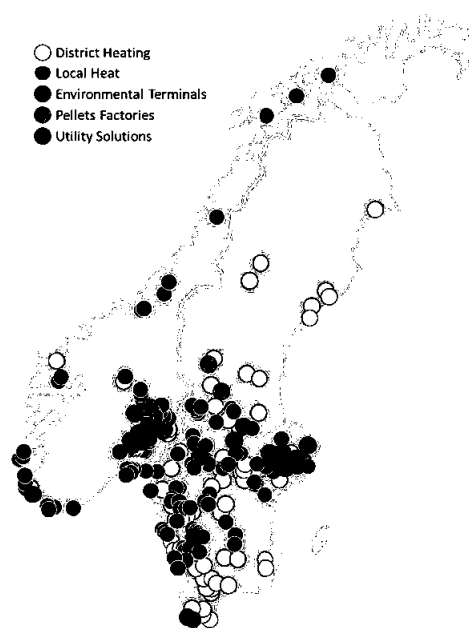
The Solör Bioenergi Holding AB Group consists of the parent company Solör Bioenergi Holding AB and its subsidiaries, see Group Note 2. The Group has its main operations in Sweden and a minor part in Norway and Poland. Solör Bioenergi Holding AB is a limited liability company registered in Sweden and domiciled in Stockholm. The address of the head office is Norrlandsgatan 16, 111 43 Stockholm, Sweden. The Group's functional currency is Swedish krona (SEK). Unless otherwise stated, all amounts in the annual report are presented in millions of Swedish kronor (MSEK). Certain subtotals and totals in tables may differ from the sum of the figures presented due to rounding.

Operations

The Group's operations involve the production and distribution of district heating and process steam, and the performance of O&M (operation and maintenance) services. In addition, the Group produces biofuel in the form of wood chips, briquettes and pellets as well as energy recovery from impregnated wood. The operations are organisationally divided into four main segments: District Heating, Local Heating, Biomass and Utility Solutions. Within the framework of the segment operations, and as part of the Group's long-term growth strategy, the Group also engages in transaction activities. These include acquisitions, operational and financial restructuring and disposal of businesses and assets.

Within the framework of the Group's operations there are 89 energy plants, 146 local heating plants, 3 environmental terminals, 4 pellet plants and 1 briquette plant. In addition, the Group carries out O&M (operation and maintenance) services related to water and sewage treatment as well as energy production at 21 plants in the Utility Solutions segment.

The map below shows the location of plants in Sweden and Norway where the Group conducts operations.



Significant events during the financial year

At the beginning of the year, the Group acquired 80% of the shares and voting rights in Solör Bioenergi Strängnäs AB. The energy production in Strängnäs amounts to approximately 200 GWh per year. Energy production primarily takes place in the heat and power plant in Strängnäs, mainly in the form of biofuels and recycled wood. Solör Bioenergi Strängnäs AB is jointly owned with



Strängnäs Municipality and is presented as a joint venture from a reporting perspective.

At the beginning of March, the Group acquired 100% of the shares and voting rights in Ale Fjärrvärme AB (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Ale AB). The production and delivery of renewable energy in Ale amounts to approximately 60 GWh per year.

At the end of May, 100% of the shares and voting rights in Eidefoss Biovarme AS (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Otta AS) were acquired. The annual energy deliveries amount to approximately 6 GWh.

At the end of June, the Group acquired 100% of the shares and voting rights in Norsk Bioenergi AS (name changed to Solør Norsk Bioenergi AS). The annual contracted delivery of renewable energy in Solør Norsk Bioenergi AS amounts to approximately 180 GWh.

At the beginning of September, the Group acquired 100% of the shares and voting rights in Norske Varmeleveranser AS (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Gran AS). The annual energy deliveries amount to approximately 6 GWh.

At the end of September, the Group successfully completed the acquisition of Lantmännen Agrovärme AB (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB). The annual contracted delivery of renewable energy in Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB amounts to approximately 150 GWh.

At the end of September, the Group also acquired Sustainable Energy Solutions Sweden AB (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Kungsberget AB). The annual energy deliveries amount to approximately 5 GWh.

In addition to the above business combinations, the Group also acquired the district heating networks in Knislinge and Hanaskog from Östra Göinge Municipality at the beginning of the year. The Group already

owned the production plants connected to these district heating networks.

Multi-year overview

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Net sales	2,128	1,682	1,183	1,204	1,652
EBITDA	297	353	305	410	227
Net operating profit/loss	-64	43	47	182	21
Net profit/loss after financial items	-424	-328	-487	-86	-185
Net profit/loss for the year	-425	-308	-433	-71	-406
Total assets	13,685	10,345	6,209	5,190	4,771
Equity	-3,359	-2,934	-1,166	-381	-199
Equity ratio (%)	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.	neg.
Average number of employees	310	263	206	194	184

Net sales and earnings

The temperatures during 2022 were higher than in the previous year. In 2022, the average ambient temperature, measured in HDD – Heating Degree Days – was 90.5 percent of a normal year (96.8). The number of heating degree days in a year is the sum of the deviations of the daily average temperatures from a reference temperature.

Net sales amounted to SEK 2,128 million (1,682), an increase of 27 percent. The increase is primarily a consequence of completed business combinations and higher customer prices, which to a certain extent have been offset by the higher temperatures. Adjusted for the acquisition effect of SEK 183 million, net sales amounted to SEK 1,945 million (1,682), an increase of 16 percent.

Gross profit increased by 22 percent and amounted to SEK 1,239 million (1,015). Adjusted for the acquisition effect of SEK 100 million, gross profit amounted to SEK 1,139 million (1,015), an increase of 12 percent.

The Group's net operating profit before depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) amounted to SEK 297 million (353). EBITDA was negatively affected by one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -180 million (-81), as well as one-off expenses to related parties amounting to SEK -29 million (-50). In addition to the above, EBITDA was affected by SEK -29 million (9) due to the result from participations in joint ventures, and by SEK 17 million (3) due to the sale of emission



rights. The acquisition effect on EBITDA amounted to SEK 53 million. Adjusted for the above items, EBITDA amounted to SEK 465 million (472), a decrease of 1 percent. The decrease is primarily due to increased operating expenses in the form of personnel expenses, electricity costs and ongoing IT projects.

The Group's net operating profit/loss (EBIT) amounted to SEK -64 million (43). Adjusted for the above one-off items (excluding the acquisition effect), EBIT amounted to SEK 159 million (165).

Segment – District Heating

The District Heating segment accounted for 55 percent (61) of the Group's net sales. The segment's energy plants produce energy for district heating, industrial steam and electricity for customers in the public and private sectors. The energy plants are located in Sweden, Norway and Poland.

The energy deliveries increased by 4 percent and amounted to 1,495 GWh (1,443). Adjusted for the acquisition effect of 150 GWh, the energy deliveries amounted to 1,345 GWh (1,443), a decrease of 7 percent. The decrease is primarily an effect of higher temperatures.

Net sales increased by 13 percent and amounted to SEK 1,165 million (1,034). Adjusted for the acquisition effect of SEK 119 million, net sales amounted to SEK 1,046 million (1,034), an increase of 1 percent. The increase is primarily due to higher customer prices and a higher percentage of electricity sales.

Gross profit amounted to SEK 713 million (659), with a gross profit margin of 61 percent (64). Adjusted for the acquisition effect of SEK 63 million, gross profit amounted to SEK 650 million (659), a decrease of 1 percent. The decrease in gross profit is primarily a result of increased fuel costs.

EBITDA amounted to SEK 210 million (322). EBITDA was negatively affected by one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -123 million (-43). In addition to the above, EBITDA was affected by SEK -29 million (9) due to the result from participations in joint ventures, and by SEK 17 million (3) due to the sale of emission rights. The acquisition effect on EBITDA amounted to SEK 33 million. Adjusted for the above, EBITDA amounted to SEK 312 million (353), a decrease of 12 percent. The decrease is due to the effect of higher operating expenses, such as personnel expenses, electricity costs and consulting expenses, as well as intra-group fees.

Segment – Local Heating

The Local Heating segment accounted for 16 percent (14) of the Group's net sales. This segment includes the Group's local heating plants in Sweden and Norway as well as two production facilities for pellets, which supply the local heating plants with fuel.

The energy deliveries increased by 17 percent and amounted to 224 GWh (192). Adjusted for the acquisition effect of 48 GWh, the energy deliveries amounted to 176 GWh (192), a decrease of 8 percent. The decrease is primarily an effect of higher temperatures.

Net sales increased by 45 percent and amounted to SEK 347 million (240). Adjusted for the acquisition effect of SEK 64 million, net sales amounted to SEK 283 million (240), an increase of 18 percent. The increase is primarily due to higher customer prices in Norway, where the price index is adjusted on the basis of the electricity prices each month. This year the electricity prices were, on average, significantly higher than in the previous year.

Gross profit amounted to SEK 222 million (147), with a gross profit margin of 64 percent (61). Adjusted for the acquisition effect of SEK 37 million, gross profit amounted to SEK 185 million (147), an increase of 26 percent.



EBITDA amounted to SEK 43 million (66). EBITDA was negatively affected by one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -60 million (-). The acquisition effect on EBITDA amounted to SEK 20 million. Adjusted for the above, EBITDA amounted to SEK 83 million (66), an increase of 26 percent. EBITDA was affected by higher operating expenses, such as personnel expenses and electricity costs, as well as intra-group fees.

Segment – Biomass

The Biomass segment accounted for 13 percent (15) of the Group's net sales. The segment has three environmental terminals for energy recovery from recycled wood, with further processing into biomass for sale to energy plants in other segments as well as external energy customers. The segment also includes three production facilities for the production and sale of briquettes and pellets to external energy customers as well as energy plants in other segments within the Group.

Net sales increased to SEK 304 million (268).

Gross profit amounted to SEK 159 million (132), with a gross profit margin of 52 percent (49).

EBITDA amounted to SEK 49 million (42).

Due to the diversified and volatile nature of this segment, the gross profit margin may fluctuate. However, on an annual basis, the segment's performance has stabilised at a moderate level and is showing a positive trend.

Segment – Utility Solutions

The Utility Solutions segment accounted for 16 percent (9) of the Group's net sales. The segment comprises O&M (operation and maintenance) services related to municipal water and sewage treatment as well as energy production in a number of regions in Sweden and Norway.

Net sales amounted to SEK 347 million (160).

Gross profit amounted to SEK 145 million (77), with a gross profit margin of 42 percent (48).

EBITDA amounted to SEK 21 million (-23). EBITDA was negatively affected by one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -7 million (-38). Adjusted for the above, EBITDA amounted to SEK 28 million (15).

The previous year's figures for this segment only relate to six months of operations following the acquisition of the segment at the end of June 2021.

Net financial items

The Group's net financial items amounted to SEK -360 million (-371). Net financial items were affected by unrealised changes in the value of the Group's interest rate swaps amounting to SEK 288 million (51). Other non-cash exchange effects and expenses affected the Group's net financial items by SEK -69 million (-157). Adjusted for the above effects, net financial items amounted to SEK -579 million (-265). The difference is primarily due to a significantly higher average level of interest-bearing liabilities and higher average interest rates compared with the previous year.

Cash flow

Cash flow from operating activities amounted to SEK -16 million (108). The decrease is primarily a consequence of higher interest paid due to a higher average level of interest-bearing liabilities, combined with the effects of increased tied-up working capital and net lending to joint ventures. Increased cash flows from the underlying operating activities had a positive effect.

Cash flow from investing activities amounted to SEK -4,015 million (-1,917). Cash flow from investing activities was primarily affected by the business combinations of Solør Bioenergi Strängnäs AB, Solør Bioenergi Ale AB, Solør Norsk Bioenergi AS and Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB. The previous year's cash flow

from investing activities was primarily affected by the business combinations of Solör Bioenergi Falköping AB and the Utility Solutions segment.

Cash flow from financing activities amounted to SEK 2,644 million (3,707). Cash flow from financing activities was primarily affected by the utilisation of the Group's Senior Revolving Credit Facility and the Group's Senior and Junior CAPEX facilities to the extent of SEK 3,554 million, as well as the repayment of interest-bearing liabilities in acquired businesses to the extent of SEK -631 million. In addition to the above, cash flow from financing activities was negatively affected by the payment of dividends to shareholders to the extent of SEK -240 million. The previous year's cash flow from financing activities was positively affected by refinancing to the extent of SEK 5,083 million and the proceeds from a new share issue to shareholders of SEK 1,000 million. On the other hand, dividends paid to shareholders of SEK -2,317 million had the opposite effect.

Financial position and liquidity

At the end of the financial year, cash and cash equivalents amounted to SEK 644 million (2,031), and there were non-utilised credit facilities in the form of CAPEX facilities amounting to SEK 248 million (2,223) and a revolving credit facility amounting to SEK 150 million (300).

At the end of the financial year, the Group's interest-bearing liabilities amounted to SEK 15,237 million (11,644), while the Group's equity amounted to SEK -3,359 million (-2,934).

Employees

The number of employees in the Group increased to 323 at the end of the financial year compared with 301 at the beginning of the financial year, mainly as a consequence of the business combinations that were carried out.

The average number of employees during the financial year was 310 (263).

Sustainability report

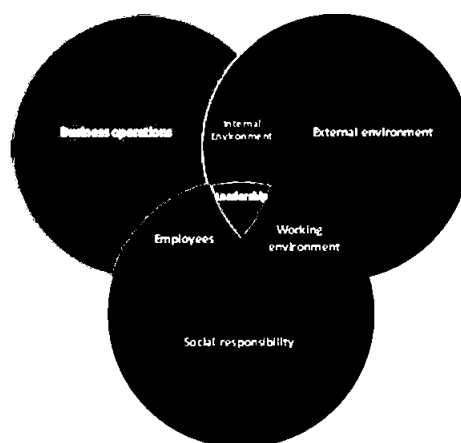
The sustainability report for 2022, as presented below, covers the Group's companies according to the same principles as for the financial reporting.

Solör Bioenergi is a leading operator in renewable energy in the form of district heating for residential buildings, companies and industries. The Group produces biofuels from forest industry waste and recycles environmentally hazardous impregnated wood waste for a greener environment.

A more detailed description of the Group's operations and business model is provided on page 4, and a description of the Group's sustainability risks is provided on pages 11-12 (in the sections entitled "Industry and market risks" and "Operational risks").

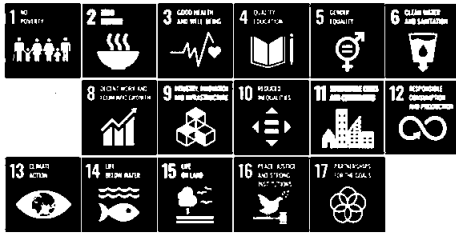
Sustainability work in the Group

The Group works actively with sustainability issues as a natural part of its business and regularly performs an assessment of the Group's work and performance in the following seven key areas:



Based on regular evaluation of the seven key areas shown above, Solör Bioenergi can gain a clear picture of the measures and improvements the Group can implement in

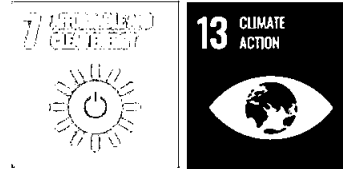
order to take further steps towards the achievement of sustainable development according to the UN Sustainable Development Goals.



The Group has integrated bioenergy operations throughout the entire value chain, from procurement, production and distribution to the sale of wood-based bioenergy, including energy recovery from recycled wood. The core business involves the production of district heating and process steam, the production of biofuel in the form of wood chips, briquettes and pellets, and energy recovery from impregnated wood.

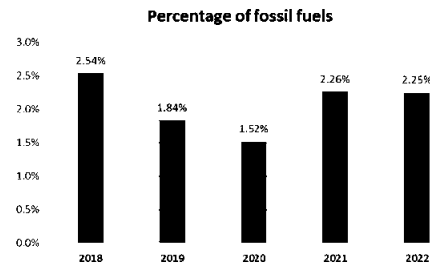
As part of the Group’s ambition to be climate neutral to the greatest extent possible, the Group strives to improve the efficiency of its production plants and to use, to the greatest extent possible, a fuel mix that does not contain fossil fuels. The Group works continuously with improvement projects aimed at increasing the proportion of biofuels, reducing the use of fossil fuels, reducing electricity consumption and increasing the energy efficiency of production processes, which in turn results in “operational excellence”. This work includes the benchmarking of different production plants in order to identify and implement “best practice” for all plants. Overall, this continuous work has been positive from both a sustainability perspective and an economic perspective, as it results in lower fuel consumption and higher margins.

Environment



Solör Bioenergi works actively with environmental issues and strictly follows the laws and regulations that apply in the environmental field. There is an established environmental policy within the Group that aims to achieve fossil-free production of energy. Converting 10 MWh of fossil-produced energy to bio-based energy corresponds to a reduction in carbon dioxide emissions of 3 tonnes.

The diagram below shows the Group’s use of fossil fuels in the Swedish district heating operations.



The companies within the Group conduct operations at plants that are subject to notification obligation pursuant to the Swedish Environmental Code. Within the Group there are currently 118 production plants that are subject to the notification obligation and 7 plants that are subject to permit requirements. The company’s primary environmental impact concerns emissions of climate-impacting and acidifying gases to the air. During 2022, through investments in various filtration solutions, the Group continued to work on complying with the MCP directive regarding dust emissions.

Due to the fact that certain flammable fuels are used in the operations, permits are required for handling and storage of such substances. The Group possesses all necessary permits for its operations and has submitted all necessary notifications.

The Group's environmental terminals receive wood waste for storage, processing and production of contaminated wood chips. The operations are conducted by Solør Bioenergi AS in Kirkenær, Norway, which possesses a license from the Norwegian Environment Agency for collection of CCA-treated and creosote-treated wood and contaminated wood/demolition wood, as well as a permit for the receipt, burning and storage of wood that is creosote-treated, CCA-impregnated or contaminated in some other way.

In Trollhättan, Solør Bioenergi Recycling AB possesses a permit for the receipt, processing and storage of up to 175,000 tonnes of waste wood each year. In Svenljunga, Solør Bioenergi Fjärrvärme AB possesses a permit to produce thermal energy from waste wood, with a maximum annual volume of 25,000 tons. All other types of waste generated in the production process are handled in accordance with applicable regulations. Environmental waste is delivered to approved collection terminals. Other waste is delivered to recycling centres and landfill sites.

Personnel, social conditions and respect for human rights



The Group continues to focus strongly on further development of Environment, Health and Safety (EHS).

Solør Bioenergi has established a number of policies aimed at steering the work in the right direction, including a Work Environment Policy, a Gender Equality and Equal Treatment Policy, and an Alcohol and Drug Policy.

The Group has three employees who focus on risk analysis and deviation management at all plants, in particular in relation to fire safety measures and the prevention of personal injuries. All deviations are reported and managed. During the 2022 financial year, no incidents occurred that led to personal injury of a serious nature.

In order to be an attractive employer, the Group continuously strives to provide its employees with the best possible conditions. The aim is to ensure that the Group's working conditions are of market standard, competitive and based on collective agreements and other applicable conditions in the labour market. Within the Solør Bioenergi Group it is also a fundamental principle to always respect basic human rights. During the financial year the Group employed a person as HR Manager.

At the end of the financial year, the Group had 323 (301) employees, of which 15 percent (14) were women and 85 percent (86) were men. There were no reported cases of discrimination during the year. During the financial year, absence due to illness within the Group was 2 percent (3).

Prevention of corruption

Solør Bioenergi has a zero tolerance policy with regard to corruption in all aspects of its operations. This means that action is taken if any employee, Board member or business partner is found guilty of violating applicable law. No cases of suspected corruption were identified during the year.

Expected future developments

Solør Bioenergi operates in an attractive part of the energy industry with constantly increasing demand for wood-based energy. The Group

expects to experience continued significant expansion in Scandinavia in the coming years.

The Group will continue to work with a number of ongoing improvement projects:

- Improvement projects are implemented at all production plants with focus on an increased proportion of biofuel and increased efficiency, with the aim of achieving “operational excellence”.
- Continued integration of acquired entities with the aim of achieving synergies, in particular with regard to administration.
- Strategic improvements in the raw material sourcing process with the aim of achieving synergies.

In addition to continuous improvement processes, the Group expects to experience stable organic growth in combination with further acquisitions. The Group will continue to pursue its growth strategy, which is primarily based on acquisitions in Sweden.

The Board of Directors expects to see stable and increasing price trends for significant parts of the energy sales. The customer base is stable with a large proportion of customers within the public sector, which ensures a stable long-term level of activity for existing operations.

Risks and uncertainties

The Group’s earnings and financial position are affected by a number of different factors. Some of these are beyond the Group’s control. The Group has operations in several countries, with differences in laws, regulations and guidelines. The Group is therefore exposed to various risks relating to changes in these laws, regulations and guidelines. Risk management within the Group is governed by established policies and procedures which are regularly revised by Group management and/or the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors in Solör Bioenergi Holding AB has overall responsibility for identifying, monitoring and managing risks.

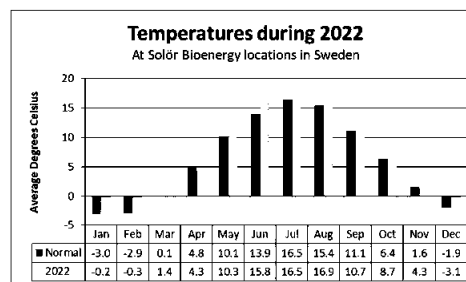
The most significant risks and uncertainties for the Group can be divided into:

- industry and market risks,
- operational risks,
- legal risks, and
- financial risks.

Industry and market risks

The Group’s operations are subject to general fluctuations in the demand for energy, which includes weather conditions affecting customer needs.

Temperature affects the demand for district heating. Deviations from the “normal curve” are typically in the range of 4-7 percent. The average temperatures in 2022 were somewhat higher than normal and were also higher than in the previous year.



Energy plants are designed to handle these fluctuations, for example through flexible production systems for thermal energy. The base load normally delivers 90-95 percent of the energy needs during a year.

However, during particularly cold winter periods the peak load may drive raw material costs higher if the energy plants are producing more from backup systems (for example oil or electricity). This can be mitigated through the design of the plants and by having personnel with operational know-how.

Energy production at the Group’s plants is based on biomass. The cost of biomass varies in line with the market prices of the various sources of biomass.



Operational risks

In accordance with current industry practice, neither the Group's customers nor its suppliers are tied to the Group to any great extent through long-term, formal binding agreements. Traditionally, the Group relies primarily on its good customer and supplier relationships, which are often long lasting, as well as practices that have arisen between the parties.

The Group's operations are subject to risks that are usually associated with industrial production, such as the risk of equipment failure, workplace accidents, fire or explosion. These risks can lead to personal injury or death, operational downtime, damage to property and equipment, pollution and environmental damage. The Group may be subject to claims due to these risks and may also be subject to claims arising from the products and services that have been delivered. The Group's policy for covering these risks, through contractual limitations of liability and indemnity, as well as through insurance cover, may not always be effective. Failure to successfully protect the Group from any of the above operational risks could expose the Group to significant costs and could potentially lead to material losses. Furthermore, the existence of any of these risks could damage the Group's reputation.

The Group is strongly focused on fire prevention measures, as the risk of fire is viewed as a key risk factor. Focus is placed on risk analysis and deviation management at all plants, in particular with regard to deviations related to fire prevention measures. All deviations are reported and managed.

In addition to the above, the Group is insured to a satisfactory extent in order to be compensated for unplanned downtime and losses in each part of the value chain.

The Group is dependent on competent employees for its future development and success. The ability to recruit, retain and

develop skilled employees, and being an attractive employer, are important success factors. If key individuals leave and suitable replacements cannot be recruited, this could have a negative effect on the Group's operations.

Legal risks

In the future the Group may be subject to legal claims from customers, authorities (including tax authorities) and other third parties. From time to time the Group may also become involved in various disputes in the course of its ordinary business activities. Such disputes may disrupt business operations and could also adversely affect the Group's earnings and financial position. No guarantees can be made regarding the outcome of such legal processes.

The Group's operations are also subject to numerous national laws and regulations regarding the environment, health and safety, as well as EU regulations, treaties and directives (hereinafter referred to jointly as "regulations"). These include, inter alia, regulations that regulate environmental emissions and require the removal and clean-up of environmental pollutants. Furthermore, in certain cases there are requirements regarding certification, licensing, payment of certain taxes and duties, development of standards and guidelines for work methods and training, as well as other measures relating to the protection of people's health and the environment. Amendments to existing regulations or the introduction of new regulations that restrict or further regulate the Group's operations could have a material adverse effect on the Group's operating results and financial position.

The Group cannot predict the extent to which future earnings may be affected by compliance with such new regulations. In addition, the Group may be subject to fines and penalties if it fails to comply with such regulations, many of which relate to emissions of chemicals or



hazardous substances and protection of the environment. Pursuant to these regulations, the Group could be held liable for remediation of certain types of pollution, including emissions of chemicals, hazardous substances and waste from production and industrial facilities. Such potential environmental remediation costs could be significant and could lead to substantial losses for the Group. Furthermore, some environmental regulations prescribe joint and strict obligations regarding remediation of emissions of hazardous substances, which could lead to liability for environmental damage without regard to the Group's degree of negligence or fault. Such laws and regulations could expose the Group to liability for operations or circumstances that have been caused by others, or for the Group's actions in situations where these were compliant with all applicable laws and regulations at the time the actions were performed. Additionally, the Group may be subject to claims regarding personal injury or property damage as a result of alleged exposure to hazardous substances. Amendments to environmental laws and regulations, or claims for damages relating to personal injury, property, natural resources or the environment, could result in substantial costs and liabilities for the Group.

Financial risks

The Group has its main operations in Sweden but is exposed to exchange rate fluctuations in different currencies, primarily the Norwegian krone (NOK). Since the Group's presentation currency is Swedish krona (SEK), changes in relationships between SEK and other currencies in which the Group conducts its operations may affect the Group's financial results and position.

More than half of the Group's customers are public or publicly owned companies, which means that the credit risk is deemed to be low. Historical credit losses are at low levels. The Group provides a basic service to private

customers, and it is considered highly unlikely that customers would not pay for this service. The willingness of customers to pay is deemed to be high as there is a possibility for the Group to discontinue the supply of heating to customers who do not pay. Consequently, no major receivables are built up and the credit risk is deemed to be low.

The Group is mainly financed through loans at variable interest rates. Interest rate risk is attributable to changes in market interest rates and their impact on the Group's loan portfolio, which could result in higher interest expenses in the future.

The Group uses derivative instruments as part of its financial risk management strategy in order to reduce the level of exposure in underlying loans with variable interest rate.

Group management is responsible for managing financial risks. For more information, see Group Note 22.

The Parent Company

Operations

The parent company Solør Bioenergi Holding AB (publ), with registered office in Stockholm, shall invest and manage ownership in companies that conduct operations in bioenergy. The parent company also performs intra-group administrative services on behalf of its subsidiaries.

Multi-year overview

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Net sales	74	60	50	88	71
Net profit/loss after financial items	250	1,346	758	-139	208
Net profit/loss for the year	244	1,352	856	-139	257
Total assets	6,926	3,175	2,990	2,950	2,938
Equity	6,879	2,701	2,851	2,235	2,544
Equity ratio (%)	99%	85%	95%	76%	87%
Average number of employees	4	3	3	3	3

Significant events during the financial year

During the financial year, the parent company has worked actively to support the implementation of the various business



combinations and expansion projects in the various operating group companies.

Results and financial position

The parent company's net sales, which consist of intra-group services and re-invoicing of group-wide expenses, amounted to SEK 74 million (60).

The net operating profit/loss before depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) amounted to SEK 0 million (-60), while the net operating profit/loss (EBIT) amounted to SEK 0 million (-61). The improvement in net operating profit is primarily due to the existence of one-off expenses from related parties in the previous financial year.

Net financial items amounted to SEK 250 million (1,407), of which dividends from subsidiaries amounted to SEK 506 million (1,407), while write-downs of shareholdings in subsidiaries amounted to SEK -256 million (0). Adjusted for the above, net financial items amounted to SEK 0 million (0).

Net profit for the year before and after tax amounted to SEK 244 million (1,352).

In order to better reflect the current market value of the parent company's shareholding in the wholly owned subsidiary Solør Bioenergi Holding 2 AB, the shareholding was subject to a write-up of SEK 4 million at the end of the financial year. This write-up was recorded against the revaluation reserve in equity.

The parent company's results and financial position are otherwise presented in the income

statement and balance sheet with associated notes at the end of this annual report.

Employees

At the end of the financial year, the number of employees was 4.

Risks and uncertainties

By managing ownership in companies that conduct operations in bioenergy, the parent company is exposed to the underlying operations' industry and market risks as well as operational risks (please see the earlier description in the Directors' Report). These risks may affect the value of the parent company's shares in subsidiaries and the recoverable amount of the parent company's intra-group receivables and liabilities.

Proposed appropriation of profits

The following profits are at the disposal of the Annual General Meeting:

	<i>SEK</i>
Share premium reserve	3,091,939,051
Accumulated earnings	-858,394,433
Net profit/loss for the year	243,520,896
Total	2,477,065,514

The Board of Directors proposes that non-restricted equity of SEK 2,477,065,514 be appropriated as follows:

	<i>SEK</i>
Dividends to shareholders	0
To be carried forward	2,477,065,514
Total	2,477,065,514



Consolidated Income Statement

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Note	2022	2021
Net sales	5.6	2,128	1,682
Other operating income	7	44	25
Total operating income		2,172	1,707
Fuel and material expenses	8	-889	-667
Personnel expenses	10	-292	-232
Depreciation and write-downs	6.14.15	-361	-310
Other external expenses	9.11	-665	-464
Total operating expenses		-2,207	-1,673
Result from participations in joint ventures	2	-29	9
Net operating profit/loss	6	-64	43
Financial income	12	306	52
Financial expenses	12	-666	-423
Net financial items		-360	-371
Net profit/loss before tax		-424	-328
Tax for the year	13	-1	20
Net profit/loss for the year		-425	-308
Net profit/loss for the year attributable to:			
Parent Company shareholders		-424	-307
Non-controlling interests		-1	-1
		-425	-308



Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Note	2022	2021
Net profit/loss for the year		-425	-308
Other comprehensive income:			
<i>Items that may be reclassified to profit/loss</i>			
Translation differences for the year		58	39
Other comprehensive income, net after tax		58	39
Total comprehensive income for the year		-367	-269
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Parent Company shareholders		-366	-268
Non-controlling interests		-1	-1
		-367	-269



Consolidated Balance Sheet

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Note	31 Dec 2022	31 Dec 2021
Fixed assets			
Goodwill	14	1,765	652
Other intangible assets	14	782	529
Total intangible fixed assets		2,547	1,181
Land and buildings	15	1,342	1,180
Power plants, machinery and technical equipment	15	6,294	4,793
Other equipment	15	31	30
Construction in progress	15	389	222
Total tangible fixed assets		8,056	6,225
Ownership interests in other companies		45	-
Derivatives	22	288	-
Receivables from joint ventures	22	245	-
Other receivables		3	8
Total financial fixed assets		581	8
Participations in joint ventures	2	952	35
Deferred tax assets	13	28	11
Total fixed assets		12,164	7,460
Current assets			
Inventories	16	175	154
Accounts receivable	17	343	238
Receivables from joint ventures		39	-
Other receivables	18	56	56
Accrued income	19	198	195
Prepaid expenses		16	11
Cash and cash equivalents	20	644	2,031
Total current assets		1,471	2,685
Total assets		13,635	10,145



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<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Note	31 Dec 2022	31 Dec 2021
Equity			
Share capital	21	402	402
Other contributed capital	21	1,522	1,522
Currency translation reserve		56	-2
Accumulated earnings including net profit/loss for the year		-5,363	-4,874
Total equity attributable to Parent Company shareholders		-3,383	-2,952
Non-controlling interests		24	18
Total equity		-3,359	-2,934
Non-current liabilities			
Liabilities to credit institutions	22	14,989	11,539
Lease liabilities	23	79	87
Derivatives	22	-	1
Deferred tax liabilities	13	1,042	733
Total non-current liabilities		16,110	12,360
Current liabilities			
Revolving credit facility	22	150	-
Liabilities to credit institutions	22	2	2
Lease liabilities	23	17	16
Accounts payable	22	233	185
Liabilities to related parties	11.22	40	185
Current tax liabilities		1	0
Other liabilities	24	132	114
Accrued expenses	22.25	305	214
Deferred income		4	3
Total current liabilities		884	719
Total equity and liabilities		13,635	10,145



Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Note	2022	2021
Cash flow from operating activities			
Net operating profit/loss		-64	43
Adjustments for non-cash items			
Depreciation and write-downs	14.15	361	310
Gain/loss on disposal	7.9	2	-2
Result from participations in joint ventures		29	-9
Adjustment for items included in investing and financing activities		207	131
Dividends from joint ventures		4	4
Current net lending/amortisation to/from joint ventures		-37	-
Interest received	12	10	0
Interest paid and other financial expenses	12	-415	-292
Tax paid		-4	-1
Changes in working capital			
Change in inventories		-16	28
Change in current receivables		-67	-171
Change in current liabilities		-26	67
Net cash flow from operating activities		-16	108
Cash flow from investing activities			
Acquisition of intangible fixed assets	14	0	-1
Acquisition of tangible fixed assets	15	-423	-258
Disposal of tangible fixed assets		4	6
Business combinations including acquisition-related expenses	5	-2,395	-1,664
Disposal of group companies		92	-
Acquisition of joint ventures including acquisition-related expenses		-895	-
Lending to joint ventures		-366	-
Loan repayments from joint ventures		13	-
Acquisition of other ownership interests		-45	-
Net cash flow from investing activities		-4,015	-1,917
Cash flow from financing activities			
New loans, net after transaction fees	22	-	11,535
Amortisation of other liabilities to credit institutions and financial lease liabilities	22.23	-660	-7,765
Utilisation of CAPEX facilities, net after financing expenses	22	3,394	1,178
Utilisation of revolving credit facility	22	150	75
New share issue		-	1,000
Dividends to shareholders		-240	-2,317
Shareholder contributions from non-controlling interests		-	1
Net cash flow from financing activities		2,644	3,707
Net cash flow for the year		-1,387	1,898
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,031	133
Effect of exchange differences in cash and cash equivalents		0	0
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	20	644	2,031

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Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Share capital	Other contributed capital	Currency translation reserve	Accumulated earnings incl. net profit/loss for the year	Equity attributable to Parent Company shareholders	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Equity as of 1 January 2021	340	584	-41	-2,063	-1,180	14	-1,166
Net profit/loss for the year				-307	-307	-1	-308
Other comprehensive income			39		39	0	39
Total comprehensive income	0	0	39	-307	-268	-1	-269
Acquisition of non-controlling interests in connection with business combinations					-	3	3
Shareholder contributions from Parent Company shareholders				-2	-2	2	0
Shareholder contributions from non-controlling interests				0	0	0	0
New share issue	62	938			1,000		1,000
Dividends to shareholders				-2,502	-2,502		-2,502
Equity as of 31 December 2021	402	1,522	-2	-4,874	-2,952	18	-2,934
Net profit/loss for the year				-424	-424	-1	-425
Other comprehensive income			58		58		58
Total comprehensive income	0	0	58	-424	-366	-1	-367
Acquisition of non-controlling interests in connection with business combinations					-	10	10
Disposal of non-controlling interests					-	-3	-3
Dividends to shareholders				-65	-65		-65
Equity as of 31 December 2022	402	1,522	56	-5,363	-3,383	24	-3,359



Group Notes

Note 1: Accounting principles

The most significant accounting principles applied in the consolidated financial statements are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, these principles have been applied consistently for all periods presented.

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for Solør Bioenergi Holding AB (publ) have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as adopted by the European Union (EU). Furthermore, the Group has also applied the Swedish Financial Reporting Board's recommendation RFR 1 Supplementary Accounting Rules for Groups. Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are rounded to the nearest million Swedish kronor (MSEK).

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 April 2023 for adoption by the Annual General Meeting in 2023.

The consolidated financial statements have been based on historical acquisition cost, with the exception of the reporting of derivative instruments. Preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgements and estimates. Areas that require a high degree of judgement, and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant for the financial statements, are described in Group Note 2. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Changes in accounting principles and disclosures are set out below:

New IFRS and interpretations for 2022

No new standards have been issued that come into force for financial years beginning on or after 01 January 2022. A number of amendments and interpretations of standards come into force for financial years beginning on or after 01 January 2022. None of these have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

Standards, amendments and interpretations of existing standards that have not yet become effective

There are currently no standards and interpretations that the Group expects will have a material impact on disclosures, financial position or results when these are applied in the future.

1.2 Consolidation

a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are companies under Solør Bioenergi Holding AB's control. A controlling influence exists if the parent company has influence over the investment object, is exposed to or has rights to variable returns from its involvement, and can use its influence over the investment to affect returns. When determining whether a controlling influence exists, consideration is given to potential voting rights and whether de facto control exists. De facto control can occur in situations where other votes are distributed among a large number of owners who do not have a realistic opportunity to coordinate their voting. In the assessment of de facto control, decisive importance is given to situations where the Group can elect the Board of Directors it desires. Financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial



statements from the acquisition date until the date on which control ceases.

The acquisition method is used to report the Group's business combinations, regardless of whether the acquisition consists of equity investments or investment in other assets. The purchase price for the acquisition of a subsidiary consists of the fair value of:

- transferred assets,
- liabilities that the Group incurs to previous owners,
- shares issued by the Group,
- assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration agreement, and
- previous equity investments in the acquired company.

Identifiable acquired assets, assumed liabilities and assumed contingent liabilities in a business combination are, with a few exceptions, initially measured at fair value on the acquisition date. For each acquisition, the Group determines whether non-controlling interest in the acquired company is recognised at fair value or at the holding's proportional share of the carrying amount of the acquired company's identifiable net assets.

Acquisition-related expenses are expensed as incurred.

Goodwill refers to the amount by which

- consideration transferred,
- possible non-controlling interest in the acquired company, and
- the fair value at the acquisition date of any existing share of equity in the acquired company (if the business combination has been carried out in stages),

exceeds the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired. If the amount is less than the fair value of the net assets acquired, in the event of

an acquisition at low price, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

In cases where payment of all or part of the consideration is deferred, future payments are discounted to the present value at the time of acquisition. The discount rate is the company's marginal loan rate, which is the interest rate the company would have paid for financing through loans during the corresponding period and on similar terms.

Contingent consideration is either classified as equity or as financial liability. Amounts classified as financial liabilities are remeasured at fair value each period. Any gains or losses arising from remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is carried out in several stages, the previous equity investments in the acquired company are remeasured to their fair value at the time of acquisition. Any gain or loss arising from the remeasurement is recognised in profit or loss.

Intra-group receivables and liabilities, income and expenses and unrealised gains or losses arising from intra-group transactions between group companies are eliminated in their entirety when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

b) Disposal of subsidiaries

When controlling influence ceases, any remaining interest is measured at fair value through profit or loss. Fair value thereafter represents the cost of acquisition of holdings in associate companies, joint ventures or financial assets. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to this company are treated as if the Group had disposed of the underlying assets and liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.



1.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing performance. The chief operating decision-maker is defined as Group management.

1.4 Translation of foreign currencies

a) Functional currency and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency in the primary economic environment in which a company operates. The parent company's functional currency is Swedish krona (SEK), which is also the presentation currency for the parent company and the Group. This means that the financial statements are presented in Swedish kronor (SEK).

b) Transactions and balance sheet items

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date. Exchange differences arising from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date.

Exchange gains and losses on operating receivables and liabilities are recognised in operating profit, while exchange gains and losses on financial assets and liabilities are recognised in financial items.

c) Group companies

The income statement and balance sheet for group companies with a functional currency other than the presentation currency are translated as follows:

i. The balance sheet is translated at the closing rate on the balance sheet date.

ii. The income statement is translated at the average exchange rate (if, however, the average exchange rate does not provide a reasonable estimate of the transaction, the transaction date rate is used instead).

iii. Exchange differences arising from the translation of foreign operations are recognised in other comprehensive income and are accumulated in a separate equity component named currency translation reserve.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets primarily consist of district heating plants and the respective distribution networks, production facilities for briquettes and pellets, and environmental terminals. Tangible fixed assets are carried at acquisition cost less depreciation. The acquisition cost includes expenses that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets.

Subsequent expenditures are added to the asset's carrying amount or recognised separately when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the acquisition cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of replaced parts is derecognised from the balance sheet. Other expenses for repairs and maintenance are expensed in the period they occur.

Construction in progress refers to tangible fixed assets that are under construction and are not yet ready for use. Depreciation begins when the construction is completed and the asset is ready for use.

Tangible fixed assets consist of different categories, which in turn are divided into different components. These components are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:



- Buildings 50 years
- Land not depr.
- Ground facilities 10-20 years
- Fuel receiving facilities 10-30 years
- Incinerators 10-50 years
- Boilers 10-30 years
- Combustion air and flue gas systems 10-50 years
- Ash discharge systems 15-40 years
- Electrical and control systems 5-15 years
- Media systems 20-40 years
- Electricity generation systems 30 years
- Heating and steam distribution systems 5-75 years
- Other equipment 5-10 years

The useful life and residual value of fixed tangible assets are reviewed on each balance sheet date and adjusted as necessary. If there are any indications of impairment, a test is performed to determine the asset's recoverable amount. When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount, the asset is impaired to its recoverable amount.

The gain or loss arising from the sale or disposal of an asset comprises the difference between the selling price and the asset's carrying amount less directly related selling costs. Gains and losses are recognised as other operating income/expenses.

1.6 Intangible fixed assets

a) Goodwill

In business combinations where the consideration transferred exceeds the fair value of acquired assets and assumed liabilities that are recognised separately, the difference is recognised as goodwill.

Goodwill is not amortised but is tested for impairment annually or whenever changes in

circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

When performing the impairment test, goodwill is grouped at the lowest levels at which there are separate identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units (CGU) or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the acquisition in which the goodwill arose.

Impairment loss is the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's fair value less selling costs, or its value in use. Impairment of goodwill is not reversed.

b) Licenses

Licenses are recognised at acquisition cost. Licenses acquired in connection with a business combination are measured at fair value at the time of acquisition. These are depreciated over their estimated useful life, which is usually 10 years.

c) Software

The acquisition cost of software licenses includes expenses to make the programs operational. Software is depreciated over its estimated useful life, which is usually 5 years.

d) Customer relationships

Customer relationships are recognised at acquisition cost. The customer relationships that have been acquired in connection with a business combination are measured at fair value at the time of acquisition. These are depreciated over their estimated useful life, which is usually 20 years.

1.7 Financial assets

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value, plus transaction costs directly



attributable to the purchase in cases where the asset is not recognised at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs attributable to financial assets that are recognised at fair value through profit or loss are expensed directly in the income statement.

After the initial recognition, subsequent measurement of financial assets is carried out at:

- amortised cost,
- fair value through other comprehensive income, or
- fair value through profit or loss.

The measurement category applicable to a financial asset is governed partly by the Group's business model, and partly by the contractual cash flows the Group will receive from the financial asset. The Group's business model is based on the principle that financial assets are held to receive contractual cash flows and that these cash flows consist solely of capital amounts and, where applicable, interest. Consequently, all of the Group's financial assets are measured at amortised cost, with the exception of derivative instruments, which are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Acquisitions and disposals of financial assets are recognised on the transaction date. The transaction date is the date on which the company commits to acquiring or disposing of the asset. A financial asset is derecognised from the balance sheet when the rights to cash flows from the financial instrument are realised or expire, or when the Group loses control over them.

1.8 Netting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are only recognised at net amounts in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and the intention is to settle the items on a net basis or

to sell the asset and settle the liability at the same time.

1.9 Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses the future expected credit losses related to investments in debt instruments recognised at amortised cost based on forward-looking information. In accordance with IFRS 9, the Group applies a simplified method for impairment testing of accounts receivable. The use of this simplified approach means that the reserve for expected credit losses is calculated on the basis of the loss risk for the entire term of the receivable and is recognised when the receivable is initially recognised.

1.10 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of acquisition cost or net realisable value. Acquisition cost is calculated according to the first-in, first-out (FIFO) principle. The acquisition cost of finished manufactured goods includes raw material costs, direct labour, other direct costs and indirect production costs (based on normal production capacity). Net realisable value is defined as the selling price less costs of completion and selling expenses.

1.11 Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable arise from the sale of goods or services in the course of the ordinary business operations. If settlement of a receivable is expected within one year, it is classified as a current asset. If not, it is classified as a non-current asset. Accounts receivable are measured at fair value at initial recognition. At subsequent measurement, accounts receivable are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any reserve for expected credit losses.



1.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and immediately available account balances at banks and similar institutions, as well as short-term liquid investments with an original term of three months or less.

1.13 Share capital and other contributed capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Costs directly attributable to the issuance of new shares or options less tax are recognised as a reduction of equity.

1.14 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at fair value at initial recognition.

After the initial recognition, subsequent measurement of financial liabilities is carried out at:

- amortised cost, or
- fair value through profit or loss.

All of the Group's financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, with the exception of derivative instruments, which are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

1.15 Derivative instruments

Derivatives are recognised in the balance sheet on the transaction date and are measured at fair value, both initially and at subsequent remeasurements at the end of each reporting period. The changes in value are recognised in profit or loss. Hedge accounting is not currently applied by the Group.

1.16 Accounts payable

Accounts payable are obligations to pay for goods or services purchased from suppliers in the course of the ordinary business operations. Accounts payable are classified as current

liabilities if payment is due within one year. Otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities.

Accounts payable are measured at fair value at initial recognition. At subsequent measurement, accounts payable are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.17 Loans and borrowings

Loans are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs. In subsequent periods, loans are recognised at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The difference between the loan amount (net of transaction costs) and the repayable amount is recognised as a financial expense over the term of the loan using the effective interest method.

If it is likely that a loan facility will be utilised, any fees associated with a loan commitment are capitalised pending utilisation of the loan facility. When the loan facility is utilised, the fees are recognised as part of the loan.

1.18 Current and deferred tax

Income tax consists of current tax and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in profit or loss for the year unless the underlying transaction has been recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity, in which case the associated tax effect is recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity.

Current tax is tax that is payable or refundable for the current year, using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the parent company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation. Based on management's



assessment, provisions are made for expected tax payments when deemed necessary.

Deferred tax is recognised in its entirety on all temporary differences arising between the taxable value of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Temporary differences are not considered in consolidated goodwill. If a temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit, the corresponding deferred tax is not recognised. Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and that are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets relating to deductible temporary differences and tax loss carryforwards are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that these will be able to be utilised.

Deferred tax is calculated on temporary differences arising on participations in subsidiaries and associated companies, except where the Group controls the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and the temporary differences are not expected to be reversed in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are only offset and recognised on a net basis when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and when deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and relate to the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle liabilities and receive payment of receivables on a net basis.

1.19 Employee benefits

a) Short-term benefits

Short-term benefits are recognised as an expense when the related services are received. The benefits are calculated without discounting.

b) Pension obligations

The Group's pension obligations are covered solely by defined contribution pension plans. A defined contribution pension plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions to a separate legal entity. The Group has no legal or informal obligations to pay further contributions if this legal entity does not have sufficient assets to pay all employee contributions relating to employee service during current or prior periods.

The Group therefore has no additional risk. The Group's obligations regarding contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss for the year as they are earned through employees' performance of services on behalf of the Group during a period. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent they can be refunded or reduce future payments.

c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when an employee's employment has been terminated by the Group prior to the normal time of retirement, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for such benefits. The Group recognises severance pay when it is demonstrably obligated either to terminate the employment of employees according to a detailed formal plan without the possibility of revocation, or to pay benefits upon termination as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits that fall due more than 12 months after



balance sheet date are discounted to present value.

1.20 Provisions

The Group recognises provisions for environmental remediation, restructuring costs and legal claims when there is an existing legal or informal obligation as a result of a prior event and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions for restructuring costs cover severance pay to employees. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. If there are several similar obligations, an assessment is performed of the likelihood that an outflow of resources will be required for the entire group of obligations as a whole. A provision may therefore be recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to a single obligation may be low.

Provisions are measured at the present value of expected payments to settle the obligation. A discount rate before tax is used to reflect the current market conditions and the risks associated with the obligation. Increases in liabilities due to changes in the time value are recognised as financial expenses.

1.21 Revenue

The Group sells thermal energy, industrial steam and electricity to private and corporate customers. Sales are read from meters and are invoiced after the end of each month based on the prices stated in the agreements. Customers have 30 days credit. Revenue is recognised when the Group's performance obligation is fulfilled, which coincides with the delivery of energy to the customer.

The Group has its own manufacturing facilities for production of briquettes and pellets that are sold to customers. Customers are billed on the basis of the agreements that have been

entered into, based either on volume or the total energy content. The Group's performance obligation is fulfilled in connection with delivery, whereupon revenue is recognised. There are no agreements for which the period of time between the delivery of the goods to the customer and the payment from the customer exceeds one year. Consequently, the Group does not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component.

The Group has a number of environmental terminals for receipt of impregnated and creosote-treated wood. Compensation (the "gate fee") is received in connection with the receipt of return wood. This compensation is invoiced when weighing and inspection have been carried out, based on agreed prices. In most cases, the Group's performance obligation is fulfilled in connection with the receipt of return wood, whereupon revenue is recognised. If, however, an agreement stipulates that the Group's performance obligation is not fulfilled until the material received has been treated and processed, a contractual liability corresponding to the compensation received is recognised as applicable. In such a case, revenue is recognised over time as the Group's performance obligation is fulfilled by allocating the compensation received on a pro rata basis per treated and processed quantity in relation to the total quantity of material received.

Within the O&M operations there are a number of different agreements at fixed price and on a current account basis. Revenue from these fixed-price agreements is recognised over time as the performance obligation is fulfilled, which normally occurs evenly throughout the year. Revenue from agreements on a current account basis is recognised in relation to work performed.



1.22 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at fair value when there is reasonable certainty that the grant will be received and the company will comply with the conditions associated with the grant.

If the Group receives a grant related to assets, the Group has chosen the principle of recognising the grant as deferred income. Revenue is recognised upon achievement of production targets over the useful life of the asset.

Government grants in the form of emission rights are recognised at nominal value (zero) when received from public authorities. When granted emission rights are sold, the fair value of the consideration received is recognised as revenue at the time of the sale.

1.23 Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

1.24 Income from dividends

Dividends received are recognised when the right to receive the dividend has been established.

1.25 Lease agreements

The Group has entered into a number of different lease agreements, primarily lease agreements regarding land and buildings, but also leasing of premises, work machinery and vehicles. A right-of-use asset and a lease liability are recognised for each lease agreement, except for short-term lease agreements and lease agreements for which the underlying asset has a low value.

Initially, the lease liability is measured at the present value of future lease payments. Discounting is primarily performed using the lease agreement's implicit interest rate if this

interest rate can be easily determined. If this interest rate cannot be easily determined, discounting is performed using the Group's marginal loan interest rate. The Group's marginal loan interest rate is calculated as a weighted average based on the Group's loan structure at each point in time. The part of the lease liability that is due for payment later than one year from the balance sheet date is recognised in non-current liabilities. In subsequent periods, the lease liability is measured as follows:

- the carrying amount is increased to reflect the interest on the lease liability,
- the carrying amount is reduced to reflect leasing fees paid, and
- the carrying amount is remeasured to reflect any reappraisal or amendment of the lease agreement.

Right-of-use assets are recognised at acquisition cost among the Group's fixed assets. This recognition initially corresponds to the same value as the lease liability, plus any advance payments. In subsequent periods, right-of-use assets are recognised at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment. If the lease agreement includes an option to buy out the underlying leased asset and the acquisition cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the option will be exercised, depreciation is carried out over the useful life of the underlying asset. Otherwise, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the term of the lease, or over the useful life of the underlying asset if this is shorter than the term of the lease.

1.26 Dividends

Dividends to shareholders are recognised as a liability at the time the dividends are resolved by the Annual General Meeting.



1.27 Joint ventures

Joint ventures are companies over which the Group has a joint controlling influence together with other joint owners. Participations in joint ventures are recognised according to the equity method in the consolidated financial statements. The equity method means that the Group's carrying amount of participations in joint ventures corresponds to the Group's share of equity in joint ventures plus any consolidated goodwill and other consolidated surpluses or deficits. In the Group's consolidated income statement, the share of profit for the period is recognised in operating profit as "Result from participations in joint ventures". The share of profit is adjusted for any depreciation, write-downs and resolutions of acquired surpluses or deficits. The Group's

carrying amount of participations in joint ventures is reduced by any dividends received. The Group's share of other comprehensive income in joint ventures is recognised, where applicable, on a separate row in other comprehensive income for the Group.

1.28 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is recognised when there is a possible obligation that arises from prior events and whose existence is only confirmed by one or more uncertain future events beyond the Group's control, or when there is an obligation that is not recognised as a liability or provision because it is unlikely that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.



Note 2: Information regarding group companies and joint ventures

The table below shows the group structure as of 31 December 2022 where Solør Bioenergi Holding AB (publ) is the parent company:

	Corporate ID number	Country	Share of equity	Share of voting rights
Solør Bioenergi Holding AB	556907-9535	Sweden	-	-
Rindi Energi AB	556495-8758	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
JC JSC Rindibel	KO 0056503	Belarus	27.54%	27.54%
Solør Bioenergi Holding 2 AB	556982-8469	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Holding 3 AB	556873-8552	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Management AB	556862-2566	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Fjärrvärme AB	556936-0737	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Öst AB	556607-0255	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Syd AB	556632-0692	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Filipstads Värme AB	556544-7975	Sweden	50.00%	50.00%
Solør Bioenergi Strängnäs AB	559323-1581	Sweden	80.00%	80.00%
Solør Bioenergi Ale AB	556041-0978	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB	556229-5666	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Skurups Fjärrvärme AB	556578-3312	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Gimmersta Agrovärme AB	559211-4309	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Farmarenergi i Ed AB	556468-3430	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Sätenergi AB	556467-8034	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Byavärme AB	556800-9640	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Agrovärme Enköping AB	556549-3565	Sweden	51.00%	51.00%
Grästorps Fjärrvärme AB	556233-5314	Sweden	59.80%	59.80%
Solør Bioenergi Falköping AB	556014-6663	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Vasa Värme Holding AB	556292-2508	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Ekerö Solør Bioenergi AB	559176-1376	Sweden	65.00%	65.00%
Solør Bioenergi Varme AS	982,435,358	Norway	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Jessheim AS	919,944,870	Norway	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Otta AS	989,223,178	Norway	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Gran AS	989,736,795	Norway	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Norsk Bioenergi AS	991,599,061	Norway	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Värme AB	556310-5328	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Kungsberget AB	556717-9295	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Utility Solutions AB	559227-8567	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Utility Solutions AS	992,420,022	Norway	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Holding AS	989 244 051	Norway	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi AS	989,236,482	Norway	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Recycling AB	556211-2754	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Pellets AB	556736-2446	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Europe AB	559227-8542	Sweden	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi Polska S.A.	611327745	Poland	100.00%	100.00%
Biopal Sp. z o. o.	771624500	Poland	100.00%	100.00%
Solør Bioenergi AG	CHE-152787201	Switzerland	100.00%	100.00%

Solør Bioenergi Holding 2 AB holds shares in subsidiaries and is the holder of the Group's junior financing.

Solør Bioenergi Management AB performs intra-group administrative services for the

companies in the Group. The company is the holder of the Group's senior financing.

Solør Bioenergi Fjärrvärme AB is the Group's main company regarding district heating in Sweden and is also the parent company of all



other operating companies in Sweden that conduct district heating and local heating operations. The company's operations include the following energy plants:

- Alfta
- Alsike
- Bollebygd
- Charlottenberg
- Dorotea
- Edsbyn
- Fliseryd
- Garphyttan
- Hanaskog
- Horndal
- Kalix
- Lagan
- Lammhult
- Landvetter
- Lidhult
- Mölnlycke
- Mönsterås
- Nora
- Nordmaling
- Odensbacken
- Pershyttan
- Rundvik
- Ryd
- Sandudden
- Skinnskatteberg
- Strömsnäsbruk
- Sunne
- Sveg
- Svenljunga
- Töcksfors
- Vansbro
- Vilhelmina
- Vretstorp
- Vännäs
- Vännäsby
- Åseda
- Älvdalen

In addition, the following operations have been conducted under the auspices of subsidiaries and second-tier subsidiaries:

- Solør Bioenergi Öst AB – 7 energy plants in Flen, Gnesta, Herrljunga, Malmköping, Vadstena, Vingåker and Vårgårda.
- Solør Bioenergi Syd AB – 10 energy plants in Broby, Glimåkra, Hästveda, Hörby, Höör, Knislinge, Markaryd, Sjöbo, Svalöv and Tomelilla.
- Solør Bioenergi Ale AB – 2 energy plants in Ale.
- Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB – 4 energy plants in Bjärnum, Horred, Kvånum and Ödeshög.
- Skurups Fjärrvärme AB – 4 energy plants in Skurup, Svalöv, Rydsgård and Skivarp. In January 2023, the company was merged into

- its parent company Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB.
- Gimmersta Agrovärme AB – 5 energy plants in Björkvik, Forssjö, Julita, Sköldinge and Valla. In January 2023, the company was merged into its parent company Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB.
- Farmarenergi i Ed AB – energy plant in Ed. In January 2023, the company was merged into its parent company Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB.
- Sätenergi AB – energy plant in Sätenäs. In January 2023, the company was merged into its parent company Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB.
- Byavärme AB – energy plant in Vinslöv. In January 2023, the company was merged into its parent company Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB.
- Grästorps Fjärrvärme AB – energy plant in Grästorp.
- Solør Bioenergi Falköping AB – 3 energy plants in Falköping, Floby and Stenstorp. The company has also previously conducted fibre broadband operations, however these operations were disposed of in 2022.
- Solør Bioenergi Varme AS – 21 local heating plants in Norway and a pellet production facility in Brumunddal, Norway.
- Solør Bioenergi Jessheim AS – heating plant in Jessheim, Norway.
- Solør Bioenergi Otta AS – 1 local heating plant in Norway.
- Solør Bioenergi Gran AS – 1 local heating plant in Norway.
- Solør Norsk Bioenergi AS – 40 local heating plants in Norway.
- Solør Bioenergi Värme AB – 80 local heating plants in Sweden and a pellet production facility in Säffle.
- Solør Bioenergi Kungsberget AB – 2 local heating plants in Sweden. In January 2023, the company was merged into its parent company Solør Bioenergi Värme AB.
- Ekerö Solør Bioenergi AB – energy plant in Ekerö.

Solør Bioenergi Utility Solutions AB conducts O&M operations related to water and sewage treatment as well as energy production in a number of regions in Sweden. The subsidiary **Solør Bioenergi Utility Solutions AS** conducts similar operations in Norway.

Solør Bioenergi Holding AS supports the Group with expertise in areas such as financing, cash management, accounting and reporting.

Solør Bioenergi AS is an industrial company with the purpose of operating bioenergy plants in Norway, including production and sale of



thermal heat and electricity based on biofuel, as well as energy recovery from contaminated wood and production of briquettes. The company has the following production sites:

- Environmental terminal in Kirkenær
- Combined heat and power plant (CHP) in Kirkenær
- Briquette production in Kirkenær
- District heating distribution in Kirkenær
- Two energy plants in Rena
- Energy plant in Haslemoen
- Energy plant in Grøddaland
- Energy plant in Flisa
- Environmental terminal in Vigrestad

Solør Bioenergi Recycling AB is an industrial company with energy recovery from recycled wood as its main operations and has an environmental terminal in Trollhättan.

Solør Bioenergi Pellets AB produces and sells pellets. The production of pellets takes place in the production facilities located in Älvdalen and Vansbro.

Solor Bioenergi Polska S.A. operates 5 energy plants in Chojnice, Grupa, Hajnowka, Hel and Minsk Mazowiecki, Poland.

Biopal Sp. z o. o. performs biomass sourcing and operates an energy plant in Czersk, Poland.

Solør Bioenergi AG is a service company that supports the Group with expertise in areas such as financing, cash management, accounting and reporting.

The other group companies are holding companies and/or companies that are dormant and do not conduct any operations.

Filipstads Värme AB, Solør Bioenergi Strängnäs AB, Agrovärme Enköping AB and JC JSC Rindibel, which are joint ventures, are accounted for according to the equity method.

Filipstads Värme AB conducts district heating operations in Filipstad and Storfors. The company is jointly owned with Filipstad Municipality.

The shares in Solør Bioenergi Strängnäs AB were acquired at the beginning of 2022. The company conducts district heating operations in Strängnäs and is jointly owned with Strängnäs Municipality.

The shares in Agrovärme Enköping AB were acquired at the end of September 2022 as part

of the acquisition in Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB. The company conducts district heating operations in Fjärdhundra and Örsundsbro.

JS JSC Rindibel only conducts operations on a small scale and is in the process of being wound up.

The tables below present a summary of financial information for the participation in Filipstads Värme AB.

Condensed Balance Sheet

All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated	31 Dec 2022	31 Dec 2021
Assets		
Tangible fixed assets	88	85
Inventories	2	2
Other current receivables	13	13
Cash and cash equivalents	0	4
Total assets	103	104
Equity	-15	-15
Untaxed reserves	-40	-38
Liabilities		
Non-current interest-bearing liabilities	-39	-44
Current interest-bearing liabilities	-4	0
Other current liabilities	-5	-7
	-48	-51
Total equity and liabilities	-103	-104

Condensed Income Statement

All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated	2022	2021
Net sales	39	43
Fuel and material expenses	-12	-14
Personnel expenses	-3	-3
Depreciation and write-downs	-5	-5
Other external expenses	-6	-5
Net operating profit/loss	13	16
Net financial items	-1	-1
Appropriations	-2	-5
Net profit/loss before tax	10	10
Tax	-2	-2
Net profit/loss for the year	8	8

The following table shows the Group's share of equity in Filipstads Värme AB and details of dividends received:

The Group's share of equity in Filipstads Värme AB

All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated	2022	2021
Opening share of equity	35	34
Share of equity for the period	4	5
Dividends received	-4	-4
Closing share of equity	35	35

The tables below present a summary of financial information for the participation in Solør Bioenergi Strängnäs AB.



Condensed Balance Sheet

All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated	31 Dec 2022
Assets	
Tangible fixed assets	421
Deferred tax assets	5
Inventories	14
Other current receivables	42
Cash and cash equivalents	2
Total assets	484
Equity	-113
Liabilities	
Interest-bearing liabilities	-306
Non-interest-bearing liabilities	-65
	-371
Total equity and liabilities	-484

Condensed Income Statement

All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated	2022
Net sales	141
Fuel and material expenses	-50
Depreciation and write-downs	-33
Other external expenses	-70
Net operating profit/loss	-12
Net financial items	-13
Net profit/loss before tax	-25
Tax	0
Net profit/loss for the year	-25

The following table shows the Group's share of equity in Solör Bioenergi Strängnäs AB:

The Group's share of equity in Solör Bioenergi Strängnäs AB

All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated	2022
Acquired share of equity	829
Share of equity for the period	-33
Shareholder contributions	107
Closing share of equity	903

The tables below present a summary of financial information for the participation in Agrovärme Enköping AB.

Condensed Balance Sheet

All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated	31 Dec 2022
Assets	
Tangible fixed assets	6
Inventories	0
Other current receivables	0
Cash and cash equivalents	3
Total assets	9
Equity	-1
Untaxed reserves	-7
Liabilities	
Other current liabilities	-1
	-1
Total equity and liabilities	-9

Condensed Income Statement

All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated	2022
Net sales	1
Fuel and material expenses	0
Depreciation and write-downs	0
Other external expenses	-1
Net operating profit/loss	0
Net financial items	0
Appropriations	-1
Net profit/loss before tax	-1
Tax	0
Net profit/loss for the year	-1

The following table shows the Group's share of equity in Agrovärme Enköping AB:

The Group's share of equity in Agrovärme Enköping AB

All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated	2022
Acquired share of equity	14
Share of equity for the period	0
Closing share of equity	14

The participation in JC JSC Rindibel is not material as the company only conducts operations on a small scale. The company is also in the process of being wound up. The Solör Bioenergi Group's share of equity is reported as zero (0) Swedish kronor.

Note 3: Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that are deemed to be realistic. There may be situations or changes in market conditions that could lead to changes in estimates, which in turn could affect the company's assets, liabilities, equity and profit.

The company's most significant judgements and estimates relate to the following items:

- Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of tangible and intangible fixed assets
- Recognition of deferred tax assets
- Possibility to exercise controlling interest in Solör Bioenergi Strängnäs AB

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Depreciation occurs on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset. The estimated useful life is based on historical experience and assumptions relating to the asset's future technical and economic use. The actual useful life may deviate from the assessments that are made on an ongoing basis. The depreciation and amortisation periods are adjusted if there are changes in these estimates.

If there are any indications regarding impairment of tangible and intangible fixed



assets, an impairment test is performed. For information about the most important estimates for calculating future cash flows, please see Group Note 14 regarding impairment testing of goodwill.

Recognition of deferred tax assets

At each balance sheet date, an assessment is performed regarding recognition of deferred tax assets related to tax loss carryforwards which have not previously been recognised in the balance sheet. Such tax assets are recognised to the extent it is considered likely that sufficient taxable profits will be available in the future. Changed assessments in future periods may have a material impact on the financial statements in future periods.

Please see Group Note 13 for more information about tax loss carryforwards.

Possibility to exercise controlling interest in Solør Bioenergi Strängnäs AB

The Group owns 80% of the voting rights and equity in Solør Bioenergi Strängnäs AB. The shareholders' agreement that has been entered into with the minority shareholder means that the Group does not fully have the possibility to vote for the entire shareholding and thus exercise a controlling interest. Consequently, it is the Group's assessment that Solør Bioenergi Strängnäs AB constitutes a jointly controlled entity (i.e. joint arrangement) and should therefore be accounted for in accordance with IFRS 11.

Note 4: Business combinations

The Group carried out a number of business combinations during the 2022 financial year. Details of the business combinations are presented below in chronological order. All business combinations during the financial year have been financed through utilisation of the CAPEX facilities linked to the Group's senior

and junior financing, see Group Note 22. All purchase price allocations are final.

Ale Fjärrvärme AB

At the beginning of March, the Group acquired 100% of the shares and voting rights in Ale Fjärrvärme AB (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Ale AB). The production and delivery of renewable energy in Ale amounts to approximately 60 GWh per year.

The purchase price amounted to SEK 475 million. In connection with the acquisition, acquired interest-bearing liabilities of SEK 25 million were amortised. Acquisition-related expenses amounted to SEK 26 million.

During the holding period in 2022, the acquired operations affected the Group's net sales by SEK 31 million, EBITDA by SEK -19 million and net profit before tax by SEK -48 million. If the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the 2022 financial year, the acquired operations would have affected the Group's net sales by SEK 47 million, EBITDA by SEK -9 million and net profit before tax by SEK -44 million.

The result during the holding period includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -26 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 8 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK -21 million.

The full-year result includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -26 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 17 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK -18 million.

Eidefoss Biovarme AS

At the end of May, 100% of the shares and voting rights in Eidefoss Biovarme AS (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Otta AS) were acquired. The annual energy deliveries amount to approximately 6 GWh.



The purchase price amounted to SEK 21 million. In connection with the acquisition, acquired interest-bearing liabilities of SEK 4 million were amortised. Acquisition-related expenses amounted to SEK 1 million.

During the holding period in 2022, the acquired operations affected the Group's net sales by SEK 3 million, EBITDA by SEK 0 million and net profit before tax by SEK -2 million. If the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the 2022 financial year, the acquired operations would have affected the Group's net sales by SEK 6 million, EBITDA by SEK 0 million and net profit before tax by SEK -2 million.

The result during the holding period includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -1 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 1 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK -1 million.

The full-year result includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -1 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 1 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK -1 million.

Norsk Bioenergi AS

At the end of June, the Group acquired 100% of the shares and voting rights in Norsk Bioenergi AS (name changed to Solør Norsk Bioenergi AS). The annual contracted delivery of renewable energy in Solør Norsk Bioenergi AS amounts to approximately 180 GWh.

The purchase price amounted to SEK 890 million. In connection with the acquisition, acquired interest-bearing liabilities of SEK 305 million were amortised. Acquisition-related expenses amounted to SEK 48 million.

During the holding period in 2022, the acquired operations affected the Group's net sales by SEK 55 million, EBITDA by SEK -32 million and net profit before tax by SEK -80 million. If the

acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the 2022 financial year, the acquired operations would have affected the Group's net sales by SEK 140 million, EBITDA by SEK 10 million and net profit before tax by SEK -72 million.

The result during the holding period includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -48 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 16 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK -32 million.

The full-year result includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -48 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 58 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK -24 million.

Norske Varmeleveranser AS

At the beginning of September, the Group acquired 100% of the shares and voting rights in Norske Varmeleveranser AS (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Gran AS). The annual energy deliveries amount to approximately 6 GWh.

The purchase price amounted to SEK 111 million.

During the holding period in 2022, the acquired operations affected the Group's net sales by SEK 4 million, EBITDA by SEK 2 million and net profit before tax by SEK 0 million. If the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the 2022 financial year, the acquired operations would have affected the Group's net sales by SEK 11 million, EBITDA by SEK 6 million and net profit before tax by SEK -1 million.

Lantmännen Agrovärme AB

At the end of September, the Group successfully completed the acquisition of Lantmännen Agrovärme AB (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB). The annual contracted delivery of renewable energy in



Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB amounts to approximately 150 GWh.

The purchase price amounted to SEK 773 million. In connection with the acquisition, acquired interest-bearing liabilities of SEK 297 million were amortised. Acquisition-related expenses amounted to SEK 59 million.

During the holding period in 2022, the acquired operations affected the Group's net sales by SEK 36 million, EBITDA by SEK -54 million and net profit before tax by SEK -73 million. If the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the 2022 financial year, the acquired operations would have affected the Group's net sales by SEK 135 million, EBITDA by SEK -15 million and net profit before tax by SEK -78 million.

The result during the holding period includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -59 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 5 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK -14 million.

The full-year result includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -59 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 44 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK -19 million.

Sustainable Energy Solutions Sweden AB

At the end of September, the Group also acquired Sustainable Energy Solutions Sweden AB (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Kungsberget AB). The annual energy deliveries amount to approximately 5 GWh.

The purchase price amounted to SEK 31 million.

During the holding period in 2022, the acquired operations affected the Group's net sales by SEK 2 million, EBITDA by SEK 0 million and net profit before tax by SEK -1 million. If the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the 2022 financial year, the acquired operations would have affected the Group's net sales by SEK 8 million, EBITDA by SEK 4 million and net profit before tax by SEK 0 million.

The table below presents a summary of the final purchase price allocations for the 2022 financial year, i. e. fair value of acquired net assets and the associated purchase price. Of the goodwill identified in the acquisitions during the 2022 financial year of SEK 1,122 million, SEK 0 million is tax deductible.

	Ale Fjärrvärme AB	Eidefoss Biovärme AS	Norsk Bioenergi AS	Norske Varmeleverans er AS	Lantmännen Agrovärme AB	Sustainable Energy Solutions Sweden AB	Total
Assets							
Goodwill	176	-	523	59	364	-	1,122
Intangible fixed assets	8	-	242	8	23	-	281
Tangible fixed assets	389	31	512	52	725	33	1,742
Participations in joint ventures	-	-	-	-	14	-	14
Inventories	0	0	0	1	4	-	5
Receivables	14	0	12	1	16	1	44
Cash and cash equivalents	0	1	7	3	35	1	47
	587	32	1,296	124	1,181	35	3,255
Liabilities							
Deferred tax liabilities	-75	-5	-90	-12	-106	-2	-290
Interest-bearing liabilities	-25	-4	-305	-	-297	-	-631
Other liabilities	-12	-2	-11	-1	-15	-2	-43
	-112	-11	-406	-13	-418	-4	-964
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	10	-	10
Total net assets acquired	475	21	890	111	773	31	2,301
Consideration transferred	475	21	890	111	773	31	2,301



The Group carried out a number of business combinations during the 2021 financial year. Details of the business combinations are presented below in chronological order. In addition to a new share issue of SEK 1,000 million, the business combinations were financed through utilisation of the CAPEX facilities linked to the Group's senior and junior financing. All purchase price allocations are final.

Falbygdens Energi AB

At the beginning of May 2021, 100% of the shares and voting rights in Falbygdens Energi AB were acquired. After the acquisition, the company changed name to Solör Bioenergi Falköping AB. The acquisition comprised district heating operations in Falköping, Floby and Stenstorp. The energy deliveries amount to approximately 140 GWh per year, including district heating and electricity. The acquisition also included fibre broadband operations in Falköping and the surrounding area, as well as 51% of the shares and voting rights in Falbygdens Bredband AB, which were disposed of during the 2022 financial year.

The purchase price amounted to SEK 1,017 million. Acquisition-related expenses amounted to SEK 43 million.

During the holding period in 2021, the acquired operations affected the Group's net sales by SEK 60 million, EBITDA by SEK -20 million and net profit before tax by SEK -56 million. The result during the holding period in 2021 includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -43 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 23 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK -13 million.

During the 2022 financial year, the full-year effect of the business combination affected the Group's net sales by SEK 102 million, EBITDA by SEK 43 million and net profit before tax by SEK -19 million.

Veolia Utility Solutions AB

At the end of June 2021, the Group successfully carried out the acquisition of Veolia's Utility Solutions operations in Sweden and Norway. In Sweden an acquisition of the assets and liabilities in the group company Solör Bioenergi Utility Solutions AB was carried out, while the operations in Norway were acquired through an acquisition of shares in Veolia Norge AS, which changed name to Solør Bioenergi Utility Solutions AS.

The acquisition comprises O&M operations related to water and sewage treatment as well as energy production in a number of regions in Sweden and Norway. These combined activities have complemented the Group's existing customer offering. The energy deliveries in the acquired operations amount to approximately 180 GWh per year.

The total purchase price amounted to SEK 632 million. In connection with the acquisition, acquired interest-bearing liabilities of SEK 30 million were amortised. Acquisition-related expenses amounted to SEK 38 million.

During the holding period in 2021, the acquired operations affected the Group's net sales by SEK 151 million, EBITDA by SEK -22 million and net profit before tax by SEK -27 million. The result during the holding period includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -38 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 16 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK 11 million.

During the 2022 financial year, the full-year effect of the business combination affected the Group's net sales by SEK 338 million, EBITDA by SEK 23 million and net profit before tax by SEK -47 million.



The full-year result includes one-off acquisition-related expenses amounting to SEK -7 million. Adjusted for this, EBITDA amounts to SEK 30 million and net profit before tax amounts to SEK -40 million.

Vretstorp Bioenergi AB

At the beginning of August 2021, 100% of the shares and voting rights in Vretstorp Bioenergi AB were acquired, and the company changed name to Solør Bioenergi Vretstorp AB. The acquisition comprised district heating operations in Vretstorp, which were merged into the group company Solør Bioenergi Fjärrvärme AB during the 2022 financial year.

The purchase price amounted to SEK 8 million.

During the holding period in 2021, the acquired operations affected the Group's net sales by SEK 1 million, EBITDA by SEK 0 million and net profit before tax by SEK 0 million.

During the 2022 financial year, the full-year effect of the business combination affected the Group's net sales by SEK 3 million, EBITDA by SEK 1 million and net profit before tax by SEK 0 million.

Rena Fjernvarme AS

At the end of August 2021, 100% of the shares and voting rights in Rena Fjernvarme AS were acquired. The acquisition comprised district heating operations in Rena, Norway. The company was merged into the group company Solør Bioenergi AS during 2022.

The purchase price amounted to SEK 2 million.

During the holding period in 2021, the acquired operations affected the Group's net sales by SEK 2 million, EBITDA by SEK 1 million and net profit before tax by SEK 0 million.

During the 2022 financial year, the full-year effect of the business combination affected the Group's net sales by SEK 4 million, EBITDA by SEK 2 million and net profit before tax by SEK -1 million.

The table below presents a summary of the final purchase price allocations for the 2021 financial year, i. e. fair value of acquired net assets and the associated purchase price. Of the goodwill identified in the acquisitions during the 2021 financial year of SEK 618 million, SEK 161 million is tax deductible.

	Falbygdens Energi AB	Veolia Utility Solutions	Vretstorp Bioenergi AB	Rena Fjernvarme AS	Total
Assets					
Goodwill	323	295	-	-	618
Intangible fixed assets	99	221	-	-	320
Tangible fixed assets	679	189	8	12	888
Inventories	6	3	1	-	10
Receivables	26	41	0	0	67
Cash and cash equivalents	55	20	1	0	76
	1,188	769	10	12	1,979
Liabilities					
Deferred tax liabilities	-151	-29	-2	0	-182
Interest-bearing liabilities	-	-89	-	-10	-99
Other liabilities	-20	-19	0	0	-39
	-171	-137	-2	-10	-320
Total net assets acquired	1,017	632	8	2	1,659
Consideration transferred	1,017	632	8	2	1,659

Note 5: Net sales and information regarding the Group's contracts with customers

The Group's contracts with customers regarding the sale of thermal energy are characterised by a stable customer base with low credit risks and stable prices. The revenues from these customer contracts are dependent on weather conditions and prices. The prices are subject to indirect competition, in particular in relation to heating solutions based on electricity. At present, thermal energy is priced at a competitive level in relation to heating solutions based on electricity. An increase in electricity market prices increases the Group's competitive advantage.

The Group's contracts with customers for the sale of pellets and briquettes concern relatively local operations that are characterised by a diversified customer base, from small private customers to large energy companies and commercial customers, who use the Group's products for their own heat supply and heat production or in their own retail business. Market prices are dependent on access to raw materials in the form of unprocessed biomass as well as demand from end customers. Consequently, the price trends and hence the Group's revenues with respect to these types of contracts with customers are overall more volatile.

The Group's contracts with customers regarding energy recovery from recycled wood concern an international market that is characterised by competition between various European recycling companies. This competition is in turn affected by demand and market prices for biomass. There is currently a positive price trend with respect to energy recovery from recycled wood.

The Group's contracts with customers regarding O&M-related services include both fixed-price contracts and assignments on

current account basis that are subject to procurement.

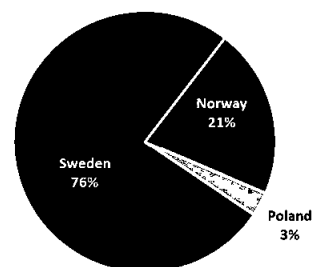
The table below shows information regarding the distribution of net sales:

Distribution of net sales	2022	2021
Thermal energy	1,524	1,250
Pellets and briquettes	227	183
Energy recovery from recycled wood	88	94
O&M services	221	99
Other	68	56
Total net sales	2,128	1,682

Of the total net sales, SEK 1,614 million (1,353) is generated in Sweden, which corresponds to 76 percent (80) of the Group's net sales. SEK 452 million (287), corresponding to 21 percent (17) of net sales, is generated in Norway, while SEK 62 million (42), corresponding to 3 percent (3) of net sales, is generated in Poland. The distribution of sales is based on the group companies' domicile. No single customer accounts for more than 10 percent of total revenue.

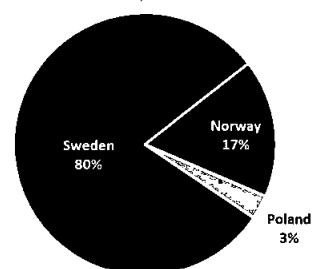
Net sales per country 2022

Total SEK 2,128 million



Net sales per country 2021

Total SEK 1,682 million





The distribution of net sales per segment is shown in the table below (for more information, see Group Note 6):

District Heating	2022	2021
Thermal energy	1,129	1,016
Other	31	15
Total net sales	1,160	1,031

Local Heating	2022	2021
Thermal energy	277	184
Pellets	55	45
Other	13	9
Total net sales	345	238

Biomass	2022	2021
Pellets and briquettes	172	138
Energy recovery from recycled wood	88	94
Other	21	23
Total net sales	281	255

Utility Solutions	2022	2021
Thermal energy	118	50
O&M services	221	99
Other	3	9
Total net sales	342	158

The table below shows information regarding the Group's receivables, contract assets and, where applicable, contract liabilities attributable to contracts with customers:

	2022	2021
Receivables (Accounts receivable)	343	238
Contract assets (Accrued income)	198	195
Contract liabilities (Deferred income)	-4	-3
	537	430

The Group applies the exemption rules regarding information for contracts with performance obligations under 12 months.

Note 6: Operating segments

Segment information is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, which has been identified as Group management. The Group's operations are divided into four operating segments which constitute the Group's ordinary operations and are reflected in the organisation and the business model.

District Heating

The segment's energy plants produce and distribute thermal energy for district heating, industrial steam and electricity for customers in the public and private sectors. The energy plants are located in Sweden, Norway and Poland.

Local Heating

Within the framework of the segment's operations, energy supply is delivered to customers in local heating production or some other type of mobile heating production. The concept also includes overall responsibility for operation and maintenance. This segment includes the Group's local heating plants in Sweden and Norway as well as two production facilities for pellets, which supply the local heating plants with fuel.

Biomass

The segment has three environmental terminals for energy recovery from recycled wood, with further processing into biomass for sale to the Group's own energy plants as well as external energy customers. The segment's operations also include three production facilities for the production and sale of briquettes and pellets.

Utility Solutions

The segment includes energy production operations within energy-related O&M (operation and maintenance) services in a number of regions in Sweden and Norway. The segment also includes O&M services related to municipal water and sewage treatment.

Other

The classification "other" primarily relates to the holding companies' income and expenses and other transactions not directly attributable to the operating segments.

Management monitors the operating segments' net operating profit before depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) and net operating profit (EBIT), and uses this information to assess performance and make decisions regarding allocation of resources.

Segment reporting is prepared according to the same principles as the consolidated financial statements. Transactions and transfers between segments are based on market terms and prices, which correspond to the terms for external third parties. Transactions between segments are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. The operating segments' net operating profit (EBIT) includes income and expenses from transactions with other segments in the Group.

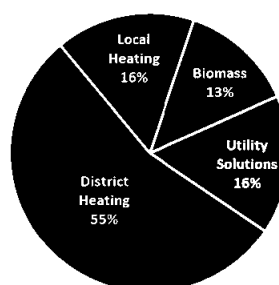
The Group does not disclose information about assets and liabilities attributable to the various segments, as this is not part of the reporting to the chief operating decision-maker.

The District Heating, Local Heating and Biomass segments only have external revenues in all material respects. Internal deliveries of biomass are limited.

The District Heating segment accounted for 55 percent (61) of the Group's net sales, the Local Heating segment accounted for 16 percent (14), the Biomass segment accounted for 13 percent (15), and the Utility Solutions segment accounted for 16 percent (9).

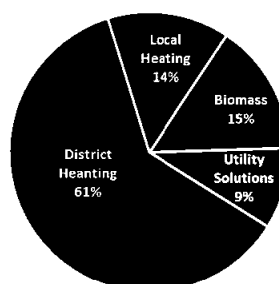
Net sales per segment 2022

Total SEK 2,128 million



Net sales per segment 2021

Total SEK 1,682 million



The result from participations in joint ventures of SEK -29 million (9) is attributable to the District Heating segment.

Information about the Group's operating segments is presented in the tables below:



Net sales per segment	2022	2021
District Heating		
External sales	1,160	1,031
Internal sales	5	3
	1,165	1,034
Local Heating		
External sales	345	238
Internal sales	2	2
	347	240
Biomass		
External sales	281	255
Internal sales	23	13
	304	268
Utility Solutions		
External sales	342	158
Internal sales	5	2
	347	160
Other/eliminations	-35	-20
Total net sales	2,128	1,682

Gross profit per segment	2022	2021
District Heating		
Net sales	1,165	1,034
Raw materials	-452	-375
Gross profit	713	659
<i>Gross profit margin (%)</i>	<i>61%</i>	<i>64%</i>
Local Heating		
Net sales	347	240
Raw materials and goods for resale	-125	-93
Gross profit	222	147
<i>Gross profit margin (%)</i>	<i>64%</i>	<i>61%</i>
Biomass		
Net sales	304	268
Raw materials and goods for resale	-145	-136
Gross profit	159	132
<i>Gross profit margin (%)</i>	<i>52%</i>	<i>49%</i>
Utility Solutions		
Net sales	347	160
Raw materials and goods for resale	-202	-83
Gross profit	145	77
<i>Gross profit margin (%)</i>	<i>42%</i>	<i>48%</i>

EBITDA per segment	2022	2021
District Heating	210	322
Local Heating	43	66
Biomass	49	42
Utility Solutions	21	-23
Other/eliminations	-26	-54
Total EBITDA	297	353
Depreciation and write-downs per segment	2022	2021
District Heating	-232	-197
Local Heating	-61	-39
Biomass	-26	-42
Utility Solutions	-41	-21
Other/eliminations	-1	-11
Total depreciation and write-downs	-361	-310

EBIT per segment	2022	2021
District Heating	-22	125
Local Heating	-18	27
Biomass	23	0
Utility Solutions	-20	-44
Other/eliminations	-27	-65
Total EBIT	-64	43

Reconciliation of segment reporting to net profit/loss for the year	2022	2021
EBIT	-64	43
Net financial items	-360	-371
Tax for the year	-1	20
Net profit/loss for the year	-425	-308

Note 7: Other operating income

	2022	2021
Capital gains on disposal	2	3
Rental income	4	3
Insurance reimbursements	8	2
Sale of emission rights	17	3
Other	13	14
Total other operating income	44	25

Note 8: Fuel and material expenses

	2022	2021
Fuel expenses	-534	-400
Finished goods	-134	-138
Transportation costs	-56	-54
Material and subcontracting expenses attributable to O&M operations	-114	-49
Other expenses	-51	-26
Total fuel and material expenses	-889	-667

Note 9: Other external expenses

	2022	2021
Costs for hired staff	-62	-40
Leasing expenses (short-term leasing and minor value)	-26	-20
Repairs and maintenance	-93	-79
Consultancy fees	-41	-93
Energy expenses	-86	-56
IT expenses	-31	-17
Insurance expenses	-19	-16
Supervisory and environmental fees	-10	-13
Travel expenses	-4	-2
Acquisition-related expenses	-207	-81
Capital losses on disposal	-4	-1
Other	-82	-46
Total other external expenses	-665	-464

Other external expenses include fees to auditors as follows:



Fees to auditors - PwC	2022	2021
Audit assignment	-5	-3
Other audit services in addition to the audit assignment	0	0
Other services	0	0
Total	-5	-3

In addition to the above, PwC performed services for SEK 3 million (5) related to the Group's refinancing. The invoiced fee is part of the direct financing expenses that are expensed as interest expense over the term of the loan according to the effective interest method, see Group Note 22.

Fees to auditors - other audit firms	2022	2021
Audit assignment	0	0
Tax advice	0	0
Total	0	0

Note 10: Employees and personnel expenses

The table below shows details of the average number of employees in the Group:

	2022		2021	
	Aver. number of employees	of which women	Aver. number of employees	of which women
Parent Company				
Sweden	4	0	3	0
Subsidiaries				
Sweden	209	28	175	28
Norway	53	3	42	3
Poland	42	4	40	4
Switzerland	2	0	2	0
Group total	310	35	262	35

Gender distribution in the parent company and the Group for Board members and the Managing Director:

	2022		2021	
	Number as of 31 Dec	of which women	Number as of 31 Dec	of which women
Board members	5	1	5	0
Managing Director	1	0	1	0
Group total	6	1	6	0

Salaries and other remuneration, pension expenses and social security contributions in total for the Group:

	2022	2021
Salaries and other remuneration	-203	-163
Pension expenses	-32	-26
Social security contributions	-52	-41
Other personnel expenses	-5	-2
Total	-292	-232

Salaries and other remuneration to Board members, senior executives and other employees:

	2022		2021	
	Salaries and other remuneration (of which bonus)	Social security contributions (of which pension expenses)	Salaries and other remuneration (of which bonus)	Social security contributions (of which pension expenses)
Parent Company				
Board of Directors and senior executives	13	5	14	5
	(10)	(1)	(11)	(1)
Other employees	14	5	13	5
	(10)	(1)	(10)	(1)
Parent Company total	27	10	27	10
Subsidiaries				
Board of Directors and senior executives	18	3	17	3
Other employees	158	71	119	54
Subsidiaries total	176	74	136	57
Group total	203	84	163	67

Principles for remuneration

No directors' fees are paid to Board members. Directors' fees totalling SEK 1 million were paid in the previous financial year.

The Group's Managing Director has a basic salary of SEK 3 million. There is no fixed bonus system, however, a discretionary bonus may be determined by the Board of Directors and usually runs over a three-year payment period.

Other senior executives employed within the Group have a remuneration level between SEK 1 - 3 million in basic salary, while the senior executives who work on a consultancy basis invoice their time on the basis of the agreement and the amount of time worked, see Group Note 11.

Other senior executives are included in the same discretionary bonus arrangements as the Managing Director and receive payment of any bonus decided upon over a three-year period, with the exception of other senior executives who work on a consultancy basis and who receive payment of their entire bonus in connection with the decision to pay such a bonus. A prerequisite for receiving payment is that the employees covered by the agreements must still be employed within the Group at the time of each payment.

In addition to the discretionary bonus arrangements, the Group has signed



agreements on cash-settled share-based remuneration, in the form of synthetic shares, with the Managing Director, two other senior executives and a further two employees.

Remuneration is paid to those covered by the agreements upon a sale of shareholders' shareholdings in the parent company Solør Bioenergi Holding AB, based on the shareholders' circumstances at the time of signing the agreement, to external third parties and is based on price per share. Payment is made over a three-year period, with one-third paid in connection with a change of ownership, one-third paid 18 months after a change of ownership, and one-third paid 36 months after a change of ownership.

Remuneration is also paid in connection with the payment of dividends to the parent company's shareholders. Payment is made on a single occasion in connection with the payment of the dividend to the parent company's shareholders.

The agreements cover a total of 467,836 synthetic shares, of which 146,199 relate to the Managing Director, 204,678 relate to other senior executives and 116,959 relate to other employees. There is no set limit on the remuneration, although 100 percent remuneration is defined at a price of SEK 171 per share, which would mean a total cash-settled remuneration of SEK 80 million, of which SEK 25 million to the Managing Director, SEK 35 million to other senior executives and SEK 20 million to other employees. The amount of remuneration payable in connection with a change of ownership will thus ultimately be calculated based on the price per share multiplied by the number of synthetic shares issued.

Dividends paid to the parent company's shareholders have resulted in share-based remuneration totalling SEK 4.1 million (6.6) excluding social security contributions, of

which SEK 1.1 million (2.1) to the Managing Director, SEK 1.6 million (2.9) to other senior executives, and SEK 1.4 million (1.6) to other employees.

Based on a change of ownership which occurred during the 2019 financial year and which resulted in share-based remuneration, payments were made during the 2022 financial year totalling SEK 4.5 million (4.5) excluding social security contributions, of which SEK 1.4 million (1.4) to the Managing Director, SEK 2.0 million (2.0) to other senior executives, and SEK 1.1 million (1.1) to other employees. As of the balance sheet date, the outstanding (unpaid) liability excluding social security contributions attributable to this transaction, amounts to SEK 0 million (4.5), of which SEK 0 million (1.4) to the Managing Director, SEK 0 million (2.0) to other senior executives, and SEK 0 million (1.1) to other employees.

During the financial year, the Board of Directors decided to pay a discretionary bonus to employees within the Group totalling SEK 39.0 million (31.0) excluding social security contributions, of which SEK 9.0 million (8.7) to the Managing Director, SEK 19.6 million (13.1) to other senior executives, and SEK 10.4 million (9.2) to other employees.

As of the balance sheet date, the outstanding (unpaid) bonus liability excluding social security contributions amounts to SEK 38.9 million (23.1), of which SEK 12.2 million (7.3) to the Managing Director, SEK 14.5 million (8.4) to other senior executives, and SEK 12.2 million (7.4) to other employees.

Pensions

There are no defined benefit pension plans in the Group, neither for current employees nor former employees. All employees, including the Group's senior executives, have defined contribution pension plans.



Termination, notice period and severance pay

The notice period for all senior executives is between three and six months. No contractual

severance pay has been determined, except for the Managing Director, who has a severance pay package equivalent to six months' salaries.

The table below shows details of remuneration to senior executives:

2022	Directors'				Pension		
<i>SEK thousands</i>	fees	Basic salary	Bonus	Benefits	expenses	Total	
Board of Directors							
Martinus Brandal (Chairman)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Ola Strøm (Vice Chairman)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Jonathan F. Finn	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Erik A. Lynne	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Kerstin Levin	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Managing Director							
Anders Pettersson	-	3,052	10,080	71	794		13,997
Other senior executives							
(3 persons)*	-	10,045	19,631	11	1,736		31,423
Total	0	13,097	29,711	82	2,530		45,420
<i>of which Parent Company</i>	-	3,052	10,080	71	794		13,997
<i>of which subsidiaries</i>	-	10,045	19,631	11	1,736		31,423

* A senior executive has invoiced his fee to one of the Group's subsidiaries. The total amount invoiced for the 2022 financial year amounts to SEK 11,543 thousand, of which SEK 5,177 thousand is included in the amount reported in the column for basic salary in the above table, and SEK 6,366 thousand is included in the amount reported in the column for bonus in the above table. This expense is not included in personnel expenses in the income statement. Instead, it is included on other external expenses. Please also see Group Note 11.

2021	Directors'				Pension		
<i>SEK thousands</i>	fees	Basic salary	Bonus	Benefits	expenses	Total	
Board of Directors							
Martinus Brandal (Chairman)	250	-	-	-	-		250
Ola Strøm (Vice Chairman)	250	-	-	-	-		250
Jonathan F. Finn	250	-	-	-	-		250
Erik A. Lynne	250	-	-	-	-		250
Oscar Lundqvist	-	-	-	-	-		0
Managing Director							
Anders Pettersson	-	3,052	10,777	66	676		14,571
Other senior executives							
(3 persons)*	-	8,133	13,118	12	1,426		22,689
Total	1,000	11,185	23,895	78	2,102		38,260
<i>of which Parent Company</i>	1,000	3,052	10,777	66	676		15,571
<i>of which subsidiaries</i>	-	8,133	13,118	12	1,426		22,689

* A senior executive has invoiced his fee to one of the Group's subsidiaries. The total amount invoiced for the 2021 financial year amounts to SEK 3,877 thousand and is included in the amount reported in the column for basic salary in the above table. This expense is not included in personnel expenses in the income statement. Instead, it is included on other external expenses. Please also see Group Note 11.



Note 11: Transactions with related parties

The Group has conducted various transactions with related parties. All transactions are conducted as part of the ordinary course of

business and are based on market terms. No sureties have been provided by the Group on behalf of related parties.

Related party	Relationship
BE Bio Energy Group AG	Solör Bioenergi Holding AB's parent company which, as of the balance sheet date, directly or indirectly via its subsidiary Nordic Infrastructure AG, holds 60.00 percent (60.00) of the shares and votes in Solör Bioenergi Holding AB.
Nordic Infrastructure AG	Wholly owned subsidiary of BE Bio Energy Group AG.
Polhem Infra KB	As of the balance sheet date, Polhem Infra KB holds 40.00 percent (40.00) of the shares and votes in Solör Bioenergi Holding AB.
Contactit AG	The group company Solör Bioenergi AG has a consultancy agreement with Contactit AG regarding technical services. Contactit AG is owned by one of the Group's senior executives.
Nordic Infrastructure Consulting LLC	The group company Solör Bioenergi AG has a consultancy agreement with Nordic Infrastructure Consulting LLC regarding acquisition-related services. Nordic Infrastructure Consulting LLC is owned by a related person to one of the Group's senior executives.

Related party	2022		
	Total amount / invoiced	Of which with direct effect in the form of expense in the income statement	Liability as of the balance sheet date *
BE Bio Energy Group AG	-70	-70	-17
Nordic Infrastructure AG	-	-	-6
Polhem Infra KB	-38	-38	-17
Contactit AG	-12	-12	-
Nordic Infrastructure Consulting LLC	-2	-2	-
	-122	-122	-40

* Of the liability as of balance sheet date, SEK 10 million relates to resolved but unpaid dividends.



2021	Total amount / invoiced	Of which with direct effect in the form of expense in the income statement	Liability as of the balance sheet date *
Related party			
BE Bio Energy Group AG	-72	-60	0
Nordic Infrastructure AG	-	-	-111
Polhem Infra KB	-6	-1	-74
Contactit AG	-4	-4	-
	-82	-65	-185

* Of the liability as of balance sheet date, SEK 185 million relates to resolved but unpaid dividends.

Note 12: Financial items

	2022	2021
Financial income		
Interest income	13	0
Exchange differences - gains	2	0
Changes in value of derivatives	288	52
Other financial income	3	0
Total financial income	306	52
Financial expenses		
Interest expenses	-651	-410
Exchange differences - losses	-8	-1
Changes in value of derivatives	-	-1
Other financial expenses	-7	-11
Total financial expenses	-666	-423
Net financial items	-360	-371

	2022	2021
Interest expenses		
Interest expenses SFA	-138	-90
Interest expenses JFA	-438	-158
Interest expenses leasing	-6	-5
Other interest expenses	0	-1
Financing expenses expensed according to the effective interest method	-69	-50
Remaining financing expenses expensed in connection with refinancing	-	-106
Total interest expenses	-651	-410

Interest received amounts to SEK 10 million (0), while interest paid amounts to SEK -408 million (-280).

Note 13: Tax

Specification of significant components included in tax expense/income for the year:

	2022	2021
Current tax		
Tax expense for the period	-2	-2
Tax adjustments relating to previous periods	-1	1
Total current tax	-3	-1
Deferred tax		
Changes in temporary differences	3	52
Changes in tax loss carryforwards	-1	-31
Total deferred tax	2	21
Total tax	-1	20

No tax income or tax expense has been recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Reconciliation of effective tax for the year:

	2022	2021
Net profit/loss before tax	-424	-528
Tax based on the Parent Company's tax rate 20.6%	87	68
Effect of foreign tax rates	0	-1
Non-deductible expenses (permanent differences)	-140	-70
Non-taxable income (permanent differences)	49	2
Effect of unrecognised tax value in the year's tax loss carryforwards	-79	-44
Effect of utilised unrecognised tax value in previous years' tax loss carryforwards	54	63
Adjustments for previous years/other	28	2
Total tax	-1	20

Specification of net deferred tax liability:

	2022	2021
Tangible fixed assets (including excess depreciation)	-974	-660
Intangible fixed assets	-93	-91
Other temporary differences	-19	20
Recognised tax loss carryforwards	72	9
Net deferred tax liability	-1,014	-722
of which deferred tax asset	28	11
of which deferred tax liability	-1,042	-733

Changes in net deferred tax liability for the period:

48



	2022	2021
Opening balance 1 January	-722	-560
Effect of acquired subsidiaries	-289	-182
Deferred tax for the period recognised in profit/loss	2	21
Currency translation effects	-5	-1
Closing balance 31 December	-1,014	-722
of which deferred tax asset	28	11
of which deferred tax liability	-1,042	-733

2022	Opening balance	Deferred tax for the year via profit/loss	Effect of acquired subsidiaries	Exchange differences	Closing balance
Tangible fixed assets (including excess depreciation)	-660	16	-323	-7	-974
Intangible fixed assets	-51	5	-6	-1	-53
Other temporary differences	20	-57	15	3	-19
Recognised tax loss carryforwards	5	38	21	1	72
Net deferred tax liability	-722	2	-290	-4	-1,014

2021	Opening balance	Deferred tax for the year via profit/loss	Effect of acquired subsidiaries	Exchange differences	Closing balance
Tangible fixed assets (including excess depreciation)	-564	37	-132	-1	-660
Intangible fixed assets	-48	7	-50	0	-91
Other temporary differences	12	8	0	0	20
Recognised tax loss carryforwards	40	-31	0	0	9
Net deferred tax liability	-560	21	-182	-1	-722

Due to remaining uncertainty regarding the Group's ability to utilise tax loss carryforwards in the foreseeable future, deferred tax assets related to tax loss carryforwards equivalent to SEK 616 million (722) have not been recognised in the consolidated balance sheet. Unrecognised tax loss carryforwards are attributable to the Swedish operations equivalent to SEK 389 million (207) and the Norwegian operations equivalent to SEK 227 million (515), resulting in an unrecognised deferred tax effect of SEK 80 million (43) and SEK 50 million (113) respectively. There is no time limitation on utilising tax loss carryforwards in Sweden and Norway against future taxable profits. The tax rate in Sweden is 20.6 percent, while the tax rate in Norway is 22.0 percent.

Note 14: Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill

Goodwill in the Group amounts to SEK 1,765 million (652) at the end of the financial year.

Goodwill	2022	2021
Opening balance 1 January	652	34
Business combinations	1,121	618
Sales/disposals	-27	-
Exchange differences	19	0
Carrying amount	1,765	652

Goodwill is not amortised but is tested annually for impairment. Goodwill is attributable to the following cash-generating units (CGU):

Goodwill	2022	2021
CGU Charlottenberg	10	10
CGU Svenljunga	24	24
CGU Falköping	296	323
CGU Utility Solutions Sweden	161	161
CGU Utility Solutions Norway	144	134
CGU Ale	176	-
CGU Norsk Bioenergi	536	-
CGU Gran	57	-
CGU Agrovärme	361	-
Carrying amount	1,765	652

Goodwill per country	2022	2021
Sweden	1,018	518
Norway	747	134
Total goodwill	1,765	652

In accordance with IAS 36, the consolidated goodwill is tested annually for impairment. The impairment test is performed as of 31 December. When performing the impairment test, the recoverable amount is determined based on an assessment of the value in use. The value in use is calculated by discounting expected future cash flows after tax, discounted by an interest rate reflecting maturity and risk. Cash flow forecasts are based on a budget that has been approved by management and cover a period of 5 years. The detailed budget is extrapolated over the useful life of this type of long-term asset. The most important assumptions on which cash flow forecasts are based are sales volumes and prices, which are based on experience and historical figures combined with assumptions based on external sources of information such as expectations of price development in the market.

After the forecast period, the growth rate in net cash flows has been estimated at 2.5 percent (2.5), which reflects the market according to the Group's experience.

The interest rate used to discount cash flows is 7.0 percent (7.0) after tax, which equates to an interest rate of 8.2 percent before tax (8.0) for



CGU Charlottenberg, 8.2 percent before tax (8.1) for CGU Svenljunga, 8.0 percent before tax (8.0) for CGU Falköping, 8.2 percent before tax (8.1) for CGU Utility Solutions Sweden, and 8.3 percent before tax (8.2) for CGU Utility Solutions Norway.

All cash-generating units acquired prior to the start of the financial year have been tested for sensitivity. For CGU Charlottenberg the headroom is SEK 64 million (120). For CGU Svenljunga the headroom is SEK 288 million (231). For CGU Falköping the headroom is SEK 297 million (6). For CGU Utility Solutions Sweden the headroom is SEK 407 million (323), while for CGU Utility Solutions Norway the headroom is SEK 188 million (87).

A change in the pre-tax interest rate of +1 percentage points would not cause impairment for any of the cash-generating units. Impairment would be necessary in the event of a pre-tax interest rate of 19.9 percentage points (26.8) for CGU Charlottenberg, 35.5 percentage points (26.3) for CGU Svenljunga, 10.3 percentage points (8.1) for CGU Falköping, 14.6 percentage points (13.1) for CGU Utility Solutions Sweden, and 12.8 percentage points (9.8) for CGU Utility Solutions Norway.

The sensitivity analysis includes goodwill, intangible fixed assets and tangible fixed assets. Any impairment in excess of the carrying amount of goodwill will also entail

impairment of intangible and tangible fixed assets.

Other intangible fixed assets

Other intangible fixed assets consist of customer contracts and customer relationships that have arisen in connection with business combinations.

	2022	2021
Accumulated acquisition cost		
Opening balance 1 January	753	418
Business combinations	281	320
Other acquisitions	0	0
Sales/disposals	0	-10
Exchange differences	13	25
Closing balance 31 December	1,047	753
Accumulated depreciation		
Opening balance 1 January	-224	-172
Depreciation	-39	-39
Sales/disposals	0	10
Exchange differences	-2	-23
Closing balance 31 December	-265	-224
Carrying amount	782	529

The useful life of intangible fixed assets is between 5 and 20 years. Amortisation is carried out on a straight-line basis.

Specification of intangible fixed assets	2022	2021
Customer contracts/customer relationships	768	520
Licenses	0	1
Software	0	0
Other	14	8
Carrying amount	782	529

Other intangible assets per country	2022	2021
Sweden	522	389
Norway	252	132
Poland	8	8
Total other intangible assets	782	529



Note 15: Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings		Power plants, machinery and technical equipment		Other equipment		Construction in progress	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Accumulated acquisition cost								
Opening balance 1 January	1,537	1,438	6,456	5,495	65	46	222	178
Acquisitions	28	9	152	59	2	10	241	180
Business combinations	157	32	1,556	847	6	8	23	1
Sales/disposals	0	0	-16	-31	-1	-6	0	0
Reclassifications	103	39	273	33	3	7	-97	-142
Exchange differences	8	19	33	53	0	0	0	5
Closing balance 31 December	1,833	1,537	8,454	6,456	75	65	389	222
Accumulated depreciation								
Opening balance 1 January	-351	-288	-1,566	-1,410	-35	-27	-	-
Depreciation	-51	-42	-263	-223	-6	-6	-	-
Sales/disposals	0	0	4	14	1	6	-	-
Reclassifications	-83	-11	-195	77	-4	-3	-	-
Exchange differences	-6	-10	-39	-24	0	-5	-	-
Closing balance 31 December	-491	-351	-2,059	-1,566	-44	-35	-	-
Accumulated write-downs								
Opening balance 1 January	-6	-8	-97	-111	0	-5	-	-
Write-downs/reversal of write-downs	-	-	-2	0	-	-	-	-
Sales/disposals	-	-	6	13	-	-	-	-
Reclassifications	6	-	-6	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange differences	-	2	-2	1	0	5	-	-
Closing balance 31 December	0	-6	-101	-97	0	0	-	-
Carrying amount	1,342	1,180	6,294	4,793	31	30	389	222

Construction in progress relates to ongoing projects in the Group. The Group's project expenditures are capitalised or expensed depending on the degree of probability related to future economic benefits. The expenditures include externally purchased services as well as internal direct and indirect salary expenses and salary-related overheads.

At the end of the financial year, the carrying amount of right-of-use assets according to lease agreements, which are recognised in tangible fixed assets, amounts to SEK 95 million (107), of which SEK 50 million (41) is recognised in the item "Land and buildings", SEK 43 million (66) in the item "Power plants, machinery and technical equipment", and SEK 2 million (-) in the item "Other equipment". The carrying

amount recognised in the item "Land and buildings" relates to right-of-use agreements for land and premises, normally within the Group's biomass operations, while the carrying amount recognised in the item "Power plants, machinery and technical equipment" relates, in all material respects, to the leasing of machinery within the Group's biomass operations as well as lease agreements in the Utility Solutions operations.

Otherwise, the Group has not undertaken any commitments for new investments in tangible fixed assets.

Tangible fixed assets per country	2022	2021
Sweden	5,877	4,767
Norway	2,039	1,334
Poland	140	124
Total tangible fixed assets	8,056	6,225



Note 16: Inventories

	2022	2021
Raw materials and fuel	147	107
Finished goods	28	47
	175	154

No impairment of inventories has been recognised during the financial year. Costs for raw materials and the cost of goods sold are presented in Group Note 8.

Note 17: Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are non-interest-bearing and generally have an average credit period of 30 days. As of the balance sheet date, the Group had accounts receivable as shown in the table below, which also shows the age analysis of accounts receivable and the reserve for anticipated bad debt losses:

	2022		2021	
	Gross amount (total of invoice amount)	Reserve for anticipated bad debt losses	Gross amount (total of invoice amount)	Reserve for anticipated bad debt losses
Accounts receivable, net overdue as of 31 Dec	288	-	217	-
Accounts receivable, overdue as of 31 Dec				
< 30 days	52	-	20	-
30-60 days	1	-	0	-
60-90 days	0	-	0	-
> 90 days	3	-1	1	0
	344	-1	238	0
Accounts receivable, gross amount	344		238	
Reserve for anticipated bad debt losses	-1		0	
Accounts receivable, carrying amount	343		238	

The changes in the reserve for anticipated bad debt losses are as follows:

	2022	2021
Opening balance 1 January	0	-1
Reserve for the year	-1	0
Confirmed losses	0	1
Reversal of reserve	0	0
Exchange differences	0	0
Closing balance 31 December	-1	0

The Group applies the simplified method for calculating expected credit losses. This method means that expected losses during the entire term of the receivable are used as a starting point for accounts receivable.

In order to calculate expected credit losses, accounts receivable have been grouped on the basis of credit risk characteristics and the number of days overdue.

Note 18: Other receivables

	2022	2021
VAT receivable	18	13
Tax account balance	4	3
Other	34	40
	56	56

Note 19: Accrued income

	2022	2021
Accrued revenue from energy sales	158	150
Accrued revenue from other sales	38	45
Other	2	0
	198	195

Note 20: Cash and cash equivalents

In the balance sheet and the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of the following components as of 31 December:

	2022	2021
Cash and bank account balances	644	2,031
Total cash and cash equivalents	644	2,031



Note 21: Share capital, information regarding shareholders and dividends

	2022	2021
No. of ordinary shares, quota value SEK 10.85	37,044,856	37,044,856

All shares have the same right to the company's remaining net assets. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to dividends, and the shareholding entitles the shareholder to vote at the Annual General Meeting with one vote per share. All shares are fully paid, and no shares are reserved for transfer. No shares are held by the company itself or its subsidiaries.

The table below shows details of changes in the Group's share capital and other contributed capital:

<i>SEK thousands</i>	2022			2021		
	Share capital	Other contributed capital	Total	Share capital	Other contributed capital	Total
Ordinary shares issued and paid at the beginning of the year	402,007	1,522,246	1,924,253	339,996	584,257	924,253
New share issue	-	-	0	62,011	937,989	1,000,000
Ordinary shares issued and paid at the end of the year	402,007	1,522,246	1,924,253	402,007	1,522,246	1,924,253

During the 2022 financial year, it was resolved at an extraordinary meeting of shareholders in June to pay dividends of SEK 65 million to the parent company's shareholders. In July, payments totalling SEK 240 million were made to the company's shareholders regarding dividends resolved during the previous financial year as well as parts of the dividends resolved during the current year.

During the 2021 financial year, it was resolved to pay dividends to the parent company's shareholders totalling SEK 2,502 million, of which dividends of SEK 250 million were resolved at an extraordinary meeting of shareholders in June, and dividends of SEK 2,252 million were resolved at two extraordinary meetings of shareholders in December. The dividends resolved at the extraordinary meeting of shareholders in June were paid in the month of July in the amount of SEK 235 million, while the dividends resolved at the two extraordinary meetings of shareholders in December were paid in the same month in the amount of SEK 2,082 million.

The following table presents shareholder information:

Shareholder	31 Dec 2022		31 Dec 2021	
	No. of shares	Share of ownership	No. of shares	Share of ownership
Nordic Infrastructure AG*	22,197,454	59.92%	22,197,454	59.92%
Polhem Infra KB	14,817,937	40.00%	14,817,938	40.00%
BE Bio Energy Group AG	29,465	0.08%	29,465	0.08%
Total	37,044,856	100.00%	37,044,857	100.00%

*The company is wholly owned by BE Bio Energy Group AG

Solör Bioenergi Holding AB is a subsidiary of BE Bio Energy Group AG, with registered office in Switzerland. The parent company's address is: Zollikerstrasse 226, 8008 Zurich, Switzerland. As of the balance sheet date, BE Bio Energy Group AG's direct and indirect shareholdings in Solör Bioenergi Holding AB amount to 22,226,919 shares, which equates to 60 percent.



Note 22: Financial instruments and risk management

The main purpose of the Group's management of capital is to ensure that the Group has good creditworthiness and thus reasonable loan terms that are relevant in relation to the operations conducted. By complying with all financial covenants, the Group aims to conduct sustainable operations and thus maximise shareholder value.

At the end of the previous financial year (17 December 2021), the Group completed its latest refinancing project. The current financing structure consists of a syndicate of 8 Nordic and international banks, which has further strengthened the Group's growth strategy.

The Group's financing is divided into a senior financing (SFA - Senior Facilities Agreement) and a junior financing (JFA - Junior Facilities Agreement). The nominal amount of the SFA term loan is SEK 6,485 million, while the nominal amount of the JFA term loan is SEK 5,350 million. Both loans have a term of 5 years.

Within the framework of SFA and JFA, the Group also has CAPEX facilities with a limit of SEK 2,515 million (1,965) and SEK 1,200 million (300) respectively. Furthermore, SFA includes an RCF (Revolving Credit Facility) with a limit of SEK 300 million.

During the 2022 financial year, in order to finance the acquisition of Lantmännen Agrovärme AB (see Group Note 4), a new CAPEX facility was negotiated within the framework for SFA with a limit of SEK 550 million, which was fully utilised. The total limit for the two CAPEX facilities within the framework for SFA was thus increased from SEK 1,965 million to SEK 2,515 million. During the 2022 financial year, for the same reason, a new CAPEX facility was negotiated within the

framework for JFA with a limit of SEK 900 million, which was fully utilised. The total limit for the two CAPEX facilities within the framework for JFA was thus increased from SEK 300 million to SEK 1,200 million.

SFA that has been signed by the group company Solör Bioenergi Management AB. As of the balance sheet date, the non-utilised part of the CAPEX facility amounts to SEK 248 million (1,923), which is entirely attributable to the original CAPEX facility. As of the balance sheet date, the non-utilised part of the revolving credit facility amounts to SEK 150 million (300).

SFA (the loan and the utilised parts of the CAPEX facility and revolving credit facility) is subject to a variable interest rate corresponding to 3-month STIBOR, which is fixed quarterly, plus a credit margin. 3-month STIBOR amounts to 2.6640 percent (-0.0890) as of the balance sheet date. Negative 3-month STIBOR is not taken into account and is calculated as zero (0).

As of the balance sheet date, the credit margin for the loan, the original CAPEX facility and the revolving credit facility amounts to 1.35 percent (1.00). The credit margin is adjusted upwards annually in mid-December as follows:

Year 1	1.00%
Year 2	1.35%
Year 3	1.80%
Year 4	2.25%
Year 5	2.75%

As of the balance sheet date, the credit margin for the new limit acquired during the financial year with regard to the CAPEX facility amounts to 2.75 percent (-). The credit margin is adjusted upwards annually in mid-December as follows:



Year 1	2.75%
Year 2	2.75%
Year 3	2.75%
Year 4	2.95%
Year 5	3.45%

The non-utilised part of the credit facilities (the CAPEX facility and revolving credit facility) is subject to a credit facility fee, which is recognised in other financial expenses, corresponding to 35 percent of the credit margin, which equates to 0.4725 percent (0.35) as of the balance sheet date.

Interest and credit facility fees are paid quarterly on the last banking day in March, June, September and December.

In order to reduce the Group's risk exposure to fluctuations in market interest rates regarding 3-month STIBOR, the Group has entered into derivative agreements (interest rate swaps) that exchange variable interest according to 3-month STIBOR for a fixed interest rate of 0.4775 percent on part of the senior loan up to SEK 4,864 million.

During the 2022 financial year, in connection with utilisation of the CAPEX facility, new derivative agreements (interest rate swaps) were entered into that exchange variable interest according to 3-month STIBOR for a fixed interest rate of 3.1840 percent on a nominal amount of SEK 1,886 million.

The term of all derivative agreements is until the end of December 2024. The derivative agreements are recognised at fair value via the income statement, and the intention is for the holding to be held until maturity.

As of the balance sheet date, the fair value of the derivatives amounts to SEK 288 million (-1). Changes in the value of the derivatives are recognised in net financial items. The Solør Bioenergi Group does not apply hedge accounting.

Direct financing expenses attributable to SFA in connection with the refinancing and the increase in the CAPEX facility are expensed over the term of the loan as interest expense in accordance with the effective interest method.

JFA that has been signed by the group company Solør Bioenergi Holding 2 AB. As of the balance sheet date, the non-utilised part of the CAPEX facility amounts to SEK 0 million (300).

JFA is subject to a variable interest rate corresponding to 3-month STIBOR, which is fixed on a half-yearly basis, plus a credit margin. As of the balance sheet date, 3-month STIBOR amounts to 1.7920 percent (-0.0890) for the term loan, 1.8750 percent (-0.0890) for the original CAPEX facility, and 2.2163 percent (-0.0890) for the new/increased CAPEX facility. Negative 3-month STIBOR is not taken into account and is calculated as zero (0).

The credit margin as of the balance sheet date amounts to 6.75 percent (6.75). The credit margin is adjusted upwards annually in mid-December as follows:

Year 1	6.75%
Year 2	6.75%
Year 3	7.00%
Year 4	7.25%
Year 5	7.50%

The non-utilised part of the CAPEX facilities is subject to a credit facility fee of 2 percent.

Interest and credit facility fees are paid on a half-yearly basis on the last banking day in February and August.

Direct financing expenses attributable to JFA in connection with the refinancing and the increase in the CAPEX facility are expensed over the term of the loan as interest expense in accordance with the effective interest method.

The Group's borrowing through SFA and JFA is subject to financial credit terms (covenants)



that are measured on a half-yearly basis as of 30 June and 31 December respectively. The financial covenants related to SFA and JFA are interest coverage ratio and debt ratio. During 2022, and as of the balance sheet date, all financial covenants have been met and there are no indications that these will not also be able to be met in the future.

Within the Swedish part of the district heating operations, there are a number of interest-bearing instalment contracts regarding acquired wheel loaders. The total liability as of the balance sheet date amounts to SEK 9 million (12), of which the current part amounts to SEK 2 million (2).

In addition, the Group has a number of lease agreements, please see Group Note 23.

The Solör Bioenergi Group has an interest-bearing receivable in relation to a joint venture (this relates to the jointly owned company Solör Bioenergi Strängnäs AB). The original amount of the loan was SEK 259 million, with an interest rate of 4 percent. The loan is amortised on a quarterly basis over a 15-year period, at which time the interest is also due for payment. As of the balance sheet date, the receivable amounted to SEK 245 million.

The fair value of the Group's financial instruments correspond in all material respects

to the carrying amount in the balance sheet. The carrying amount is deemed to be a reasonable approximation of the fair value.

The assessment of the fair value of financial assets and liabilities has been carried out in accordance with hierarchy level 2 as defined by IFRS 13. The Group uses the market approach and the income approach. When applying the market approach, prices and other relevant information from comparable market transactions are used. This valuation technique means that market multiples are calculated based on quantitative and qualitative assessments in the individual cases. When applying the income approach, the present value of future cash flows is calculated. Apart from an estimate of future cash flows, important input data when applying this valuation technique also include the discount rate reflecting the time value of money, i.e. the risk-free interest rate, and the uncertainty in the cash flows, i.e. the risk premium.

The tables below show the Group's interest-bearing liabilities that are outstanding at the end of the financial year, as well as the change in the liabilities between the years and the effect on the Group's cash flow from financing activities:

	Carrying amount 2022	Carrying amount 2021
SFA nominal loan	6,485	6,485
Remaining non-expensed financing expenses	-235	-272
Utilised CAPEX facility SFA	2,267	42
Utilised revolving credit facility SFA	150	-
JFA nominal loan	5,350	5,350
Remaining non-expensed financing expenses	-85	-86
Utilised CAPEX facility JFA	1,200	-
Other liabilities to credit institutions	9	22
Lease liabilities	96	103
	15,237	11,644



	Cash flows		Non-cash changes			31 December 2022
	(new loans +		Business combinations	Exchange differences	Other	
	1 January 2022	/ amortisation of loans -)				
SFA	6,255	2,358	-	-	54	8,667
JFA	5,264	1,186	-	-	15	6,465
Other liabilities to credit institutio	22	-644	631	0	-	9
Lease liabilities	103	-16	-	0	9	96
	11,644	2,884	631	0	78	15,237

	Cash flows		Non-cash changes			31 December 2021
	(new loans +		Business combinations	Exchange differences	Other	
	1 January 2021	/ amortisation of loans -)				
SFA	4,220	1,963	-	-	72	6,255
JFA	2,118	3,111	-	-	35	5,264
Other liabilities to credit institutio	21	-39	40	0	-	22
Lease liabilities	55	-12	59	0	1	103
	6,414	5,023	99	0	108	11,644

The main financial risks to which the Group is exposed are market risk (interest rate risk and currency risk), liquidity risk and, to a limited extent, credit risk. Group management continuously assesses these risks and establishes guidelines for how they should be managed.

(i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that fluctuations in market rates, such as interest rates and exchange rates, will impact the Group's profits and financial position.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is attributable to fluctuations in market interest rates and their impact on the Group's loan portfolio. The Group's interest-bearing loans are mainly subject to variable interest rates.

In order to reduce the Group's interest rate exposure to future interest rate increases (3-month STIBOR) on the Group's senior financing, Solør Bioenergi Management AB has entered into interest rate swap agreements for parts of the senior debt.

A change in the interest rate of +/- 1 percentage point would affect net financial items by approximately +/- SEK 87 million. The sensitivity analysis has been calculated on the basis of interest-bearing loans subject to variable interest rates at the end of the financial year, including the effect of financial derivative instruments.

Currency risk

Currency risk is related to changes in the Swedish krona (SEK) against other currencies. After the refinancing, the Group's entire borrowing is in Swedish kronor (SEK), and consequently there is no currency risk related to the Group's borrowing. On the other hand, there is a risk exposure attributable to the Group's foreign operations with a functional currency other than the Group's presentation currency. The exchange rate risk is related to the translation of the results and equity of the foreign operations, as the translation is affected by the exchange rate used in translating the results and net assets in the foreign subsidiaries.



(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group cannot meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's strategy for managing liquidity risk is to have sufficient funds at any time to meet its financial obligations on time under both normal and exceptional circumstances, without risking unacceptable losses or at the expense of the Group's reputation.

Liquidity risk also includes refinancing risk, which is linked to the Group's borrowing and the risk that the Group will not be able to meet the specified credit terms (financial covenants) at each measurement date.

The tables below show an overview of the maturity structure of the Group's financial liabilities based on non-discounted contractual payments:

2022	Within 6 months	6-12 months	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
SFA	132	284	9,981	-	10,397
JFA	101	316	8,718	-	9,135
Other liabilities to credit institutions	2	2	9	2	15
Lease liabilities	11	11	69	27	118
Liabilities to related parties	30	10	-	-	40
Accounts payable	233	-	-	-	233
Accrued expenses	305	0	-	-	305
Total	814	623	18,777	29	20,243

2021	Within 6 months	6-12 months	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
SFA	51	51	7,187	-	7,289
JFA	0	247	7,024	-	7,271
Other liabilities to credit institutions	1	2	13	46	62
Lease liabilities	11	11	69	37	128
Liabilities to related parties	0	185	-	-	185
Accounts payable	185	-	-	-	185
Accrued expenses	198	16	-	-	214
Total	446	512	14,293	83	15,334

(iii) Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk related to accounts receivable from sales in the ordinary course of business. There is no significant concentration of credit risk due to the diversified customer base. The Group has guidelines to ensure that sales are not made to customers who have had payment problems and that outstanding amounts do not exceed established credit limits. Maximum risk exposure is represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets in the balance sheet. Please see Group Note 18 for more information regarding accounts receivable.

Note 23: Leasing

Lease liabilities	Note	2022	2021
Opening balance		103	55
New lease agreements		9	60
Amortisation		-16	-12
Closing balance	22	96	103
of which non-current part		79	87
of which current part		17	16
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	Note	2022	2021
	12	-6	-5
Rights of use	Note	2022	2021
Land and buildings		50	41
Power plants, machinery and other technical equipment		43	66
Other equipment		2	-
Carrying amount	15	95	107



Depreciation on rights of use	Note	2022	2021
Land and buildings		-8	-3
Power plants, machinery and other technical equipment		-10	-9
Total	15	-18	-12

Lease expenses	Note	2022	2021
Current lease agreements		-26	-20
Leasing of assets with low value		0	0
Total	9	-26	-20

For information regarding cash outflows and maturity analysis related to lease agreements, please see Group Note 22.

Note 24: Other liabilities

	2022	2021
VAT liability	18	18
Liabilities regarding other taxes and charges	15	18
Liabilities to personnel	94	76
Other	5	2
Total	132	114

Note 25: Accrued expenses

	2022	2021
Accrued interest expenses	190	16
Other accrued expenses	115	198
Total	305	214

Note 26: Pledged assets and contingent liabilities

	2022	2021
Pledged assets		
Property mortgages	889	885
Company mortgages	351	349
Tangible fixed assets	95	107
Cash and cash equivalents	301	1,316
Total	1,636	2,657

In addition to the above, the Group has pledged shares in group companies and intra-group receivables in connection with the refinancing. Shares are pledged for SFA and JFA as follows:

Pledging group company	Pledged shares in	Carrying amount
Solør Bioenergi Holding AB	Solør Bioenergi Holding 2 AB	5,768
Solør Bioenergi Holding 2 AB	Solør Bioenergi Holding 3 AB	4,287
Solør Bioenergi Holding 3 AB	Solør Bioenergi Management AB	4,287
Solør Bioenergi Management AB	Solør Bioenergi Fjærrværmø AB	4,236
	Solør Bioenergi Recycling AB	328
	Solør Bioenergi Holding AS	466
	Solør Bioenergi Pellets AB	69
	Solør Bioenergi Utility Solutions AB	100
Solør Bioenergi Fjærrværmø AB	Solør Bioenergi Syd AB	630
	Solør Bioenergi Øst AB	239
	Solør Bioenergi Falköping AB	1,060
	Solør Bioenergi Värme AS	395
	Solør Bioenergi Strängnäs AB	1,002
	Solør Bioenergi Agrovärme AB	804
	Solør Bioenergi Ale AB	504
Solør Bioenergi Holding AS	Solør Bioenergi AS	893
Solør Bioenergi Utility Solutions AB	Solør Bioenergi Utility Solutions AS	266
Solør Bioenergi Värme AS	Solør Bioenergi Värme AB	0

	2022	2021
Contingent liabilities		
Guarantee commitments	-	-
Other	14	7
Total	14	7

The Group has an ongoing dispute regarding a municipality's claim of a call option on one of the Group's production and distribution facilities for district heating. The counterparty has also made claim for damages. As of the balance sheet date, the claim for damages amounted to approximately SEK 14 million excluding interest. A judgement by Linköping District Court has settled the dispute in the company's favour. The municipality has appealed the judgement. It is the assessment of the Group and its legal advisors that the appeal will be dismissed, which is why no provision has been made.

Note 27: Significant events after the end of the financial year

At the beginning of January 2023, the Group acquired 100% of the shares in Oplandske Bioenergi AS (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Oplandske AS). The acquisition increases the Group's operations in Norway. The acquisition comprises 18 local heating plants that supply energy to industry, the business community, the public sector and private customers. The total delivery of energy amounts to approximately 40 GWh per year.

The purchase price amounted to approximately SEK 239 million, whereof SEK 63 million were paid cash while SEK 176 million



were settled against the acquired company's receivable against previous shareholders. In connection to the acquisition, acquired interest-bearing liabilities of approximately SEK 77 million were amortised.

The acquisition was financed by drawdown on the Group's senior CAPEX facility of SEK 121 million.

Acquisition-related expenses amounted to approximately SEK 9 million.

The acquired operations are estimated to contribute approximately SEK 38 million to the Group's net sales, approximately SEK 9 million to EBITDA and approximately SEK -3 million to net profit before tax.

In February 2023, the Group acquired 100% of the shares and voting rights in Ringerike Bioenergi AS (name changed to Solør Bioenergi Ringerike AS). The company operates a local heating plant in the municipality of Hole, Norway. The total delivery of energy amounts to approximately 4 GWh per year.

The purchase price amounted to approximately SEK 11 million and was paid cash in connection to the closing.

The acquired operations are estimated to contribute approximately SEK 4 million to the Group's net sales, approximately SEK 1 million to EBITDA and approximately SEK 0 million to net profit before tax.

The table below presents a summary of the preliminary purchase price allocations, i. e. fair value of acquired net assets and the associated purchase price. Of the goodwill identified in the acquisitions SEK 36 million, SEK 0 million is tax deductible.

	Oplandske Bioenergi AS	Ringerike Bioenergi AS	Total
Assets			
Goodwill	36	-	36
Tangible fixed assets	153	10	163
Inventories	1	0	1
Receivables	190	1	191
Cash and cash equivalents	4	2	6
	384	13	397
Liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	-52	-1	-53
Interest-bearing liabilities	-80	-	-80
Other liabilities	-13	-1	-14
	-145	-2	-147
Total net assets acquired	239	11	250
Consideration transferred	239	11	250



Parent Company Income Statement

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Note	2022	2021
Net sales	4	74	60
Total operating income		74	60
Personnel expenses	5	-37	-38
Depreciation and write-downs	12.13	0	-1
Other external expenses	6.18.19	-37	-82
Total operating expenses		-74	-121
Net operating profit/loss		0	-61
Result from participations in group companies	7	250	1,407
Other interest expenses and similar items	8	0	0
Net financial items		250	1,407
Net profit/loss after financial items		250	1,346
Appropriations	9	-6	6
Net profit/loss before tax		244	1,352
Tax for the year	10	-	-
Net profit/loss for the year		244	1,352

Parent Company Statement of Comprehensive Income

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Note	2022	2021
Net profit/loss for the year		244	1,352
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		244	1,352



Parent Company Balance Sheet

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Note	31 Dec 2022	31 Dec 2021
Fixed assets			
Other intangible assets	12	0	0
Total intangible fixed assets		0	0
Equipment	13	0	0
Total tangible fixed assets		0	0
Participations in group companies	14	6,763	3,019
Other receivables		1	1
Total financial fixed assets		6,764	3,020
Total fixed assets			
		6,764	3,020
Current assets			
Receivables from group companies	16	147	18
Other receivables		0	0
Accrued income and prepaid expenses		1	1
Cash and cash equivalents	15	14	136
Total current assets		162	155
Total assets			
		6,926	3,175



<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Note	31 Dec 2022	31 Dec 2021
Equity			
Share capital	17	402	402
Revaluation reserve		4,000	-
Restricted equity		4,402	402
Share premium reserve	17.22	3,092	3,092
Accumulated earnings	22	-859	-2,145
Net profit/loss for the year	22	244	1,352
Non-restricted equity		2,477	2,299
Total equity			
		6,879	2,701
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable		0	0
Liabilities to group companies	16	-	255
Other liabilities		46	218
Accrued expenses and deferred income		1	1
Total current liabilities		47	474
Total equity and liabilities			
		6,926	3,175



Parent Company Cash Flow Statement

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Note	2022	2021
Cash flow from operating activities			
Net operating profit/loss		0	-61
Adjustments for non-cash items			
Depreciation and write-downs of tangible and intangible fixed assets	12.13	0	1
Changes in working capital			
Change in operating receivables		0	-1
Change in operating liabilities		3	23
Net cash flow from operating activities		3	-38
Cash flow from investing activities			
Dividends from group companies		119	1,407
Net cash flow from investing activities		119	1,407
Cash flow from financing activities			
Net change in lending from/to group companies		-4	82
New share issue		-	1,000
Dividends to shareholders		-240	-2,317
Net cash flow from financing activities		-244	-1,235
Net cash flow for the year		-122	134
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		136	2
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		14	136



Parent Company Statement of Changes in Equity

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	Restricted equity		Non-restricted equity		Total equity	
	Share capital	Revaluation reserve	Share premium reserve	Accumulated earnings		
Equity as of 1 January 2021	340		2,154	-499	856	2,851
Appropriation of previous year's profit/loss according to resolution at AGM				856	-856	0
Net profit/loss for the year					1,352	1,352
Other comprehensive income					-	0
Total comprehensive income	0		0	0	1,352	1,352
New share issue	62		938			1,000
Dividends				-2,502		-2,502
Equity as of 31 December 2021	402		3,092	-2,145	1,352	2,701
Appropriation of previous year's profit/loss according to resolution at AGM				1,352	-1,352	0
Net profit/loss for the year					244	244
Other comprehensive income					-	0
Total comprehensive income	0		0	0	244	244
Write-ups		4,000				4,000
Dividends				-65		-65
Equity as of 31 December 2022	402	4,000	3,092	-858	244	6,879



Parent Company Notes

Note 1: The parent company's accounting principles

The parent company has prepared its annual report in accordance with the Swedish Annual Accounts Act (1995:1554) and the Swedish Financial Reporting Board's recommendation RFR 2 Accounting for Legal Entities. RFR 2 means that, in the annual report for the legal entity, the parent company shall apply all EU-approved IFRS and interpretations as far as possible within the framework of the Swedish Annual Accounts Act and the Swedish Pension Obligations Vesting Act, and with consideration of the relationship between accounting and taxation. The recommendation specifies the exceptions from and additions to IFRS that shall be made.

Differences between the Group's and the parent company's accounting principles are described below. The accounting principles of the parent company, as described below, have been consistently applied in all periods presented in the parent company's financial statements.

Classification and presentation

The income statement and balance sheet for the parent company are presented in accordance with the Swedish Annual Accounts Act, while the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement are based on IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows.

Subsidiaries

Shares in subsidiaries are recognised in the parent company according to the cost method. This means that transaction costs are included in the carrying amount of shareholdings in subsidiaries.

Shareholder contributions

Shareholder contributions are recognised as an increase in shares to the extent that impairment is not required.

Group contributions

Group contributions received or made are recognised as appropriations.

Financial instruments

In accordance with the rules specified in the Swedish Financial Reporting Board's recommendation RFR 2, and with consideration of the relationship between accounting and taxation, the rules on financial instruments and hedge accounting in IFRS 9 are not applied in the parent company as a legal entity. These rules are only applied in the consolidated financial statements. In the parent company, financial fixed assets are measured at acquisition cost less any impairment, and current financial assets are measured according to the lowest value principle. Liabilities that do not constitute derivative liabilities are measured at amortised cost. Derivative assets are measured according to the lowest value principle, and derivative liabilities are measured according to the highest value principle.

Financial guarantees

The parent company's financial guarantee agreements mainly consist of capital guarantees on behalf of subsidiaries. Financial guarantees mean that the company has an obligation to compensate the holder of a debt instrument for losses it incurs due to the failure of a specified debtor to make payment when due according to the terms of the agreement. When accounting for financial guarantees, the parent company applies one of the Swedish Financial Reporting Board's approved

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exemption rules in comparison to the rules in IFRS 9. The exemption rule pertains to financial guarantees issued on behalf of subsidiaries and associated companies. The parent company recognises financial guarantees as provisions in the balance sheet when the company has an obligation for which payment will probably be required to settle the obligation.

Leasing

The parent company accounts for all lease agreements as operating leases.

Untaxed reserves

In the parent company, any untaxed reserves are recognised inclusive of deferred tax liabilities. In the consolidated financial statements, untaxed reserves are divided into deferred tax liabilities and equity.

Note 2: Information regarding the parent company

Solör Bioenergi Holding AB is a subsidiary of BE Bio Energy Group AG, corporate identity number CHE-115.475.915, with registered office in Zurich, Switzerland. Please see note 16 for more information.

Note 3: Significant judgements and estimates

The parent company's most significant judgements and estimates relate to the valuation of shares in subsidiaries. Changes in profitability and future cash generation capabilities in the underlying operations may affect the value of the parent company's holdings in subsidiaries.

Note 4: Net sales

The parent company's net sales consist, in all material respects, of intra-group services.

Distribution of net sales		
external and intra-group	2022	2021
External	2	0
Intra-group	72	60
Total net sales	74	60

Of the net sales, SEK 51 million (37) relates to re-invoiced expenses.

Distribution of net sales per country		
	2022	2021
Sweden	58	57
Other countries	16	3
Total net sales	74	60

Note 5: Employees and personnel expenses

The table below shows the average number of employees and the gender distribution:

	2022	2021
Average number of employees	4	3
<i>(of which women)</i>	<i>(0)</i>	<i>(0)</i>

Salaries and other remuneration and social security contributions including pension expenses amount to the following amounts for the parent company:

	2022	2021
Salaries and other remuneration	27	27
Social security contributions	11	11
<i>(of which pension expenses)</i>	<i>(2)</i>	<i>(2)</i>

Of the pension expenses, SEK 1 million (1) relates to the Board of Directors and Managing Director. The company only has defined contribution pension plans and there are no outstanding pension obligations.

The table below shows the distribution of salaries and other remuneration between the Board of Directors and Managing Director and other employees:



	2022		2021	
	Board and MD	Other employees	Board and MD	Other employees
Salaries and other remuneration (of which bonus etc.)	13 (10)	14 (10)	14 (11)	13 (10)

Pursuant to current agreement, the Managing Director has a gross annual salary of SEK 3 million and a notice period of 6 months. In the event of termination by the company, in addition to normal salary during the notice period, the Managing Director is entitled to receive severance pay equivalent to 6 months' salaries.

There is no fixed bonus system, however, a discretionary bonus may be determined by the Board of Directors for the Managing Director and other employees and usually runs over a three-year payment period. A prerequisite for receiving payment is that the employees covered by the agreements must still be employed within the Group at the time of each payment.

In addition to the discretionary bonus arrangements, the Group has signed agreements on cash-settled share-based remuneration, in the form of synthetic shares, with the Managing Director and one other employee. Remuneration is paid upon a sale of shareholders' shareholdings in the parent company Solør Bioenergi Holding AB, based on the shareholders' circumstances at the time of signing the agreement, to external third parties and is based on price per share. Remuneration is also paid in connection with dividends to the parent company's shareholders. Payment is made over a three-year period, with one-third paid in connection with a change of ownership, one-third paid 18 months after a change of ownership, and one-third paid 36 months after a change of ownership.

Remuneration is also paid in connection with dividends to the parent company's shareholders. Payment is made on a single occasion in connection with dividends to the parent company's shareholders.

The agreements cover a total of 204,678 synthetic shares, of which 146,199 relate to the Managing Director. There is no set limit on the remuneration, although 100 percent remuneration is defined at a price of SEK 171 per share, which would mean a total cash-settled remuneration of SEK 35 million, of which SEK 25 million to the Managing Director. The amount of remuneration payable in connection with a change of ownership will thus ultimately be calculated based on the price per share multiplied by the number of synthetic shares issued.

Dividends paid to the parent company's shareholders have resulted in share-based remuneration totalling SEK 2.0 million (3.3) excluding social security contributions, of which SEK 1.1 million (2.1) to the Managing Director.

Based on a change of ownership which occurred during the 2019 financial year and which resulted in share-based remuneration, payments were made during the 2022 financial year totalling SEK 2.0 million (2.0) excluding social security contributions, of which SEK 1.4 million (1.4) to the Managing Director. As of the balance sheet date, the outstanding (unpaid) liability excluding social security contributions attributable to this transaction, amounts to SEK 0 million (2.0), of which SEK 0 million (1.4) to the Managing Director.

During the financial year, the Board of Directors decided to pay a discretionary bonus to employees in the parent company totalling SEK 17.6 million (17.4) excluding social security contributions, of which SEK 9.0 million (8.7) to the Managing Director. As of the balance sheet date, the outstanding (unpaid) bonus liability excluding social security contributions amounts to SEK 24.1 million (14.3), of which SEK 12.2 million (7.3) to the Managing Director.



The table below shows details of remuneration paid to Board members and the Managing Director:

2022	Directors'				Pension	
SEK thousands	fees	Basic salary	Bonus	Benefits	expenses	Total
Board of Directors						
Martinus Brandal (Chairman)	-	-	-	-	-	0
Ola Strøm (Vice Chairman)	-	-	-	-	-	0
Jonathan F. Finn	-	-	-	-	-	0
Erik A. Lynne	-	-	-	-	-	0
Kerstin Levin	-	-	-	-	-	0
Managing Director						
Anders Pettersson	-	3,052	10,080	71	794	13,997
Total	0	3,052	10,080	71	794	13,997

2021	Directors'				Pension	
SEK thousands	fees	Basic salary	Bonus	Benefits	expenses	Total
Board of Directors						
Martinus Brandal (Chairman)	250	-	-	-	-	250
Ola Strøm (Vice Chairman)	250	-	-	-	-	250
Jonathan F. Finn	250	-	-	-	-	250
Erik A. Lynne	250	-	-	-	-	250
Oscar Lundqvist	-	-	-	-	-	0
Managing Director						
Anders Pettersson	-	3,052	10,777	66	676	14,571
Total	1,000	3,052	10,777	66	676	15,571

Note 6: Other external expenses

	2022	2021
Consultancy fees, related parties	-13	-62
Consultancy fees, other	-3	-2
Insurance premiums	-17	-15
Other	-4	-3
Total other external expenses	-37	-82

Insurance premiums have been re-invoiced to other group companies.

Fees to auditors - PwC	2022	2021
Audit assignment	0	0
Other services	0	0
Total	0	0

The term audit assignment refers to the statutory audit of the annual accounts and bookkeeping records and the administration of the Board of Directors and Managing Director, as well as any other audits or reviews conducted in accordance with agreement or contract. This includes other tasks which are the responsibility of the company's auditor to perform, and guidance or other assistance in relation to observations made during such audit or the performance of such other tasks.

Note 7: Result from participations in group companies

	2022	2021
Dividends	506	1,407
Write-downs	-256	-
Total result from part. in group companies	250	1,407

Note 8: Interest expenses and similar items

	2022	2021
Interest expenses, external	0	0
Total	0	0

Interest expenses paid amount to SEK 0 million (0).

Note 9: Appropriations

	2022	2021
Group contributions made	-6	0
Group contributions received	-	6
Total	-6	6

Note 10: Tax for the year

Tax expense/income for the period consists of the following breakdown between current and deferred tax:

	2022	2021
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
Total tax	0	0

The table below shows the reconciliation between actual and theoretical tax expense/income:

	2022	2021
Net profit/loss before tax	244	1,352
Tax based on applicable tax rate		
20.6 percent	-50	-278
Non-deductible expenses	-54	-12
Non-taxable income	104	290
Total tax	0	0



The company had no non-utilised tax loss carryforwards at the end of the financial year.

Note 11: Intangible fixed assets

	2022	2021
Accumulated acquisition cost		
Opening balance 1 January	1	8
Disposals	-	-7
Closing balance 31 December	1	1
Accumulated depreciation		
Opening balance 1 January	-1	-7
Depreciation	0	-1
Disposals	-	7
Closing balance 31 December	-1	-1
Carrying amount	0	0

Intangible fixed assets relate to software and databases for monitoring and analysis of the performance and development of subsidiaries.

Note 12: Tangible fixed assets

Equipment	2022	2021
Accumulated acquisition cost		
Opening balance 1 January	1	1
Closing balance 31 December	1	1
Accumulated depreciation		
Opening balance 1 January	-1	-1
Depreciation for the year	0	0
Closing balance 31 December	-1	-1
Carrying amount	0	0

The parent company's tangible fixed assets relate to furniture and equipment at the head office.

Note 13: Shares in group companies

	2022	2021
Accumulated acquisition cost		
Opening balance 1 January	3,064	2,931
Disposals	-	0
Write-ups	4,000	-
Shareholder contributions	-	133
Closing balance 31 December	7,064	3,064
Accumulated write-downs		
Opening balance 1 January	-45	-45
Write-downs	-256	-
Closing balance 31 December	-301	-45
Carrying amount	6,763	3,019

The following table shows a specification of the carrying amount per subsidiary:

	2022	2021
Solör Bioenergi Holding 2 AB	6,763	2,763
Rindi Energi AB	0	256
Closing balance 31 December	6,763	3,019

Number of shares owned in each subsidiary and ownership as a percentage:

2022	No. of shares	Ownership %
Solör Bioenergi Holding 2 AB	500	100%
Rindi Energi AB	1,578,542	100%

2021	No. of shares	Ownership %
Solör Bioenergi Holding 2 AB	500	100%
Rindi Energi AB	1,578,542	100%

The number of shares relates to both the number of shares and votes.

Subsidiaries' corporate identity number and registered office:

	Corp. ID no.	Reg. office
Solör Bioenergi Holding 2 AB	556982-8469	Stockholm, Sweden
Rindi Energi AB	556495-8758	Vadstena, Sweden

Please see Group Note 2 for complete information about the structure of the Group.



Note 14: Cash and cash equivalents

The parent company's cash and cash equivalents consist of bank account balances.

2022	Within 6 months	6-12 months	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Accounts payable	0	-	-	-	0
Liabilities to group companies	-	-	-	-	0
Other liabilities	36	10	-	-	46
Accrued expenses	1	-	-	-	1
Total	37	10	0	0	47

Note 15: Financial instruments and risk management

The tables below show an overview of the maturity structure of the parent company's financial liabilities based on non-discounted contractual payments:

2021	Within 6 months	6-12 months	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Accounts payable	0	-	-	-	0
Liabilities to group companies	255	-	-	-	255
Other liabilities	33	185	-	-	218
Accrued expenses	1	-	-	-	1
Total	289	185	0	0	474



Note 16: Number of shares, share capital and information regarding shareholders

	2022	2021
No. of ordinary shares, quota value SEK 10.85	37,044,856	37,044,856

All shares have the same right to the company's remaining net assets. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to dividends that are resolved gradually, and the shareholding entitles the shareholder to vote at the Annual General Meeting with one vote per share. All shares are fully paid, and no shares are reserved for transfer. No shares are held by the company itself or its subsidiaries. The table below shows details of changes in the parent company's share capital and share premium reserve:

<i>SEK thousands</i>	2022			2021		
	Share capital	Share premium reserve	Total	Share capital	Share premium reserve	Total
Ordinary shares issued and paid at the beginning of the year	402,007	3,091,939	3,493,946	339,996	2,153,950	2,493,946
New share issue	-	-	0	62,011	937,989	1,000,000
Ordinary shares issued and paid at the end of the year	402,007	3,091,939	3,493,946	402,007	3,091,939	3,493,946

During the 2022 financial year, it was resolved at an extraordinary meeting of shareholders in June to pay dividends of SEK 65 million to the parent company's shareholders. In July, payments totalling SEK 240 million were made to the company's shareholders regarding dividends resolved during the previous financial year as well as parts of the dividends resolved during the current year.

During the 2021 financial year, it was resolved to pay dividends to the parent company's shareholders totalling SEK 2,502 million, of which dividends of SEK 250 million were resolved at an extraordinary meeting of shareholders in June, and dividends of SEK 2,252 million were resolved at two extraordinary meetings of shareholders in December. The dividends resolved at the extraordinary meeting of shareholders in June were paid in the month of July in the amount of SEK 235 million, while the dividends resolved at the two extraordinary meetings of shareholders in December were paid in the same month in the amount of SEK 2,082 million.

The following table presents shareholder information:

Shareholder	31 Dec 2022		31 Dec 2021	
	No. of shares	Share of ownership	No. of shares	Share of ownership
Nordic Infrastructure AG*	22,197,454	59.92%	22,197,454	59.92%
Polhem Infra KB	14,817,937	40.00%	14,817,937	40.00%
BE Bio Energy Group AG	29,465	0.08%	29,465	0.08%
Total	37,044,856	100.00%	37,044,856	100.00%

*The company is wholly owned by BE Bio Energy Group AG

Solör Bioenergi Holding AB is a subsidiary of BE Bio Energy Group AG, with registered office in Switzerland. The parent company's address is: Zollikerstrasse 226, 8008 Zurich, Switzerland. As of the balance sheet date, BE Bio Energy Group AG's direct and indirect shareholdings in Solör Bioenergi Holding AB amount to 22,226,919 shares, which equates to 60 percent.



Note 17: Transactions with related parties

The parent company has conducted various transactions with related parties. All transactions are conducted as part of the ordinary course of business and are based on market terms. No sureties have been provided by the parent company on behalf of related parties.

Related party	Relationship
BE Bio Energy Group AG	Solör Bioenergi Holding AB's parent company which, as of the balance sheet date, directly or indirectly via its subsidiary Nordic Infrastructure AG, holds 60.00 percent (60.00) of the shares and votes in Solör Bioenergi Holding AB.
Polhem Infra KB	As of the balance sheet date, Polhem Infra KB holds 40.00 percent (40.00) of the shares and votes in Solör Bioenergi Holding AB.

The table below shows details of Solör Bioenergi Holding AB's transactions with related parties, except for transactions with related group companies. Please see note 4 for information regarding transactions with group companies.

2022	Related party	Total amount / invoiced	Of which with direct effect in the form of	
			expense in the income statement	Liability as of the balance sheet date *
	BE Bio Energy Group AG	-12	-12	0
	Nordic Infrastructure AG	-	-	-6
	Polhem Infra KB	-1	-1	-4
		-13	-13	-10

* Relates to unpaid dividends.

2021	Related party	Total amount / invoiced	Of which with direct effect in the form of	
			expense in the income statement	Liability as of the balance sheet date *
	BE Bio Energy Group AG	-60	-60	0
	Nordic Infrastructure AG	-	-	-111
	Polhem Infra KB	-1	-1	-74
		-61	-61	-185

* Relates to unpaid dividends.



Note 18: Lease commitments

2022	Within 1 year	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Future minimum lease payments	2	-	-	2

2021	Within 1 year	2-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Future minimum lease payments	2	1	-	3

Future lease commitments relate to office premises. Leasing expenses during the financial year amounted to SEK 2 million (2), of which variable fees amounted to SEK 0 million (0).

Note 19: Pledged assets and contingent liabilities

<i>All amounts in MSEK unless otherwise stated</i>	2022	2021
Pledged assets		
Participations in group companies	-	-
	0	0
Contingent liabilities		
Parent company guarantees and sureties on behalf of subsidiaries	-	-
	0	0

Note 20: Significant events after the end of the financial year

No events of a significant nature have occurred after the end of the financial year that have a material impact on the parent company's profits and financial position.

Note 21: Proposed appropriation of profits

The following profits are at the disposal of the Annual General Meeting:

	SEK
Share premium reserve	3,091,939,051
Accumulated earnings	-858,394,433
Net profit/loss for the year	243,520,896
Total	2,477,065,514

The Board of Directors proposes that non-restricted equity of SEK 2,477,065,514 be appropriated as follows:

	SEK
Dividends to shareholders	0
To be carried forward	2,477,065,514
Total	2,477,065,514



solarbioenergi

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director hereby confirm that the annual report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Sweden and that the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the international accounting standards referred to in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 July 2002 on the application of international accounting standards. The annual report and the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the parent company and the Group. The Directors' Report for the parent company and the Group provides a true and fair overview of the development of the parent company's and the Group's operations, financial position and performance and describes the significant risks and uncertainties faced by the parent company and the companies included in the Group.

Stockholm, 25 April 2023

Martinus Brandal
Chairman of the Board

Ola Strøm
Vice Chairman

Erik A. Lynne
Board member

Jonathan F. Finn
Board member

Kerstin Levin
Board member

Anders Pettersson
Managing Director

Our auditor's report was submitted on 26 April 2023.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers AB

Martin Johansson
Authorised Public Accountant
Auditor in Charge

Johan Wirén
Authorised Public Accountant



Auditor's report

To the general meeting of the shareholders of Solør Bioenergi Holding AB (publ), corporate identity number 556907-9535

Report on the annual accounts and consolidated accounts

Opinions

We have audited the annual accounts and consolidated accounts of Solør Bioenergi Holding AB (publ) for the year 2022 except for the statutory sustainability report on pages 8-10.

In our opinion, the annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of parent company as of 31 December 2022 and its financial performance and cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act. The consolidated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the group as of 31 December 2022 and their financial performance and cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the EU, and the Annual Accounts Act. The statutory administration report is consistent with the other parts of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts.

We therefore recommend that the general meeting of shareholders adopts the income statement and balance sheet for the parent company and the group.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA) and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities* section. We are independent of the parent company and the group in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Other Information than the annual accounts and consolidated accounts

This document also contains other information than the annual accounts and consolidated accounts and is found on pages 8-10. The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for this other information.

Our opinion on the annual accounts and consolidated accounts does not cover this other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion regarding this other information.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, our responsibility is to read the information identified above and consider whether the information is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts and consolidated accounts. In this procedure we also take into account our knowledge otherwise obtained in the audit and assess whether the information otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If we, based on the work performed concerning this information, conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the preparation of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts and that they give a fair presentation in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act and, concerning the consolidated accounts, in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the EU. The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts and consolidated accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the assessment of the company's and the group's ability to continue as a going concern. They disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting. The going concern basis of accounting is however not applied if the Board of Directors and the Managing Director intends to liquidate the company, to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts and consolidated accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual accounts and consolidated accounts.

A further description of our responsibility for the audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts is available on Revisorsinspektionen's website: www.revisorsinspektionen.se/revisorsansvar. This description is part of the auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions

In addition to our audit of the annual accounts and consolidated accounts, we have also audited the administration of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director of Solør Bioenergi Holding AB (publ) for the year 2022 and the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss.

We recommend to the general meeting of shareholders that the profit be appropriated in accordance with the proposal in the statutory administration report and that the members of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director be discharged from liability for the financial year.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted the audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities* section. We are independent of the parent company and the group in accordance with professional ethics for accountants in Sweden and have otherwise fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and the Managing Director

The Board of Directors is responsible for the proposal for appropriations of the company's profit or loss. At the proposal of a dividend, this includes an assessment of whether the dividend is justifiable considering the requirements which the company's and the group's type of operations, size and risks place on the size of the parent company's and the group's equity, consolidation requirements, liquidity and position in general.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the company's organization and the administration of the company's affairs. This includes among other things continuous assessment of the company's and the group's financial situation and ensuring that the company's organization is designed so that the accounting, management of assets and the company's financial affairs otherwise are controlled in a reassuring manner. The Managing Director shall manage the ongoing administration according to the Board of Directors' guidelines and instructions and among other matters take measures that are necessary to fulfill the company's accounting in accordance with law and handle the management of assets in a reassuring manner.

Auditor's responsibility

Our objective concerning the audit of the administration, and thereby our opinion about discharge from liability, is to obtain audit evidence to assess with a reasonable degree of assurance whether any member of the Board of Directors or the Managing Director in any material respect:



- has undertaken any action or been guilty of any omission which can give rise to liability to the company, or
- in any other way has acted in contravention of the Companies Act, the Annual Accounts Act or the Articles of Association.

Our objective concerning the audit of the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss, and thereby our opinion about this, is to assess with reasonable degree of assurance whether the proposal is in accordance with the Companies Act.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden will always detect actions or omissions that can give rise to liability to the company, or that the proposed appropriations of the company's profit or loss are not in accordance with the Companies Act.

A further description of our responsibility for the audit of the administration is available on Revisorsinspektionen's website www.revisorsinspektionen.se/revisornsansvar. This description is part of the auditor's report.

The auditor's opinion regarding the statutory sustainability report

The Board of Directors is responsible for the statutory sustainability report on pages 8–10, and that it is prepared in accordance with the Annual Accounts Act.

Our examination has been conducted in accordance with FAR:s auditing standard RevR 12 The auditor's opinion regarding the statutory sustainability report. This means that our examination of the statutory sustainability report is different and substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and generally accepted auditing standards in Sweden. We believe that the examination has provided us with sufficient basis for our opinion.

A statutory sustainability report has been prepared.

Stockholm April 26, 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers AB

Martin Johansson
Authorized Public Accountant
Partner in charge

Johan Wirén
Authorized Public Accountant