



ÅRSREGNSKAPET FOR REGNSKAPSÅRET 2024 - GENERELL INFORMASJON

Enheten

Organisasjonsnummer:	990 397 082
Organisasjonsform:	Aksjeselskap
Foretaksnavn:	KCA DEUTAG DRILLING OFFSHORE SERVICES AS
Forretningsadresse:	Espehaugen 37 5258 BLOMSTERDALEN

Regnskapsår

Årsregnskapets periode:	01.01.2024 - 31.12.2024
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Konsern

Morselskap i konsern:	Nei
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Regnskapsregler

Regler for små foretak benyttet:	Nei
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til selskapet:	Forenklet IFRS

Årsregnskapet fastsatt av kompetent organ

Bekreftet av representant for selskapet:	Håvard Haugland
Dato for fastsettelse av årsregnskapet:	30.06.2025

Grunnlag for avgivelse

År 2024: Årsregnskapet er elektronisk innlevert
År 2023: Tall er hentet fra elektronisk innlevert årsregnskap fra 2024

Det er ikke krav til at årsregnskapet m.v. som sendes til Regnskapsregisteret er undertegnet. Kontrollen på at dette er utført ligger hos revisor/enhetens øverste organ. Sikkerheten ivaretas ved at innsender har rolle/rettighet for innsending av årsregnskapet via Altinn, og ved at det bekreftes at årsregnskapet er fastsatt av kompetent organ.

Brønnøysundregistrene, 10.08.2025



Resultatregnskap

Beløp i: USD	Note	2024	2023
RESULTATREGNSKAP			
Inntekter			
Salgsinntekt	3	70 882 000	57 173 000
Sum inntekter		70 882 000	57 173 000
Kostnader			
Annen driftskostnad		62 095 000	50 727 000
Sum kostnader		62 095 000	50 727 000
Driftsresultat		8 787 000	6 446 000
Finansinntekter og finanskostnader			
Annen finansinntekt			286 000
Sum finansinntekter			286 000
Annen rentekostnad		102 000	1 000
Sum finanskostnader		102 000	1 000
Netto finans		-102 000	285 000
Resultat før skattekostnad		8 685 000	6 731 000
Skattekostnad	5	-149 000	0
Årsresultat		8 834 000	6 731 000
Overføringer og disponeringer			
Overføringer til/fra annen egenkapital		8 834 000	6 731 000
Sum overføringer og disponeringer		8 834 000	6 731 000



Balanse

Beløp i: USD	Note	2024	2023
BALANSE - EIENDELER			
Anleggsmidler			
Immaterielle eiendeler			
Sum anleggsmidler		0	0
Omløpsmidler			
Varer			
Fordringer			
Kundefordringer		9 093 000	10 588 000
Andre fordringer	6	39 538 000	30 507 000
Sum fordringer		48 631 000	41 095 000
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende			
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		184 000	197 000
Sum bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		184 000	197 000
Sum omløpsmidler		48 815 000	41 292 000
SUM EIENDELER		48 815 000	41 292 000
BALANSE - EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD			
Egenkapital			
Innskutt egenkapital			
Selskapskapital	7	16 000	16 000
Valutakorreksjoner	7	-644 000	152 000
Sum innskutt egenkapital		-628 000	168 000
Opptjent egenkapital			
Udekket tap	7	100 611 000	109 445 000
Sum opptjent egenkapital		-100 611 000	-109 445 000
Sum egenkapital		-101 239 000	-109 277 000



Balanse

Beløp i: USD	Note	2024	2023
Sum langsiktig gjeld		0	0
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Leverandørgjeld		39 000	0
Kortsiktig konserngjeld	8	149 979 000	150 529 000
Annen kortsiktig gjeld	8	36 000	40 000
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		150 054 000	150 569 000
Sum gjeld		150 054 000	150 569 000
SUM EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD		48 815 000	41 292 000



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS
Annual report and financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2024

Registered Number (Norway): 990 397 082



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS
Annual report and financial statements
for the year ended 31 December 2024

Contents

Board of Directors, auditors and business address	1
Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2024	2
Report of the Auditors to the General Meeting of KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS	5
Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2024	9
Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2024	9
Balance sheet as at 31 December 2024	10
Statement of cash flow for the year ended 31 December 2024	11
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024	12



KCAD Drilling Offshore Services AS

Board of Directors, auditors and business address

Board of Directors

Ole Maier
Alisdair Hogg (resigned 6 November 2024)
Thorbjørn Anhøj
Jay Porter (appointed 6 November 2024)

Independent auditors

Ernst and Young AS
Thormøhlens gate 53 D
NO-5006 Bergen
Norway

Business Address

Group Headquarters
Bankhead Drive
City South Office Park
Portlethen
Aberdeenshire
AB12 4XX



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2024

The Directors submit their report to the members together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Directorate

The Directors in office at the date of this report and who served during the year are as follows:

Ole Maier

Alisdair Hogg (resigned 6 November 2024)

Thorbjørn Anhøj

Jay Porter (appointed 6 November 2024)

Nature of the activity

The Company's principal activity is as an offshore drilling service provider.

The Company has a branch formed in Gabon – KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS – Gabon Branch.

The Company is a 100% owned subsidiary of KCA DEUTAG Offshore AS.

Operations and prospects

During 2024 the Company had three contracts for the provision of drilling services and all of these continue into 2025.

Gender equality

An objective of the Company is to provide a working environment where full gender equality is prevailing.

Traditionally men have been over-represented in the oil industry. Nevertheless the Company's policy is to work towards full gender equality in regard to positions, level of wages and recruitment. The Company shall provide the same possibilities for the employees independent of race, predilection, age, culture, nationality, religion, or sex.

Women and men shall be given the same opportunities for education, work and culture and skilled development.

Women are invited to apply when the Company is recruiting for offshore positions. When recruiting for positions onshore the under-represented sex is invited to apply.



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2024 (continued)

Going concern assumption

The company has net liabilities of \$101,239k (2023: \$109,277k), and its funding is dependent upon the overall funding position of the KCA Deutag International Group. The Group regularly monitors its funding position throughout the year to ensure that it has access to sufficient funds to meet its forecast cash requirements. Forecasts are regularly produced to give management's best estimates of forward liquidity, leverage and forecast covenant compliance as defined in the Group's loan documentation. This is done to identify risks to liquidity and covenant compliance and to enable management to formulate appropriate and timely mitigation strategies.

Subsequent to the year end, KCA Deutag International Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group") were sold to HP Global Holdings Limited, a subsidiary of Helmerich and Payne LLC. As part of the transaction, the majority of the Group's external debt has been repaid replaced by an intercompany loan from Helmerich and Payne LLC.

The Directors have considered the going concern period to 30 September 2026. In assessing whether the financial statements for the Group should be prepared on the going concern basis, the Directors have considered current market conditions and the outlook for the Group.

Whilst the Group is expected to generate positive cashflows within the going concern period, the funding of the Group is dependent upon the overall funding position of Helmerich & Payne ("the H&P Group"). The H&P Group regularly monitors its funding position throughout the year to ensure that it has access to sufficient funds to meet its forecast cash requirements.

Forecasts are regularly produced to give management's best estimates of forward liquidity, leverage and forecast covenant compliance as defined in the Group's loan documentation. This is done to identify risks to liquidity and covenant compliance and to enable management to formulate appropriate and timely mitigation strategies.

For the Group to continue as a going concern, it is reliant upon the provision of financial support from its parent. As such, the Directors have obtained written confirmation that the H&P Group intend to support the Group through the going concern period.

Financial / market related risk

Principle risk to the Company's future activities is mainly connected to the durability of the contract portfolio, in the form of option performance and award of new contracts. For further information on risk see note 2.

Health, Security and Environment (HSE)

The Company has no employees. The Board and management work to establish equal positions and opportunities for men and women on the Board.



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2024 (continued)

The financial statements

The turnover of \$70,882k (2023: \$57,173k) derived from the three contracts the Company holds.

In the current year, the Company made a profit after tax of \$8,834k (2023: \$6,731k), and net cash outflow from operating activities of \$13k (2023: \$9k).

The Company had satisfactory liquidity during the year. The liquidity reserves have decreased from \$197k at the end of 2023 to \$184k at the end of the year. Abbot Group Limited, a parent undertaking, has agreed to provide the Company with funds to meet obligations as required.

Annual result and year end appropriations

In 2024 the Company has a profit after taxes of \$8,834k (2023: \$6,731k) which the Board proposes to be allocated as follows:

At 31 December 2024 the Company has no free equity.

\$16k is un-distributable being share capital.

Bergen, 30 June 2025

Ole Maier
Chairman

Jay Porter
Board Member

Thorbjørn Anhøj
Board Member



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Statsautoriserte revisorer
Ernst & Young AS

Thormøhlens gate 53 D, 5006 Bergen
Postboks 6163, 5892 Bergen

Foretaksregisteret: NO 976 389 387 MVA
Tlf: +47 24 00 24 00

www.ey.no
Medlemmer av Den norske Revisorforening

To the General Meeting in Kca Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Kca Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2024, the income statement, statement of comprehensive income and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion

- the financial statements comply with applicable statutory requirements, and
- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2024 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with simplified application of international accounting standards according to section 3-9 of the Norwegian Accounting Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the requirements of the relevant laws and regulations in Norway and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* (the IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The Board of Directors (management) is responsible for the information in the Board of Directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the information in the Board of Directors' report.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the information in the Board of Directors' report. The purpose is to consider if there is material inconsistency between the information in the Board of Directors' report and the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise the information in the Board of Directors' report otherwise appears to be materially misstated. We are required to report if there is a material misstatement in the Board of Directors' report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Based on our knowledge obtained in the audit, it is our opinion that the Board of Directors' report

- is consistent with the financial statements and
- contains the information required by applicable statutory requirements.

Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with simplified application of international accounting standards according to section 3-9 of the Norwegian Accounting Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



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In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Bergen, 1 Juli 2025
ERNST & YOUNG AS

The auditor's report is signed electronically

Kjetil Håvardstun
State Authorised Public Accountant (Norway)

Independent auditor's report - Kca Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS 2024

A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 84401-SEIXG-50MH7-1UOBI-WAALF-4N5EK



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"Med min signatur bekrefter jeg alle datoer og innholdet i dette dokument."

Håvardstun, Kjetil

Statsautorisert revisor

På vegne av: EY

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IP: 147.161.xxx.xxx

2025-07-01 15:22:39 UTC



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KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Profit & loss account for the year ended 31 December 2024

	Note	2024 US\$ 000's	2023 US\$ 000's
Operating income			
Sales revenue	3	70,882	57,173
Operating expenses			
Hire of personnel		(34,946)	(28,447)
Hire of equipment and other operating expenses		(27,149)	(22,280)
Total operating expenses		(62,095)	(50,727)
Operating profit		8,787	6,446
Other financial income		-	286
Other financial expenses		(102)	(1)
Net finance items		(102)	285
Ordinary profit before tax charge		8,685	6,731
Tax charge			
Tax charge on ordinary profit	5	149	-
Profit for the year		8,834	6,731
Applications:			
Transferred to other equity		8,834	6,731
Total applications		8,834	6,731

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2024

	2024 US\$ 000's	2023 US\$ 000's
Profit for the year	8,834	6,731
Total other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	8,834	6,731

**KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS****Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2024**

	Note	2024 US\$ 000's	2023 US\$ 000's
Current assets			
Trade receivables		9,093	10,588
Other receivables	6	39,538	30,507
Total receivables		48,631	41,095
Cash and cash equivalents		184	197
Total current assets		48,815	41,292
Total assets		48,815	41,292
Equity			
Paid in equity			
Share capital	7	16	16
Translation reserve	7	(644)	152
Total paid in equity		(628)	168
Earned equity			
Other equity	7	(100,611)	(109,445)
Total earned equity		(100,611)	(109,445)
Total equity		(101,239)	(109,277)
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Due to group companies	8	149,979	150,529
Trade payables		39	-
Other current liabilities	8	36	40
Total current liabilities		150,054	150,569
Total liabilities		150,054	150,569
Total equity and liabilities		48,815	41,292

Bank balances within the Group's cash pooling arrangements are now shown within amounts due from/to Group companies.

Bergen, 30 June 2025

Ole Maier
Chairman

Jay Porter
Board Member

Thorbjørn Amøij
Board Member



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Statement of cash flow for the year ended 31 December 2024

	Note	2024 US\$ 000's	2023 US\$ 000's
Profit before taxes		8,685	6,731
Change in receivables		(7,536)	(8,666)
Change in payables		(515)	548
Tax paid	5	149	-
Net exchange differences from other operating activities		(796)	1,378
Net cash used in operations		(13)	(9)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(13)	(9)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		197	206
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		184	197

Bank balances within the Group's cash pooling arrangements are now shown within amounts due from/to Group companies.



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024

Note 1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with simplified International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) allowed by § 3-9 of the Norwegian accounting Act, under which the Company's accounting policies are in accordance with IFRS while notes to the financial statements are prepared in accordance with chapter 7 of the Norwegian Accounting Act.

1-1 Group affiliation

In accordance with the Accounting Act § 3-7 the Company does not prepare consolidated financial statements. The Company constitutes part of the consolidated financial statements of the KCA Deutag International Limited, a company registered in Jersey. The consolidated financial statements of KCA Deutag International Limited are available from Group Headquarters, Bankhead Drive, City South Office Park, Portlethen, Aberdeenshire, AB12 4WX.

1-2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements is subject to the management using estimates and assumptions that influence the income statement and the assessment of assets and liabilities, and information related to insecure assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date.

Conditional losses that are probable and quantifiable are recognised in the current Profit and loss account.

1-3 Foreign currency

The Company's functional currency is US\$ and the Company makes use of US\$ as accounting and presentation currency. Monetary items in foreign currency have been translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the year end.

1-4 Sales revenues

Sales revenues are mainly generated from drilling for the oil and gas industry. Revenue is recognised on the basis of day rates and actually accrued time. Income is recognised when it is probable that the transaction will generate future financial advantages that will be due to the Company and the size of the amount can be measured reliably. Income is reported exclusive of value added tax and after deduction of possible discounts. Income and expenses related to activities lasting past the turn of the year are accrued in accordance to number of days that the activity lasts prior to and after the closing of the annual financial statements. The total cost is reassessed currently. Rig mobilization income is recognized in the Profit and loss account over the life of the contract. For projects that are assumed to result in a loss the total estimated loss is recognised immediately.



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (continued)

Note 1 Accounting policies (continued)

1-5 Taxes

The financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency US\$. From the period from 1 March 2011 the Company became tax resident in the United Kingdom and from that date is liable to UK tax.

The tax charge represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax. Tax currently payable is based on the taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from the profit reported in the Profit and loss account due to items that are not taxable or deductible in any period and also due to items that are taxable or deductible in a different period. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Payable tax calculated in XAF and UK Sterling is translated to US\$ using the exchange rate of the balance sheet date.

The Company has not recognised potential deferred tax asset on the tax effects of deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses as their recovery in future years is uncertain.

1-6 Classification and valuation of balance sheet items

Current assets and current liabilities comprise items falling due within one year from the time of acquisition. Remaining items are classified as non-current assets/non-current liabilities.

Current assets are valued at the lower of acquisition cost and net realisable value. Current liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at nominal value at the date of establishment of the liability.

Non-current assets are valued at acquisition cost but depreciated to recoverable amount if lower than carrying amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of net sales value and utility value. Non-current liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at nominal value at the date of establishment.

1-7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recognised in the balance sheet and depreciated over the asset's expected useful life. Deduction is made for salvage value when calculating the basis for depreciation. Direct maintenance of operating equipment is recognised currently as operating expense in the Profit and loss account, while upgrading or improvements are added to the asset's cost price and depreciated in line with the asset. Upgrading also comprises borrowing expenses that can be related to the assets. Other borrowing expenses are recognised in the Profit and loss account in the period in which they accrue. If recoverable amount of the asset should be lower than the carrying amount depreciation is made to recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of net sales value and utility value. Utility value is present value of the future cash flows that the asset is expected to generate.



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (continued)

Note 1 Accounting policies (continued)

1-8 Inventory

Spares which are held for use in the Company's operations are stated at cost less a provision in respect of those spares attaching to older equipment.

1-9 Shares

Shares, including shares in subsidiary and associated companies are valued according to the cost method in the company financial statements. The investment is valued at acquisition cost for the shares unless impairment has been necessary. Impairment to fair value has been made when a loss in value is considered not to be temporary and it is required according to generally accepted accounting principles. The impairment is reversed when the reason for impairment is no longer present.

Dividend and other distributions are recognised as income in the same year as being allocated in the subsidiary. In case the dividend exceeds share of retained result after the acquisition, the excess amount represents repayment of invested capital and the distributions have been deducted the value of the investment in the balance sheet.

1-10 Borrowings

Interest bearing loans are initially recorded at fair value including directly attributable transaction costs. Such transaction costs are subsequently amortised over the remaining term associated with the borrowings. Borrowings are stated net of the residual transaction costs.

1-11 Receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at nominal value less provision for bad debts. Provision for bad debts is based on individual assessment of each receivable.

1-12 Cashflow statement

The statement of cash flows has been prepared according to the indirect method. Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash, bank deposits and other short term, liquid investments.

1-13 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Monetary items in foreign currency are translated into US\$ using the exchange rate of the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical exchange rate in foreign currency, are translated to US\$ using the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange rate changes are recognised currently in the Profit and loss account in the accounting period.

Items at fair value in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the time for valuation of fair value.



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (continued)

Note 2

Interest risk

The Company has no significant interest rate risk. It does not have any interest bearing borrowings as at 31 December 2024.

Exchange risk

The Company's transactions are mainly in US\$ and GBP. In order to protect the Company's balance sheet from movements in exchange rates, wherever practical, the Company seeks to achieve natural hedging by ensuring that expenses are borne in the same currency as related income. Where this is not possible, the Company has entered, to an extent, into exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency exposure.

Note 3 Sales revenues

All turnover relates to income from drilling contracts in the offshore services business. A split of turnover by geographical area is shown below.

	2024	2023
	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
United Kingdom	70,882	57,173

Note 4 Wages, number of employees, remunerations, loans to employees and auditors' fees

The Company has no employees. No loans or guarantees have been rendered to employees in other group companies. No remuneration has been rendered to the members of the Board.

\$22k (2023: \$44k) is recognised as auditors' fees.



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (continued)

Note 5 Tax charge on ordinary profit

The financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency US\$. The Company is liable to pay taxes in the United Kingdom.

	2024	2023
	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
Tax charge for the year		
Overseas corporation tax	(149)	-
Tax expense	(149)	-

	2024	2023
	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
Calculation of tax charge for year		
Profit on operations before taxes	8,685	6,731
Tax on profit at 25% (2023: 23.52%)	2,171	1,583
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1	-
Transfer pricing adjustment	(2,321)	(2,166)
Group relief claimed	-	4,561
Amounts not recognised	-	(3,978)
	(149)	-

Taxable income (basis for payable tax in the balance sheet)	-	-
Tax rate	25%	23.52%
UK corporation tax payable	-	-
Double tax relief	-	-
Foreign corporation tax payable	-	-
Taxes payable	-	-

Tax receivable (payable) in the balance sheet

At 1 January	-	-
Payable tax charge for the year	-	-
Payments during the year	-	-
At 31 December	-	-



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (continued)

Note 5 Tax charge on ordinary profit (continued)

	2024	2023
	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
Calculation of deferred tax liability		
Property, plant and equipment	(89,639)	(89,639)
Losses	(36)	(36)
Deferred tax assets not recognised	89,675	89,675
Basis for deferred tax asset	-	-
Tax rate	25%	25%
Deferred tax liability	-	-

The Company has not recognised potential deferred tax asset of \$22,419k (2023: \$22,419k) on the tax effects of deductible temporary differences as their recovery in future years is uncertain.

Note 6 Other receivables

	2024	2023
	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
Intercompany receivables	39,537	30,507
Other tax	1	-
	39,538	30,507

Included in the intercompany balance above is an amount of \$24,975k (2023: \$15,983k) which relates to the Group cash pooling arrangement and an amount of \$11,638k (2023: \$11,849k) which relates to an intercompany loan.

Note 7 Equity

	Share Capital	Other Equity	CTA Reserves	Total
	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
At 1 January 2024	16	(109,445)	152	(109,277)
Profit for the year	-	8,834	-	8,834
Exchange differences in foreign operations	-	-	(796)	(796)
At 31 December 2024	16	(100,611)	(644)	(101,239)

Share capital consists of 100 shares of total value 100,000 NOK.



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (continued)

Note 8 Other current liabilities

	2024	2023
	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
Intercompany payables	149,979	150,529
Other payables	36	40
	150,015	150,569

Included in the intercompany balance above is an amount of \$111,000k (2023: \$111,000k) which relates to an intercompany loan.

Note 9 Related party transactions

	2024	2023
	US\$ 000's	US\$ 000's
Costs from other related parties	64,053	52,019
	64,053	52,019
Balances owed from other related parties	39,537	30,507
Balances owed to other related parties	(149,979)	(150,529)
	(110,442)	(120,022)

Note 10 Financial Institutions

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Company has no non-current liabilities owing to financial institutions.

Bank borrowings, senior secured notes and guarantee facilities available to KCA DEUTAG Alpha Limited and certain subsidiaries, including the Company, of US\$ 1,025,000,000 are secured inter alia by a cross guarantee from the Company, by a floating charge over the assets of the Company and by a share pledge over the shares of the Company.

Further details of the post year end redemption/repayment of all KCA Deutag existing debt can be found in note 13.

Note 11 Basis of preparation

The company has net liabilities of \$101,239k (2023: \$109,277k), and its funding is dependent upon the overall funding position of the KCA Deutag International Group. The Group regularly monitors its funding position throughout the year to ensure that it has access to sufficient funds to meet its forecast cash requirements. Forecasts are regularly produced to give management's best estimates of forward liquidity, leverage and forecast covenant compliance as defined in the Group's loan documentation. This is done to identify risks to liquidity and covenant compliance and to enable management to formulate appropriate and timely mitigation strategies



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (continued)

Note 11 Basis of preparation (continued)

Subsequent to the year end, KCA Deutag International Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group") were sold to HP Global Holdings Limited, a subsidiary of Helmerich and Payne LLC. As part of the transaction, the majority of the Group's external debt has been repaid replaced by an intercompany loan from Helmerich and Payne LLC.

The Directors have considered the going concern period to 30 September 2026. In assessing whether the financial statements for the Group should be prepared on the going concern basis, the Directors have considered current market conditions and the outlook for the Group.

Whilst the Group is expected to generate positive cashflows within the going concern period, the funding of the Group is dependent upon the overall funding position of Helmerich & Payne ("the H&P Group"). The H&P Group regularly monitors its funding position throughout the year to ensure that it has access to sufficient funds to meet its forecast cash requirements.

Forecasts are regularly produced to give management's best estimates of forward liquidity, leverage and forecast covenant compliance as defined in the Group's loan documentation. This is done to identify risks to liquidity and covenant compliance and to enable management to formulate appropriate and timely mitigation strategies.

For the Group to continue as a going concern, it is reliant upon the provision of financial support from its parent. As such, the Directors have obtained written confirmation that the H&P Group intend to support the Group through the going concern period.

Note 12 Ultimate parent undertaking

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of KCA DEUTAG Offshore AS. The Company's ultimate parent undertaking is KCA Deutag International Limited, which is registered in Jersey.

At 31 December 2024 the smallest and largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated are those headed by KCA Deutag International Limited. Copies of financial statements of KCA Deutag International Limited are available from Group Headquarters, Bankhead Drive, City South Office Park, Portlethen, Aberdeenshire, AB12 4XX.



KCA Deutag Drilling Offshore Services AS

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 (continued)

Note 13 Post Balance Sheet Events

On 16 January 2025 (the "Closing Date"), HP Global Holdings Limited (H&P) completed the Acquisition of 100% of the share capital of KCA Deutag International Limited pursuant to the Purchase Agreement signed in July 2024. H&P paid aggregate cash consideration of approximately \$2.0 billion, which consisted of the share purchase price of \$0.9 billion and \$1.1 billion which was used to contemporaneously repay or redeem certain of KCA Deutag existing debt, including, as applicable, the payment of all accrued and unpaid interest, premiums, and fees.

The \$1.1 billion repayment or redemption of certain KCA Deutag existing debt consisted of:

(a) the redemption in full of all of:

- i) KCA Deutag UK Finance PLC's outstanding \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 9.875% Senior Secured Notes due 2025;
- ii) KCA Deutag UK Finance PLC's outstanding \$250 million aggregate principal amount of Senior Secured Floating Rate Notes due 2025 and;
- iii) KCA Deutag PIKCO PLC's outstanding \$272.2 million aggregate principal amount (which includes approximately \$72.2 million of accrued and capitalized interest) of 15.0%/17.5% Payment-In-Kind Notes due 2027, and

(b) the repayment of all the;

- i) approximately \$50 million of outstanding borrowings under KCA Deutag's Senior Secured Guarantee and Revolving Credit Facilities provided by Barclays Bank plc and;
- ii) approximately \$50 million of outstanding borrowings under KCA Deutag's Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facilities provided by Deutsche Bank AG, in each case including, as applicable, the payment of all accrued and unpaid interest, premiums and fees in connection with each such redemption or repayment.



Skattedirektoratet

Inquiries to Torstein Kinden Helleland	Your date 25.04.2007	Our date 08.08.2007
Telephone +47 22 07 81 39	Your reference Petter Pharo	Our reference 2007/177957 /RR-RE/TKH /812.1

Ernst & Young AS
P.O. Box 6163
5892 Bergen

**Application for a permission to keep accounts in Norway in English language,
including the annual report and statement**

Dear Mr Petter Pharo,

With reference to your letter of 25 April 2007, fax of 20 June 2007 and various phone calls with respect to the above matter.

The application in question concerns the following companies:

1. Abbot Holdings Norge AS (reg. no. 989 528 270)
2. KCA DEUTAG Offshore AS (reg. no. 986 709 770)
3. KCA DEUTAG Pte Ltd (reg. no. 990 440 832)
4. KCA DEUTAG (Ben Rinnes) AS (reg. no. 990 397 082)
5. KCA DEUTAG Holdings Norge AS (reg. no. 987 558 741)

The background for the application is that all of the above mentioned companies are part of the Abbot Group. Abbot Group Plc, the head company of the Abbot Group, is listed on the London Stock Exchange (LSE).

The activities of the Abbot Group are centred around its operating subsidiaries, KCA DEUTAG, and Benter Drilling & Oilfield Systems. KCA DEUTAG is the largest offshore platform drilling contractor in the North Sea and the Caspian Region. Further, it is one of the largest international land drilling contractors outside the Americas, and a world leader in engineering, rig design, construction and operation. The company has more than 6.000 employees worldwide and has operations in the North Sea, Europe, Russia, the Middle East, Caspian Region, North and West Africa, and Asia.

KCA DEUTAG's Headquarter is in Aberdeen, Scotland, and it operates through three Global Business Units.

The company's accounts are audited by PWC. Ernst & Young is elected as the company's preferred Tax Advisor worldwide.

The reason for the application is that the group in question is highly international in the sense that it operates throughout the world. The company group has several legal entities and companies in different countries. A number of these companies are taxable or will be

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taxable in other jurisdictions due to inter alia international rig operations. It follows that the accounts for these companies will have to be presented in different jurisdictions.

The company KCA DEUTAG Pte Ltd is inter alia subject to statutory accounting also in Singapore (prepared in English language), which implies that it is a significant disadvantage if the company has to prepare the Norwegian accounts in Norwegian and the Singapore accounts in English.

For this reason alone the company group has a strong interest in using the English language as the accounting language for the above-mentioned companies.

The group headquarter is in Aberdeen, and the working language of the group is English. All the users of the accounts within the company group are also English, as well as the persons signing the accounts. All the above-mentioned companies covered by this application are 100 % owned by an English company. All company loan agreements etc. are entered into with foreign financial institutions (banks). Further, more or less all the contracting parties and customers of these companies are foreign companies. Contracting parties and customers, at a certain level, commonly want to extract information about the company from the accounts in English.

Permission to keep accounts in Norway in English language

It follows from the Norwegian Bookkeeping Act of 19 November 2004 nr 73 § 12 that the specifications of statutory financial reporting shall be in Norwegian, Swedish, Danish or English language. Hence, it is not necessary to apply for permission to keep accounts in Norway in English language.

Permission to make the annual report and statement in Norway in English language

According to the Norwegian Accounting Act § 3-4, third paragraph shall *“the annual report and annual statement ... be in Norwegian. The Ministry can in an individual decision decide that the annual report and/or annual statement may be in another language”*

Ot. prp. nr. 42 (1997-1998) *About Act about annual accounts etc.*, says the following about the purpose of the Accounting Act, refer section 1.1:

“The aim of the Government with respect to the Accounting Act is that it shall contribute towards providing informative accounts for different users of accounts. The users of accounts include investors and creditors which provide capital for the companies. Other groups include those who have an interest in knowing how the companies are operated, for example employees and the local community. The information to the capital market is an important basis for the correct pricing of financial instruments. The correct pricing of stocks is an important factor in securing the best possible allocation of resources in the economy. High quality accounts will also make it more difficult for market participants to obtain speculative gains as a result of non-publicly available information.”



Hence, one of the main aims of the Accounting Act is to contribute to “*informative accounts for different users of accounts*” The users of the accounts will include investors, creditors, employees and the local community. The government (central and local) authorities must also be considered to be an important user of the accounts. For example, the tax authorities and other public authorities who are involved in controlling the activities in the private sector, use accounts as an important tool in their control activity.

Hence, it is the view of the Ministry that it is crucial that the question of dispensation from the general rule that the annual accounts and/or annual statement should be done in Norwegian, not in any significant way deviate from the consideration of users of the accounts. Further, the applicant must have a particular interest in having the opportunity to make the annual statement and/or annual statement in a language other than Norwegian.

The four applying companies are a part of the Abbot Group and are 100 % owned by an English company. Abbot Group Plc, the head company of the Abbot Group, is listed on the London Stock Exchange (LSE). The group headquarter is in Aberdeen, and the working language of the group is English. All the users of the accounts within the company group are also English, as well as the persons signing the accounts. All company loan agreements etc. are entered into with foreign financial institutions (banks). Further, more or less all the contracting parties and customers of these companies are foreign companies. Contracting parties and customers, at a certain level, commonly want to extract information about the company from the accounts in English.

Based on the above, and after a total evaluation, the view of The Directorate of Taxes is that the applying companies mentioned above may make the annual report and statement in English language.

Conclusion

The Directorate of Taxes gives Abbot Holdings Norge AS, KCA DEUTAG Offshore AS, KCA DEUTAG Pte Ltd, KCA DEUTAG (Ben Rinnes), KCA DEUTAG Holdings Norge AS permission to make the annual report and annual statement in English language according to the Norwegian Accounting Act § 3-4 third paragraph.

Yours sincerely,

Nina Hognes
underdirektør
Seksjon for revisjon
Retts- og revisjonsavdelingen

Torstein Kinden Helleland