



ÅRSREGNSKAPET FOR REGNSKAPSÅRET 2023 - GENERELL INFORMASJON

Enheten

Organisasjonsnummer:	928 341 666
Organisasjonsform:	Aksjeselskap
Foretaksnavn:	ORIGAMI TOPCO AS
Forretningsadresse:	c/o Papirfly AS Universitetsgata 2 0164 OSLO

Regnskapsår

Årsregnskapets periode:	01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023
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Konsern

Morselskap i konsern:	Ja
Konsernregnskap lagt ved:	Ja

Regnskapsregler

Regler for små foretak benyttet:	Nei
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til selskapet:	Regnskapslovens alminnelige regler
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til konsernet:	IFRS

Årsregnskapet fastsatt av kompetent organ

Bekreftet av representant for selskapet:	Nora Tandberg
Dato for fastsettelse av årsregnskapet:	11.06.2024

Grunnlag for avgivelse

År 2023: Årsregnskapet er elektronisk innlevert
År 2022: Tall er hentet fra elektronisk innlevert årsregnskap fra 2023

Det er ikke krav til at årsregnskapet m.v. som sendes til Regnskapsregisteret er undertegnet. Kontrollen på at dette er utført ligger hos revisor/enhetens øverste organ. Sikkerheten ivaretas ved at innsender har rolle/rettighet for innsending av årsregnskapet via Altinn, og ved at det bekreftes at årsregnskapet er fastsatt av kompetent organ.

Brønnøysundregistrene, 12.08.2025



Resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2023	2022
RESULTATREGNSKAP			
Kostnader			
Other operating expenses		922 793	158 486
Sum kostnader		922 793	158 486
Driftsresultat		-922 793	-158 486
Finansinntekter og finanskostnader			
Annen renteinntekt	3	0	43 373
Interest income from shareholder	3	9 833	0
Other financial income	3	501 834	0
Sum finansinntekter		511 667	43 373
Other financial costs	3	63 816 950	142
Interest expense to shareholder	3	28 644	0
Sum finanskostnader		63 845 594	142
Netto finans		-63 333 927	43 231
Ordinært resultat før skattekostnad		-64 256 720	-115 255
Ordinært resultat etter skattekostnad		-64 256 720	-115 255
Årsresultat		-64 256 720	-115 255
Overføringer og disponeringer			
Other equity	5	-64 256 720	-115 255
Sum overføringer og disponeringer		-64 256 720	-115 255



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2023	2022
BALANSE - EIENDELER			
Anleggsmidler			
Immaterielle eiendeler			
Finansielle anleggsmidler			
Investering i datterselskap	6	993 529 804	989 833 591
Sum finansielle anleggsmidler		993 529 804	989 833 591
Sum anleggsmidler		993 529 804	989 833 591
Omløpsmidler			
Varer			
Investeringer			
Other short-term receivables from shareholders	7	1 719 833	0
Other short-term receivables from companies in the same group	7	15 563 875	5 306 801
Other short-term receivables		11 667	0
Sum investeringer		17 295 375	5 306 801
Sum omløpsmidler		17 295 375	5 306 801
SUM EIENDELER		1 010 825 179	995 140 392
BALANSE - EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD			
Egenkapital			
Innskutt egenkapital			
Share capital	5,8	1 058 597	991 561
Beholdning av egne aksjer	5	-118 600	0
Overkurs	5	1 055 935 812	989 022 029
Ikke registrert kapitalforhøyelse	5	2 938 652	413 244
Sum innskutt egenkapital		1 059 814 461	990 426 834
Opptjent egenkapital			
Other equity	5	-64 377 545	-120 825



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2023	2022
Sum opptjent egenkapital		-64 377 545	-120 825
Sum egenkapital		995 436 916	990 306 009
Sum langsiktig gjeld		0	0
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Leverandørgjeld		157 688	8 813
Kortsiktig konserngjeld	7	4 800 000	4 800 000
Other short-term liabilities from shareholders	7	10 340 575	0
Other current liabilities		90 000	25 570
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		15 388 263	4 834 383
Sum gjeld		15 388 263	4 834 383
SUM EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD		1 010 825 179	995 140 392



Konsernets resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2023	2022
RESULTATREGNSKAP			
Inntekter			
Revenue from contract with customers	2.1	347 633 000	220 874 000
Other income	2.2	780 000	5 813 000
Sum inntekter		348 413 000	226 687 000
Kostnader			
Cost of sales		27 923 000	20 845 000
Salary and personnel expenses	2.3	233 910 000	141 350 000
Depreciation of fixed assets and right-of-use assets	3.1,3.4	10 470 000	7 404 000
Amortisation of intangible assets	3.3	47 117 000	28 508 000
Other operating expenses	2.4	82 616 000	52 387 000
Sum kostnader		402 036 000	250 494 000
Driftsresultat		-53 623 000	-23 807 000
Finansinntekter og finanskostnader			
Annen renteinntekt	4.8	1 324 000	160 000
Sum finansinntekter		1 324 000	160 000
Fair value adjustments		1 956 000	
Annen rentekostnad	4.8	76 807 000	41 753 000
Foreign exchange gains / (losses)	4.8	38 529 000	3 194 000
Sum finanskostnader		117 292 000	44 947 000
Netto finans		-115 968 000	-44 787 000
Ordinært resultat før skattekostnad		-169 591 000	-68 594 000
Income tax expense	5.1	22 723 000	-14 798 000
Ordinært resultat etter skattekostnad		-192 314 000	-53 796 000
Årsresultat		-192 314 000	-53 796 000
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		7 761 000	-2 697 000
Sum resultatkomponenter for IFRS-foretak		7 761 000	-2 697 000
Totalresultat		-184 553 000	-56 493 000



Konsernets resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2023	2022
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Konsernets balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2023	2022
BALANSE - EIENDELER			
Anleggsmidler			
Immaterielle eiendeler			
Intangible assets	3.3	261 294 000	193 057 000
Utsatt skattefordel	5.1	5 409 000	19 812 000
Goodwill	3.2	1 342 586 000	1 272 106 000
Sum immaterielle eiendeler		1 609 289 000	1 484 975 000
Varige driftsmidler			
Right-of-use assets	3.4	18 787 000	12 963 000
Property, plant and equipment	3.1	3 048 000	3 199 000
Sum varige driftsmidler		21 835 000	16 162 000
Finansielle anleggsmidler			
Non-current contract assets	2.7	1 697 000	739 000
Other non-current receivables	2.5	2 453 000	1 519 000
Sum finansielle anleggsmidler		4 150 000	2 258 000
Sum anleggsmidler		1 635 274 000	1 503 395 000
Omløpsmidler			
Varer			
Fordringer			
Trade receivables	2.5	69 636 000	65 664 000
Contract assets	2.7	5 234 000	1 175 000
Other current receivables	2.5	10 533 000	11 992 000
Loan to shareholders	4.4	1 720 000	0
Sum fordringer		87 123 000	78 831 000
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende			
Cash and cash equivalents	4.3	39 466 000	18 783 000
Sum bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		39 466 000	18 783 000
Sum omløpsmidler		126 589 000	97 614 000



Konsernets balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2023	2022
SUM EIENDELER		1 761 863 000	1 601 009 000

BALANSE - EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD

Egenkapital

Innskutt egenkapital

Share capital	4.1	1 059 000	992 000
Beholdning av egne aksjer	4.1	-119 000	0
Overkurs	4.1	1 055 936 000	989 022 000
Ikke registrert kapitalforhøyelse	4.1	2 939 000	413 000
Sum innskutt egenkapital		1 059 815 000	990 427 000

Opptjent egenkapital

Cumulative translation differences		5 064 000	-2 697 000
Retained earnings		-246 110 000	-53 796 000
Sum opptjent egenkapital		-241 046 000	-56 493 000

Sum egenkapital

818 769 000 **933 934 000**

Gjeld

Langsiktig gjeld

Utsatt skatt	5.1	60 868 000	36 064 000
Sum avsetninger for forpliktelser		60 868 000	36 064 000

Annen langsiktig gjeld

Gjeld til kredittinstitusjoner	4.6	657 176 000	474 510 000
Non-current lease liabilities	3.4	10 047 000	5 837 000
Non-current contract liabilities	2.8	4 527 000	2 637 000
Other non-current liabilities	2.6	224 000	415 000
Sum annen langsiktig gjeld		671 974 000	483 399 000

Sum langsiktig gjeld

732 842 000 **519 463 000**

Kortsiktig gjeld

Leverandørgjeld	2.6	39 249 000	30 914 000
Income tax payable	5.1	1 691 000	170 000
Current contract liabilities	2.8	92 646 000	24 940 000
Current lease liabilities	3.4	9 446 000	9 336 000



Konsernets balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2023	2022
Other current liabilities	2.6	10 572 000	55 070 000
Provisions	6.3	46 307 000	27 180 000
Loans from shareholders	4.5	10 341 000	0
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		210 252 000	147 610 000
Sum gjeld		943 094 000	667 073 000
SUM EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD		1 761 863 000	1 601 007 000



Skatteetaten

Vår dato
26.05.2023

Din/Deres dato
24.04.2023

Saksbehandler
Vibeke Horne

800 80 000
Skatteetaten.no

Din/Deres referanse
AR548200182

Telefon
90518192

Org.nr
974761076

Vår referanse
2023/5225442

Postadresse
Postboks 9200 Grønland
0134 OSLO

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS
c/o Papirfly AS, Universitetsgata 2
0164 OSLO

Att. Suzette Li

Tillatelse til å utarbeide årsregnskap og årsberetning på engelsk for Origami TopCo AS, org.nr. 928 341 666

Vi viser til deres brev mottatt 24. april 2023 der det søkes om dispensasjon fra kravet til å utarbeide årsregnskap og årsberetning på norsk for Origami TopCo AS.

Skattekontoret gir på bakgrunn av en konkret helhetsvurdering Origami TopCo AS dispensasjon fra kravet til å utarbeide årsregnskap og årsberetning på norsk, jf. regnskapsloven § 3-4 tredje ledd. Dispensasjonen gjelder så lenge opplysningene som danner grunnlaget for vedtaket ikke endres vesentlig.

Kopi av dette brevet må sendes til Regnskapsregisteret i Brønnøysund sammen med årsregnskapet. Den regnskapspliktige må selv dokumentere ved dette brev at tillatelse er gitt.

Bakgrunn

Origami TopCo AS har norske og utenlandske eiere, både private og profesjonelle og er det ultimate holdingselskapet for en rekke datterselskaper. Konsernets primære virksomhet er å levere programvare som en tjeneste, og kun fra bedrift til bedrift. Engelsk er konsernets arbeidsspråk. Selskapet har utenlandske styremedlemmer.

Skattekontorets vurdering

Etter regnskapsloven § 3-4 tredje ledd skal "årsregnskapet og årsberetningen [...] være på norsk. Departementet kan ved [...] enkeltvedtak bestemme at årsregnskapet og/eller årsberetningen kan være på et annet språk."

I Ot. prp. nr. 42 (1997-1998) Om lov om årsregnskap mv., er det uttalt følgende om regnskapslovens formål, jf. pkt. 1.1:

"Regjeringen har som siktemål at regnskapsloven skal bidra til informative regnskaper for ulike grupper av regnskapsbrukere. Regnskapsbrukerne er dels investorer og kreditorer som tilfører kapital til foretakene, og dels andre grupper som har interesse av å vite hvordan foretaket drives, f.eks. de ansatte og lokalsamfunnet. Informasjonen til kapitalmarkedet skal gi grunnlag for riktig prising av finansielle objekter. Riktig prisdannelse på aksjer er en forutsetning for at ressursbruken i



samfunnsøkonomien skal bli best mulig. Gode regnskaper vil også gjøre det vanskeligere for markedsdeltakere å ta ut spekulasjonsgevinster med basis i skjevt fordelt informasjon.”

Det fremgår således at et av hovedformålene med regnskapsloven er å bidra til "informativ regnskaper for ulike grupper av regnskapsbrukere". Regnskapsbrukere vil omfatte, jf. uttalelsen i proposisjonen, blant andre investorer, kreditorer, ansatte og lokalsamfunnet.

Det er etter skattekontorets vurdering derfor avgjørende ved vurdering av om dispensasjon fra kravet til å utarbeide årsregnskap og/eller årsberetning på norsk kan gis, at det ikke foreligger mulige brukere av regnskapsinformasjon som blir vesentlig berørt negativt ved en eventuell dispensasjon.

Det er særlig hensynet til brukerne av regnskapsinformasjon som skal vurderes ved en dispensasjonssøknad. I denne vurderingen har skattekontoret lagt særlig vekt på at selskapet har norske og utenlandske eiere, både private og profesjonelle. Videre er det vektlagt at selskapet driver virksomhet i en bransje der alle sentrale aktører behersker og benytter engelsk.

Vennligst oppgi vår referanse ved henvendelse i saken.

Med hilsen

Vibeke Horne
rådgiver
Brukerdialog, brukerkontakt
Skatteetaten

Dokumentet er elektronisk godkjent og har derfor ikke håndskrevne signaturer.



Origami TopCo AS

Organisation number: 928 341 666

Consolidated financial statements and annual report

For the year ended 31 December 2023





ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2023

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Nature and location of the business

Origami TopCo AS ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") develop and sells software solutions for brand management.

In addition to Origami TopCo AS, the Group consists of the following subsidiaries:

Subsidiary	Incorporated in	Operations take place in
Papirfly AS	Norway	Oslo and Sandnes
Brandpad AS	Norway	Oslo
Papirfly Danmark ApS	Denmark	Aarhus
Papirfly Ltd	the United Kingdom	London
Papirfly AB	Sweden	Stockholm and Kalmar
Papirfly Inc	the United States of America	Fairfield
Papirfly GmbH	Germany	Karlsruhe
Papirfly Research s.r.o	the Czech Republic	Zlín and Brno
Tactic Realtime Marketing OU	Estonia	Tallinn
Papirfly France SAS	France	Paris
Keepeek SAS	France	Paris and Renne
Origami BidCo AS	Norway	Oslo

The head office is located in Oslo.

During the year, the Group had positive growth and development. The Group focuses on two separate use cases: employer branding and corporate branding / marketing.

On 2 June 2023, the Group purchased all the shares in Papirfly France SAS, an entity that holds 100% of the voting rights in Keepeek SAS.

Report on the consolidated financial statements

The Group was established on 23 February 2022. It has reported the following key highlights for the year. The Group reported revenue of NOK 347,633 thousand (2022: NOK 220,874 thousand). The annual loss before tax was NOK 169,591 thousand (NOK 68,594 thousand). The loss is driven by the amortization of intangible assets as well as the interest expense payable on the loan from the investors. The Group entered into a loan agreement with Ture Invest AB and the total interest-bearing debt at year end was NOK 657,176 thousand.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU ("IFRS"), and Norwegian disclose requirements listed in the Norwegian Accounting Act and represents the first financial statements of the Group in accordance with IFRS.

During the year, the Group made investments in research and development, through utilisation of own employees. Investments included new feature development and improvements to the platform. In total costs amounting to NOK 36,216 thousand (2022: NOK 15,287 thousand) relating to internal development was capitalised in the year.



ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2023

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Total cash flow from operations in the Group was an inflow of NOK 75,161 thousand (2022: NOK 13,015 thousand outflow), while the operating loss for the Group amounted to NOK 169,591 thousand (2022 NOK 68,594 thousand operating loss). The difference is mainly due to the interest expense on the investor loan and the amortisation on intangible assets.

The Group acquired Keepeek SAS during the year. The Group received proceeds from equity and proceeds from the issuance of new long-term liabilities.

Report on the financial statements of Origami TopCo AS

Origami TopCo AS is a holding Company and did not have any trading activities. Therefore, the Company does not have any trading revenue. The Company's only costs are related to acquire its subsidiaries.

The annual accounts for the Origami TopCo AS have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Accounting Act and generally accepted Norwegian accounting practice (NGAAP). The board believes that the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the parent Company's and the Group's assets and liabilities, financial position and results.

The Company's ability to finance its own commitments is good, however the Group does hold the external loan.

The total assets at the end of the year was NOK 1,010,825,179 (2022: NOK 995,140,392). The equity ratio on 31 December 2023 was 104,6% (2022: 99,5%).

The Company is a holding company, therefore, its main activity in the cash flow statement was the purchase of Keepeek SAS. During the year the Company received proceeds from equity and proceeds from the issuance of new long-term liabilities.

Future development

The Group has invested significantly in the future development of its product offerings in 2023 and will continue to do so in 2024. The Group intend to expand both organically and inorganically. The Group's customer portfolio has been growing throughout 2023, and the Company and the Group sees further growth in 2024.

The marketing technologies landscape is ever changing, with the latest trend being Artificial Intelligence ("AI"). The Group has worked with AI for some time and has successfully implemented it in the production of illustrations for one of its customers. We want to ensure that we're researching, analysing, and using AI in a responsible and sustainable way to provide the best customer service experience and support our organic growth.

As with most industries the future holds uncertainties. The Group continuously monitors market trends and external uncertainties and believes it has a robust and nimble approach to risk management to mitigate any uncertainties in market conditions and the external environment.



ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2023

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Financial risk

The Group is exposed to various forms of market, operational and financial risks.

The Group works continuously to strengthen the focus on HSE and compliance as a natural part of the Group's culture. The goal is to ensure that the Group has effective compliance procedures, internal regulations and follow-up routines, including observance and compliance with the Group's ethical guidelines.

The board is concerned with ensuring a systematic and conscious management of risk in all parts of the business and considers this a prerequisite for long-term value creation for shareholders and job security for the Group's employees. Risk assessments are made regularly where the most important risk factors are highlighted and assessed.

Market risk

The Group's future operations will, among other things, depend on the Group's employees having the qualities and competence required to ensure that delivery takes place in accordance with concluded contracts. Important elements in this connection are to meet customers' future demands for service, technology and efficiency. The risk is reduced by the fact that there is a large spread in the contracts in terms of number and size, and that no contracts are large and dominant in relation to the total turnover. These risk factors have a high focus, and are sought to be offset through the systematic work that is done to manage and develop processes, routines, methods and expertise, and which will ensure future growth and earnings within the core areas.

Credit risk

The risk of loss on receivables is considered low and mainly concerns risks from operating activities. Regarding software licenses, the Group is invoicing the total fee in advance in order to offset the risk on trade receivables. Additionally, the Group manages its credit risks by trading with creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers wanting to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures, which include an assessment of credit rating, short-term liquidity and financial position. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis, with the result that the Group's exposure to losses has been low.

Liquidity risk

The board considers the liquidity in the Group to be good. The Group has a continuous focus on liquidity-improving measures. The Group's strategy is to have sufficient cash at all times, cash equivalents and / or credit facilities to be able to finance operations and investments in accordance with the Group's strategy plan.

The Group's borrowing and loan withdrawals are mainly based on floating interest rates.



ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2023

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Going concern

In accordance with the Accounting Act § 3-3a, it is confirmed that the conditions for going concern are valid. The assumption is based on profit forecasts for 2024 and the Group's long-term strategic forecasts for the years ahead. The Group is in a sound financial and financial position, and we consider ourselves well positioned in our main market. With the additional investment from its majority shareholder, the Group's position is considered to be further strengthened for investment for the future.

Working environment

Origami TopCo AS is a holding Company and does not have employees. However, its subsidiaries have employees and it is important for the Group's future development to foster a healthy work environment.

The working environment in the Group is good. There have been no sick leave, injuries or accidents that can be related to the working environment.

The Group has strengthened its focus on ensuring a good working environment by, among other things, having an HR manager.

The Group has board liability insurance for its board of directors. The insured sum is NOK 5 million per claim and in total during the insurance period.

Equality and discrimination

The Group works to promote gender equality and prevent discrimination in accordance with the purpose of the Discrimination Act.

The Group's general guidelines require that all employees be treated with respect and have a workplace that is free from bullying and harassment. The Group aims to be a workplace where there is no discrimination as a result of race, gender or orientation.

The Group shall not exercise any form of discrimination in its recruitment and employment practices or in terms of access to education, promotion and reward. The Group's general guidelines and living rules are in line with the purpose of the Discrimination Act to promote equality, ensure equal opportunities and rights and to prevent discrimination on the grounds of ethnicity, national origin, descent, skin colour, language, religion and outlook on life.

Transparency Act

The Group is committed to ensuring that human rights and decent working conditions are respected in its operations as well as its supply chains. The Group has conducted human rights due diligence activities on the majority of their supply chain and business partners. A statement and report on these activities was made public on 30 June 2023 on the Group's website: <https://www.papirfly.com/>



ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2023

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

External environment

The Group does not pollute the external environment. We endeavour to contribute to a more sustainable society by offering solutions and services that enable our customers to reduce their environmental impact. This is our most important and lasting environmental contribution.

Erik Langaker
Board Chairman

Joakim Kjemperud
Board member

Kent Zethner
Board member

Kyle Ferguson
Board member



ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Content of the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

Consolidated statement of financial position

Consolidated statement of cash flows

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

Section 1 - Overview

- 1.1 General information
- 1.2 Basis of preparation
- 1.3 Material accounting policies
- 1.4 Significant judgements, estimates and assumptions

Section 5 - Tax

- 5.1 Taxes

Section 2 - Operating performance

- 2.1 Revenue from contracts with customers
- 2.2 Government grants and other income
- 2.3 Salary and personnel expenses
- 2.4 Operating expenses
- 2.5 Trade and other receivables
- 2.6 Trade and other payables
- 2.7 Contract assets
- 2.8 Contract liabilities

Section 6 - Group structure and other

- 6.1 Interests in other entities
- 6.2 Related party transactions
- 6.3 Provisions
- 6.4 Business combinations
- 6.5 Events after the reporting period

Section 3 - Non-current assets

- 3.1 Property, plant and equipment
- 3.2 Goodwill and impairment considerations
- 3.3 Intangible assets
- 3.4 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

Section 4 - Financial instruments, risk and equity

- 4.1 Equity and shareholders
- 4.2 Financial instruments
- 4.3 Cash and cash equivalents
- 4.4 Loan to shareholders
- 4.5 Loans from shareholders
- 4.6 Interest-bearing borrowings
- 4.7 Ageing of financial liabilities
- 4.8 Financial income and expenses
- 4.9 Financial risk management
- 4.10 Fair value measurement



ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 31 December 2023

<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>	Note	2023	23.02.2022 - 31.12.2022
Revenue from contract with customers	2.1	347 633	220 874
Other income	2.2	780	5 813
Total revenue		348 413	226 687
Cost of sales		(27 923)	(20 845)
Salary and personnel expenses	2.3	(233 910)	(141 350)
Other operating expenses	2.4	(82 616)	(52 387)
Operating profit before depreciation and amortisation		3 964	12 105
Depreciation of fixed assets and right-of-use assets	3.1, 3.4	(10 470)	(7 404)
Amortisation of intangible assets	3.3	(47 117)	(28 508)
Operating loss		(53 623)	(23 807)
Interest income	4.8	1 324	160
Interest expense	4.8	(76 807)	(41 753)
Foreign exchange gains / (losses)	4.8	(38 529)	(3 194)
Fair value adjustments		(1 956)	-
Net finance income / (costs)		(115 968)	(44 787)
Net loss for the year before tax		(169 591)	(68 594)
Income tax expense	5.1	(22 723)	14 798
Loss for the year		(192 314)	(53 796)
Total profit / (loss) attributable to shareholders of the parent		(192 314)	(53 796)
Other comprehensive income / (expense)			
<i>Items that subsequently may be reclassified to profit or loss:</i>			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		7 761	(2 697)
Total items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		7 761	(2 697)
Total other comprehensive income for the year		7 761	(2 697)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(184 553)	(56 493)



ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Consolidated statement of financial position

As at 31 December 2023

<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>	Note	2023	2022
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3.1	3 048	3 199
Goodwill	3.2	1 342 586	1 272 106
Intangible assets	3.3	261 294	193 057
Right-of-use assets	3.4	18 787	12 963
Deferred tax assets	5.1	5 409	19 812
Non-current contract assets	2.7	1 697	739
Other non-current receivables	2.5	2 453	1 519
Total non-current assets		1 635 274	1 503 395
Current assets			
Trade receivables	2.5	69 636	65 664
Contract assets	2.7	5 234	1 175
Other current receivables	2.5	10 533	11 992
Loan to shareholders	4.4	1 720	-
Cash and cash equivalents	4.3	39 466	18 783
Total current assets		126 589	97 614
TOTAL ASSETS		1 761 863	1 601 009



ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Consolidated statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2023

<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>	Note	2023	2022 *
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	4.1	1 059	992
Share premium	4.1	1 055 936	989 022
Treasury shares	4.1	(119)	-
Unregistered shares	4.1	2 939	413
Cumulative translation differences		5 064	(2 697)
Retained earnings		(246 110)	(53 796)
Total equity		818 769	933 934
Non-current liabilities			
Non-current lease liabilities	3.4	10 047	5 837
Non-current contract liabilities	2.8	4 527	2 637
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	4.6	657 176	474 510
Deferred tax liabilities	5.1	60 868	36 064
Other non-current liabilities	2.6	224	415
Total non-current liabilities		732 842	519 463
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	2.6	39 249	30 914
Current lease liabilities	3.4	9 446	9 336
Current contract liabilities	2.8	92 646	24 940
Other current liabilities	2.6	10 572	55 070
Income tax payable	5.1	1 691	170
Provisions	6.3	46 307	27 182
Loans from shareholders	4.5	10 341	-
Total current liabilities		210 252	147 612
TOTAL LIABILITIES		943 094	667 075
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1 761 863	1 601 009

* Prior year figures have been restated. Refer to note 2.6 for further detail.



ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Consolidated statement of cash flows
For the year ended 31 December 2023

<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>	Note	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit or loss before tax		(169 591)	(68 594)
<i>Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:</i>			
Net financial income/expense		115 968	43 429
Depreciation of property, plant, equipment	3.1	1 443	967
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	3.4	9 027	6 278
Amortisation of intangible assets	3.3	47 117	28 530
Movement in provisions		43 153	25
Write off of property, plant and equipment		517	430
Lease modifications		(259)	-
Interest-bearing loans modification	4.6	(1 047)	-
<i>Working capital adjustments:</i>			
Changes in non-current assets, trade and other receivables		16 492	(4 286)
Changes in contract liabilities and trade and other payables		12 751	(3 951)
Net cash flows from operating activities before income tax paid		75 571	2 828
Income tax paid		(410)	(15 843)
Net cash flows from operating activities		75 161	(13 015)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	3.1	(931)	(1 131)
Purchase of intangible assets	3.3	(294)	-
Internally developed software	3.3	(36 216)	(15 287)
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net cash acquired	6.4	(93 062)	(1 062 321)
Payment of contingent consideration		(6 631)	-
Interest received	4.8	1 314	(160)
Increase in deposits		-	(362)
Loan granted to shareholder	4.4	(1 710)	-
Net cash flow from investing activities		(137 530)	(1 079 261)



ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Consolidated statement of cash flows (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Share issuance	4.1	-	30
Proceeds from equity	4.1	69 507	765 866
Share-buy back		(119)	-
Payments for the principal portion of the lease liability	3.4	(10 297)	(5 729)
Payments for the interest portion of the lease liability	3.4	683	(756)
Proceeds from loan from shareholder	4.5	10 312	-
Proceeds from borrowings	4.6	100 683	457 629
Repayment of borrowings	4.6	(23 259)	(77 498)
Interest paid		(20 361)	-
Cost of borrowings	4.6	(1 384)	(25 632)
Net cash flows from financing activities		125 765	1 113 910
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		63 396	21 634
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year/period		18 783	-
Foreign exchange differences		(42 713)	(2 851)
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year		39 466	18 783



ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Consolidated statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2023

Oslo, 27 May 2024

The board of Origami TopCo AS

Erik Langaker
Board Chairman

Joakim Kjemperud
Board member

Kent Zethner
Board member

Kyle Ferguson
Board member



ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Consolidated statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 31 December 2023

<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>	Note	Share capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Unregistered shares *	Cumulative translation differences	Retained earnings	Total equity
Balance as of 23 February 2022		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(53 796)	(53 796)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	(2 697)	-	(2 697)
Issue of share capital		30	-	-	-	-	-	30
Capital increase - cash settled		730	757 753	-	413	-	-	758 896
Capital increase - debt settled		8	6 962	-	-	-	-	6 970
Capital increase - promissory note		213	212 942	-	-	-	-	213 155
Capital increase - vendor note		11	11 365	-	-	-	-	11 376
Balance as of 31 December 2022		992	989 022	-	413	(2 697)	(53 796)	933 934
Profit (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(192 314)	(192 314)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	7 761	-	7 761
Capital increase - cash settled		-	-	-	2 939	-	-	2 939
Capital increase - promissory note		67	66 501	-	-	-	-	66 568
Share registration		-	413	-	(413)	-	-	-
Share buy back		-	-	(119)	-	-	-	(119)
Balance as of 31 December 2023		1 059	1 055 936	(119)	2 939	5 064	(246 110)	818 769

* Unregistered shares are shares in the company that have been paid for by the shareholder, but have not yet been registered with the Norwegian government. This share registration was finalised in January 2023.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

1.1 General information

Corporate information

Origami TopCo AS is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Norway. The Group provides a Software as a Service solution to customers globally and has offices in Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Germany, France the Czech Republic, Estonia, the United Kingdom and the United States of America. The address of its registered office is Universitetsgata 2, 0164 Oslo, Norway.

The Group has developed its own cloud-based brand management platform and offers a wide range of solutions and services related to marketing and brand management.

1.2 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group comprise consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of cash flows, consolidated statement of changes in equity, and related notes. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS[®] Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU ("IFRS"), and Norwegian disclose requirements listed in the Norwegian Accounting Act.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except financial instruments measured at fair value. Further, the financial statements are prepared based on the going concern assumption.

Presentation currency and functional currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Norwegian Kroner (NOK), which is also the functional currency of the parent company. For each entity, the Group determines the functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

For presentation purposes, statement of financial position items are translated from functional currency to presentation currency by using exchange rates at the reporting date. Items within total comprehensive income are translated from functional currency to presentation currency by applying monthly average exchange rates. If currency rates are fluctuating significantly, transaction date exchange rates are applied for significant transactions. Translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income ("OCI").



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

1.3 Material accounting policies

New IFRS standards

New and amended accounting standards and interpretations issued by the IASB may affect the Group's future financial reporting. The Group has not early adopted any standards, interpretations or amendments that have been issued, but are not yet effective. Furthermore, there are no new amended accounting standards or interpretations issued by the IASB expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements as the date of these financial statements.

1.4 Significant judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS and applying the chosen accounting policies requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are listed below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Significant estimates and assumptions:

- Value in use calculations in relation to impairment testing of goodwill (note 3.2)
- Purchase price allocation in business combinations (note 6.4)

A detailed description of the significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are included in the individual note where applicable.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.1 Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group is a provider of brand management tools and related services. The brand management tools allow the customers to produce in-house marketing materials from bespoke templates and to store, share and adapt them for their own markets within existing guidelines and evolution. The tools are delivered through a cloud-based solution, hosted on a third-party server on behalf of the Group. The main revenue stream is from cloud license fees. The group's revenues mainly consists of two revenue streams; License fees and Other services.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

License fees

Revenue from the rendering of services mainly relates to license fees, which are typical software as a service ("SaaS") contracts consisting of a software licensing model where software is licensed on a subscription basis and centralised on the Group's server. Revenue from SaaS arrangements, where the customer cannot take possession of the software license and where the software license cannot be separated from its related hosting services are considered as "right to access" licenses and revenue is recognised over time (i.e. the license period). The original contract term for the license is 12 months, and the license is automatically renewed if the customer does not terminate the agreement. Two performance obligations are identified; off-premise license fee including implementation and workshop/training. The Group acts as a principal when fulfilling its performance obligations.

Off-premise license fee including implementation

The Group's performance obligation is satisfied over time (as "right to access" licenses). The customer receives the right to access the Group's intellectual property throughout the license period for which revenue is recognised over the license period. The software is run on the Group's or a third party hardware and the customer may only access the software through a network (cloud). The customer cannot take possession of the software/code and is not able to run the software on its own server. Upon completion of the services and acceptance by the customer, the Group will have unconditional right to payment and a trade receivable is recognised.

Implementation services cannot be provided by a third-party provider. The implementation is performed in the solution that the Group provides and there is no customisation at the customer premises. As such, these types of implementation activities will not represent a separate performance obligation and is therefore recognised together with the license.

Workshops/training

Revenue from workshops/training is recognised over time using an input method to measure progress towards completion of the services, because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group. The workshops/training are related to training for use of the system, but it does not customise the system. The customer may benefit from it separately and it is separately identifiable. Based on this, the workshops/trainings are deemed to be separate performance obligations. The amount related to workshop/trainings are considered immaterial for the financial year reported.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.1 Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

License fees (continued)

Variable consideration

The Group has some SaaS contracts where the consideration is variable and based on use. Revenue from these contracts are recognised as the performance obligations are fulfilled, e.g., according to the actual usage. The actual usage for these contracts is based on the number of uploads into the Group's solution.

Other services

The Group will in some cases enter a contract with a customer to deliver advertising services on an hourly basis. Advertising services include, project management, education, template creators, and solution consultants and are delivered over the period which the services are rendered. There is one identified performance obligation concerning other services. Where the stand-alone selling price is not directly observable, the allocation will either be based on hours or a fixed fee where this is defined in the contracts. Revenue is recognised as the performance obligations is fulfilled, i.e., according to the actual delivery of services.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Revenue from contract with customers	2023	2022
Consulting	31 126	13 181
License fee	296 925	189 644
Other services	19 582	18 049
Total revenue	347 633	220 874

Geographical distribution	2023	2022
Norway	100 835	65 886
United Kingdom	72 248	63 196
Denmark	21 490	14 921
Sweden	50 026	45 324
Germany	25 627	13 677
France	50 238	-
Czech Republic	523	284
USA	26 646	17 586
Total revenue	347 633	220 874

The geographical distribution is allocated based on the country where the service was sold.

Timing of revenue recognition	2023	2022
Services transferred over time	347 633	220 874
Total revenue	347 633	220 874



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.6 Trade and other payables

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are liabilities, i.e., present contractual obligations arising from a result of past events where settlement is expected to result in an outflow of resources (payment). Trade payables consist of invoices for goods and services where the Group has received the significant risks and rewards of ownership as of 31.12. Other payables mainly consist of VAT, withholding payroll and social security tax.

Trade and other payables are measured at fair value upon initial recognition and subsequently at amortised cost. Trade and other payables are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle within twelve months after the reporting period.

Other current liabilities

Consist mainly of other accruals not directly related to salary expenses. The Group does not provide guarantees to or on behalf of third parties or related parties. In 2020, a government grant from Innovation Norway was paid out to the Group. The outstanding amount not yet recognised in the profit and loss is presented as other current liabilities, see further information in note 2.2.

Salary related accruals

Contains a provision for accrued holiday pay, unspent vacation days, accrued bonuses, and other salary related accruals.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Other non-current liabilities	2023	2022
Other non-current liabilities	224	415
Total other non-current liabilities	224	415

Amounts in NOK thousand

Trade and other payables	2023	2022
Trade payables	11 925	18 987
VAT payable	11 286	7 222
Payroll related payables	16 038	4 705
Total trade and other payables	39 249	30 914

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to better reflect their nature. These items include payroll related payables, provisions and other accruals. As a result, trade and other payables decreased by tNOK 7,025 and provisions decreased by tNOK 48,045 and other current liabilities increased by tNOK 55,070.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Other current liabilities	2023	2022
Other current liabilities	8 088	11 730
Accruals	2 484	43 340
Total other current liabilities	10 572	55 070



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.2 Government grants and other income

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government grants

Government grants are recognized where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised either as other income on a systematic basis over the periods the related costs are expensed, or as a reduction of the expenses for which it is intended to compensate. If the Group receives grants of non-monetary assets, the asset and the grant are recorded at nominal amounts and released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the asset, based on the pattern of consumption of the benefits of the underlying asset by equal annual instalments.

Other income

Other operating income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is received. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, considering contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duty.

Grant from SkatteFUNN

A Research and Development ("R&D") project has been approved for SkatteFUNN (a Norwegian government R&D tax incentive program designed to encourage R&D in Norwegian trade and industry) for the period from 2020 until the end of 2022. The Group recognised NOK 59k during the year (2022: NOK 3,091k). These grants have been recognised together with the expenses they are meant to cover, namely personnel expenses related to R&D. Consequently, these grants are recognised as a deduction of capitalised R&D costs.

Grant from Innovation Norway

The Group currently has one grant from Innovation Norway. Papirfly AS, a fully owned subsidiary of the Company received a portion of the approved amount in 2022. This payment is booked as a current liability and is recognised as other income according to the degree of completion in the project. In 2022, Papirfly recognised tNOK 185 in the statement of comprehensive income.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Other income	2023	2022
Government grant income	-	160
Other income	780	5 653
Total other income	780	5 813
Grant from Innovation Norway	2023	2022
Acquired through business combinations	-	185
Received during the year	-	-
Released to the statement of profit or loss	-	(185)
Total grant from Innovation Norway	-	-



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.2 Government grants and other income (continued)

Amounts in NOK thousand

	2023	2022
Total grants receivables		
SkatteFUNN	59	3 091
Innovation Norway	-	-
Total grants receivables	59	3 091

Government grant receivables are included as other receivables in the statement of financial position and included in the specification in note 2.5.

2.3 Salary and personnel expenses

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employee benefit expenses comprise all types of remuneration to personnel employed by the Group (i.e. not contracted manpower) and are expensed when earned. Ordinary salaries can be both fixed pay and hourly wages and is earned and paid periodically. Holiday pay is earned on the basis of ordinary pay and is normally paid in the holiday months of the following year. The employer's national insurance contribution (social security) is calculated and expensed for all payroll related costs including pensions. Pensions contributions are earned on a monthly basis. Other employee expenses consist of other benefits such as insurance, cars, and telephones.

Pensions

The Group has a defined contribution pension plan for its employees which satisfies the statutory requirements in the Norwegian law on required occupational pension ("lov om obligatorisk tjenstepensjon").

The scheme is a defined contribution plan. Contributions are paid to pension insurance plans and charged to the income statement in the period to which the contributions relate. Once the contributions have been paid, there are no further payment obligations.

Amounts in NOK thousand

	2023	2022
Total grants receivables		
Salaries	175 879	111 881
Social security expenses	28 431	18 651
Pension expenses	9 696	6 804
Other employee expenses	19 904	4 014
Total salary and personnel expenses	233 910	141 350
Average number of full time employees (FTEs)	260	217



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.3 Salary and personnel expenses(continued)

Management remuneration

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is part of the Group's ordinary bonus scheme and also have the right to severance payment if the Group terminates the employment. Management takes part in the general pension scheme described above. A loan was granted to the CEO, Stefan Ropers (see note 4.4) but no guarantees have been issued.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Remuneration to management 2023	Salary	Bonus	Share option cancellation	Other compensation	Total
Karl Fredrik Lund - Resigned (Chief Executive Officer)	2 631	-	-	7	2 638
Stefan Ropers - Appointed (Chief Executive Officer)	361	-	-	-	361
Nora Tandberg (Chief Financial Officer)	1 637	-	-	7	1 644
Morten Moe (Chief Technology Officer)	1 437	-	-	7	1 444
Max Sihvonen (Chief of Staff and Operations)	1 198	-	-	7	1 205
Craig Unsworth (Chief Product Officer)	2 674	259	-	153	3 086
Gavin Dimmock (Chief Revenue Officer)	2 802	-	-	151	2 953
Total remuneration	12 740	259	-	332	13 331

Amounts in NOK thousand

Remuneration to management 2022	Salary	Bonus	Share option cancellation	Other compensation	Total
Karl Fredrik Lund (Chief Executive Officer)	2 048	223	-	24	2 295
Nora Tandberg (Chief Financial Officer)	1 242	-	3 182	8	4 432
Morten Moe (Chief Technology Officer)	1 155	-	480	8	1 643
Max Sihvonen (Chief of Staff and Operations)	949	-	720	8	1 677
Lisa Tangen Hansen (Chief Experience Officer)	891	50	-	6	947
Craig Unsworth (Chief Product Officer)	927	-	-	-	927
Total remuneration	7 212	273	4 382	54	11 921

The amounts disclosed in the table are the amounts recognised as an expense during the reporting period related to key management personnel.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.3 Salary and personnel expenses(continued)

Amounts in NOK thousand

Remuneration to Board of Directors	2023	2022
Erik Langaker	300	145
Kent Zehetner	150	95
Asta Ellingsen Stenhagen	150	41
Per Oldeide	286	182
Joakim Kjemperud	-	-
Kyle Ferguson	128	-
Gauri Chawla	128	-
Total remuneration to the board of directors	1 142	463

2.4 Operating expenses

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other operating expenses are recognised when they occur and represent a broad range of operating expenses incurred by the Group in its day-to-day activities. Other operating expenses consist of expenses that are not classified on the lines for cost of sales, employee benefit expenses, depreciation and amortisation.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Other operating expenses	2023	2022
Audit and accounting fees	6 784	7 539
Consulting fees	24 648	10 817
Marketing expenses	10 325	3 957
IT expenses	558	892
Maintenance	66	55
Travel expenses	4 166	2 584
Premises expenses	2 008	4 195
Impairment of fixed tangible assets and intangible assets	509	-
Other	33 552	22 348
Total other operating expenses	82 616	52 387
Auditor fees	2023	2022
Audit fee	1 883	1 923
Other services	133	393
Total auditors fees	2 016	2 316

The amounts above are excluding VAT.

The audit fee is split between Group auditor and other auditors as follow:

Group auditor: Audit fee tNOK 1 520, and other services tNOK 133.

Other auditors: Audit fee 363.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.5 Trade and other receivables

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Trade and other receivables

The Group's trade receivables consist solely of amounts receivable from revenue contracts with customers. Trade receivables are generally on terms of 30 days. Other receivables consist mainly of prepaid expenses and VAT receivables which are expected to be realised or consumed in the normal operating cycle within twelve months after the reporting period.

Trade and other receivables are financial assets initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade and other receivables are subject to impairment by recognising an allowance for expected credit losses.

Expected credit losses

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for its financial assets. ECLs are based on the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group bases the allowance of its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. Policies for expected credit losses are further described in note 4.2.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Trade receivables	2023	2022
Trade receivables from customers at nominal value	70 036	66 064
Allowance for expected credit losses	(400)	(400)
Total trade receivables	69 636	65 664

The following tables provide information about expected credit losses for trade receivables, from individual customers

Amounts in NOK thousand

As at 31 December 2023	Expected loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Net carrying amount
Current	0.0%	51 493	-	51 493
31-60 days	0.0%	9 607	-	9 607
60+ days	4.5%	8 936	(400)	8 536
Total		70 036	(400)	69 636

As at 31 December 2022	Expected loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Net carrying amount
Current	0.0%	45 561	-	45 561
31-60 days	0.0%	11 702	-	11 702
60+ days	4.5%	8 801	(400)	8 401
Total		66 064	(400)	65 664



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.5 Trade and other receivables (continued)

For details regarding the Group's procedures on managing credit risk, reference is made to note 4.9. The credit risk of financial assets has not increased significantly from initial recognition.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Allowance for expected credit losses	2023	2022
As at 1 January	(400)	-
Additions through acquisitions	-	(400)
Provision for expected credit losses	-	-
At 31 December	(400)	(400)
Other non-current receivables	2023	2022
Rental deposits	2 341	1 519
Other non-current receivables	112	-
Total other non-current receivables	2 453	1 519
Other current receivables	2023	2022
Prepaid rent and other expenses	8 886	6 287
VAT receivable	-	384
Other	1 647	5 321
Total other current receivables	10 533	11 992



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.7 Contract assets

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Contract assets

A contract asset is initially recognised for revenue earned from rendering of services because the receipt of consideration is conditional on successful completion of the services. Upon completion of the services and acceptance by the customer, the amount recognised as contract assets is reclassified to trade receivables.

Contract assets are subject to impairment assessment, similarly to trade receivables as described in 2.5 and 4.2. The Group normally renders services which are invoiced in advance. There are no contract assets recognised in

Cost to fulfil a contract

Costs related to implementation services are considered costs to fulfil a contract according to IFRS 15 and are recognised as non-current assets in the statement of financial position and amortised over the estimated lifetime of the customer. The average lifetime of a customer in the Group is estimated to be about 7 years. The amortisation related to cost to fulfil a contract are presented together with cost of sales in the statement of comprehensive income.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Contract assets	2023	2022
Amount included at the beginning of the period	499	-
Addition through acquisition	4 037	1 495
Increase in contract assets during the financial year	34 515	13 007
Contract assets released to revenue	(34 700)	(14 003)
Total contract assets	4 351	499
Cost to fulfil a contract	2023	2022
Amount included at the beginning of the period	1 415	-
Addition through acquisition	-	2 177
Addition of new costs to fulfil a contract	2 116	-
Amortisation of costs to fulfil a contract	(951)	(762)
Total cost to fulfil a contract at the end of the period	2 580	1 415
Non-current contract assets in the statement of financial position	2023	2022
Contract assets	-	-
Cost to fulfil a contract	1 697	739
Total Non-current contract assets in the statement of financial position	1 697	739
Current contract assets in the statement of financial position	2023	2022
Contract assets	4 351	499
Cost to fulfil a contract	883	676
Total current contract assets in the statement of financial position	5 234	1 175



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2.8 Contract liabilities

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised if a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Contract liabilities relate to remuneration received in advance for revenue from contracts with customers as well as the allocated transaction price for the remaining performance obligation. Revenue is recognized when the group fulfils the performance obligation in the contract. Contract liabilities are shown in the table below:

Amounts in NOK thousand

Contract liabilities	2023	2022
Amount included at the beginning of the period	27 577	-
Additions through acquisitions	30 382	46 964
Additions	95 048	-
Current period performance obligations recognised	(30 894)	(16 818)
Prior period performance obligations recognised	(24 940)	(2 569)
Total contract liabilities at the end of the period	97 173	27 577

Contract liabilities	2023	2022
Non-current contract liabilities in the statement of financial position	4 527	2 637
Current contract liabilities in the statement of financial position	92 646	24 940
Total contract liabilities at the end of the period	97 173	27 577

Contract liabilities

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 December are, as follows:

Amounts in NOK thousand

Contract liabilities performance obligations satisfied	2023	2022
Within one year	92 646	24 940
Within one to two years	1 967	1 695
Within two to three years	2 560	942
Total	97 173	27 577



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.1 Property, plant and equipment

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Property, plant and equipment ("PP&E") is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. When significant parts of PP&E are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of PP&E are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

	Office equipment
Economic life (years)	3 - 5 years
Depreciation plan	Linear

The Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that property, plant and equipment may be impaired. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. No indicators for impairment of property, plant and equipment were identified in the current or prior period.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Property, plant and equipment at cost	Office equipment	Total
Cost as at 23 February 2022	-	-
Additions through business combinations	9 878	9 878
Additions	1 131	1 131
Disposals	(1 645)	(1 645)
Currency translation effects	250	250
Total cost as at 31 December 2022	9 614	9 614
Additions through business combinations	4 551	4 551
Additions	931	931
Disposals	(1 960)	(1 960)
Currency translation effects	(42)	(42)
Total cost as at 31 December 2023	13 094	13 094



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.1 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Amounts in NOK thousand

Property, plant and equipment accumulated depreciation and impairment	Office equipment	Total
Accumulated depreciation and impairments as at 23 February 2022	-	-
Additions through business combinations	6 295	6 295
Depreciation for the year	967	967
Disposals	(989)	(989)
Currency translation effects	142	142
Total Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at 31 December 2022	6 415	6 415
Additions through business combinations	3 746	3 746
Depreciation for the year	1 443	1 443
Disposals	(1 443)	(1 443)
Currency translation effects	(115)	(115)
Total Accumulated depreciation and impairment as at 31 December 2023	10 046	10 046
Net book value		
As at December 2022	3 199	3 199
As at December 2023	3 048	3 048



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.2 Goodwill and impairment considerations

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Recognised goodwill in the Group is derived from the acquisition of Papirfly AS, Brandpad AS and Keepeek SAS. Refer to note 6.4 for further information.

Goodwill is an intangible asset which may not individually be recognised as an intangible asset due to the requirements in IAS 38. The value of goodwill is primarily related to synergies, assembled workforce and their competency to generate and commercialise new technology as well as high growth expectations. Goodwill also arises due to the requirement to recognise deferred tax liabilities for the difference between the assigned values and the tax bases of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination at amounts that do not reflect fair value.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost (being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed).

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is not amortised but is reviewed for impairment at least annually, or if indicators of impairment are identified.

Impairment considerations

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (CGU) expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of each CGU (or group of CGUs) to which the goodwill relates. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. The impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGUs fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

The Group applies the value-in-use model for determining recoverable amount for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing. For more information on the model and key assumptions, see description below.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Cash generating units

For impairment testing, goodwill acquired through the business combination of Papirfly AS, Brandpad AS and Keepeek SAS was allocated to the Papirfly CGU, Brandpad CGU and Keepeek CGU. Reference is made to note 6.4 for further information on the business combinations.

The CGUs are the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows to the Group (that goodwill can be allocated to), and these are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets. This is also the level on which management monitors the performance of goodwill. The carrying amount of goodwill specified on cash generating units are disclosed below.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.2 Goodwill and impairment considerations (continued)

Amounts in NOK thousand

Goodwill movements for the year	Total	
Cost as at 23 February 2022		-
Papirfly AS - acquired 23 February 2022		1 236 011
Brandpad AS - acquired 24 August 2022		36 095
Total goodwill as at 31 December 2022		1 272 106
Keepeek SAS - acquired 2 June 2023		75 269
Currency translation effects		(4 789)
Total goodwill as at 31 December 2023		1 342 586

Cash generating units	2023	2022
Papirfly	1 236 012	1 236 011
Brandpad	36 095	36 095
Keepeek	70 479	-
Total	1 342 586	1 272 106

Basis for determining the recoverable amount

Recoverable amounts of each CGU are estimated based on value-in-use calculations. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. The cash flows are derived from detailed budget and forecast calculations for the next three years approved by the Board of Directors. A terminal value, estimated by a Gordons growth formula, has been applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year.

Reference is made to note 6.4 for goodwill arising on business combinations during the financial period ended 31 December 2023.

Impairment considerations for 2023

Goodwill was not impaired as at 31 December 2023. The Group's goodwill arose, from the business combinations of Keepeek SAS, Papirfly AS and Brandpad AS. Management have not noted any indications for impairment at the date of financial position.

Certain assumptions were made in the impairment assessment for Goodwill. Key assumptions included assumptions around future revenue recognition, future expected churn and cost margins.

During the year the Group acquired Keepeek ASA's. On acquisition date the Group made assumptions in valuing the goodwill during the purchase price allocation process. These assumptions used in the assessment have not changed significantly between the date of acquisition and the reporting date of 31 December 2023. There have been no significant changes in the market in which the CGU operates and Keepeek has performed as expected. Thus there were no indicators for impairment on this CGU.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.2 Goodwill and impairment considerations (continued)

The assumptions are based on current and historical data and includes future expectations for the CGUs. Future cashflows were estimated for the next 3 years during the budgeting process. The following key assumptions were made in assessing the Goodwill for impairment:

	Papirfly	Brandpad
Budgeting period	8 years	5 years
Average expected growth	15.2 %	31.6 %
Average cost margin	86.4 %	65.0 %
Pre-tax discount rate	12.0 %	13.5 %
Terminal growth	2.0 %	2.0 %
<i>Sensitivity analysis</i>		
Decrease in growth rate	1.4 %	17.0 %
Increase in pre-tax discount rate	1.3 %	2.0 %
Increase in cost margin	0.3 %	4.0 %

Judgement is applied in determining the estimates used in the assessment. The Papirfly CGU is the most sensitive to change in the cost margin. The cost margin is the expected costs as a percentage of revenue.

The period over which the value-in-use assessment was done for the acquisition of Papirfly AS was extended to 8 years in order to provide a reasonable representation of the longer-term effect of operational changes made within the operations of Papirfly AS. The CGU is in a growth cycle and is undergoing operational changes of which the impact will be visible in the longer term exceeding the 5 years set out by IFRS. It was deemed that the extended period will provide a more realistic representation of the impact of the timing of these changes on the CGU.

The expected revenue growth rate was based on the budget. It takes into consideration the historic growth of the CGU. The current market environment was considered as well and the impact of providing an updated product to the market where the Group provides a unified platform to its customers. The Group was also recently mentioned as an important competitor in the Digital Asset Management space in the latest Forrester report. This is expected to have a positive impact on the Group's revenue growth.

The Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) was used as the pre-tax discount rate.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.3 Intangible assets

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Intangible assets acquired

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value on the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Capitalisation of internal development costs

Development expenditures on an individual project, which represents new applications/technology, are recognised as an intangible asset when the Group can demonstrate:

- The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that the asset will be available for use or sale
- Its intention to complete and its ability and intention to use or sell the asset
- How the asset will generate future economic benefits
- The availability of resources to complete the asset
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure during development
- Other costs are classified as research and are expensed as incurred.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Capitalisation of internal development costs

Initial capitalisation of costs is based on management's judgement that technological and economic feasibility is confirmed, usually when a product development project has reached a defined milestone according to an established project management model. In determining the amounts to be capitalised, management makes assumptions regarding the expected future cash generation of the project, discount rates to be applied and the expected period of benefits. The assessment of when product development is capitalised is highly subjective, as the outcome of these projects may be uncertain.

Useful lives and subsequent measurement The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite and may in some cases involve considerable assessments. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

	Capitalisation of internal development	Technology	Customer relationship
Economic life (years)	5 years	5 years	7 years
Depreciation plan	Linear	Linear	Linear

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. The initial assessment and review of economic useful lives requires management to make estimates and assumptions on the Group's IP and competition in the future. Changes in the expected useful life are treated as changes in accounting estimates.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.3 Intangible assets (continued)

Amounts in NOK thousand

Intangible assets at cost	Capitalisation of internal development	Technology	Customer relationship	Total
Cost as at 23 February 2022	-	-	-	-
Internal development costs	15 287	-	-	15 287
Additions through business combinations	-	55 700	150 600	206 300
Total cost as at 31 December 2022	15 287	55 700	150 600	221 587
Internal development costs	36 216	-	-	36 216
Additions	294	-	-	294
Additions through business combinations	-	36 014	48 018	84 032
Currency translation effects	-	(2 293)	(3 056)	(5 349)
Total cost as at 31 December 2023	51 797	89 421	195 562	336 780

Amounts in NOK thousand

Intangible assets accumulated amortisation and impairment	Capitalisation of internal development	Technology	Customer relationship	Total
As at 23 February 2022	-	-	-	-
Amortisation for the year	1 288	8 953	18 289	28 530
Total As at 31 December 2022	1 288	8 953	18 289	28 530
Amortisation for the year	6 659	15 137	25 321	47 117
Currency translation effects	-	(79)	(82)	(161)
Total As at 31 December 2023	7 947	24 011	43 528	75 486
Net book value				
As at December 2022	13 999	46 747	132 311	193 057
As at December 2023	43 850	65 410	152 034	261 294



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.4 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

At inception of a contract, The Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- The agreement creates enforceable rights of payment and obligations
- The identified asset is physically distinct
- The supplier does not have a substantive right to substitute the asset throughout the period of use
- It has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset
- It has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used throughout the contract period

Lease accounting exemptions:

At the commencement date, the Group recognises a lease liability and corresponding right-of-use asset for all lease agreements in which it is the lessee, except for the following exemptions applied:

- Short-term leases (defined as 12 months or less)
- Low value assets (with an underlying value of less than NOK 50 000)

For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as operating expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Measuring the lease liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date. The lease term represents the non-cancellable period of the lease, together with periods covered by an option to extend the lease when the Group is reasonably certain to exercise this option, and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise that option.

The lease payments included in the measurement comprise:

- Fixed lease payments
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date

The group has applied the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components. The Group's lease agreements does not contain any material non-lease components.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect adjustments in lease payments due to an adjustment in and index or rate.

The Group presents its lease liabilities as separate line items in the consolidated statement of financial position.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.4 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities (continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

Measuring the right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset includes the corresponding amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date and initial direct costs incurred.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, applying the same policies for impairment as for property, plant and equipment (Note 3.1). The right-of-use asset is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the lease term and the remaining useful life of the right-of-use asset. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis.

Remaining lease term or remaining useful life (years):	Office buildings
Depreciation plan	2 months to 4.5 years
	Linear

The Group presents its right-of-use assets as separate line items in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group's leased assets

The Group leases several assets, mainly related to office buildings in the countries that the Group operates. Additionally, the Group lease agreements generally have lease terms between 3 and 5 years. The Group also leases some assets that are expensed as incurred as they are either considered short-term or of low value. The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied is 7.66%.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.4 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities (continued)

Right-of-use assets

The Group's right-of-use assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are presented in the table below:

Amounts in NOK thousand

Right-of-use assets at cost	Vehicles	Office buildings	Total
Cost as at 23 February 2022	-	-	-
Additions through business combinations	-	19 276	19 276
Additions	157	11 142	11 299
Disposals	(157)	(11 142)	(11 299)
Currency translation effects	-	(11)	(11)
Total cost as at 31 December 2022	-	19 265	19 265
Additions through business combinations	-	7 904	7 904
Additions	-	631	631
Disposals	-	1 262	1 262
Change in lease scope	-	(682)	(682)
Lease modifications	-	6 901	6 901
Currency translation effects	-	250	250
Total cost as at 31 December 2023	-	35 531	35 531
Right-of-use assets accumulated depreciation and impairment	Vehicles	Office buildings	Total
As at 23 February 2022	-	-	-
Depreciation for the year	-	6 278	6 278
Currency translation effects	-	24	24
Total As at 31 December 2022	-	6 302	6 302
Depreciation for the year	-	9 027	9 027
Disposals	-	1 241	1 241
Currency translation effects	-	174	174
Total As at 31 December 2023	-	16 744	16 744
Net book value			
As at December 2022	-	12 963	12 963
As at December 2023	-	18 787	18 787

Amounts in NOK thousand

Expenses in the period related to practical expedients and variable payments	2023	2022
Short-term lease expenses	1 425	3 340
Total short-term lease expenses	1 425	3 340

The lease expenses in the period related to short-term leases are included in other operating expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, and the payments are presented in the Group's operating activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.4 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities (continued)

Lease liabilities

The Group's lease liabilities are as follows:

Amounts in NOK thousand

Lease liabilities	Vehicles	Office buildings	Total
As at 23 February 2022	-	-	-
Additions through acquisitions	161	11 364	11 525
New leases recognised during the period	-	20 904	20 904
Disposals	(161)	(11 364)	(11 525)
Lease payments	-	(6 478)	(6 478)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	-	756	756
Currency translation effects	-	(9)	(9)
Total as at 31 December 2022	-	15 173	15 173
Additions through acquisitions	-	7 904	7 904
New leases recognised during the period	-	631	631
Lease payments	-	(10 297)	(10 297)
Interest expense on lease liabilities capitalised	-	683	683
Change in lease scope	-	(920)	(920)
Lease modifications	-	6 901	6 901
Currency translation effects	-	(582)	(582)
Total as at 31 December 2023	-	19 493	19 493

Amounts in NOK thousand

Lease liabilities	2023	2022
Non-current lease liabilities in the statement of financial position	10 047	5 837
Current lease liabilities in the statement of financial position	9 446	9 336
Total lease liabilities at the end of the period	19 493	15 173

Lease commitments not included in the lease liabilities

Extension and termination options

The Group has some lease agreements that include extension and termination options. These options are negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the Group's business needs. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, the Group consider all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

3.4 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities (continued)

Lease commitments not included in the lease liabilities (continued)

Extension and termination options (continued)

The Group has evaluated that it is reasonable to not exercise an extension option related to leases of office spaces in Norway. One contract related to office spaces in Denmark does not contain an end-date, but may be terminated on a 6-months' notice. The Group has considered a 3-year period to be a best-estimate for the lease term. The Group has also evaluated that it is reasonable to exercise one termination option related to lease of one office space in the UK. The Group does not have any lease contracts that includes purchase options.

Other matters

The Group's leases does not contain provisions or restrictions that impacts that Group's dividend policies or financing possibilities. Further, the Group does not have significant residual value guarantees related to its leases.

4.1 Equity and shareholders

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised as the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

For the purpose of the group's capital management, capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a healthy working capital and financial stability in order to support its growing business operations and to maximise shareholder value.

The group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, perform prepayments of debt or draw on short-term credit.

In order to achieve this overall objective, the group's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it reinvests or returns excess cash flows from operations that are not necessary to maintain a healthy operating working capital to its investors. There has been no breach of the financial covenants in the current or previous period.

All shares noted below are authorised and fully paid. The company has issued 1 058 596 907 shares at a nominal value of NOK 0.001 per share.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.1 Equity and shareholders (continued)

Amounts in NOK thousand

Share capital	Note	2023	2022
As at 1 January 2023		992	-
Incorporation shares issued (3,000 shares @ nominal value NOK 10 per share)		-	30
Capital increase - cash settled	(i)	-	730
Capital increase - other debt settled	(i)	-	8
Capital increase - promissory note	(ii), (iii)	67	11
Capital increase - vendor note	(iv)	-	213
Share registration	(v)	-	-
Total share capital		1 059	992

Amounts in NOK thousand

Share premium	Note	2023	2022
As at 1 January 2023		989 022	-
Capital increase - cash settled	(i)	-	757 753
Capital increase - other debt settled	(i)	-	6 962
Capital increase - promissory note	(ii), (iii)	66 501	212 942
Capital increase - vendor note	(iv)	-	11 365
Share registration	(v)	413	-
Total share premium		1 055 936	989 022

At year end, the Company received payment amounting to NOK 2 938 652 for an increase in share capital and share premium. At the date of these financial statements, these shares have not yet been registered and are disclosed separately in the statement of changes in equity.

- (i) During 2022, the company increased the nominal value of its shares. Individual shareholders also subscribed to shares, the net effect of which is noted here.
- (ii) On 2 June 2023, the Group issued a promissory note as part of the consideration for the acquisition of Keepeek
- (iii) On 23 February 2022 the Group issued a promissory note as part of the consideration for the acquisition of Papirfly Group AS. Please refer to note 6.4 for further information.
- (iv) The Group issued a vendor note as part of the consideration for the acquisition of Brandpad AS. Please refer to
- (v) Capital increases that have been paid, but are under registration with the Norwegian government are disclosed as unregistered shares. In January 2023 the registration was finalised and the shares increase registered as



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.1 Equity and shareholders (continued)

Treasury shares

The company bought back its own shares from shareholders who wished to sell their shares. This was executed as per the shareholders' agreement. The company owns 119 975 at a nominal value of NOK 0,001 per share in Treasury shares. The shares were acquired for an average price of NOK 0,9885. Treasury shares make up 0,01% of

Ultimate holding company and controlling party

In the opinion of the directors, the company does not have an ultimate holding company and controlling party.

The share capital in Origami Topco AS as of 31.12 consists of the following share classes:

	Total	Face value	Entered
Ordinary shares	210 843 056	0.001	210 843
Preference shares	847 753 851	0.001	847 754
Total	1 058 596 907		1 058 597

Ownership structure

The largest shareholders in % at year end:

	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	Total shares	Owner interest	Share of votes
Fly Holdco AB	160 339 485	675 371 670	835 711 155	78.9%	78.9%
Vestland Invest AS	13 392 787	51 369 737	64 762 524	6.1%	6.1%
Oldeide Invest AS	5 352 912	23 147 088	28 500 000	2.7%	2.7%
Paper Plane AS	2 847 608	12 313 642	15 161 250	1.4%	1.4%
Total >1% ownership share	181 932 792	762 202 137	944 134 929	89.1%	89.1%
Total <1% ownership share	28 910 264	85 551 714	114 461 978	10.9%	10.9%
Total number of shares	210 843 056	847 753 851	1 058 596 907	100.0%	100.0%

Shares and options owned by the Directors of the Board, the General Manager and Senior Management:

Name	Position	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	Total shares
Erik Langaker	Member of the board	13 392 787	51 369 737	64 762 524
Kent Zethner	Member of the board	1 596 482	6 903 518	8 500 000
Kyle Ferguson	Member of the board	586 941	2 538 059	3 125 000
Stefan Ropers	General Manager	3 420 000	-	3 420 000
Max Sihvonen	Senior Management	1 345 949	730 961	2 076 910
Nora Tandberg	Senior Management	2 420 639	2 644 482	5 065 121
Morten Moe	Senior Management	1 456 579	1 209 347	2 665 926



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.4 Loan to shareholders

ACCOUNTING POLICY

The Group classifies its financial assets at amortised cost only if both the following criteria are met:

- (i) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and
- (ii) the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Loan to shareholders

On 15 November 2023, the Group granted a loan to Stefan Ropers to the value of NOK 1 710 000. The loan is unsecured, bears interest at a rate as determined by the Norwegian Tax Directorate and is repayable on 15 November 2024. The loan is denominated in NOK. As a result, there is no exposure to foreign currency risk. There is also no exposure to price risk as the financial asset at amortised cost will be held to maturity. The Group considers the probability of default of financial assets carried at amortised cost and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. The probability of default at the reporting date is not materially different from the probability of default when the asset was initially recognised. No expected credit loss is recognised on the loan as the loss given default is immaterial.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Loan to shareholders	2023	2022
Amount drawn during the year	1 710	-
Capitalised interest income	10	-
Total loan to shareholders	1 720	-

4.5 Loans from shareholders

ACCOUNTING POLICY

The group classifies convertible loans as financial liabilities if there is no contractual obligation to deliver cash and if there is an obligation to issue a variable number of shares.

Loans from shareholders

On 18 December 2023, the Group received a loan from Fly HoldCo AB to the value of NOK 10 311 931. The loan is secured in all the shares subscribed to in the loan, bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum, and is repayable on 31 December 2024. The loan is denominated in NOK. As a result, there is no exposure to foreign currency risk. The loan and any capitalised interest will not be settled in cash, but will be settled in a variable number of ordinary and preference shares in Origami TopCo AS.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Loan to shareholders	2023	2022
Amount drawn during the year	10 312	-
Capitalised interest expenses	29	-
Total loan to shareholders	10 341	-



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.2 Financial instruments

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Classification of financial instruments

The Group's financial instruments are grouped in the following categories:

Financial Assets

Financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost: Includes mainly trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

All of the Group's financial assets are part of the Group's business model with the sole objective to collect contractual cash flows. Additionally, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, thereby passing the "SPPI test", constituting debt instruments measured at amortised cost.

The Group does not have derivative financial instruments or financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value at the balance sheet date. All financial assets and liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities measured subsequently at amortised cost: Includes mainly interest-bearing loans and borrowings, lease liabilities, trade payables, and other current liabilities.

Financial liabilities measured subsequently at fair value: includes mainly contingent consideration.

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group's financial assets and liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction expenses. Subsequently, these instruments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method (EIR). Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss upon impairment, when the instruments are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.2 Financial instruments (continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets measured at amortised cost are considered for impairment by recognising an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs). The Group applies a simplified approach (as applicable for trade receivables) in calculating ECLs, where the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group bases its ECLs on its historical losses, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. See note 4.9 for further information related to management of credit risk.

Financial assets

Amounts in NOK thousand

Financial assets as at 31 December 2023	Notes	Financial instruments at FVPL	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total
Trade receivables	2.5	-	69 636	69 636
Other receivables	2.5	-	12 986	12 986
Cash and cash equivalents	4.3	-	39 466	39 466
Loan to shareholders	4.4	-	1 720	1 720
Total financial assets as at 31 December 2023		-	123 808	123 808

Financial assets as at 31 December 2022	Notes	Financial instruments at FVPL	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total
Trade receivables	2.5	-	65 664	65 664
Other receivables	2.5	-	13 511	13 511
Cash and cash equivalents	4.3	-	18 783	18 783
Total financial assets as at 31 December 2022		-	97 958	97 958

Financial liabilities

Amounts in NOK thousand

Financial liabilities as at 31 December 2023	Notes	Financial instruments at FVPL	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	4.6	-	657 176	657 176
Lease liabilities	3.4	-	19 493	19 493
Trade payables and other payables	2.6	-	39 249	39 249
Other liabilities	2.6	-	8 088	8 088
Contingent consideration	6.3	11 698	-	11 698
Loans from shareholders	4.5	-	10 341	10 341
Total financial liabilities as at 31 December 2023		11 698	734 347	746 045



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.2 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Amounts in NOK thousand

Financial liabilities as at 31 December 2022	Notes	Financial instruments at FVPL	Financial instruments at amortised cost	Total
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	4.6	-	474 510	474 510
Lease liabilities	3.4	-	15 173	15 173
Trade payables and other payables	2.6	-	30 914	30 914
Other liabilities	2.6	-	11 730	11 730
Contingent consideration	6.3	16 373	-	16 373
Total financial liabilities as at 31 December 2022		16 373	532 327	548 700

There are no changes in classification and measurement for the Group's financial assets and liabilities.

Finance income and finance expense arising from the Group's financial instruments are disclosed separately in note 4.6.

4.3 Cash and cash equivalents

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management. Restricted bank deposits consists of withholding payroll taxes.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Cash and cash equivalents	2023	2022
Bank deposits, unrestricted	36 396	15 553
Bank deposits, restricted	3 070	3 230
Total interest-bearing loans and borrowings	39 466	18 783

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.6 Interest-bearing borrowings

On 21 February 2022, the Group entered into a loan agreement with Ture Invest AB for the financing of future acquisitions. The Group pays a commitment fee of 2% per annum on any unutilised part of the second tranche of the loan.

On 6 June 2023, the Group drew down on its third tranche to fund the acquisition of Keepeek SAS. The draw down amounted to EUR 8.5 million (NOK 100.7 million).

On 23 February 2022, the Company acquired Papirfly Group AS and its subsidiaries. As part of the acquisition, the interest-bearing liabilities acquired during the acquisition was settled. On the same date the Group drew down on the first two tranches of the loan agreement, amounting to SEK 303.8 million (NOK 288.5 million) and EUR 14.3 million (NOK 143.4 million) to fund the acquisition of Papirfly Group AS (refer to note 6.4).

On 24 August 2022, the Group drew down on its third tranche to fund the acquisition of BrandPad AS. The draw down amounted to EUR 1.2 million (NOK 11.3 million).

The loans are repayable on 23 February 2028 and carry interest at a fixed margin plus STIBOR (the Stockholm interbank offered rate) for amounts drawn in Swedish kroner and EURIBO (the euro interbank offered rate) for amounts drawn in Euro.

Covenant requirements

The Group has two maintenance covenants for its interest-bearing debt. The Group shall insure that the adjusted ARR leverage in respect of any relevant period shall not exceed the ratio set out for each relevant period. The minimum liquidity may not be less than NOK 20,000,000.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Interest-bearing borrowings	2023	2022
As at 1 January 2023	474 510	-
Additions through business combinations	23 259	77 498
Repayment of borrowings	(23 259)	(77 498)
Interest paid	(14 773)	-
Amount drawn during the year	100 683	457 629
Capitalised costs	(1 384)	(25 632)
Capitalised interest expenses	71 190	35 733
Currency translation effects	27 997	6 780
Cashflow modification	(1 047)	-
Total interest-bearing loans and borrowings	657 176	474 510



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.7 Ageing of financial liabilities

Contractual undiscounted cash flows from financial liabilities is presented below:

Amounts in NOK thousand

Financial liabilities as at 31 December 2023	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	4 or more years	Total
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	-	-	-	1 100 353	1 100 353
Lease liabilities	9 603	6 593	5 485	2 484	24 165
Trade payables and other payables	39 249	-	-	-	39 249
Loans from shareholders	10 341	-	-	-	10 341
Total as at 31 December 2023:	59 193	6 593	5 485	1 102 837	1 174 108

Amounts in NOK thousand

Financial liabilities as at 31 December 2022	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	4 or more years	Total
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	-	-	-	888 831	888 831
Lease liabilities	9 574	5 963	305	-	15 842
Trade payables and other payables	30 914	-	-	-	30 914
Total as at 31 December 2022:	40 488	5 963	305	888 831	935 587



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.8 Financial income and expenses

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Interest income and interest expenses on liabilities and receivables are calculated using the effective interest method.

Foreign currency gains or losses are reported as gain or loss on foreign exchange within in finance income or finance costs, except for currency translation effects from investments in foreign subsidiaries which are presented within OCI. For other accounting policies related to the underlying financial instruments, reference is made to note

Interest costs on lease liabilities represents the interest rate implicit in the lease, or the incremental borrowing rate used to measure the lease liabilities recognised in the statement of financial position, for further disclosures see note 3.4.

Amounts in NOK thousand

	2023	2022
Interest income		
Loan to shareholders	10	-
Other interest income	1 314	160
Other interest income	1 324	160
Interest expense		
Interest-bearing loans	(71 190)	(35 733)
Lease liabilities	(1 014)	(756)
Loans from shareholders	(29)	-
Other interest expense	(3 053)	(5 264)
Other Financing costs	(1 521)	-
Total interest expense	(76 807)	(41 753)
Foregin exchange gains / (losses)		
Foregin exchange gains / (losses)	(38 529)	(3 194)
Other interest income	(38 529)	(3 194)



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.9 Financial risk management

Overview

For a description of the Group's principal financial assets and liabilities, see note 4.7. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations.

The Group is exposed to a range of risks affecting its financial performance, including market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group seeks to minimise potential adverse effects of such risks through sound business practise, risk management and hedging.

Risk management is carried out by Group management under policies approved by the Board. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk for the Group comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and currency risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include interest-bearing debt, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, lease liabilities and trade and other payables.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group is exposed to the risk of changes in the market interest rate, as the Group's interest-bearing loans and borrowings has a floating interest rate. The Group does not currently hedge the base interest rates. The current interest rate environment is low and the Group may enter into contracts to offset some of the risk depending on the future expected interest rates.

Interest rate sensitivity

The Group considers a reasonable interest rate movement to be 100 basis points based on historical changes to interest rates. If interest rates had been higher/lower by 100 basis points and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2023 would decrease/increase by NOK 5.8 million. In calculating the sensitivity analyses, the Group assumes that the sensitivity of the relevant statement of profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective financial risks.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (revenue and expenses denominated in a foreign currency) and the Group's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

The significant part of revenues are denominated in NOK, GBP & DKK. The Group's interest bearing liabilities, consisting of lease liabilities are mainly denominated in NOK. The Group limits its foreign currency exposure through having similar currencies for its revenues and operating expenses. The Group's equity and expenses are mainly denominated in NOK, GBP and DKK. The Group does not hedge currency exposure with the use of financial instruments at the current time, but monitors the net exposure over time.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.9 Financial risk management (continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity

The following table illustrates the sensitivity for a hypothetical increase or decrease in the foreign exchange rates in the period, holding all other variables constant:

Amounts in NOK thousand

	Strengthening / (weakening) of NOK	2023	2022
Danish Kroner	+ 5%	(342)	(427)
Euro	+ 5%	(2 147)	(340)
Pounds Sterling	+ 5%	(1 071)	277
Swedish Kroner	+ 5%	(12 509)	97
United States Dollar	+ 5%	(506)	(190)
Danish Kroner	- 5%	342	427
Euro	- 5%	835	340
Pounds Sterling	- 5%	677	(277)
Swedish Kroner	- 5%	(12 288)	(97)
United States Dollar	- 5%	506	190

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is mainly exposed to credit risk from its operating activities.

Regarding software licenses, the Group is invoicing the total fee in advance in order to offset the risk on trade receivables. Additionally, the Group manage its credit risks by trading with creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers wanting to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures, which include an assessment of credit rating, short-term liquidity and financial position. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis, with the result that the Group's exposure to losses has been low.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance. For an overview of the ageing of trade receivables and the expected credit losses (ECL) recognised for trade receivables, see note 2.5.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds by monitoring its working capital, overdue trade receivables and establishing credit facilities.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of credit facilities to finance working capital and investments. As shown in note 4.6, the Group has a solid net debt as well as liquidity rating. Additionally, the Group has a positive cash flow from operating activities, including a steady revenue stream from subscriptions/license fee which limits its liquidity risk.

An overview of the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities with corresponding cash flow effect is presented in note 4.7.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.10 Fair value measurement

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

Fair value disclosures

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other receivables, trade payables and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments and the current risk free interest rates.

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

The fair values of the group's interest-bearing loans and borrowings are determined by using the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) method using a discount rate that reflects the issuer's borrowing rate as at the end of the reporting period. The fair values of the group's interest-bearing loans and borrowings are in most cases similar to carrying amount, as the interest rates are floating and as the own non-performance risk as at 31 December 2023 was assessed to be insignificant.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.10 Fair value measurement (continued)

Financial liabilities measured subsequently at fair value

The Group acquired BrandPad AS on 24 August 2022, and a contingent consideration was agreed as part of the purchase price. The contingent consideration is dependent on Brandpad AS's performance and will be based on Brandpad's Annual Returning Revenue (ARR) generated during 2023. At reporting date it is estimated that the deferred consideration is NOK 16.4 million and is payable in 2024.

Set out below is a comparison, by class, of the carrying amounts and fair values of the group's financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable approximations of fair values:

Financial liabilities carried at fair value

Amounts in NOK thousand

As at 31 Decembre 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Contingent consideration	-	-	11 698	11 698
As at 31 Decembre 2023	-	-	11 698	11 698
As at 31 Decembre 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Contingent consideration	-	-	16 373	16 373
As at 31 Decembre 2022	-	-	16 373	16 373



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

5.1 Taxes

ACCOUNTING POLICY

Current income tax

Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Current income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity is recognised in equity (OCI) and not in the statement of profit or loss.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilised

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

5.1 Taxes (continued)

ACCOUNTING POLICY (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits, together with future tax planning strategies.

These losses relate to subsidiaries that have historical losses, and may not be used to offset taxable income elsewhere in the Group. The tax loss carried forward from Norwegian entities may be offset against future taxable income and will not expire. Other tax loss carried forward do not expire.

Income tax expense

Amounts in NOK thousand

Current income tax expense:	2023	2022
Current period income tax	3 005	13 436
Prior period income tax	212	-
Change deferred tax	19 506	(28 234)
Total income tax expense	22 723	(14 798)

Total tax for the period on Group level:	2023	2022
Norway	19 286	(14 692)
Denmark	198	367
Sweden	697	948
United Kingdom	-	(1 967)
France	1 777	-
Other	765	546
Total income tax expense	22 723	(14 798)



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

5.1 Taxes (continued)

Income tax expense (continued)

A reconciliation of the differences between the theoretical tax expense under the rate applicable in Norway and the actual tax expense is as follows:

Amounts in NOK thousand

Reconciliation of income tax expense	2023	2022
Loss before tax	(169 591)	(68 594)
Tax expense (22%, Norwegian tax rate)	(37 310)	(15 066)
Permanent differences*	5 628	765
Change In unrecognised deferred tax asset	61 125	1 285
Other effects	1 154	(1 782)
Change to deferred tax balance, interest-bearing borrowings	(7 874)	-
Recognised income tax expense	22 723	(14 798)

* The permanent differences are related to non-deductible costs among the Group's subsidiaries.

Other effects contain the effect of different tax rates applicable to the subsidiaries as well as foreign exchange gains and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Amounts in NOK thousand

Deferred tax	2023	2022
Deferred tax assets	5 409	19 812
Deferred tax liabilities	(60 868)	(36 064)
Total deferred tax	(55 459)	(16 252)

Deferred tax movement for the year	2023	2022
As at 1 January 2023 and 23 February 2022 respectively	(16 252)	-
Additions through business combinations	(21 008)	(45 386)
Intangible assets	9 135	5 993
Right-of-use assets	(790)	1 335
Lease liabilities	468	(1 221)
Losses carried forward (including tax credit)	(24 353)	24 353
Periodised tax fund	34	(1 153)
Interest-bearing borrowings	7 606	-
Other	(10 299)	(173)
Basis for deferred tax liabilities (assets):	(55 459)	(16 252)

The other movements noted above refers to the reversal of certain deferred tax balances for which the underlying item is not longer on balance sheet. It also includes the deferred tax effect of contract assets and liabilities related to revenue recognition.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

5.1 Taxes (continued)

The Group's operations are subject to income tax in various foreign jurisdictions. The statutory income tax rates vary from 19 % to 30 %, which results in a difference between the statutory income tax rate in Norway and the average tax rate applicable to the Group. The average tax rate for the group's deferred tax assets is 22% for for 31 December 2023 (2022: 22%).

The total assessed loss in the group amounted to tNOK 305 474. No deferred tax asset was recognised thereon as the assessed loss will not be utilised in the foreseeable future.

Income tax payable

Amounts in NOK thousand

Reconciliation of the income tax payable	2023	2022
As at 1 January 2023 and 23 February 2022 respectively	170	-
Additions through business combinations	(1 455)	1 677
Income tax expense	3 217	13 436
Tax paid during the year	410	(14 943)
Foreign exchange	(651)	-
As at 31 December	1 691	170

6.1 Interests in other entities

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Origami TopCo AS and its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2023. The subsidiaries are consolidated when control is achieved as defined by IFRS 10. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. However, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6.1 Interests in other entities (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income ("OCI") are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group does not have ownership in joint arrangements as defined by IFRS 11, other associates, interests in unconsolidated structured entities or interests in unconsolidated subsidiaries that require disclosure under IFRS 12.

The consolidated entities

The subsidiaries of Origami TopCo AS are presented below:

- (i) During the year ended 31 December 2023, Brandmaster Research s.r.o changed its name to Papirfly Research s.r.c
- (ii) On 29 August 2023, Brandmaster Solutions Ltd was dissolved and all activities ended.

All subsidiaries are included in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Consolidated entities at 31 December 2023	Office	Currency	Shareholding and the Group's voting ownership share
Origami BidCo AS	Oslo, Norway	NOK	100 %
Brandpad AS	Oslo, Norway	NOK	100 %
Keepeek SAS	Paris, France	EUR	100 %
Papirfly AB	Stockholm, Sweden	SEK	100 %
Papirfly AS	Oslo, Norway	NOK	100 %
Papirfly Danmark Aps	Århus, Denmark	DKK	100 %
Papirfly France SAS	Paris, France	EUR	100 %
Papirfly GmbH	Karlsruhe, Germany	EUR	100 %
Papirfly Ltd	London, England	GBP	100 %
Papirfly Research s.r.o. (i)	Brno, Czech Republic	CZK	100 %
Tactic Real-Time Marketing O	Tallinn, Estonia	EUR	100 %
Papirfly Inc.	Morristown, United States of America	USD	100 %

6.2 Related party transactions

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Related parties are major shareholders, members of the board and management in the parent company and the group subsidiaries. Note 6.1 provides information about the Group's structure, including details of the subsidiaries. Details regarding the shareholders of Origami TopCo AS can be found in note 4.1. Significant agreements and remuneration paid to the Board for the current and prior period is presented in note 2.3.

All transactions within the Group or with other related parties are based on the principle of arm's length.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6.3 Provisions

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Provisions are liabilities with uncertain timing or amount and are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, that is, the amount that an entity would rationally pay to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date or to transfer it to a third party.

Other commitments and contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the annual accounts. Significant contingent liabilities are disclosed, with the exception of contingent liabilities where the possibility of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the annual accounts but are disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is considered probable. The Group has no contingent assets or liabilities that meet the criteria for disclosure.

As these provisions and other liabilities are classified as current the group considers the uncertainty of these cash flows as low.

Amounts in NOK thousand

Provisions and other liabilities	2023	2022
Payroll related provisions	12 880	10 809
Contingent consideration (Refer to notes 4.7 and 6.4)	11 698	16 373
Other provisions	21 729	-
Total provisions and other liabilities	46 307	27 182

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to better reflect their nature. These items include payroll related payables, provisions and other accruals. As a result, trade and other payables decreased by tNOK 7,025 and provisions decreased by tNOK 48,045 and other current liabilities increased by tNOK 55,070.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6.4 Business combinations

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A business combination is as a transaction or other event in which an acquirer obtains control of one or more businesses. A business consists of inputs and processes applied to those inputs that have the ability to create outputs. Determining whether a particular set of assets and activities is a business should be based on whether the integrated set is capable of being conducted and managed as a business by a market participant.

Business combinations are accounted for according to IFRS 3 using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, which is measured at fair value at acquisition date according to IFRS 13, and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquirees' identifiable net assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred and included in other operating expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, is measured at fair value with the changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Goodwill arises in a business combination when the fair value of consideration transferred exceeds the fair value of identifiable assets acquired less the fair value of identifiable liabilities assumed. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units, and tested subsequently for impairment.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In a business combination, the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are valued at fair value at the time of acquisition. The various assets and liabilities are valued on the basis of different models, requiring estimates and assumptions to be made. Goodwill is the residual value in this allocation. Errors in estimates and assumptions can lead to an error in the split of the value between the various assets and liabilities incl. goodwill, but the sum of the total excess values will always be consistent with the purchase price paid.

The economic useful life of intangible assets acquired in a business combination are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are subsequently tested for impairment by assessing the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the intangible assets relates, further described in note 3.3. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment or changes to the amortization period as described in note 3.2. The assumptions applied to determining the economic useful lives in a business combination may involve considerable estimates such as future innovations and developments to software and technology.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6.4 Business combinations (continued)

Determination of fair values

Fair values have been determined for initial recognition based on the following methods:

Property, plant and equipment acquired in a business combination

The fair value of items of equipment, fixtures and fittings is based on a market or cost approach using quoted market prices for similar items when available and replacement cost when appropriate.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

The fair value of technology acquired in a business combination is determined using the multi-period excess earnings method, whereby the subject asset is valued as a residual after deducting a fair return on all other assets that are part of creating the related cash flows.

Other current assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination

The fair value of other current assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination is determined based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and sale.

Acquisitions during the financial year ended 31 December 2023

Acquisition of Keepeek SAS

On 2 June 2023, the a subsidiary of the Company (Papirfly AS) acquired 100% of the shares in Keepeek SAS through a business combination. Keepeek offers a collaborative platform for marketing and communication teams to organize, manage and distribute their multimedia content. The Keepeek platform allows to manage the entire content chain, from the design phase to automated distribution. Keepeek SAS was acquired mainly due to expected synergies of the two combined entities, in addition to adding value and new functionalities to existing clients. The transaction will be recorded as a business combination in accordance with IFRS 3. The acquisition date corresponds to the date when the Group obtained control of the legal entity, 2 June 2023.

The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred was NOK 155 million. The purchase price consist of cash consideration and a contingent consideration.

Acquisitions during the financial year ended 31 December 2022

Acquisition of Papirfly Group AS

On 23 February 2022, the Company acquired 100% of the shares in Papirfly Group AS through a business combination. Papirfly Group AS provides a Software as a Service solution to customers globally and has offices in Sweden, Germany, Estonia, Czech republic, UK and USA. The acquisition was completed due to expected synergies of the combined entities. The transaction will be recorded as a business combination in accordance with IFRS 3. The acquisition date corresponds to the date when Papirfly Group AS obtained control of the legal entity, 23 February 2022.

The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration transferred was NOK 1,300.3 million. The purchase price consist of cash consideration.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6.4 Business combinations (continued)

Acquisitions during the financial year ended 31 December 2022 (continued)

Acquisition of Brandpad AS

On 24 August 2022, the a subsidiary of the Company (Papirfly AS) acquired 100% of the shares in BrandPad AS through a business combination. Brandpad AS is a digital brand platform where design studios and brand owners standardise their brand deliveries. In Brandpad AS self-developed platform, designers and brands can create, share and use their digital brand deliveries. Brandpad AS was acquired mainly due to expected synergies of the two combined entities, in addition to adding value and new functionalities to existing clients. The transaction will be recorded as a business combination in accordance with IFRS 3. The acquisition date corresponds to the date when the Group obtained control of the legal entity, 24 August 2022.

The acquisition-date fair value of the total consideration was NOK 41.7 million. The purchase price consists of two elements; cash at closing of NOK 32 million, as well as an earn-out payable should certain targets be met. The contingent consideration had a fair value of NOK 11.6 million.

Based on a provisional purchase price allocation (PPA), the below table illustrates the fair values of the identifiable assets in Keepeek SAS, Papirfly Group AS and Brandpad AS.

Fair value of identifiable assets	Keepeek SAS Acquired on 2 June 2023	Papirfly AS Acquired on 23 February 2022	Brandpad AS Acquired on 24 August 2022
<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>			
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	805	3 583	-
Intangible assets (technology and customer relationships)	84 032	200 300	6 000
Right of use asset	7 904	11 299	-
Non-current contract assets	-	1 291	-
Other non-current assets	921	1 210	-
Deferred tax assets	1 976	-	-
Total non-current assets	95 638	217 683	6 000
Current assets			
Trade receivables	12 327	56 379	194
Current contract assets	4 037	2 381	-
Other receivables	4 119	13 278	1
Cash and cash equivalents	62 082	44 152	1 378
Total current assets	82 565	116 190	1 573
TOTAL ASSETS	178 203	333 873	7 573



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6.4 Business combinations (continued)

Fair value of identifiable assets (continued)	Keepeek SAS Acquired on 2 June 2023	Papirfly AS Acquired on 23 February 2022	Brandpad AS Acquired on 24 August 2022
<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>			
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Non-current lease liabilities	5 869	7 165	-
Non-current contract liabilities	-	4 696	-
Non-current Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	-	77 498	-
Deferred tax liabilities	22 984	44 066	1 320
Other non-current liabilities	-	390	-
Total non-current liabilities	28 853	133 815	1 320
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	1 094	7 377	73
Current lease liabilities	2 035	4 360	-
Contract liabilities	30 382	42 268	-
Current Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	23 259	-	-
Public duties payable	-	17 814	-
Income tax payable	(1 455)	1 677	-
Other current liabilities	14 160	62 191	533
Total current liabilities	69 475	135 687	606
TOTAL LIABILITIES	98 328	269 502	1 926
Considation	Keepeek SAS Acquired on 2 June 2023	Papirfly AS Acquired on 23 February 2022	Brandpad AS Acquired on 24 August 2022
<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>			
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	79 875	64 371	5 647
Goodwill arising on acquisition	75 269	1 236 011	36 095
Total consideration	155 144	1 300 382	41 742
<i>Total consideration satisfied by:</i>			
Cash consideration at acquisition	155 144	1 087 227	20 624
Contingent consideration	-	-	9 742
Vendor note	-	-	11 376
Promissory note	-	213 155	-
Fair value of consideration on acquisition date	155 144	1 300 382	41 742

Provision for deferred tax is made for the difference between acquisition cost and acquired tax base in accordance with IAS 12. Offsetting entry of this non-cash deferred tax is goodwill. The remaining goodwill comprises the value of expected synergies arising from the acquisition and assembled workforce, which is not separately recognised.

None of the goodwill recognised is deductible for income tax purposes.



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6.4 Business combinations (continued)

Net cash outflow at acquisition	Keepeek SAS	Papirfly AS	Brandpad AS
	Acquired on 2 June 2023	Acquired on 23 February 2022	Acquired on 24 August 2022
<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>			
Net cash outflow at acquisition			
Net cash acquired with the subsidiary	62 082	44 152	1 378
Cash consideration at acquisition	(155 144)	(1 087 227)	(20 624)
Net cash outflow at acquisition	(93 062)	(1 043 075)	(19 246)

The table below shows the Group's revenue and profit before tax for the twelve months period ended 31 December 2023 if the business combinations had taken place at the beginning of the year:

Impact on revenue - acquisitions made in 2023	Keepeek SAS Acquired on 2 June 2023
<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>	
Revenue	50 238
Revenue from acquired entities pre-acquisition	34 834
Pro forma revenue	85 072
Impact on profit before tax - acquisitions made in 2023	Keepeek SAS Acquired on 2 June 2023
<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>	
Profit before tax	(3 142)
Profit before tax from acquired entities pre-acquisition	9 972
Pro forma profit before tax	6 830



Origami TopCo AS

Consolidated notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

6.4 Business combinations (continued)

The table below shows the Group's revenue and profit before tax for the twelve months period ended 31 December 2022 if the business combinations had taken place at the beginning of the year:

Impact on revenue - acquisitions made in 2022	Papirfly AS	Brandpad AS
	Acquired on 23 February 2022	Acquired on 24 August 2022
<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>		
Revenue	219 154	1 720
Revenue from acquired entities pre acquisition	41 611	2 873
Pro forma revenue	260 765	4 593
Impact on profit before tax - acquisitions made in 2022	Papirfly AS	Brandpad AS
	Acquired on 23 February 2022	Acquired on 24 August 2022
<i>Amounts in NOK thousand</i>		
Profit before tax	(89 352)	772
Profit before tax from acquired entities pre acquisition	(7 715)	(333)
Pro forma profit before tax	(97 067)	439

6.5 Events after the reporting period

In February 2024 the Company settled the final Earn-out payment related to the acquisition of Brandpad AS. The total Earn-Out amounted to NOK 11 697 658.

Other than the above, there are no events after the reporting period.



Origami TopCo AS

Organisation number: 928 341 666

Financial statements - 2023





REVENUE STATEMENT

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

OPERATING INCOME AND OPERATING EXPENSES	Note	2023	01.11.2021 - 31.12.2022
Other operating expenses	2	(922 793)	(158 486)
Total operating expenses		(922 793)	(158 486)
Operating results		(922 793)	(158 486)
FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSES			
Interest income from shareholder	3	9 833	-
Other interest income	3	-	43 373
Other financial income	3	501 834	-
Interest expense to shareholder	3	(28 644)	-
Other financial costs	3	(63 816 950)	(142)
Net financial items		(63 333 927)	43 231
Net loss before tax		(64 256 720)	(115 255)
Net loss for the year		(64 256 720)	(115 255)
ATTRIBUTABLE TO			
Other equity	5	(64 256 720)	(115 255)
Total		(64 256 720)	(115 255)



BALANCE SHEET

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

ASSETS	Note	2023	2022
Non-current assets			
Non-current financial assets			
Investment in subsidiary	6	993 529 804	989 833 591
Total non-current financial assets		993 529 804	989 833 591
Total non-current assets		993 529 804	989 833 591
Current assets			
Receivables			
Other short-term receivables from shareholders	7	1 719 833	-
Other short-term receivables from companies in the same grou	7	15 563 875	5 306 801
Other short-term receivables		11 667	-
Total receivables		17 295 375	5 306 801
Total current assets		17 295 375	5 306 801
TOTAL ASSETS		1 010 825 179	995 140 392



BALANCE SHEET

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	2023	2022
Equity			
Paid-in capital			
Share capital	5, 8	1 058 597	991 561
Treasury shares	5	(118 600)	-
Share premium reserve	5	1 055 935 812	989 022 029
Total paid-up equity		1 056 875 809	990 013 590
Other equity			
Other equity	5	(64 377 545)	(120 825)
Paid share capital - unregistered	5	2 938 652	413 244
Total other equity		(61 438 893)	292 419
Total equity		995 436 916	990 306 009
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		157 688	8 813
Other short-term liabilities from companies in the same group	7	4 800 000	4 800 000
Other short-term liabilities from shareholders	7	10 340 575	-
Other current liabilities		90 000	25 570
Total current liabilities		15 388 263	4 834 383
Total liabilities		15 388 263	4 834 383
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1 010 825 179	995 140 392



BALANCE SHEET

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

Oslo, 27 May 2024

The board of Origami TopCo AS

Erik Langaker
Board Chairman

Joakim Kjemperud
Board member

Kent Zethner
Board member

Kyle Ferguson
Board member



INDIRECT CASH FLOW

ORIGAMI TOPCO AS

	Note	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before tax		(64 256 720)	(115 255)
Change in receivables		(11 667)	-
Change in accounts payable		148 875	8 813
Change in other accrual items		83 241	(481 231)
Impairment of investment in subsidiary	6	63 315 116	-
Net cash flows from operating activities		(721 155)	(587 673)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES			
Payments to buy shares and participations in other companies		(67 011 329)	(989 833 591)
Change in cashpool balance held by company in the same group		(10 257 074)	-
Net cash flows from investment activities		(77 268 403)	(989 833 591)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from equity		69 506 227	990 421 264
Proceeds from other short-term liabilities from shareholders		10 311 931	-
Buy back of treasury shares		(2 977 600)	-
Sale of treasury shares		1 149 000	-
Net cash flows from financing activities		77 989 558	990 421 264
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year/period		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the YEAR/period		-	-



Origami TopCo AS

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Note 1 Accounting principles

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Accounting Act and good accounting practice for ordinary enterprises.

General and administrative expenses

In principle, general and administrative expenses are recognised in the same period as the revenue to which they relate. In instances where there is no clear connection between the expense and revenue, the apportionment is estimated. Other exceptions to the matching criteria are disclosed where appropriate.

Foreign currency translation

The company's functional and presentation currency is Norwegian kroner. Foreign currency transactions are translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary items in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical exchange rates expressed in foreign currency are converted into Norwegian kroner by using the exchange rate at the time of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value expressed in foreign currency are converted at the exchange rate determined at the time of measurement. Exchange rate changes are recognised in the income statement on an ongoing basis during the accounting period under other financial items.

Valuation and classification of assets and liabilities

Net current assets and liabilities comprise receivables and payables due within one year. Other entries are classified as fixed assets and/or long term creditors.

Current assets are valued at the lower of acquisition cost and fair value. Short-term liabilities are entered in the balance sheet

Assets intended for permanent ownership or use are classified as fixed assets. Fixed assets are carried at historical cost, but are written down to their recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount and the reduction in value is expected to be permanent. Fixed assets with a limited economic life are depreciated in accordance with a reasonable depreciation schedule.

Long term debt entered in the balance sheet at the nominal amount received at the time of establishment.

Shares in subsidiaries and associates

Subsidiaries and investments in associates are carried at cost in the parent company accounts. A write-down to fair value will be performed if the impairment is not considered to be temporary, and an impairment charge is deemed necessary according to generally accepted accounting principles. Dividends and group contributions are recognised as other financial income.

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables and other receivables are carried at fair value less an allowance for expected losses. An estimate is made for doubtful debts based on a review of all amounts outstanding at the balance sheet date. Bad debts are written off when identified.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash, bank deposits and other monetary instruments with a maturity of less than three months at the date of purchase.



Origami TopCo AS

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Note 1 Accounting principles (continued)

Bank deposits and cash flow analysis

Origami Bidco AS belongs to a group that has a common group account system, which involves joint and several liability between participating companies. Papirfly AS is the only company in the group account arrangement with a direct intermediary with the bank, while deposits and withdrawals on the subsidiaries' accounts are considered intra-group balances. Through the group account system, the group's companies have the opportunity to draw on the group's total bank deposits.

As of 31 December 2023, Origami Topco AS had a balance of of NOK 10 257 074 and thus an intercompany balance with Papirfly AS.

The cash flow analysis is set up in accordance with the law and good accounting practice for ordinary companies using.

Tax

Tax in the income statement includes both payable taxes and changes in deferred tax. Deferred tax is calculated at 22 % based on the temporary differences between accounting and tax values including tax loss carry forwards at the end of the fiscal year. Taxable and deductible temporary differences that reverse or may reverse in the same period are netted.

Estimates

Management used estimates and assumptions that have influenced the profit and loss account and the valuation of assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date during the preparation of the annual accounts in accordance with good accounting requirements.

Going concern

Pursuant to 3-3 of the Norwegian Accounting Act the Board of Directors confirms that the conditions for continued operations as a going concern are present for the Company and that the annual financial statements for 2023 have been prepared under this presumption.

Note 2 Number of employees, remuneration, loans to employees etc.

No compensations have been paid, no loans have been granted and no guarantees have been issued to any member of the Board of Directors.

Auditor

Auditor's fees for 2023 was NOK 250 679

Fees for other assurance engagements was NOK 22 968.

VAT is not included in the figures of auditor's fee

The Company has no employees. During the year the company granted a loan to Stefan Ropers, who holds a key management position in the Company's subsidiary, Papirfly AS.



Origami TopCo AS

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Note 3 Financial income and expenses

	2023	2022
Financial income		
Foreign exchange gain	501 834	-
Interest income from shareholder	9 833	-
Other interest income	-	43 373
Financial expenses		
Foreign exchange loss	(501 834)	-
Interest expense to shareholder	(28 644)	-
Other financial cost	-	(142)
Impairment of investment in subsidiary (Refer to note 6)	(63 315 116)	-
Net financial items	(63 333 927)	43 231

Note 4 Tax

	2023	2022
Current income tax expense		
Income tax on ordinary loss	-	-
Tax payable	-	-
Change in deferred tax assets	-	-
Total tax expense on ordinary loss	-	-
Taxable income		
Net loss before tax	(64 256 720)	(115 255)
Permeant differences	63 259 036	(5 570)
This year's change in temporary differences	90 000	-
Taxable income for the year	- (907 684)	(120 825)
Reconciliation of the income tax payable		
Tax payable as at 1 January	-	-
Tax payable on current year results	-	-
Total tax payable as at 31 December	-	-



Origami TopCo AS

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Note 4 Tax (continued)

The tax effect of temporary differences and loss for to be carried forward that has formed the basis for deferred tax and deferred tax advantages, specified on type of temporary differences as follows:

	2023	2022	Change
Accumulated loss to be brought forward	1 028 509	120 825	907 684
Not included in the deferred tax calculation	(1 028 509)	(120 825)	(907 684)
Total	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets (22 %)	-	-	-

Deferred tax assets are not included in the balance sheet as the entity will not be making a taxable income in the foreseeable future against which the assessed loss can be utilised.

Note 5 Equity

	Share Capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Other equity	Paid share capital - unregistered	Total equity
1 January 2023	991 560	989 022 029	-	(120 825)	413 244	990 306 008
Capital increase	439	382 296	-	-	(413 244)	(30 509)
Debt conversion	66 598	66 531 487	-	-	-	66 598 085
Capital increase not registered	-	-	-	-	2 938 652	2 938 652
Treasury shares	-	-	(118 600)	-	-	(118 600)
Net loss	-	-	-	(64 256 720)	-	(64 256 720)
Total	1 058 597	1 055 935 812	(118 600)	(64 377 545)	2 938 652	995 436 916

The company bought back its own shares from shareholders who wished to sell their shares. This was executed as per the shareholders' agreement. The company owns 119 975 at a nominal value of NOK 0,001 per share in Treasury shares. The shares were acquired for an average price of NOK 0,9885. Treasury shares make up 0,01% of the total issued shares.

During the year, the company acquired 2 859 000 of its own shares for NOK 1 per share. These shares were sold to a new employee for NOK 1 per share.



Origami TopCo AS

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Note 6 Investment in subsidiaries

Company	Office	Ownership and voting interest (%)	Result 2023	Equity as at 31 December	Book value as at 31 December
Origami BidCo AS	Oslo	100 %	(121 286 593)	879 485 986	993 529 804

During the year, the Company impaired its investment in subsidiary by NOK 73 572 928. The Company identified an indicator for impairment and determined the recoverable amount. The carrying value of NOK 1 056 844 920 exceeded the recoverable amount and thus an impairment was recognised.

Note 7 Balances with related parties

Receivables	2023	2022
Other short-term receivables from subsidiaries: Origami Bidco AS	5 306 801	5 306 801
Other short-term receivables from subsidiaries: Papirfly AS	10 257 074	-
Total	15 563 875	5 306 801
Other short-receivables from shareholder: Stefan Ropers	1 719 833	-
Payables	2023	2022
Other short-term payables from subsidiaries: Papirfly AS	(4 800 000)	(4 800 000)
Other short-term payables from shareholder: Fly Holdco AB	(10 340 575)	-



Origami TopCo AS

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Note 8 Shareholders

The share capital in Origami Topco AS as of 31.12 consists of the following share classes:

	Total	Face value	Entered
Ordinary shares	210 843 056	0.001	210 843
Preference shares	847 753 851	0.001	847 754
Total	1 058 596 907		1 058 597

Ownership structure

The largest shareholders in % at year end:

	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	Total shares	Owner interest	Share of votes
Fly Holdco AB	160 339 485	675 371 670	835 711 155	78.9%	78.9%
Vestland Invest AS	13 392 787	51 369 737	64 762 524	6.1%	6.1%
Oldeide Invest AS	5 352 912	23 147 088	28 500 000	2.7%	2.7%
Paper Plane AS	2 847 608	12 313 642	15 161 250	1.4%	1.4%
Total >1% ownership share	181 932 792	762 202 137	944 134 929	89.1%	89.1%
Total <1% ownership share	28 910 264	85 551 714	114 461 978	10.9%	10.9%
Total number of shares	210 843 056	847 753 851	1 058 596 907	100.0%	100.0%

Shares and options owned by the Directors of the Board, the General Manager and Senior Management:

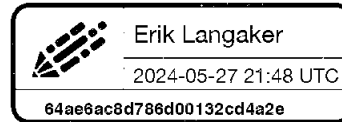
Name	Position	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	Total shares
Erik Langaker	Member of the board	13 392 787	51 369 737	64 762 524
Kent Zethner	Member of the board	1 596 482	6 903 518	8 500 000
Kyle Ferguson	Member of the board	586 941	2 538 059	3 125 000
Stefan Ropers	General Manager	3 420 000	-	3 420 000
Max Sihvonen	Senior Management	1 345 949	730 961	2 076 910
Nora Tandberg	Senior Management	2 420 639	2 644 482	5 065 121
Morten Moe	Senior Management	1 456 579	1 209 347	2 665 926



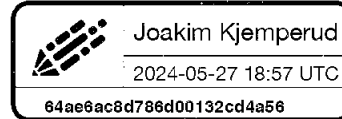
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Erik Langaker



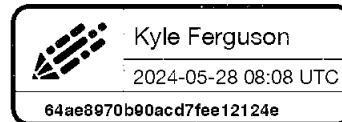
Joakim Kjemperud



Kent Zethner



Kyle Ferguson



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To the General Meeting of Origami Topco AS

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Origami Topco AS, which comprise:

- the financial statements of the parent company Origami Topco AS (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2023, revenue statement and indirect cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and
- the consolidated financial statements of Origami Topco AS and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion

- the financial statements comply with applicable statutory requirements,
- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act and accounting standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, and
- the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company and the Group as required by relevant laws and regulations in Norway and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Board of Directors (management) is responsible for the information in the Board of Directors' report. The other information comprises information in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the information in the Board of Directors' report.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Board of Directors' report. The purpose is to consider if there is material inconsistency between the Board of Directors' report and the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or whether the Board of Directors' report otherwise appears to be materially misstated. We are required to report if there is a material misstatement in the Board of Directors' report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Based on our knowledge obtained in the audit, it is our opinion that the Board of Directors' report

- is consistent with the financial statements and
- contains the information required by applicable statutory requirements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AS, Dronning Eufemias gate 71, Postboks 748 Sentrum, NO-0106 Oslo
T: 02316, org. no.: 987 009 713 MVA, www.pwc.no
Statsautoriserte revisorer, medlemmer av Den norske Revisorforening og autorisert regnskapsførerselskap



Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act and accounting standards and practices generally accepted in Norway, and for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as adopted by the EU. Management is responsible for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern. The financial statements of the Company use the going concern basis of accounting insofar as it is not likely that the enterprise will cease operations. The consolidated financial statements of the Group use the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. For further description of Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements reference is made to: <https://revisorforeningen.no/revisjonsberetninger>

Oslo, 27 May 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers AS

Øystein Sandvik
State Authorised Public Accountant
(This document is signed electronically)



 Securely signed with Brevio

Revisjonsberetning

Signers:

Name	Method	Date
Sandvik, Øystein Blåka	BANKID	2024-05-27 21:03

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