



ÅRSREGNSKAPET FOR REGNSKAPSÅRET 2022 - GENERELL INFORMASJON

Enheten

Organisasjonsnummer:	915 157 882
Organisasjonsform:	Allmennaksjeselskap
Foretaksnavn:	VISTIN PHARMA ASA
Forretningsadresse:	Østensjøveien 27 0661 OSLO

Regnskapsår

Årsregnskapets periode:	01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022
-------------------------	-------------------------

Konsern

Mørselskap i konsern:	Ja
Konsernregnskap lagt ved:	Ja

Regnskapsregler

Regler for små foretak benyttet:	Nei
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til selskapet:	Forenklet IFRS
Benyttet ved utarbeidelsen av årsregnskapet til konsernet:	IFRS

Årsregnskapet fastsatt av kompetent organ

Bekreftet av representant for selskapet:	Alexander Karlsen
Dato for fastsettelse av årsregnskapet:	26.04.2023

Grunnlag for avgivelse

År 2022: Årsregnskapet er elektronisk innlevert
År 2021: Tall er hentet fra elektronisk innlevert årsregnskap fra 2022

Det er ikke krav til at årsregnskapet m.v. som sendes til Regnskapsregisteret er undertegnet. Kontrollen på at dette er utført ligger hos revisor/enhetens øverste organ. Sikkerheten ivaretas ved at innsender har rolle/rettighet for innsending av årsregnskapet via Altinn, og ved at det bekreftes at årsregnskapet er fastsatt av kompetent organ.

Brønnøysundregistrene, 11.08.2024



Resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
RESULTATREGNSKAP			
Kostnader			
Lønnskostnad	3	1 962 000	1 947 000
Annen driftskostnad	4	2 232 000	2 751 000
Sum kostnader		4 194 000	4 698 000
Driftsresultat		-4 194 000	-4 698 000
Finansinntekter og finanskostnader			
Annen finansinntekt	5	1 835 000	1 423 000
Sum finansinntekter		1 835 000	1 423 000
Annen finanskostnad	5	15 000	4 000
Sum finanskostnader		15 000	4 000
Netto finans		1 820 000	1 419 000
Ordinært resultat før skattekostnad		-2 374 000	-3 279 000
Skattekostnad på ordinært resultat	6	-522 000	-721 000
Ordinært resultat etter skattekostnad		-1 852 000	-2 558 000
Årsresultat		-1 852 000	-2 558 000
Overføringer og disponeringer			
Til annen EK		-1 852 000	-2 558 000
Sum overføringer og disponeringer		-1 852 000	-2 558 000



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
BALANSE - EIENDELER			
Anleggsmidler			
Immaterielle eiendeler			
Finansielle anleggsmidler			
Investering i datterselskap	7	48 825 000	48 825 000
Lån til foretak i samme konsern	7	58 024 000	58 024 000
Utsatt skatt	6	1 263 000	741 000
Sum finansielle anleggsmidler		108 112 000	107 590 000
Sum anleggsmidler		108 112 000	107 590 000
Omløpsmidler			
Varer			
Fordringer			
Intercompany fordringer	7	159 537 000	147 666 000
Andre fordringer		47 000	33 000
Sum fordringer		159 584 000	147 699 000
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende			
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende	9	1 388 000	22 521 000
Sum bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		1 388 000	22 521 000
Sum omløpsmidler		160 972 000	170 220 000
SUM EIENDELER		269 084 000	277 810 000
BALANSE - EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD			
Egenkapital			
Innskutt egenkapital			
Selskapskapital	10	44 345 000	44 345 000
Overkurs		206 885 000	206 885 000
Annen innskutt egenkapital		16 902 000	18 753 000



Balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
Sum innskutt egenkapital		268 132 000	269 983 000
Sum egenkapital		268 132 000	269 983 000
Sum langsiktig gjeld		0	0
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Leverandørgjeld		42 000	1 000
Kortsiktig konserngjeld	7		6 939 000
Annen kortsiktig gjeld		911 000	889 000
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		953 000	7 829 000
Sum gjeld		953 000	7 829 000
SUM EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD		269 085 000	277 812 000



Konsernets resultatregnskap

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
RESULTATREGNSKAP			
Inntekter			
Salgsinntekt	4	287 675 000	275 812 000
Annen driftsinntekt	5	17 177 000	2 811 000
Sum inntekter		304 852 000	278 623 000
Kostnader			
Varekostnad		138 064 000	96 097 000
Lønnskostnad	6	78 972 000	73 426 000
Avskrivning på varige driftsmidler og immaterielle eiendeler	12	12 280 000	10 609 000
Annen driftskostnad	8	81 632 000	65 241 000
Sum kostnader		310 948 000	245 373 000
Driftsresultat		-6 096 000	33 250 000
Finansinntekter og finanskostnader			
Annen finansinntekt	9	9 554 000	6 067 000
Sum finansinntekter		9 554 000	6 067 000
Annen finanskostnad	9	9 466 000	7 322 000
Sum finanskostnader		9 466 000	7 322 000
Netto finans		88 000	-1 255 000
Ordinært resultat før skattekostnad		-6 008 000	31 995 000
Skattekostnad på ordinært resultat	10	-1 293 000	7 129 000
Ordinært resultat etter skattekostnad		-4 715 000	24 866 000
Årsresultat		-4 715 000	24 866 000



Konsernets balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
BALANSE - EIENDELER			
Anleggsmidler			
Immaterielle eiendeler			
Utsatt skattefordel	10	28 601 000	27 858 000
Sum immaterielle eiendeler		28 601 000	27 858 000
Varige driftsmidler			
Tomter, bygninger og annen fast eiendom		32 608 000	20 248 000
Anlegg under utførelse		10 239 000	83 020 000
Maskiner og anlegg		175 477 000	59 334 000
Driftsløsøre, inventar, verktøy, kontormaskiner og lignende		951 000	4 664 000
Varebil		156 000	191 000
Sum varige driftsmidler		219 431 000	167 457 000
Sum anleggsmidler		248 032 000	195 315 000
Omløpsmidler			
Varer			
Varer	15	83 446 000	42 907 000
Sum varer		83 446 000	42 907 000
Fordringer			
Kundefordringer	16	66 155 000	40 245 000
Andre fordringer	16	8 146 000	18 933 000
Sum fordringer		74 301 000	59 178 000
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende			
Bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende	17	1 435 000	35 746 000
Sum bankinnskudd, kontanter og lignende		1 435 000	35 746 000
Sum omløpsmidler		159 182 000	137 831 000
SUM EIENDELER		407 214 000	333 146 000

BALANSE - EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD



Konsernets balanse

Beløp i: NOK	Note	2022	2021
Egenkapital			
Innskutt egenkapital			
Selskapskapital	18	44 345 000	44 345 000
Overkurs		206 885 000	206 885 000
Sum innskutt egenkapital		251 230 000	251 230 000
Opptjent egenkapital			
Annen egenkapital		22 033 000	24 538 000
Sum opptjent egenkapital		22 033 000	24 538 000
Sum egenkapital		273 263 000	275 768 000
Gjeld			
Langsiktig gjeld			
Pensjonsforpliktelser	7	13 199 000	15 831 000
Andre avsetninger for forpliktelser	22	2 956 000	512 000
Sum avsetninger for forpliktelser		16 155 000	16 343 000
Annen langsiktig gjeld			
Sum langsiktig gjeld		16 155 000	16 343 000
Kortsiktig gjeld			
Leverandørgjeld	14	25 906 000	20 808 000
Annen kortsiktig gjeld	20/22	46 748 000	20 227 000
Annen kortsiktig gjeld	21	45 141 000	
Sum kortsiktig gjeld		117 795 000	41 035 000
Sum gjeld		133 950 000	57 378 000
SUM EGENKAPITAL OG GJELD		407 213 000	333 146 000



Annual report 2022

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJSD-Z10K6-5WFGW-WN18N-Q15J3



Vistin Pharma

Directors' report for 2022

Operating performance

During 2022, Vistin Pharma ASA and its subsidiary ("Vistin Pharma" or the "Company") had one business segment: pharmaceuticals. Vistin Pharma is a major player and a well-recognized global supplier of metformin, the gold standard treatment of diabetes II.

Diabetes is one of the most serious diseases of this century. The number of diabetes II patients are by WHO expected to grow from approximately 500 million today to > 750 million in approx. 20 years. About 10% of the world's population in the age group between 25 – 70 years are suffering from diabetes. The global demand for metformin is expected to grow from 45.000MT today to 60.000MT annually in the coming 20 years

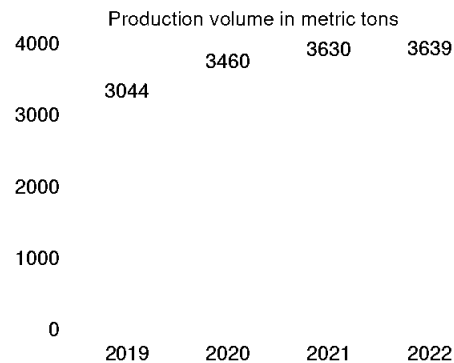
Vistin Pharma's ambition is to strengthen its position as one of the leading suppliers in the metformin market. The objectives are to grow with our customers and take advantage of the expected future market growth.

Vistin Pharma believes that the quality of its metformin products, its advanced, fully automated production facility, continuous focus on and investment in sustainable operations,



and its service and delivery performance, are competitive advantages and drivers for increased sales and future growth.

The Covid-19 situation has been an «eye opener» to both authorities and the industry leaders to focus on lower risk supply chains and «short travelled medicines». Vistin is strategically well positioned to benefit from the expected increase in local supply demands following the pandemic.



Metformin capacity expansion project (MEP)

Vistin announced in April 2020 that the Board of Directors had approved a Metformin Capacity Expansion Project (MEP). The objective has been to build a 2nd parallel production line and establish a total capacity of approximately 7000MT metformin HCl annually, to take advantage of the future growing need for metformin to treat diabetes II patients and to supply existing and future customers increasing product demands. The turn-key contract with



the engineering company for the project was settled in December 2022. The total project cost ended at MNOK <90, well below the MNOK 100 budget. The new line was installed in Q1-2022 and the plant was closed for approx. eight weeks. However, Vistin reached production of close to 3 700 MT(metric tons) of metformin HCl and by year end the installed yearly capacity in the plant is approx. 5 500MT.

Strategy

Vistin has positioned itself as a premium supplier in the highly competitive metformin market. To further strengthen the position, Vistin is committed to invest in process and product quality development and implement Best Available Techniques (BAT) in its production environment. Vistin has a separate department consisting of four highly competent individuals that is dedicated to work with process improvements.

Vistin Pharma's long-term vision is to have no negative impact on environment, people and local community by the Company's presence. Vistin Pharma are proud of the sustainability achievements, the track record of deliverables and ongoing ESG focus and investments to further reduce the Company's carbon footprint. During 2022 Vistin has invested MNOK >10 in a cooling system to condense hydrocarbons. This is expected to reduce the emission of greenhouse gases with more than 98%, resulting in a reduction of the total emission to air with more than 90%.

The high energy prices throughout 2022, caused by the ongoing war in Ukraine, has been very challenging for not only Vistin but for Europe in general. In December Vistin entered into a long-term renewable energy supply agreement with Statkraft, the largest European supplier of re-useable energy, that will secure a significant part of Vistin's electricity demand on competitive terms from 1st of January 2023 and until 2032.

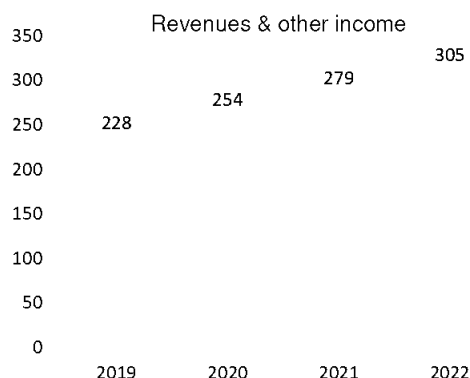
High demand

The demand in the market for metformin is still high and is not affected by the Ukraine situation or the corona epidemic. The raw material prices have increased in 2022 following the Covid-19 pandemic. However, the delivery situation of raw materials, especially from China, has improved during 2022. Vistin has still invested in building security stocks of its key raw materials to avoid temporary raw material shortages. Vistin has been able to increase its average sales prices during the year to compensate for the current increased raw material prices.

Presentation of financial results for the group

Total revenue and other income for Vistin Pharma in 2022 amounted to MNOK 304.9 (MNOK 278.6). The revenue for both 2022 and 2021 relate exclusively to sales of metformin.

The EBITDA for 2022 was MNOK 6.2 million (MNOK 43.9). Vistin had a net loss of MNOK 4.7 million (net profit MNOK 24.9). The net loss for 2022 was driven by a planned production stop in Q1 due to installation of a new production line and record high electricity prices due to the war in Ukraine.



Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJOK6-5WFGW-MNUN-Q15J3



Liquidity, financial position and investments

2022 net cash flow from operating activities was negative with MNOK 10.5. Net cash flow from operating activities in the same period 2021 was MNOK 13.7.

Net cash flow from investing activities in 2022 was negative with MNOK 64.3 compared to negative with MNOK 31.7 for Q4'21. Both represents capital expenditures (~70% MEP).

Net cash flow from financing activities in 2022 was positive with MNOK 40.5. Net cash flow from financing activities in the same period last year was negative MNOK 23.3, driven by dividend payment of MNOK ~22.

Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents in 2022 amounted to MNOK 34.3. In the same period last year, there was a net decrease in cash and cash equivalents of MNOK 41.3. Cash flow in 2022 is affected by the production stop in Q1 due to the planned MEP installation, as well as CAPEX and increased working capital requirements due to the MEP volume ramp-up. Operational cash flow is expected to improve going forward.

The Board of Directors has proposed to get a power of attorney from AGM in May to pay up to NOK 0.75 per share in dividend. The power of attorney should be valid until the 2024 AGM.

At 31 December 2022, total assets amounted to MNOK 407.2, incl. cash and cash equivalents of MNOK 1.4. The company had interest-bearing debt of MNOK 45.1, with net debt of MNOK 43.7 as of end December 2022.

Equity by the end of December was MNOK 273.3 This equals an equity ratio of 67%.

The Financial Statements of Vistin Pharma ASA have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU and are valid on or after 1 January 2018.

In accordance with the Norwegian accounting act § 3-3a, the Board of Directors confirm that the Financial Statements have been prepared under the assumption of going concern and that this assumption is valid based on the Company's budgets and financial projections.

Events after the balance sheet date

There have not been events subsequent to the closing date of 31 December 2022, that affects the financials or the Company's operational activities.

Organizational matters

Organization

At the end of 2022, the Company had 79 employees.

Board of Directors

At year end the board consisted of Øyvind A. Brøymer (chairman), Bettina Banoun, Kari Krogstad, Espen Marcussen, Øystein Stray Spetalen, Espen Lia Gregoriussen (employee representative) and Åse Musum (employee representative).



No harm vision

- Our vision is to have no negative impact on environment, people, and local community by our presence
- Vistin is a green and environmentally friendly pharmaceutical company with a no harm vision and front runner ambition
- Our goal is to increase our manufacturing capacity without increased environmental impact on water, air, and soil





Sustainability report

Corporate social responsibility, the environment and employees

Vistin Pharma aspires to achieve sustainable development by having a good balance between financial results, value creation, sustainability, and CSR. The Board of Directors have the overall responsibility for aligning Vistin's strategy and sustainability considerations, while the day-to-day responsibility lies with the CEO, supported by the Leadership Team. The statement of corporate social responsibility required under Section 3-3c of the Norwegian Accounting Act follows below.

Corporate social responsibility

Vistin Pharma is committed to conduct its business in a manner that adheres to the highest industry standards within the pharmaceutical industry, and strictly in accordance with international and local laws and regulations. Vistin Pharma is a socially responsible company dedicated to promoting decent working and environmental conditions in the supply chains. Vistin Pharma has adopted the general principles of UN Global Compact with universally accepted principles for human rights, working conditions, environment, and anti-corruption. In pursuit of this the Company has developed a 'NO HARM VISION' consisting of:

- ***A vision to have no negative impact on environment, people, and local community by the Company's presence***
- ***A «green» and environmentally friendly pharmaceutical company with a “no harm” vision and “front runner” ambition***
- ***A goal to increase manufacturing capacity without increased environmental impact on water, air, and soil***



ESG achievements and initiatives

Vistin Pharma has during the last years invested in, completed, and implemented several projects that significantly reduce the environmental footprint. Building on this success, Vistin Pharma has several ESG initiatives ongoing:

- Vistin continues to use only hydro powered energy to minimize carbon footprint
- Vistin is completing a project in 2023 with aim to reduce the water consumption in the plant by >80% through recycling, incl. reusing the hot water for heating of plant.
- Vistin is working on a technology project where distillation will be fractionated into components that can be used as raw materials for other companies.
- Vistin has, since 2017, been part of a national program for surveillance of industrial impact on fjords and effluents. Surveillance program and ecotoxicology test confirm that Vistin do not impact the effluent negatively.
- Vistin has invested MNOK >10 in a cooling system to condense hydrocarbons. This will reduce the emission with more than 98%, resulting in a reduction of the total emission to air with more than 90 % compared to historical levels.

The Company's manufacturing plant is located in Kragerø, Stuttlidalen 4, Sannidal, Norway, and its head office is located at Østensjøveien 27, Oslo, Norway. Vistin Pharma has dedicated considerable resources to identify, analyze, control and reduce the emission levels at its manufacturing plant. Vistin Pharma has established a system in which all process water is being collected and analyzed, and only discharged if the water quality is within approved levels. The system has been fully operational during 2022.

Vistin has a strict surveillance regime when it comes to emission from the plant and is on a quarterly basis reporting status to the environmental department ('Miljødepartementet'). As mentioned Vistin has several high impact projects ongoing to reduce the environmental footprint.

Vistin only use well know international freight providers for both inbound and outbound transportation. The freight suppliers also need to be an approved supplier according to the Company's internal guidelines which is based on GDP (Good Distribution Practice). Vistin Pharma expects its suppliers and business partners to make efforts to ensure compliance to the above principles and national laws and regulations, and to ensure similar compliance by their sub-suppliers.

Vistin Pharma does not accept violation of laws against corruption, bribery and fraud. Suppliers and business partners shall under no circumstance be involved in business practice which hinders free competition. Suppliers and business partners shall not offer Vistin Pharma employee's gifts or favorable conditions. Vistin Pharma seeks to form long term relationship with business partners, who share the values and focus on promoting decent working and environmental conditions in the supply chain. Vistin Pharma's Code of Conduct is built on Vistin Pharma's values and provides a framework for what the Company considers responsible conduct. The document has been approved by the Board of Directors, and applies to all employees, as well as to board members of Vistin Pharma, and can be found at www.vistin.com.



Ambitions for ESG 2023 - 2025:

- Vistin is completing a project in 2023 with aim to reduce the water consumption in the plant by >80% through recycling, incl. reusing the hot water for heating of plant
- Reduce emission of greenhouse gases to air by 90%, where of an 80% reduction was achieved in 2021 and 2022
- Develop new technology to reduce waste quantity and re-use waste as energy source

915157882



People

Equal opportunities

Vistin is committed to being a responsible employer and promotes an open and strong corporate culture. The Company has established practices to ensure equal opportunities between female and male employees, as well as between different races. The Company had 79 employees at year-end 2022, of which 22 are female. Two employees were part-time workers according to their own decision. All employees are offered equal opportunities with regards to hiring, compensation, training and promotion regardless of gender, age, ethnic and national origin, religion, sexual orientation, social background or other distinguishing characteristics. Vistin offers full pay during parental leave for both men and women, and in 2022 0% of Vistin’s female and 4 % of male employees took parental leave. On average, the length of the parental leave was 22 weeks.

The Executive Management group in 2022 consisted of five members, of which one member is female. The Board of Directors currently has three female members out of seven. The Board does not consider it necessary to take further measures to ensure equal opportunities.

Vistin did in 2021 a complete salary survey to compare female’s salary compared to their male colleagues. Adjusted for age and number of years’ experience the female’s salary is on a similar level as their males.

Category 1	1	4	77%
Category 3	2	4	90%
Category 5	4	1	79%

Vistin has not registered any involuntarily overtime or part-time work during 2022. Approximately 60% of the leadership roles in the mid-level is held by females.

Environment, Health and Safety

Vistin Pharma has established a formal code of conduct, as well a set of policies and procedures for handling quality, health, safety and environment. The Company is committed to a work environment where all employees feel safe and are valued for the diversity they bring to the business. Vistin Pharma honors domestic and internationally accepted labor standards and support the protection of human rights. The Company does not tolerate any harassment or any act of violence or threatening behavior in the workplace, including any sexual, age-related or racial harassment.

The people employed at Vistin Pharma are the most important resource for success, and the Company strives to create a healthy and safe environment for all employees and contractors. All employees are entitled to an annual review with its immediate supervisor. For new employees individual training programs are set up when onboarding or after individual evaluations. The training is tailored to each role, tasks and duties and can include both internal and external courses, seminars and other relevant arrangements.

For Vistin Pharma AS, where the employees are employed, QHSE (quality, health, safety and environment) is an integral element of its business, and an electronic system is in place to monitor and follow-up any accident incidents. Key safety indicators, such as TRI’s (total recordable incidents), are continuously monitored, and reported and reviewed monthly. No work-related incidents or accidents were registered in 2022 and Vistin has reported no TRI, for the consecutive last five years.

Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NM8N-Q15J3



The statistics of no TRI's and only one LTI (lost time injury) for the last three years show that the company's focus on creating an EHS culture and establishing barriers to minimize the risk of accidents has been successful. Sick leave for the year 2022 totaled 3.8% compared to 4,8% in 2021, which is well below industry average. In order to improve the working environment, actions are taken to reduce static load for the operators in production and reduce exposure towards dust, gases and chemicals.

Employee skills and job engagement

The ability to attract and retain a skilled workforce is important for Vistin to succeed in the long-term. Vistin's organization and culture are key drivers for the stakeholder value creation. The culture is built on three core values, which guide the daily activities:

Agile - Means being engaged, ambitious, flexible and attentive towards the market to make sure customers and partners succeed

Responsive - Means responding quickly, act jointly to develop the best possible products and solutions and deliver as agreed

Genuine - Means to be open and inquisitive, perform with integrity and responsibility and share our knowledge, skills and experience with customers and alliances.

The company has developed a competence matrix which clarifies required competence and resources needed to ensure the right quality of the products and services provided and to meet customers' needs. Individual training programs are set up for each employee, either when onboarding new workers or after individual evaluations. The training is tailored to each role, tasks and duties and includes tutoring and participation at internal and external courses, seminars and other relevant arrangements.

	2022	2021
Number of employees	79	74
Number of part-time workers	2	2
Turnover (number of employee's)	2	2
Sick leave	3,8 %	4,8 %
LTI (Injury w/absence)	0	1
MTC (injury w/medical treatment)	0	1
Number of hours worked since last LTI	174 185	60 710
% Females	28 %	28 %
% Females in management positions	40 %	40 %
% Male parental leave	4 %	0 %
% Female parental leave	0	5 %
Reported whistle blower incidents	0	0
Reported incidents of other concerns	0	0
Number of employee's GMP* trained	79	74

Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3



Contribution to UN Sustainability Goals

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) have been agreed by all 193 UN member states in 2015 and guide governments, civil society and the private sector in a collaborative effort for change towards a sustainable development. Vistin support the UN sustainability goals and has through 2022 worked closely with its internal and external stakeholders to define where Vistin can have the greatest impact, but also contribute to others. These SDGs are described below:

Vistin influence several of the UN SDG's by its operations.



1. No poverty

Vistin contributes by producing and delivering affordable Diabetes type 2 API medication to more than 50 million patients worldwide every day through global customers of pharmaceutical companies. Affordable medication is key to fight poverty.



3. Good Health and well-being

Vistin contribute by producing and selling affordable, safe and efficacious medication API.



5. Gender equality and 10. Reduced inequalities

Vistin has equal rights and gender equality in its company. Vistin is located in the Nordics where equal rights between sexes are high in both culture and society in general.



6. Clean Water and sanitation, 13. Climate action, 14. Life below water and 15. Life on land

Vistin has a very high focus on avoiding effluents to water, air and soil. Vistin has set tough goals for itself by reducing the environmental footprint to levels far below permits granted. Vistin aspires to be a front runner in this area.



7. Affordable clean energy

Vistin has shifted from oil-based energy to 100% hydropower energy which is the most environmentally friendly energy source. The more companies that demand sustainable clean energy in their operations, the more this fosters further development and investments in this area.



9. Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure, 11. Sustainable communities and Cities and 12. Responsible consumption and production

Vistin wants to be a good corporate citizen and a good neighbor for the local community. The company has high focus on reducing local and global emissions, and programs are in place to consume responsibly and recycle where possible.



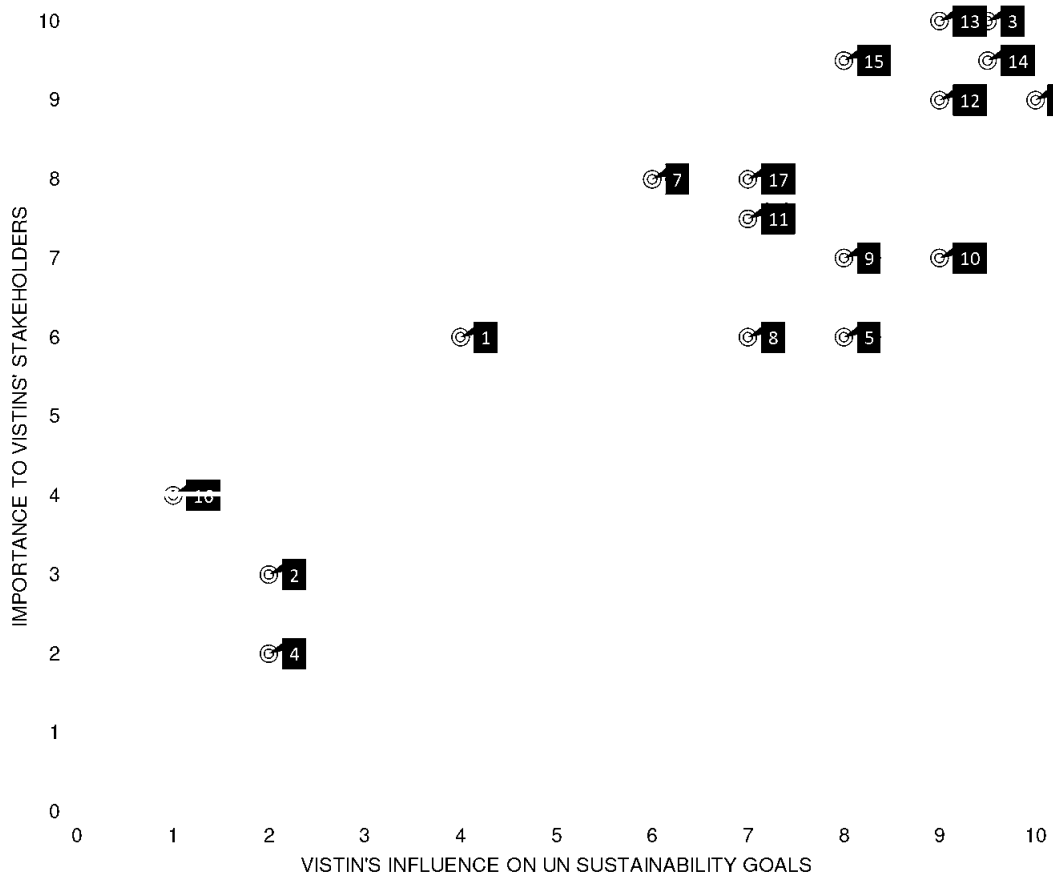
17. Partnerships for the goals

Vistin's business model is to have long-term relationships with the customers, and together set goals and expectations to the company's operations, cutomers and suppliers.

Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJOK6-5WFGW-NNJ8N-Q15J3



Vistin impact on UN's 17 goals to sustainability



Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NNJ8N-Q15J3



Climate footprint

Metric	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 Target	2030 Vision	Current permits
VOC* to air [kg/kg API]	0,016	0,014	0,009	0,006	0,005	0,003	
Water use [m3/kg API]	0,13	0,13	0,13	0,10	0,030	0,024	
Butanol to water [g/kg API]	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,03	≤0,025	≤0,015	0,09
Metformin to water [g/kg API]	0,002	0,002	0,001	0,0001	≤0,001	≤0,0005	0,05
KOF to water [g/kg API]	0,085	0,092	0,10	≤0,10	≤0,09	≤0,01	0,45
Lost time injuries (LTI)@80FTE	0	0	9h	0	0	0	
Sick leave [%]	4,7	5,3	4,8	3,8%	<5%	<4,5%	
Production Volume (Metric ton)	3100	3500	3600	3700	5000-6000	7000	

*VOC: Volatile organic compounds are gases that are emitted into the air from products or processes.

Concrete actions to meet emission target and vision:

2023:

- Continued optimization of VOC equipment to further reduce emissions to air
- Installation and start-up of water recycling facility

2024:

- Fine tuning and optimization of already installed process equipment in production that create emission
- Feasibility study to reduce waste and re-use waste as energy source (heating)

2025-30:

- Installation of equipment to reduce waste and use as energy. Both for internal use and selling Vistin's waste fractions as raw materials to potential customers. Take a leading position on waste handling and circular economy.
- Stoichiometry – optimize addition of raw materials when producing Metformin
- Reduce butanol consumption in production by upgrading and optimizing process equipment

Expected costs / investments to meet target and vision:

2023: Machines & Equipment MNOK 15. Internal resources (MNOK 3)

2024: Machines & Equipment MNOK 5. Internal resources (MNOK 3)

2025-30: Machines & Equipment MNOK 25. Internal resources (MNOK 15)



WHO:

Diabetes is a chronic, metabolic disease characterized by elevated levels of blood glucose (or blood sugar), which leads over time to serious damage to the heart, blood vessels, eyes, kidneys and nerves. The most common is type 2 diabetes, usually in adults, which occurs when the body becomes resistant to insulin or doesn't make enough insulin. In the past 3 decades the prevalence of type 2 diabetes has risen dramatically in countries of all income levels. For people living with diabetes, access to affordable treatment is critical to their survival

Source: Diabetes (who.int)

Vistin:

Metformin is the 1st-line treatment for type 2 diabetes and is expected to continue to be so in the foreseeable future, due to the cost-efficient treatment with limited side effects and long-term safety profile. Today Vistin contributes to deliver Metformin diabetes type 2 medication to more than 50 million patients every day.

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3



Balance by Vistin Pharma

Balance by Vistin is established to increase focus on sustainability and create more impact with our initiatives. The sustainability program will structure our efforts and make sure that we work holistically in our company and with our suppliers, partners and customers.

mekket: 0008E-W/ISD-2
5J3
GW-N



The Balance concept



Healthy environment

Vistin is a «green» and environmentally friendly pharmaceutical company with a “no harm” vision. We have ambitions to be a “front runner” within production and production processes that are environmentally friendly compared to the industry standard. We want to increase production to serve more diabetes 2 patients, but without increased environmental impact on water, air and soil.



People in focus

As a global supplier of key pharmaceutical products Vistin is committed to good governance and committed to be a responsible member of the society. With our culture and ethical guidelines, we rely on all employees to make the right choices and act according to the company’s Code of Conduct.



Clean operations

At Vistin we believe in a healthy work environment with happy employees. We have a policy to ensure that all employees have equal opportunities. We assure safe work conditions and nurture a sound business culture for our employees and partners to feel well. We support the development of employees as well as local communities. We expect our suppliers and business partners to support the development and well-being of their employees and contribute to society at large.

Product governance

Product quality and safety

Vistin produce Metformin Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient (API) that improve Diabetes 2 patients' quality of life. Metformin API is supporting effective health care with high efficacy and very good safety profile, and at an affordable price to patients and health authorities. Vistin's mission has been to provide safe and efficacious medicine to patients all over the world. Today Vistin contributes to deliver diabetes type 2 medicine to more than 50 million patients every day. The products from Vistin are subject to high quality and safety requirements and require high competence and excellent quality systems. Vistin's quality management system (EQMS) ensures that its products and services are delivered in accordance with relevant acts, regulations and requirements. The company's QMS is based on the GMP regulations, and complies with national and international standards, rules and regulations for manufacturers and suppliers of medicinal products. The QMS consists of a set of policies, standard operation procedures, forms and work instructions to ensure that the products meet required quality and safety standards.

Product life cycle and environmental footprint

Vistin operates in a highly regulated market with regards to product quality and compliance with requirements. The product and the production plant are annually audited by different national health organizations like, NOMA, EMA, FDA, PDMA, etc. The company has a history of delivering high quality API to customers and a very good track record from government audits. This is all key and an important contributing factor to the long-term growth and value creation for stakeholders.

Vistin has prepared an environmental policy, last updated in 2021, to increase



environmental focus, ensure sustainable operations and reduce its environmental footprint. The company's direct environmental impact relates primarily to the production facilities at Fikkjebakke in Kragerø, Norway and the product distribution to European countries and Asia as well as some travelling in connection with sales and quality/HMS audit activities. Employees are encouraged to take environmentally friendly options into considerations, like minimize number of flights. Employees are further encouraged to reduce consumption and waste generated from their daily business activities. Vistin has established routines for management of chemicals and waste.

The company's indirect environmental impact is mainly through the purchase of needed key starting materials from Europe, India and China to be able to produce Metformin API. Some key starting materials are produced in far east and are transported to Europe and Norway by long-sea. Vistin has a very low environmental footprint compared to peers due to use of



100% hydropower in manufacturing and very low levels of emission to air, soil, and water.

Transportation of containers of raw materials inbound and product to customers outbound also influence the company's indirect environmental footprint. Metformin API is a high-volume product and approximately 220-260 forty feet freight containers enter and leave the factory on annual basis

Vistin has a long-term relationship with the raw material suppliers, and work with them to continuously improve. Vistin has clear expectations towards the suppliers in relation to EHS matters through supply agreements and code of conduct. Vistin aims to increase its collaboration with freight forwarders and raw material suppliers who shows dedicated focus on reducing their environmental footprint, contributing to Vistin's long-term goals.

Ethical business

Vistin complies to the new Transparency Act ('Åpenhetsloven') introduced by the Norwegian Government in 2022. The Company will publish a separate report following a detailed due diligence assessment of its raw-material and service suppliers according to the principles in the Transparency Act by end June 2023. The report will be available on www.vistin.com. Vistin's initial Company policy for the Transparency Act is elaborated on the next page.



08E-WJSD-ZJOKG-5WFGW-NNJ8N-QTJ5J3

Transparency Act – Vistin policy

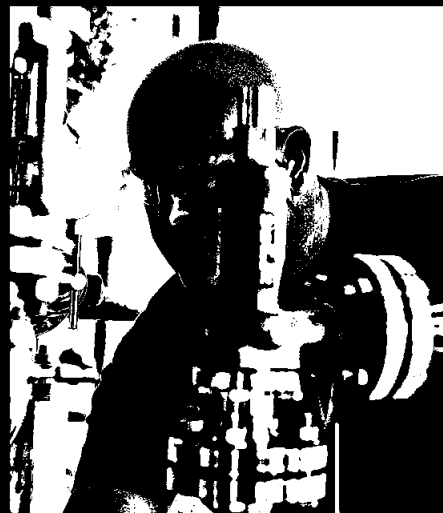
VISTIN PHARMA is a Norwegian producer of medicines and one of the leading world suppliers of Metformin API. Metformin is the 1st-line treatment for type 2 diabetes.

Vistin is subjected to strict international guidelines for production of medicines (GMP= Good Manufacturing Practise), to ensure the highest level of quality in production and in everything we do. Vistin Pharma works with many different suppliers and partners that we need to be sure make strong efforts to ensure compliance to human rights, national laws & regulations, and to ensure similar compliance by their suppliers. Vistin has established a formal "Code of Conduct" which we require our employees to adhere to and our suppliers and partners to follow.

Transparency Act – Vistin policy

Vistin's values is, **agile, responsive and genuine**, which represents characteristics which guide the daily activities. Everyone that represents the brand Vistin Pharma in production, processing, sales & marketing, distribution, negotiations or in any other way represents the brand Vistin Pharma, are expected to abide the same values and promises that the brand represents.

- The Transparency Act aims to promote companies respect for basic human rights and decent working conditions. It requires businesses to carry out an annual due diligence assessment. Vistin Pharma has established an annual systematic evaluation process to comply with this.
- Responsible supplier management as a principle is something we work with. We prioritize long-term and developing collaborations with our suppliers, where many of our most important partners have delivered goods to us for up to 20 years. We believe that this not only ensures good quality and safety in our deliveries, but also good knowledge of the company's working and environmental conditions. Routine inspections of factories that supply various input factors to Vistin are included as an important part of our ongoing supplier evaluation and partnership development.
- One of our implemented measures is implementation of supplier contracts with specific requirements linked to Vistin's Code of Conduct. The Code of Conduct include references to relevant laws and regulations, as well as an obligation to comply with Vistin's ethical guidelines, which include requirements and principles related to fair pay, working hours, anti-corruption, working environment and safety (EHS).
- Vistin has also prepared a sustainability report with concrete targets for improving our sustainability in the coming years. Vistin is a company focused on protecting the local environment and the safety of its employees. We have a continuous focus on improving the working environment for our employees and have a zero vision in relation to work-related injuries. Our sickness absence has been and should be lower than the industry average in Norway.
- Vistin aims to limit the impact of the climate change by only use renewable energy, investing in measures to reduce energy consumption, water consumption and waste from our operations as well as implementing environmentally friendly transport/logistics solutions.
- Vistin is concerned that our suppliers of goods and services focus on sustainability, and we work continuously with our partners to achieve common goals.





Whistle blowing

Vistin has established routines for reporting concerns related to illegal or unethical conduct, including a whistle blowing channel for discrete and confidential handling of any potential reports. There were no reported concerns during 2022.

Responsible selling practices

The company's products are sold either directly to customers or through distributors in all continents. A standardized sales process has been established to ensure truthful and responsible selling practices as well as qualification of all customers. All customer communication is done by trained and authorized personnel.

Data security and customer privacy

As a healthcare company, Vistin may gather and store personal data as part of its operations. Vistin recognizes its responsibility of managing the data collected in a responsible manner and keeping the data safe. The company is subject to laws and regulations that stipulate how personal data can be collected and managed, such as General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). Strict guidelines and procedures have been implemented to ensure compliance. This involves regularly reviews and development of the company's internal control systems and risk management processes to continuously improve and address existing and emerging data security and privacy threats. To ensure a modern, secure and well-functioning IT platform, the company has outsourced its IT management to a professional service provider. Any breaches to data security and consumer privacy will be reported and followed up immediately. Vistin registered no data and GDPR breaches and no wrongful sharing of personal customer data incidents in 2022.

Climate changes and financial impact on Vistin's financials

Vistin consider the short to medium term climate impact on the company's financials to be rather limited. The production plant at Fikkjebakke is highly automated and following local strict policies in relation of emissions and local environmental impact. The company also have several project's ongoing that will reduce the climate footprint in the future. Vistin signed a 10-year renewable power supply agreement with Statkraft in December 2022, which includes a Guarantee of Origin (GOO) for renewable power. Statkraft is Europe's largest provider of clean renewable energy.

For the long-term the risk is more uncertain. However, Vistin believe it is well prepared for adopting to a future with lower emissions, reduced climate footprint and other environmental changes. Metformin is expected to maintain its position as the Gold Standard treatment for Diabetes 2 in the foreseeable future. Today, approx. 12% of global health expenditure is spent on diabetes and the disease is by WHO look at as one of the most severe epidemics in the world today, with 500-600 million people living with the disease. Most of these patients are dependent on a daily intake of Metformin to have a good quality of life.

The risk of more unpredictable weather phenomena is currently not expected to have any significant impact on Vistin's supply chain and production facility. It is likely that cost of transportation and usage of fossil transportation sources will increase going forward, however such cost increases and/or cost of transformation to new sustainable substitutions is expected to be compensated by increased sales prices to customers.

Risk exposure and risk management

Vistin Pharma's regular business activities entail exposure to various types of risk.

The Company proactively manages such risks, and the Board regularly analyses its operations and potential risk factors and takes measures to reduce risk exposure. Vistin Pharma places a strong emphasis on Quality Assurance and has quality systems implemented, in line with the requirements for the pharmaceutical industry.

Operational risk

As a pharmaceutical manufacturing company, Vistin Pharma is exposed to several types of risk. Fluctuations in the price and availability of raw materials and the development in foreign exchange (USD and EUR) are among the most prominent. Majority of the sales are done in EUR, while all primary raw material purchases are in USD. In addition, risk related to potential regulatory changes, new medications for the treatment of diabetes II, and environmental issues connected to emission permits at the Company's plant, represent central risk factors to the Company.

Financial risk

The financial risk of the company is principally related to liquidity risk, credit and risk foreign currency risk.

Company's main strategy to manage liquidity risk is to maintain a strong balance sheet. Vistin has an equity ratio of 67%. Vistin had interest-bearing debt of MNOK 45.1 as of end December 2022. Net debt was MNOK 43.7. Vistin has a revolving credit facility to handle the planned liquidity effects from ongoing expansion and investments. The Company's liquidity is considered solid.

Vistin has no major financial assets other than cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables. The trade receivables relate to customers, the Company is tightly managing these receivables. The Company's overall credit risk is considered moderate to low.

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to Vistin Pharma's operating activities.

Vistin Pharma offers metformin to the global market and the Company is exposed to currency exchange fluctuations, as most sales are in EUR, while raw-material purchases are mainly denominated in USD. The Company also have foreign currency denominated cash deposits. The Company may enter currency hedging contracts to reduce the foreign exchange risk.

Further details on financial risk, including the sensitivity analysis required by IFRS, can be found in Note 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Shareholder relations and corporate governance

Corporate governance

The Board of Directors and Executive Management are committed to complying with rules and regulations that apply to Vistin Pharma's business. Vistin Pharma's corporate governance guidelines, (the "CCGP"), have been prepared to comply with the current Norwegian Code of Practice for Corporate Governance (the "Code"). The CCGPs has been prepared in accordance with Section 3-3b of the Norwegian Accounting Act and are available on Vistin Pharma's website. A report on Vistin Pharma's corporate governance is provided in a separate section of the annual report for 2022.

Dividend policy

The company has an ambition to pay out 50 percent of net annual profit as dividend. However, the size of the dividend will be dependent on the company's financial capability and capital requirements for future growth.



Investor relations

The Board of Directors and the Executive Management of Vistin Pharma place considerable importance on providing the shareholders and the financial market in general with timely, relevant and current information regarding the Company and its activities, in accordance with the laws and regulations imposed by the Norwegian Securities Trading Act and the Oslo Stock Exchange.

The share price has moved from NOK 19.40 per share at year end 2021, and to NOK 15.80 as of 31 December 2022

Outlook

Diabetes is one of the largest global health crises of the 21st century, and the metformin market is expected to continue to grow by 4-6% annually, as it remains the gold-standard treatment of type 2 diabetes. The majority of Vistin Pharma's key customers are pharmaceutical companies that sell new and innovative metformin products, and the demand for the Company's metformin will be dependent on the market performance of these products.

The demand in the market for Metformin is still high and is currently not affected by the corona epidemic or the situation in Ukraine. The vulnerability for drug supplies during these events has been an eye opener for the authorities and companies, and the need for short-travelled medicines will be high on the agenda going forward. Vistin is strategically well positioned to benefit from the expected increase in local supplies going forward.

Vistin Pharma ASA (parent company)

The parent company, Vistin Pharma ASA (the "Company"), is a holding company, with financial activities, but no operating activities. The Company had a net negative profit of MNOK 1.9 (negative MNOK 2.6) in 2022. Total assets as of 31 December 2022 were MNOK 269.1 (MNOK 277.8), and the long-term intercompany interest-bearing receivables were MNOK 58 (MNOK 58) at year-end 2022. The Company's cash balance at year-end 2022 was MNOK 1.4 (MNOK 22.5). Total shareholders' equity at 31 December 2022 was MNOK 268.1 million (MNOK 270), and the equity ratio at 31 December 2022 was 97.2% (99.6%).

The Board of Directors has proposed to get a power of attorney from AGM in May to pay up to NOK 0.75 per share in dividend. The power of attorney should be valid until the 2024 AGM.

Oslo, 26 April 2023

Øyvind A. Brøymer
Chairman

Espen Marcussen
Board member

Åse Musum
Board member

Bettina Banoun
Board member

Øystein Stray Spetalen
Board member

Kari Krogstad
Board member

Espen Lia Gregoriussen
Board member

Kjell-Erik Nordby
CEO

Annual report is signed electronically.



We confirm that, to the best of our knowledge, the Financial Statements 2022, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by EU, gives a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities, financial position and results of operations, and that the management report includes a fair review of the information required under the Norwegian Securities Trading Act section 5-5.

Oslo, 26 April 2023

Øyvind A. Brøymer
Chairman

Espen Marcussen
Board member

Åse Musum
Board member

Bettina Banoun
Board member

Øystein Stray Spetalen
Board member

Kari Krogstad
Board member

Espen Lia Gregoriussen
Board member

Kjell-Erik Nordby
CEO

Annual report is signed electronically.

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3

Corporate governance policy and annual review

1. Implementation and reporting of Corporate Governance

In accordance with the latest version of the Norwegian Code of Practice for Corporate Governance (the "Code of Practice"), the Board of Directors of Vistin Pharma ASA ("Vistin Pharma" or the "Company") has prepared a Corporate Governance policy document. Vistin Pharma aspires to follow the Code of Practice as closely as possible and in situations where the Company's practice might diverge from the code, an explanation or comment will be provided.

The Board reviews the overall position of the Company in relation to the latest version of the Code of Practice annually and reports thereon in the Company's annual report in accordance with the requirements of the continuing obligations of stock exchange listed companies and the Code of Practice.

The Company's compliance with the Code of Practice is detailed in this section of the Annual Report and section numbers refer to the Code of Practice's articles. Vistin Pharma's Corporate Governance guidelines are published in full at the Company's website (www.vistin.com).

2. Business

Vistin Pharma ASA is a holding company for Vistin Pharma AS. Vistin Pharma AS is a pharmaceutical company producing Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (APIs).

Vistin Pharma's business purpose is included in the Company's Articles of Association.

The Board evaluates the Company's strategy annually. The strategy process is followed by the approval of the budgets and key operating indicators for the following year, which is used as an important tool in evaluating the continuous performance of the Company. Vistin Pharma's strategy, objectives and risk management is further described in the Directors' Report.

3. Equity and dividends Equity

The Company's consolidated equity at 31 December 2022 was NOK 273.3 million, representing an equity ratio of 67%. The Board aims to maintain an equity ratio that remains satisfactory in light of the Company's goals, strategy and risk profile.

Increases in share capital

The Board will only propose increases in the share capital when this is beneficial over the long term for the shareholders of the Company. At the Annual General Meeting held in May 2022, the Company received a general authority to increase the share capital by up to NOK 8,868,918 (representing up to 20% of the existing share capital) through the issue of new shares for general corporate purposes, including financing of investments, mergers and acquisitions and employee incentive plans. The Company's strategy is to grow its business organically, and potentially through acquisitions, and the Board believes that a general authority, without a specific purpose, is necessary to give the Company the required flexibility to secure the necessary financing, at the lowest possible



costs, and that this is in the best interest of the Company's shareholders. The authority is limited in time to 15 months from the date of the general meeting or up to the Annual General Meeting in 2023.

Vistin Pharma has also been given an authorization to purchase its own shares, for a number of shares limited to 10% of the total issued shares of the Company. The authority was given at the Annual General Meeting held in May 2022 and is limited in time to the Annual General Meeting in 2023.

Dividend policy

It is the Company's objective to generate growing predictable annual returns to the shareholders in the form of dividends and share appreciation. This translates to an ambition to pay out 50 percent of net annual profit as dividend. However, the size of the dividend will be dependent on the company's financial capability and capital requirements for future growth. The Board of Directors has proposed to get a power of attorney from AGM in May to pay up to NOK 0.75 per share in dividend. The power of attorney should be valid until the 2024 AGM.

4. Equal treatment of shareholders and transactions with close associates

The Company has only one class of shares. Each share entitles the holder to one vote and there are no voting restrictions. Each share has a nominal value of NOK 1.00. Any potential purchase of own shares shall be carried out via a stock exchange at market prices. There were no purchases of own shares during 2022.

Where the Board resolves to carry out an increase in share capital on the basis of an authority given to the Board, and waive the pre-emption rights of existing shareholders, the justification will be publicly disclosed in connection with the increase in share capital.

Transactions with related parties shall be at arm's length and at fair value which, in the absence of any other pertinent factors, shall be at market value. All not immaterial transactions with related parties shall be valued by an independent third party, unless assessed and resolved upon by the General Meeting. Transactions with related parties are described in Note 24 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

5. Freely negotiable shares

There are no limitations on trading of shares and voting rights in the Company, and each share gives the right to one vote at the Company's General Meeting.

6. General Meeting

Annual General Meeting

The General Meeting is the Company's supreme body and elects the members of the Board.

The call for the General Meeting

The Company observes the minimum notice period set out in the Norwegian Public Limited Companies Act, i.e. providing 21 days minimum notice period. The call for the General Meeting is issued in writing via mail, or electronically through VPS, to all shareholders with registered addresses. Transmitted with the summons are documents, which have sufficient detail for the shareholders to take a position on all the cases to be considered. Documents relating to matters which shall be considered at a General Meeting need not be sent to the shareholders if the documents have been made available to the shareholders on the Company's website. This also includes documents that according to law shall be incorporated into or be attached to the notice of the General Meeting. A shareholder may require that documents, which shall be considered at a General Meeting, are sent to the shareholder.



The summons also addresses the shareholder's right to propose resolutions to the matters to be resolved upon at the General Meeting and gives information regarding the required steps necessary to exercise the shareholder's rights. The summons and the said documents are made available on the Company's website at least 21 days prior to the relevant General Meeting.

To register for the General Meeting, a shareholder is requested to submit a confirmation in writing via mail or fax, or by electronic registration directly through VPS.

The 2023 Annual General Meeting is scheduled for 22 May in Oslo, Norway.

Voting at the General Meeting

Any shareholder is entitled to vote at the General Meeting, and to cast a vote, a shareholder must give a proxy, to someone who is attending. The proxy form will be distributed with the summons to the General Meeting. A proxy will only be accepted if submitted by mail, fax, or e-mail (provided the proxy is a scanned document with signature) or registered directly through VPS. It is not possible to vote via the Internet, or in any other way. For shareholders who cannot attend the General Meeting, the Board will nominate the Chairman or the CEO to vote on behalf of shareholders as their proxy. To the extent possible, the Company uses a form for the appointment of a proxy, which allows separate voting instructions to be given for each matter to be considered by the meeting and for each of the candidates nominated for election.

The attendance at the General Meeting

The Board and the management of the Company seek to facilitate the largest possible attendance at the General Meeting. The chairman of the Board and the CEO will always attend the Annual General Meeting. In addition, the chairman of the Election Committee may also attend the Annual General Meeting, and

other members of the Board and the Election Committee will attend whenever practical. The Code of Practice recommends that all Board members and the chairman of the Election Committee are present at the annual general meeting.

Chairman of the meeting and minutes

The chairman of the Board, or another person nominated by the Board, will declare the General Meeting for open. The Code of Practice recommends that an independent person is appointed to chair the General Meeting. Considering the Company's organization and shareholder structure the Company considers it unnecessary to appoint an independent chairman for the General Meeting, and this task will for practical purposes normally be performed by the chairman of the Board. However, the need for an independent chairman is evaluated in advance of each General Meeting based on the items to be considered at the General Meeting. The minutes from the General Meeting are made available at the Company's website on the day of the General Meeting.

7. Election Committee

The Company's Election Committee is regulated by article 11 if the articles of association. The Election Committee is elected by the General Meeting, which also appoints the chairman of the Election Committee. The members of the Election Committee should be selected to ensure there is a broad representation of shareholders' interests.

The work

The Election Committee's task is to propose candidates for election to the Board of Directors and to suggest remuneration for the Board. The election Committee usually have direct contact with the largest shareholders, existing Board members and the CEO of the Company



as part of their proposal for Board members at the annual general meeting. Shareholders may propose board members through the chairman of the Election Committee. Any proposals to the Election Committee should be submitted in writing to the chairman of the Election Committee no later than 15 April. The recommendations by the Election Committee shall be justified.

The Election Committee currently consists of two members, who shall be shareholders or representatives of the shareholders, and no more than one member of the Election Committee shall be a member of the Board. The members of the Election Committee are elected for a period of two years at a time. Further information on the duties of the Election Committee can be found in the Instructions to the Election Committee, which has been approved by the General Meeting and made available on the Company's website.

The Election Committee's composition is designed to maintain its independence from the Company's administration.

The Election Committee currently consists of the following members:

Eivind Devold, Chairman (member since 2021 up for election in 2023)

Nils Erling Ødegaard, (member since 2017; up for election in 2023)

Further information on the membership is available on the Company's webpage.

8. The Board of Directors – composition and independence

The chairman and the other members of the Board are elected for a period of two years at a time, and the Board currently consists of five shareholder elected members. In addition, two members are elected by the employees of the Company. All members of the Board may be re-elected for a period of up to two years at a time. The Company's Executive Management is not represented on the Board of Directors. All the current members of the Board are independent of the Company's Executive Management.

The Chairman Øyvind A. Brøymer controls directly approx. 28.4% of the shares in the Company. In electing members to the Board, it is emphasized that the Board has the required competence to independently evaluate the cases presented by the Executive Management as well as the Company's operations. It is also considered important that the Board functions well as a body of colleagues.

The current composition of the Board, including Board members' shareholding in Vistin Pharma per the date of this annual report, is detailed on the next page.



Name	Position in the Board	Member since (year)	Up for election (year)	Committee membership	Shareholding in Vistin Pharma*
Øyvinn A. Brøymer	Chairman	2020	2024	Rem. Comm.	12 575 000 (1)
Bettina Banoun	Member	2018	2024	Rem. Comm.	-
Kari Krogstad	Member	2020	2024		-
Espen Marcussen	Member	2020	2024		3 519 733 (2)
Øystein Stray Spetalen	Member	2015	2023		1,107,930 (3)
Espen Lia Gregoriussen	Member	2017	2023		-
Åse Musum	Member	2015	2023		2,201

* At 31 December 2022

1. Shares owned by Intertrade Shipping AS, which is controlled by Chairman Øyvinn A. Brøymer
2. Shares owned by Pactum Vekst AS where Espen Marcussen is the CEO.
3. Shares owned by Øystein Stray Spetalen, or companies controlled by, or associated with him.

Brief biographies on the Board members can be found on the Company's web page.

9. The work of the Board

The Board's work follows an annual plan for its work. The annual plan is generally revised in December each year and includes the number of meetings to be held and specific tasks to be handled at the meetings. Typical tasks that are handled by the Board during the year includes an annual strategic review, review and approval of the following year's budget, evaluation of management and competence required, and continuous financial, operational and risk reviews based on budget or prognosis. The Board has held five meetings since the Annual General Meeting in 2022, and to the date of this report.

The Board members attended all the Board meetings, either in person or through digital presence.

The instructions to the Board of Directors are available on the Company's website.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee, appointed by the Board, makes proposals to the Board on the employment terms and conditions and total remuneration of the CEO, and other members of Executive Management, as well as the details of any bonus plan for the employees. These proposals are also relevant for other management entitled to variable salary payments. The Board's instructions to the Remuneration Committee are available on the Company's website. The Remuneration Committee currently consists of Øyvinn A. Brøymer (Chairman) and Bettina Banoun.

Audit Committee

The Company must have an Audit Committee appointed by the Board, for practical purposes the full Board constitutes the Audit Committee.



10. Risk management and internal control

The Board and the Executive Management shall at all times see to that the Company has adequate systems and internal control routines to handle any risks relevant to the Company and its business, hereunder that the Company's ethical guidelines, corporate values and guidelines for corporate social responsibility are maintained and safeguarded.

The Board carries out regular reviews of the Company's most important areas of exposure to risk and its internal control systems. The risk areas, changes in risk levels and how the risk is being managed, are regularly reviewed at Board meetings. The company has director and officer's liability insurance. The insurance covers the board of directors' and management officers' legal personal liability for pure property damage related to the duties performed as directors and officers.

Vistin Pharma manufactures and sells pharmaceutical products through its subsidiary Vistin Pharma AS. These products are produced and sold in compliance with relevant international and local laws and regulations governing the pharmaceutical industry. Accordingly, the Company has implemented risk management systems in accordance with e.g. GMP and EHS guidelines.

11. Remuneration of the Board of Directors

Remuneration of Board members shall be reasonable and based on the Board's responsibilities, work, time invested and the complexity of the business. The remuneration needs to be sufficient to attract both Norwegian and foreign Board members with the right expertise and competence. The compensation shall be a fixed annual amount and shall be determined by the Annual General Meeting based on a proposal from the Election Committee. At the Annual General Meeting in

2022 a resolution was passed approving the following fees until the next Annual General Meeting in 2023: Chairman NOK 400,000, shareholder elected Board members and employee elected board members NOK 200,000.

For more information on remuneration of the Board see note 23 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

12. Remuneration of the Executive Management

The Board sets out the guidelines for remuneration of Executive Management and determines the salary and other compensation of the CEO, pursuant to relevant laws and regulations.

The statement regarding the determination of salary and other remuneration to Executive Management are presented as a separate agenda item at the Annual General Meeting, and any proposals for shared-based compensation (i.e. share option, share purchase plan or similar) would usually be included as a separate agenda item. The statement regarding the determination of salary and other remuneration to Executive Management has been included in Note 12 to the Financial Statements for Vistin Pharma ASA.

For more information on remuneration of the CEO and other members of Executive Management see Note 23 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.



13. Information and communication

The Board of Directors and the Executive Management of the Company assign considerable importance to giving the shareholders and the financial market in general timely, relevant and current information about the Company and its activities, while maintaining sound commercial judgement in respect of any information which, if revealed to competitors, could adversely influence the value of the Company.

Regular information is published in the form of Annual Reports and interim reports and presentations. It is the Company's aim to publish these reports within four weeks of the end of the relevant period in at least three of the four financial quarters. Vistin Pharma distributes all information relevant to the share price to the Oslo Stock Exchange in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

The Company publishes all information concerning the Annual General Meeting, interim reports and presentations and other presentations on the Company website, as soon as they are made publicly available.

The CEO and CFO hold a presentation each quarter in connection with the release of the interim reports, which is open to all interested parties. The Executive Management also holds regular meetings with shareholders and other interested investors.

14. Take-overs

The Board shall not without specific reasons attempt to hinder or exacerbate any attempt to submit a takeover bid for the Company's activities or shares, hereunder make use of any proxy for the issue of new shares in the Company. In situations of takeover or restructuring, it is the Board's particular responsibility to ascertain that all shareholders' values and interests are protected. If a take-over offer is made, the Board will issue a statement making a recommendation as to whether shareholders should or should not accept the offer. The Board will arrange a valuation from an independent expert that shall be made public no later than the disclosure of the Board's recommendation.

15. Auditor

The Company's external Auditor is EY. The Auditor participates in the Board meeting that approves the annual financial statements, and otherwise when required. The Auditor meets with the Board, without the Company's Executive Management being present, at least once a year.

The Auditor each year presents a plan for the implementation of the audit work, and following the annual statutory audit presents a review of the Company's internal control procedures, including identified weaknesses and proposals for improvement.

The full Corporate Governance Policy is published on Vistin Pharma's home page: www.vistin.com.



Vistin Pharma Group- financial statements and notes

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NNJ8N-Q15J3



Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December

(NOK 000's)	Note	2022	2021
Revenue	4	287 675	275 812
Other income	5	17 177	2 811
Total revenue and other income		304 853	278 624
Cost of materials		138 064	96 097
Payroll expenses	6	78 972	73 426
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	12	12 280	10 609
Other operating expenses	8	81 632	65 241
Operating profit (EBIT)		-6 095	33 250
Finance income	9	9 554	6 067
Finance costs	9	9 466	7 322
Profit/(loss) before tax		-6 008	31 995
Income tax expense	10	1 293	-7 129
Profit/(loss) for the period		-4 716	24 867
Other comprehensive income			
<i>Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:</i>			
Actuarial losses on defined benefit plan	7	2 933	776
Income tax effect		-722	-171
Total comprehensive income for the period		-2 505	25 472
Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Equity holders of the parent company		-2 505	25 472
Earnings per share (NOK):			
Basic, profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	11	-0.11	0.56
Diluted attributable to equity holders of the parent	11	-0.11	0.56

Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJOK6-5WFGW-NJ8N-Q15J3



Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December

(NOK 000's)	Note	2022	2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant & equipment	12	219 430	167 457
Deferred tax assets	10	28 601	27 858
Total non-current assets		248 031	195 316
Current assets			
Inventories	15	83 446	42 907
Trade receivables	16	66 155	40 245
Other receivables	16	8 146	18 933
Cash and cash equivalents	17	1 435	35 746
Total current assets		159 182	137 831
Total assets		407 213	333 147
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	18	44 345	44 345
Share premium		206 885	206 885
Retained earnings		22 033	24 538
Total equity		273 263	275 768
Non-current liabilities			
Other non-current liabilities	22	2 956	512
Pension liabilities	7	13 199	15 831
Total non-current liabilities		16 155	16 343
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	14	25 906	20 808
Short term debt	21	45 141	-
Other current liabilities	20/22	46 748	20 227
Total current liabilities		117 795	41 035
Total liabilities		133 950	57 378
Total equity and liabilities		407 213	333 147

Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJOK6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3



Oslo, 26 April 2023

Øyvind A. Brøymer
Chairman

Øystein Stray Spetalen
Board member

Espen Marcussen
Board member

Kari Krogstad
Board member

Åse Musum
Board member

Espen Lia Gregoriussen
Board member

Bettina Banoun
Board member

Kjell-Erik Nordby
CEO

Annual report is signed electronically.

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJISD-Z10K6-5WFGW-NNJ8N-Q15J3



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December

						Attributable to equity holders of the parent			
(NOK 000's)	Note	Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total				
Equity as at 01.01.2021		44 345	229 057	-996	272 405				
Dividend paid			-22 172		-22 172				
Profit (loss) for the period				24 867	24 867				
Other comprehensive income				605	605				
Total comprehensive income				25 472	25 472				
Equity as at 31.12.2021	18	44 345	206 885	24 538	275 768				
Equity as at 01.01.2022		44 345	206 885	24 538	275 768				
Dividend paid				-	-				
Profit (loss) for the period				-4 716	-4 716				
Other comprehensive income				2 211	2 211				
Total comprehensive income				-2 505	-2 505				
Equity as at 31.12.2022	18	44 345	206 885	22 033	273 263				

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3



Consolidated Statement of Cash flows

For the year ended 31 December

(NOK 000's)	Note	2022	2021
Cash flow from operating activities			
Net profit/(loss) before income tax		-6 008	31 995
Net profit/(loss) before income tax		-6 008	31 995
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flow:			
Income tax paid		-	-
Non-cash adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to cash flow:			
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	12	12 280	10 609
Changes in working capital:			
Changes in trade receivables and trade payables	16/13	-20 811	-12 760
Changes in inventories	15	-40 540	-11 118
Changes in other accruals and prepayments		44 569	-5 045
Net cash flow from operating activities		-10 510	13 681
Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchase of equipment	12	-64 290	-31 940
Interest received		28	265
Net cash flow from investing activities		-64 262	-31 675
Cash flow from financing activities			
Repayment of lease liabilities	22	-2 589	-836
Dividend paid		-	-22 173
Short term debt	21	45 141	-
Interest paid		-2 092	-289
Cash flow from financing activities		40 460	-23 298
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		-34 312	-41 292
Cash and cash equivalents beginning period		35 746	77 036
Cash and cash equivalents end period	17	1 435	35 746

Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-MN8N-Q15J3



Notes to the Financial Statement

Note 1. Corporate information

Vistin Pharma ASA ("Vistin Pharma" or the "Company") is a limited liability company, with its registered office at Østensjøveien 27, Oslo, Norway. Vistin Pharma's shares are listed on Oslo Børs in Norway under the ticker VISTIN. The Company was incorporated on 6 March 2015.

The consolidated financial statements of Vistin Pharma for the year ended 31 December 2022 were approved for release by the Board of Directors on 26 April 2023.

Vistin Pharma is principally engaged in the production and sale of metformin active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) and direct compressive granulate (DC) for the international pharmaceutical industry.

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJISD-Z10K6-5WFGW-NNJ8N-Q15J3



Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The consolidated financial statements and directors' report are prepared in English only.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as approved by the European Union and are mandatory for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2020, their interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and Norwegian disclosure requirements listed in the Norwegian Accounting Act. Furthermore, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis,

The functional currency of Vistin Pharma ASA is the Norwegian krone (NOK), and the Company's presentation currency is NOK. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand (NOK 000), except when otherwise indicated.

2.2 Basis for consolidation

The Company's consolidated financial statements comprise Vistin Pharma ASA, and entities in which Vistin Pharma ASA has a controlling interest. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Non-controlling interest are included in the Company's equity.

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, which is measured at acquisition date fair value, and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquire. Companies which have been bought or sold during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date when control is achieved and until the date when control ceases. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred and included in operating expenses.

When the Company acquires a business, it assesses the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and relevant conditions as at the acquisition date.

The acquirer's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition are recognized at their fair values at the acquisition date, except for non-current assets that are classified as held for sale and recognized at fair value less cost to sell, and deferred tax assets and liabilities which are recognized at nominal value.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability will be recognized in the income statement as financial income or expense. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it will not be remeasured, and subsequent settlement will be accounted for within equity.

Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the Company's previously held equity interest in the acquire is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through the income statement.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. The consideration is recognized at fair value and the difference between the consideration and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized at the equity attributable to the parent.

In cases where changes in the ownership interest of a subsidiary lead to loss of control, the consideration is measured at fair value. Assets and liabilities of the subsidiary and non-controlling interest at their carrying amounts are derecognized at the date when the control is lost. Differences between the consideration and the carrying amount of the asset are recognized as a gain or loss in profit or loss. Investments retained, if any, are recognized at fair value, and surplus or deficits, if any, are recognized in profit and loss as a part of gain/loss on subsidiary disposal. Amounts included in other comprehensive income are recognized in profit or loss or directly as equity.

2.3 Revenue recognition

In general revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, and represents the amount received for goods supplied, and if applicable stated net of discounts, returns and value added taxes. The Company recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met, as described below.

Revenue from contract with customers

The Company apply IFRS 15 in its accounting for contracts with customers.

The Company produce and sell metformin API, the principal ingredient in Diabetes drugs. The product is sold in bulk for further processing into consumer grade products. The Company produce to inventory and the product is then subsequently sold to the customer based on individual orders for the product. Metformin API is a commodity which can be readily sourced world-wide from different producers, however, with different quality and the reliability in supply.

Vistin has several customers, but the material part of its production is sold to a limited number of customers (note 4). These customers indicate their needed volume on a rolling forecast basis and Vistin allocate its planned production accordingly. However, a binding performance obligation only arise when an actual purchase order (PO) is placed and accepted. The typical purchasing pattern is several smaller orders throughout the year and normally the binding order length is supply over the next 3-6 months.

Metformin API is a commodity widely produced and sold around the world and the price is determined based on overall worldwide supply and demand, product quality and security of supply. The Company typically negotiate price annually with each of its main customers, and order by order with smaller

customers. The supply agreements do open for price adjustments throughout the year if specific threshold is met (i.e. significant increased raw materials, freight, FX, etc). The selling price is mainly in EUR and reflects the current market price. Volume discounts, bonus incentives or other variable price elements are not applied. The purchase conditions are normally net 30-45 days, and the Company does not consider any financing elements to the transaction.



Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The Company consider each individual delivery based on individual purchasing orders as delivered when the order is shipped from its warehouse. The Company used widely accepted incoterms for its delivery and recognize the sale in accordance with the individual sales term, normally when the metformin has been shipped from the warehouse, or when the metformin is loaded on-board in departing ships at port.

The Company does not consider having any contract assets or liabilities in relation to its customer contracts. Metformin API is produced for inventory, delivered from inventory to the customer, and recognized as revenue when shipped. All balance sheet items are related to normal short-term sales cycles.

Government grants

Government grants, including SkatteFunn, are recognized when it is reasonably certain that the grant will be received, and all conditions have been complied with. When the grant relates to actual expenses incurred, it is normally recognized as income over the period necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the cost that is intended to compensate. Grants are generally recognized in Other Income in the consolidated statement for profit and loss.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency (NOK) of the entity by applying the rate of exchange as of the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange gain or losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, as well as unrealized gain or losses on monetary assets and liabilities, are recognized as financial income/cost in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

2.5 Balance sheet classification

Vistin presents assets and liabilities in consolidated statement of financial position on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle, held primarily for the purpose of trading, expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is current when it is expected to settle in normal operating cycle, it is held for primarily for the purpose of trading, it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Land, buildings and fixtures comprise mainly of the metformin production facility in Kragerø. The production facility is used in production of pharmaceutical products sold by Vistin Pharma AS. Other equipment is mainly made up of machines used in production, as well as office related equipment and vehicles. Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost, less depreciation and/or impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.



Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Costs accrued for major replacements and upgrades to equipment are added to cost if it is probable that the costs will generate future economic benefits and if the costs can be reliably measured, and assets replaced are retired.

Expenditures for maintenance, repairs and periodic maintenance applicable to production facilities and production equipment are capitalized in accordance with IAS 16. Expenditures that regularly occur at shorter intervals are expensed as incurred.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated on a straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and fixtures: 20 - 25 years

Other equipment: 3 - 10 years

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of production and lab equipment and other equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted, if appropriate.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net sales value and its value in use.

An item of equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

2.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of finished goods comprises materials, direct labor, other direct.

Costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less variable selling expenses.

2.8 Financial assets

IFRS 9 contains three principal classification categories for financial assets; measured at amortized cost, fair value through Other Comprehensive Income and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets of the Company at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

Financial assets at amortized cost

The Company measures financial assets at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and



Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

The Company's financial assets at amortized cost includes trade receivables and other short-term deposit. Accounts receivable that does not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers (see further information on trade receivables below).

Financial assets at fair value through OCI

The Company measures debt instruments at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

For debt instruments at fair value through OCI, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in the statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortized cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognized in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognized in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortized cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and on hand and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. In the consolidated balance sheet, any bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.



Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Trade receivables and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are classified at amortized cost and recognized at the original invoiced amount less an allowance for doubtful receivables. The Company applies a simplified approach to provide for lifetime Expected Credit Losses (ECL) in accordance with IFRS 9. The invoiced amount is considered to be approximately equal to the value which would be derived under the amortized cost method.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Company's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- o the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- o the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either
 - a. the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - b. the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The loss is recognized in the consolidated income statement.

2.9 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or payables, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities principally include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Trade and other payables

Trade payables are recognized at the original invoiced amount. Other payables are recognized initially at fair value. Trade and other payables are valued at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The interest rate element is disregarded if it is insignificant, which is the case for the majority of the Company's trade payables.

Interest bearing liabilities

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the



Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by considering any discount or premium and costs that are an integral part of the EIR method. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

2.10 Financial derivatives

The Company may use forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of these instruments is recognized in the statement of profit or loss as a finance income or cost.

2.11 Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.12 Current and deferred income tax

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences except where the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that is probable that future taxable profit will be available against for which unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilized. A deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses or tax credit are only recognized to the extent that the entity has sufficient taxable temporary differences or there is convincing other evidence supporting the utilization of the tax losses and tax credits. The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity or taxation authority.



Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Employee benefits

The Company has a mandatory defined contribution plan for all employees. In addition, the Company has an unfunded defined benefit plan for the CEO.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions to pension insurance plans. The Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefit relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or reduction in future payments is available.

Defined benefit plans typically defines an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. As the Company operates an unfunded defined benefit plan, they have no plan assets. The pension obligation is funded through the Company's operations and changes is incorporated into the P&L.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

The current service cost of the defined benefit plan, recognized in the income statement in employee benefit expense, reflects the increase in the defined benefit obligation resulting from employee service in the current year, benefit changes and curtailments and settlements. Past-service costs are recognized immediately in income.

The interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the balance of the defined benefit obligation. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the income statement.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

2.14 Share-based compensation

There were no share-based compensation plans in 2022.

2.15 Provisions

General

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of

the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of the money and the risks specific to the obligation.



Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

2.16 Leasing

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under any residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the Company would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

In the cash flow statement, the part of lease payments that relates to repayment of the lease liability is reclassified from cash flows from operations to cash flows from financing.

2.17 Segment reporting

Vistin Pharma's activities are currently organized as one operating unit for internal reporting purposes; thus no segment information is presented in these financial statements.

2.18 Events after the balance sheet date

New information on the Company's positions at the balance sheet date is considered in the annual financial statements. Events after the balance sheet date that do not affect the Company's position at the balance sheet date, but which will affect the company's position in the future, are stated if significant. Please refer to the note: Events after the report.

New standards, interpretations, and disclosures

There are no new standards not yet taken into use that is expected to materially impact the financial statements for Vistin Pharma ASA.

Note 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements in terms of accounting policies

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosures of contingent liabilities. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Inventories

Inventories include finished goods and work-in-progress produced by the company. The cost of finished goods comprises materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads. The allocation of labor costs and other direct and indirect production costs are estimated based on a standard cost model assuming normal operating capacity and production volumes, and any changes in these assumptions could result in adjustments to the carrying amount of inventories.

Pension

The Company operates an unfunded defined benefit early retirement plan for the CEO. The plan is a pension plan, which provides benefits in the form of a certain level of pension payable from the age of 62. The pension plan is funded through the Company's operations, which means that the Company meets the benefit payment obligation as it falls due. Additional information including the calculations and assumptions for the obligation is provided in Note 7.

Deferred tax asset

The Company is experiencing a strong demand for its Metformin product and is doubling its production capacity to meet demand from both existing and potential new customers. Driven by the expected market growth and the financial forecasts for the Company, the deferred tax asset at 31 December 2022 is expected to be fully utilized, and thus the full amount has been included as carrying value in the balance sheet at year-end.

Long-term renewable energy supply agreement with Statkraft

In December 2022 Vistin entered into a long-term renewable energy supply agreement with Statkraft. The agreement will secure a significant part of Vistin's electricity demand on competitive terms from 1st of January 2023 and until 2032. There has been conducted a thorough consideration on how to handle the accounting of the agreement. The agreement can either be treated as a Power Purchase Agreement («PPA») or a Virtual PPA («VPPA»). The agreement with Statkraft is physical delivery of electricity, based on a fixed baseload every hour, every day, throughout the year. Vistin operates its manufacturing plant continuously throughout day and night (24/7) and is expected to utilize mainly all of the physical baseload of electricity delivered by Statkraft, with limited ability to settle in cash. Based on interpretation of IFRS 9 and other considerations it has been concluded that the energy supply agreement with Statkraft is entered; with the goal of purchase electricity, only for own use. This means that the agreement should be treated as a PPA, meaning a sales and purchase agreement were Vistin book the electricity cost and any potential sales of the electricity, monthly and on a running base.



Note 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements in terms of accounting policies (continued)

Accounting considerations in relation to treatment of Liquidated damage (LD) compensation

In April 2020 Vistin entered into a turn-key contract with Afry for engineering and installation of a new parallel production line for Metformin HCl, at its current manufacturing Plant at Fikkjebakke in Kragerø. The new production line was assumed to have approximately the same technical set-up and capacity as the existing production line. The project (MEP) has experienced delay in ramp-up of the production volume from the new production line, compared to milestones in the contract. As part of the closure of the contract and final settlement, there was agreed a Liquidated Damages compensation of approx. MNOK 13. There has been considered two different alternatives for how to treat the accounting of the LD; either as reducing the value of the fixed assets in relation to MEP or book it to other income. For the first alternative it was concluded that the assets for the new manufacturing line are delivered according to specifications in the contract and with similar performance as existing production line. Simultaneously it is clear from the contract and the settlement agreement that the LD is based on a true loss of revenue and margin, driven by less volume available for sale in 2022 compared to agreed milestones in the contract. Based on this conclusion and interpretation of IAS 16, the LD was booked to other income. See also Note 5.

War in Ukraine and covid19 pandemic

The demand in the market for metformin is still high and has not been affected by the corona epidemic or the situation in Ukraine. The vulnerability for drug supplies during these events has been an eye opener for the authorities and companies, and the need for short-travelled medicines will be high on the agenda going forward. Vistin is strategically well positioned to benefit from the expected increase in local supplies going forward.

The company has not experienced any supply chain or production interruptions in 2022 due to the war in Ukraine or the covid19 pandemic. The freight lead times from Asia to Europe has been more stable in 2022 compared to 2021 and has come down to more historical averages when it comes to regularity and number of sailing days. Vistin has however experienced increased raw material costs and extremely high electricity prices, especially in second half of 2022. This has put pressure on the company's profitability in that period. However price increases to customers and government electricity compensation (in Q4) resulted in that Vistin delivered a positive result in the period of Q2-Q4 2022 (after the production stop in Q1'22 due to the MEP installation). In December 2022 Vistin entered into a long-term renewable energy supply agreement with Statkraft, that will secure a significant part of Vistin's electricity demand on competitive terms from 1st of January 2023 and until 2032. This agreement will be an important competitive advantage for the company going forward, and especially if the Ukraine situation again led to gas and power shortage in Europe that significantly drives increased electricity prices.

Based on the information above, neither the war in Ukraine or the pandemic have negatively affected the company's future financial estimates and other judgements regarding the future.



Note 4. Revenue from contracts with customers

Geographic information

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Revenue from contracts with customers:		
Africa	37 478	57 932
Europe	195 984	170 401
Asia	19 798	23 735
North and South America	34 415	23 744
Total revenue from contracts with customers	287 675	275 812

The information above is based on the location of the customers.

Vistin has four customers with sales that amount to 10% or more of the Company's revenue, the customers are typically large global pharmaceutical corporations:

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Customer A	125 001	123 460
Customer B	50 276	41 500
Customer C	37 478	57 932
Customer D	35 435	17 250

See also note 2.3 for general revenue accounting principles.

Note 5. Other income

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Other income	17 177	2 811
Total	17 177	2 811

Other income in 2022 is mainly a liquidated damage compensation of MNOK 13, in relation to delayed volume ramp-up in the Metformin Expansion Project (MEP). The amount was part of the final settlement agreement with the engineering company, Afry and was agreed in December. The intention of the compensation was to cover actual loss of revenue in the delay period. The remaining balance is related to price compensation from customers for extremely high electricity costs in second half of the year. Other income for 2021 relates to government grants (MNOK 1) and principally to sundry services rendered to customers.



Note 5. Other income (continued)

Accounting considerations in relation to treatment of Liquidated damage (LD) compensation

In April 2020 Vistin entered into a turn-key contract with Afry for engineering and installation of a new parallel production line for Metformin HCl, at its current manufacturing Plant at Fikkjebakke in Kragerø. The new production line was assumed to have approximately the same technical set-up and capacity as the existing production line. The project (MEP) has experienced delay in ramp-up of the production volume from the new production line, compared to milestones in the contract. As part of the closure of the contract and final settlement, there was agreed a Liquidated Damages compensation of approx. MNOK 13. There has been considered two different alternatives for how to treat the accounting of the LD; either as reducing the value of the fixed assets in relation to MEP or book it to other income. For the first alternative it was concluded that the assets for the new manufacturing line are delivered according to specifications in the contract and with similar performance as existing production line. Simultaneously it is clear from the contract and the settlement agreement that the LD is based on a true loss of revenue and margin, driven by less volume available for sale in 2022 compared to agreed milestones in the contract. Based on this conclusion and interpretation of IAS 16, the LD was booked to other income.

Note 6. Payroll expenses

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Salaries	60 948	53 179
Payroll tax	9 246	8 468
Pension costs - defined contribution plans	4 669	4 225
Pension costs - defined benefit plan	301	278
Other payroll costs incl. bonuses	3 809	7 278
Total payroll and payroll related costs	78 972	73 426
Average number of FTE's	75	68

**FTE: Full-time equivalent*

Vistin Pharma AS are required to have an occupational pension plan ("tjenestepensjon"), and the Company has a plan that meets the Norwegian requirements for mandatory occupational pension ("obligatorisk tjenestepensjon"). The Company also has a defined benefit plan for the CEO of Vistin Pharma. Further information on the pension costs related to the defined benefit plan can be found in Note 7.

Note 7. Post-employment benefits

The Company operates an unfunded defined benefit early retirement plan for the CEO. The plan is a pension plan, which provides benefits in the form of a certain level of pension payable from the age of 62. The pension plan is funded through the Company's operations, which means that the Company meets the benefit payment obligation as it falls due. Additional disclosure is provided in Note 23.

Note 7. Post-employment benefits (continued)

The amounts recognized in the balance sheet are determined as follows:

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Present value of unfunded obligations	13 199	15 831
Liability in the balance sheet (including local tax)	13 199	15 831

The movement in the defined benefit liability over the year is as follows:

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
At 1 January	15 831	16 330
Local tax	37	34
Interest expense/(income)	264	243
	16 132	16 607
Remeasurements:		
(Gain)/Loss from changes	-2 933	-776
	-2 933	-776
At 31 December	13 199	15 831
Net expense recognized in the Income Statement	301	277

The significant actuarial assumptions were as follows:

	31.12.2022	31.12.2021
Discount rate	3,00 %	1,90 %
Inflation	1,75 %	1,75 %
Salary growth rate	3,50 %	2,75 %
Pension growth rate	3,25 %	2,50 %

Nordea has issued a guarantee of NOK 14.2 million to cover future pension payments under the defined benefit plan for the CEO. The guarantee is covered by a pledge over the fixed assets of the Company.



Note 8. Other operating expenses

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Production costs*	61 812	47 838
Sales & marketing costs	6 291	4 496
General & admin. expenses	13 529	12 907
Other operating expenses	81 632	65 241

*Production costs relates mainly to salaries for operators and quality, electricity, waste, water & sewage and other direct costs related to operate Vistin's production plant at Fikkjebakke.

Government compensation for electricity costs in Q4 2022

Vistin has received compensation for electricity costs in Q4 of total MNOK 2.3. The compensation is part of the 'strømstøtte ordningen' that the government launched in November 2022, to support electricity intense businesses. The amount of MNOK 2.3 has been booked as reduction of production costs, based on that it is reasonable sure that the requirements is met to fulfil the full compensation.

Remuneration to the Auditors

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Statutory audit	505	435
Other attestation services	27	-
Tax advisory services	104	79
Total remuneration to auditors	636	514

Note 9. Financial items

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Interest income from bank deposits, money-market funds etc.	28	265
Other financial income	44	56
Net foreign exchange gain	9 482	5 746
Total finance income	9 554	6 067
Interest expenses	2 092	289
Interest expenses leasing	48	68
Other financial expenses	356	91
Net foreign exchange loss	6 971	6 874
Total finance costs	9 466	7 322
Net finance	88	-1 255



Note 10. Tax

Income tax calculation:

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations	-6 008	31 995
Profit/(loss) before taxes	-6 008	31 995
Permanent differences	130	408
Permanent differences recognized to equity	-	-
Changes in temporary differences	-48	-342
Basis for income tax	-5 926	32 061
Income tax payable	-	-
Tax effect of change in net deferred income tax liability/asset	743	-7 269
Income tax expense	743	-7 269
Income tax expense reported in the statement of comprehensive income	-1 293	7 129
Income tax attributable to discontinued operations		171
	-1 293	7 300

Reconciliation of income tax

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Profit before tax	-6 008	31 995
Tax assessed at the expected tax rate (22%)	-1 322	7 039
Tax effect permanent differences, profit & loss	29	90
Income tax	-1 293	7 129

Recognized deferred tax assets & liabilities

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Fixed assets	43 419	16 482
Current assets	4 064	287
Pension liabilities	-13 197	-15 830
Derivatives	-358	1 231
Tax losses carried forward (1)	-163 973	-129 999
Other (2)	40	1 202
Net income tax reduction/increase	-130 005	-126 628
Net deferred tax asset/-liability	28 601	27 858
Tax rate applied	22 %	22 %



Note 10. Tax (continued)

The Company is experiencing a strong demand for its Metformin product and is doubling its production capacity to meet demand from both existing and potential new customers. Driven by the expected market growth and the financial forecasts for the Company, the deferred tax asset at 31 December 2022 is expected to be fully utilized, and thus the full amount has been included as carrying value in the balance sheet at year-end.

(1) Mainly related to realized loss for closing the oil derivative contracts in Vistin Trading in 2020.

(2) Other items mainly relate to pension costs recognized directly through equity.

Note 11. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic EPS computations:

	2022	2021
Profit attributable to owners of the company	-4 716	24 867
Total	-4 716	24 867
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (in thousands)	44 345	44 345
Basic earnings per share (NOK)	-0.11	0.56
Basic earnings per share from continuing operations (NOK)	-0.11	0.56

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJISD-ZJOK6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3



Note 12. Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

	Property & plants	Constructions in progress	Machines & equip- ment etc.	Right of use assets	Total
(NOK 000's)					
Cost					
At 1 January 2021	27 536	56 556	87 233	4 519	175 847
Additions	1 164	26 464	4 312	827	32 767
Reclassified					-
At 31 December 2021	28 700	83 020	91 545	5 346	208 614
Additions	14 040	8 349	37 953	3 948	64 290
Reclassified		-81 133	81 133		-
At 31 December 2022	42 741	10 236	210 631	9 294	272 904
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 January 2021	-6 663		-23 921		-30 585
Depreciation charge for the year	-1 492		-8 049	-1 068	-10 609
Reclassified depreciations			2 663	-2 663	-
At 31 December 2021	-8 155	-	-29 307	-3 731	-41 194
Depreciation charge for the year	-1 681		-9 746	-853	-12 280
At 31 December 2022	-9 836	-	-39 053	-4 584	-53 474
Net book value					
At 31 December 2022	32 905	10 236	171 578	4 709	219 430
At 31 December 2021	20 545	83 020	62 238	1 615	167 418
Useful life	20-25 years		3-10 years	3 years	

Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJOK6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3

Note 13. Financial assets and liabilities

Set out below is a comparison by class of carrying amounts and fair values of all financial instruments that are carried in the financial statements.

The financial assets principally consist of trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents obtained through the operating business. The financial liabilities principally consist of trade and other payables arising directly from its operations. The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly



Note 13. Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Level 3: techniques that use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

As of 31 December 2022:

	Fair value level	Loans and receivables at amortized cost	Other financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total book value	Fair value
(NOK 000's)					
Financial assets					
Trade receivables	3	66 155	-	66 155	66 155
Other receivables	3	8 146	-	8 146	8 146
Cash at bank	3	1 435	-	1 435	1 435
Total		75 736	-	75 736	75 736

Financial liabilities

Trade payables	3	-	25 906	25 906	25 906
Short term debt	3	-	45 141	45 141	45 141
Other payables	3	-	46 748	46 748	46 748
Total		-	117 795	117 795	117 795

31 December 2021:

	Fair value level	Loans and receivables at amortized cost	Other financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total book value	Fair value
(NOK 000's)					
Financial assets					
Trade receivables	3	40 245	-	40 245	40 245
Other receivables	3	18 933	-	18 933	18 933
Cash at bank	3	35 746	-	35 746	35 746
Total		94 925	-	94 925	94 925

Financial liabilities

Trade payables	3	-	20 808	20 808	20 808
Other payables	3	-	20 227	20 227	20 227
Total		-	41 035	41 035	41 035

For trade receivables, accounts payable and other short-term items, fair values are equal to carrying values due to their short-term nature.

Note 14. Financial risk management

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks, principally credit, currency, price and liquidity risks, which are summarized below. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks, which is being reviewed by the Board of Directors on a regular basis.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under related to a customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its investing and financing activities, principally deposits with banks. See also note 16 for mor information.

Customer credit risk

Customer credit risk is managed by Vistin Pharma AS, which is responsible for the pharmaceutical business, subject to established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit quality of a customer is assessed on an individual basis, and outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored. Sales to customers with an unacceptable credit risk are covered by letter of credits, and all sales are settled in cash. For trade receivables the Company applies a simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses as prescribed by IFRS 9. There are no provisions for losses on trade receivables as of 31 December 2022, and there are no historic losses of significance. The risk of counterparties not meeting their contractual obligations will normally be related to the quality of the goods supplied.

Year ended 31.12

	2022	2021
Trade receivables (NOK 000's)	66 155	40 245
Number of customers	16	13
Top 5 customers as a % of total trade receivables	83 %	84 %

Financial credit risk

Cash deposits are principally with Nordea.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. Vistin's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily the Company's pharmaceutical business (when revenue or expense is denominated in a different currency from the Company's presentation currency), and the Company's foreign currency denominated cash deposits.

The Company's sales and raw material purchases are mainly denominated in EUR and USD respectively. Vistin monitors its foreign currency exposure, both related to outstanding financial assets and liabilities and to future foreign currency denominated operating cash flow, on an ongoing basis. The Company utilizes foreign currency denominated bank accounts to match sales and purchases in the same currency, and thus providing a natural hedge. The Company may enter currency hedging contracts to reduce the foreign exchange risk. Vistin has in 2022 sold EUR hedging contracts for part of its 2023 sales. The fair value of these contracts where negative MNOK 0.36 and is booked to P&L as an unrealized financial loss as of 31.12.2022.



Note 14. Financial risk management (continued)

Year ended 31.12 (Currency 000's)	2022		2021	
	EUR	USD	EUR	USD
Trade Receivables	5 513	115	3 567	523
Bank accounts	-48	39	1 384	-312
Trade Payables	-156	-709	-205	-63
Net assets in EUR / USD	5 309	-555	4 746	148
Currency rates 31.12	10,51	9,86	9,99	8,82
Net assets/liabilities in NOK	55 797	-5 469	47 413	1 305

Assuming foreign currency to be reduced/increased by 5%

Foreign currency (reduction)/increase	-10 %	-10 %	-10 %	-10 %
Foreign currency rate	9,46	8,87	8,99	7,94
Net assets in NOK	50 217	-4 922	42 671	1 175
Potential gain/(loss) NOK*	-5 580	547	-4 741	-131

*Relates to the effect on the result before tax, no OCI effect.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the potential loss arising from the Company's inability to meet its contractual obligations when due. Vistin monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using rolling monthly cash flow forecasts. The Company had cash and cash equivalents of MNOK 1.4 at 31 December 2022 (2021: MNOK 36) and short-term debt of MNOK 45.1 (2021: MNOK 0). In 2021 Vistin established a credit facility (bank overdraft) through Nordea at general market terms. There are no specific covenants in relation to the bank overdraft and it has a 12-month duration with an option to renew for another 12 months. The company is expecting the cash flow to improve in 2023 with more volumes available for sale. In addition, Vistin Pharma AS, has additional bank overdraft facilities available if needed. Based on this, the Company assesses the liquidity risk to be low.

Year ended 31.12.2022 (NOK 000's)	Less than 3 months	3 - 12 months	1 - 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Trade Payables	25 906	-	-	-	25 906
Short term debt	-	45 141	-	-	45 141
Other Payables	46 748	-	-	-	46 748
Total	72 654	45 141	-	-	117 795

Year ended 31.12.2021 (NOK 000's)	Less than 3 months	3 - 12 months	1 - 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Trade Payables	20 808	-	-	-	20 808
Other Payables	20 227	-	-	-	20 227
Total	41 035	-	-	-	41 035



Note 14. Financial risk management (continued)

Capital Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value.

It has been the Boards' strategy to maintain a strong balance sheet in a period with volatile external circumstances (Covid19 & Ukraine war) and a strong growth for the company. It is expected that the annual CAPEX will be significantly lower going forward as the expansion project (MEP) is mainly paid as of 31.12.2022. Working capital requirements is also expected to be stable and reduced with lower safety stocks of raw materials due to more stable freight lead times. The Company established in 2022 a credit facility through Nordea.

The Company manages its capital structure and make adjustments in light of changes in the financial performance and development of the Company. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, sell assets or issue new shares.

Note 15. Inventories

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Raw materials in transit (incl. inventory at 3rd party warehouse)	25 209	10 778
Raw materials	33 924	24 188
Produced finished goods (incl. WIP)	24 541	8 299
Provision for obsolescence	-227	-358
Total inventories	83 446	42 907
Cost of materials	138 064	96 097

Table above includes raw materials purchased for production, work in progress (WIP), finished goods ready for shipment/sale, net movements in inventory, and any inventory write-offs or adjustments.

Note 16. Trade receivables and other receivables

Trade receivables

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Trade receivables	66 155	40 245
Trade receivables (net)	66 155	40 245

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 60 days.



Note 16. Trade receivables and other receivables (continued)

As at 31 December, the ageing analysis of trade receivables is, as follows

AGING (NOK 000's)	Total	Current	PAST DUE NOT IMPAIRED			
			< 30 days	30-60 days	60- 90 days	> 90 days
2022	66 155	52 053	11 733	2 369	0	0
2021	40 245	32 149	5 536	45	0	0

See Note 14 on credit risk of trade receivables, which explains how the Company manages credit risk.

Other receivables

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Prepayments	3 135	16 087
Other	5 011	2 846
Total other receivables	8 146	18 933

Note 17. Cash and cash equivalents

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Cash at banks	1 435	35 746
Cash and cash equivalents	1 435	35 746

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

Note 18. Issued shares and share capital

The Company's registered share capital is NOK 44,344,592 divided into 44,344,592 shares. The share capital is fully paid. All shares have the same rights.

	Number of shares (thousands)	Share capital (NOK 000's)
At 1 January 2021	44 345	44 345
At 31 December 2021	44 345	44 345
At 1 January 2022	44 345	44 345
At 31 December 2022	44 345	44 345

Each share has a par value of NOK 1 per share.



Note 18. Issued shares and share capital

20 largest shareholders as registered as of 31 December 2022:

Name	Note	Total no of shares	Ownership share
INTERTRADE SHIPPING AS	1	12 575 000	28,36 %
HOLMEN SPESIALFOND		3 520 243	7,94 %
PACTUM VEKST AS	1	3 519 733	7,94 %
MP PENSJON PK		1 719 848	3,88 %
FERNCLIFF LISTED DAI AS	1	784 280	1,77 %
AUGUST RINGVOLD AGENTUR AS		750 315	1,69 %
STORKLEIVEN AS		750 000	1,69 %
LUCELLUM AS		711 322	1,50 %
DNB BANK ASA		641 955	1,45 %
MIKLA INVEST AS		620 874	1,40 %
IVAR LØGES STIFTELSE		560 000	1,26 %
TOM RAGNAR PRESTEGÅRD STAAVIE		512 324	1,16 %
CORTEX AS		508 989	1,15 %
HENRIK MIDTTUN HAAVIE		505 115	1,14 %
WEM INVEST AS		500 000	1,13 %
SANDEN EQUITY AS		468 947	1,06 %
DYVI INVEST AS		455 500	1,03 %
DELTA AS		400 000	0,90 %
GINKO AS		350 000	0,78 %
ØYSTEIN STRAY SPETALEN	1	323 650	0,73 %
Other shareholders		14 166 497	31,95 %
		44 344 592	100,0 %

Shares owned by the Board of Directors and management as of 31 December 2022:

Intertrade shipping AS (1)	12 575 000
Pactum Vekst AS (7)	3 519 733
Ferncliff Listed DAI AS (3)	784 280
Nordby Kjell-Erik (4)	100 000
Heggem Vegard (5)	27 360
Tolleshaug Magnus (6)	20 000
Åse Musum (2)	2 201

1. Chairman of the Board of Directors
2. Member of the Board of Directors
3. Controlled by board member Øystein Stray Spetalen
4. Chief Executive Officer
5. VP Operations
6. Chief Commercial Officer
7. CEO of Pactum Vekst AS: is a member of the Board of Directors

62



Note 19. Share-based payments

As per 31 December 2022 the company have no outstanding share-based payments.

Note 20. Other payables

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Withholding tax	3 013	2 634
Social security taxes	1 734	1 403
Allowance for holiday pay	7 883	7 207
Accrued expenses	5 057	8 842
Other liabilities*	29 060	141
Total other payables	46 748	20 227

*Other Liabilities relates mainly to raw materials in transit (Vistin ownership, but not received at local warehouse)

Note 21. Borrowings

The Company had interest-bearing debt as of 31 December 2022 of MNOK 45.1 (2021: 0). In 2021 Vistin established a credit facility through Nordea at general market terms. There are no specific covenants in relation to the credit facility and it has a 12-month duration with an option to renew for another 12 months. In addition the company has lease liabilities. See note 22 for details regarding leasing liabilities.

Nordea has issued a guarantee of MNOK 14.2 to cover future pension payments under the defined benefit plan for the CEO, as well as a guarantee for income tax deducted salaries of MNOK 6.5. The guarantees are covered by a pledge of MNOK 15 in the Property (plant) located in Kragerø municipality, net book value of the property is approx. MNOK 23.

Note 22. Leasing

The Company has not applied the two recognition exemptions in the standard, for low value items and short-term leases. There are only a few leasing agreements in total (<10), and all agreements has been incorporated into the balance sheet.

Detailed lease commitments divided by category:

Detailed Lease commitments at 31 December 2022	(NOK 000's)
Property rental	3 380
Cars & trucks	638
Production equipment	208
Other office equipment	323
Future minimum lease payments	4 549



Note 22. Leasing (IFRS 16) and commitments (continued)

Maturity profile of lease commitments (NOK 000's)	<12 months	12-24 months	24-36 months	>48 months
Property rental	751	751	751	1 127
Cars & trucks	139	124	83	291
Production equipment	208			
Other office equipment	67	67	67	121
Future minimum lease payments	1165	943	902	1539

Details for right of use assets and leasing liabilities:

	Right of use assets	Leasing liabilities
Opening balance at 1 Jan 2021	1 855	2 157
Depreciation	-1 068	
Interest expense		68
Additions	827	
Write down		
Repayment of lease liabilities		-836
Value at year end 2021	1 614	1 389
Opening balance at 1 Jan 2022	1 614	1 389
Depreciation	-853	
Interest expense		48
Additions	3 948	
Write down		
Repayment of lease liabilities		2 589
Value at year end 2022	4 710	4 026
Of which are:		
Other current liabilities (2022)		1 070
Other non-current liabilities (2022)		2 956
		4 026
Other current liabilities (2021)		877
Other non-current liabilities (2021)		512
		1 389

There are no residual guaranties or right of termination that have significant effect on any of the lease agreements. The average incremental borrowing rate (estimated at the commencement date) for the current lease agreements is approximately 5%.



Note 23. Board of Directors and Executive Management compensation

Board of Directors remuneration

(NOK 000's)	2022		2021	
	Board fees	Other*	Board fees	Other*
Øyvinn A. Brøymer Chairman*	400	20	400	20
Bettina Banoun*	200	20	200	20
Øystein Stray Spetalen	200	-	200	-
Espen Marcussen	200	-	200	-
Kari Krogstad	200	-	200	-
Espen Lia Gregoriussen	200	-	200	-
Åse Musum	200	-	200	-
Total	1 600	40	1 600	40

*Both Bettina Banoun and Øyvinn A. Brøymer received NOK 20 000 in 2022 and 2021 as members of the Remuneration Committee.

Executive Management remuneration

2022

(NOK 000's)	Base salary	Bonus paid**	Pension	Other***	Total	Proportion
						of fixed and variable
Kjell-Erik Nordby, CEO	2 667	864	415	192	4 138	76% / 24%
Alexander Karlsen, CFO	1 765	425	151	172	2 513	83% / 17%
Hilde Merethe Hagen, VP Quality	1 462	237	152	145	1 996	86% / 14%
Magnus Tolleshaug*, CCO	1 638	234	154	477	2 503	88% / 12%
Vegard Heggem, VP operations	1 707	276	153	148	2 284	85% / 15%
Total Executive Management	9 239	2 036	1 025	1 134	13 434	-

*Magnus Tolleshaug received a one-time compensation of NOK 300' as interim CEO in 1H of 2022

**Bonus paid is related to bonus earned for 2021 and paid out in 2022.

***Mainly related to fixed monthly car allowance

2021

(NOK 000's)	Base salary	Bonus paid**	Pension	Other**	Total	Proportion
						of fixed and variable
Kjell-Erik Nordby, CEO	2 565	1 003	384	237	4 189	76% / 24%
Alexander Karlsen, CFO	1 656	393	141	131	2 321	83% / 17%
Hilde Merethe Hagen, VP Quality	1 414	284	141	148	1 987	86% / 14%
Magnus Tolleshaug, CCO	1 393	230	140	140	1 903	88% / 12%
Vegard Heggem, VP Operations	1 650	330	141	152	2 273	85% / 15%
Total Executive Management	8 678	2 240	947	808	12 673	-

*Bonus paid is related to bonus earned for 2021 and paid out in 2022.

**Mainly related to fixed monthly car allowance

Note 23. Board of Directors and Executive Management compensation (continued)

The CEO, Kjell-Erik Nordby is tied up to the Company's defined contribution plan. In addition he has the right to retire at the age of 62 and is entitled to a salary equal to 60% of his salary at date of retirement and until he reaches the age of 67, less any public pension entitlements. In addition, he has the right to a certain level of pension from the age of 67. Refer to Note 7 for further details. Mr. Nordby has a 24-month termination benefit in the case of involuntary termination of his employment.

According to the Norwegian Public Limited Companies Act section 6-16a, the Board of Directors have prepared a statement on the establishment of wages and other remuneration for the CEO and other senior employees.

The annual general meeting in May 2022 approved a long-term incentive plan (LTIP) where the executive management, in total, can purchase shares for up to MNOK 6, at a 25% discount, with a three-year binding period.

Note 24. Transactions with related parties

Related party relationships are those involving control, joint control or significant influence and key personnel in the reporting entity. Related parties are in a position to enter into transactions with the Company that would not be undertaken between unrelated parties. All transactions within the Company have been based on arm's length principle.

The Company's ultimate parent is Vistin Pharma ASA. The shares of Vistin Pharma are listed on Oslo Børs. The subsidiary is listed in note 25. Any transactions between the parent company and the subsidiary are shown line by line in the separate statements of the parent company and are eliminated in the company financial statements.

See note 23 for more information on remuneration to executive management and the board.

Note 25. Subsidiary

The following subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements:

Company	Country of incorporation	Main operations	Ownership interest 2022	Voting power 2022	Ownership interest 2021	Voting power 2021
Vistin Pharma AS	Norway	Pharmaceutical products	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

The financial figures of Vistin Pharma AS has been included in the consolidated financial statements of the company.



Note 26. Climate changes and potential impact on the Company's financials

Vistin consider the short to medium term climate impact on the company's financials to be rather limited. The production plant at Fikkjebakke is highly automated and following local strict policies in relation of emissions and local environmental impact. The company also have several project's ongoing that will reduce the climate footprint in the future. Vistin recently signed a 10-year renewable power supply agreement with Statkraft in December 2022, which includes a Guarantee of Origin (GOG) for renewable power. Statkraft is Europe's largest provider of clean renewable energy.

For the long-term the risk is more uncertain. However, Vistin believe it is well prepared for adopting to a future with lower emissions, reduced climate footprint and other environmental changes.

The risk of more unpredictable weather phenomena is currently not expected to have any significant impact on Vistin's supply chain and production facility. It is likely that cost of transportation and usage of fossil transportation sources will increase going forward, however such cost increases and/or cost of transformation to new sustainable substitutions is expected to be compensated by increased sales prices to customers.

Based on this there has not been conducted impairments tests of its asset, done accruals for potential commitments in related to climate changes, or similar.

Note 27. Events after the reporting date

There have not been events subsequent to the closing date of 31 December 2022, that currently affects the financials or the company's operational activities.

The Board of Directors has proposed to get a power of attorney from AGM in May to pay up to NOK 0.75 per share in dividend. The power of attorney should be valid until the 2024 AGM.



Vistin Pharma ASA - financial statements and notes

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December

(NOK 000's)	Note	2022	2021
Other income		-	-
Total operating income		-	-
Payroll and payroll related costs	3	1 962	1 947
Other operating costs	4	2 232	2 751
Operating profit/(loss)		-4 193	-4 698
Finance income	5	1 835	1 423
Finance costs	5	15	4
Profit/(loss) before tax		-2 373	-3 279
Income tax expense	6	-522	-721
Profit/(loss) for the year		-1 851	-2 558
Total comprehensive income		-1 851	-2 558

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NNJ8N-Q15J3



Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December

(NOK 000's)	Note	2022	2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investment in subsidiaries	7	48 825	48 825
Group interest-bearing receivables	7	58 024	58 024
Deferred tax assets	6	1 263	741
Total non-current assets		108 112	107 590
Current assets			
Intercompany receivables	7	159 537	147 666
Other receivables		47	33
Cash and cash equivalents	9	1 388	22 521
Total current assets		160 972	170 220
Total assets		269 084	277 811
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	10	44 345	44 345
Share premium		206 885	206 885
Retained earnings		16 902	18 753
Total equity		268 131	269 983
Non-current liabilities			
Total non-current liabilities		-	-
Current liabilities			
Accounts payables		42	1
Intercompany payables	7	-	6 939
Other current liabilities		911	889
Total current liabilities		953	7 828
Total liabilities		953	7 828
Total equity and liabilities		269 084	277 811



Oslo, 26 April 2023

Øyvind A. Brøymer
Chairman

Øystein Stray Spetalen
Board member

Espen Marcussen
Board member

Kari Krogstad
Board member

Åse Musum
Board member

Espen Lia Gregoriussen
Board member

Bettina Banoun
Board member

Kjell-Erik Nordby
CEO

Annual report is signed electronically.

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3



Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December

(NOK 000's)	Attributable to equity holders of the parent			
	Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
Equity as at 01.01.2021	44 345	229 057	21 311	294 713
Profit (loss) for the year			-2 558	
Total comprehensive income			-2 558	-2 558
Dividend		-22 172		-22 172
Equity as at 31.12.2021	44 345	206 885	18 753	269 982
Profit (loss) for the year			-1 851	
Total comprehensive income			-1 851	-1 851
Equity as at 31.12.2022	44 345	206 885	16 902	268 131

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3



Statement of Cash flows

For the year ended 31 December

(NOK 000's)	Note	2022	2021
Cash flow from operating activities			
Profit before income tax		-2 373	-3 279
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flow:			
Net interest (income)/expense	5	1 807	1 156
Income tax paid		-	-
Changes in working capital:			
Changes in trade receivables and trade payables		41	1
Changes in other payables, receivables, accruals		-20 608	-928
Net cash flow from operating activities		-21 133	-3 250
Cash flow from investing activities			
Loan subsidiary	7	-	-20 000
Net cash flow from investing activities		-	21 000
Cash flow from financing activities			
Dividend paid		-	-22 172
Net cash flow from financing activities		-	-22 172
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		-21 131	-45 220
Cash and cash equivalents beginning period		22 521	67 742
Cash and cash equivalents end period	9	1 388	22 521

Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJOK6-5WFGW-NJ8N-Q15J3



Notes to the Financial Statement

Note 1. Corporate information

Vistin Pharma ASA is a limited liability company and its registered office is Østensjøveien 27, Oslo, Norway. The Company's shares are listed on Oslo Børs in Norway under the ticker VISTIN.

The financial statements were approved for release by the Board of Directors on 26 April 2023.

Reference is made to note 1 in the consolidated statement of Vistin Pharma ASA.

Note 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Vistin Pharma ASA's ("Vistin Pharma" or "the Company") financial statements and directors' report are prepared in English only.

Basis of preparation

The financial statement has been prepared in accordance with the Norwegian Accounting Act § 3-9 and regulations regarding simplified application of IFRS issued by the Ministry of Finance in 2014.

The functional currency of Vistin Pharma is the Norwegian krone (NOK). All values are rounded to the nearest thousand (NOK: 000), except when otherwise indicated.

Vistin Pharma's principles are consistent to the accounting principles for the Company, as described in Note 2 of the consolidated financial statements. Where the note for the parent company is substantially different from the note for the Company, these are shown separately. Otherwise refer to the note in the consolidated financial statement.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are accounted for using the cost method in the parent company accounts. The investments are valued at cost less impairment losses. Write-down to fair value is recognized under impairment in the income statement.

Segment reporting

Vistin Pharma's activities are currently organized as one operating unit for internal reporting purposes; thus no segment information is presented in these financial statements.

Recognition for group contributions

Company contributions from wholly owned subsidiaries are recorded as financial income as long as the contributions do not exceed the accumulated results from the date of acquiring the subsidiary. The income is recorded net of tax. Company contributions relating to the result prior the date of acquisition is recorded as a reduction against the investment (net of tax). If company contributions exceed accumulated profits in the subsidiary after the acquisition, the payment is treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the investment.



Note 3. Payroll and payroll related expenses

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Other payroll costs	1 962	1 947
Total payroll and payroll related costs	1 962	1 947

Average number of man-years:	-	-
-------------------------------------	---	---

The Company had no employees as at 31 December 2022 (2021: 0). Other payroll costs relate to board fees.

Note 4. Other operating expenses

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
External fees	1 505	1 977
Other operating expenses	726	774
Other operating expenses	2 232	2 751

Remuneration to the Auditors

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Statutory audit	320	106
Other assurance services	63	77

All fees are exclusive of VAT.

Note 5. Financial items

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Interest income from bank deposits and money market funds	28	267
Interest income from Group companies	1 807	1 156
Total finance income	1 835	1 423

Other interest expenses	15	4
Total finance costs	15	4

Net finance	1 820	1 419
--------------------	--------------	--------------

Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJOK6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3



Note 6. Tax

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Profit before taxes	-2 373	-3 279
Permanent differences	-	-
Changes in temporary differences	-	-
Permanent differences recognized to equity	-	-
Basis for income tax	-2 373	-3 279
Income tax payable	-	-
Tax effect of change in net deferred income tax liability/asset	522	721
Tax effect permanent differences recognized to equity	-	-
Tax effect tax rate reduction	-	-
Income tax expense	522	721
<i>Reconciliation of income tax</i>		
(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Tax assessed at the expected tax rate	522	721
Tax effect permanent differences, profit & loss	-	-
Income tax	522	721
<i>Temporary differences</i>		
(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Losses carried forward	-5 741	-3 368
Net income tax reduction temporary differences	-5 741	-3 368
Net deferred tax asset	1 263	741

Penneo Dokumentnr: 0008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NUJ8N-Q15J3



Note 7. Investments in group companies

2022

(NOK 000's)	Registered office	Share capital	Ownership interest 2022	Voting rights 2022	Carrying amount	Result 2022	Equity 2022
Vistin Pharma AS	Oslo, Norway	NOK	100 %	100 %	48 825	-2 864	54 178
Total					48 825		

2021

(NOK 000's)	Registered office	Share capital	Ownership interest 2021	Voting rights 2021	Carrying amount	Result 2021	Equity 2021
Vistin Pharma AS	Oslo, Norway	NOK	100 %	100 %	48 825	27 654	54 831
Total					48 825		

In 2021, Vistin Pharma AS did an equity increase by converting MNOK 40 in debt to Vistin Pharma ASA and into equity.

Transactions between related parties

2022

(NOK 000's)	Long term receivables to subsidiaries	Short term receivables to subsidiaries	Interest income from subsidiaries	Short term payables to subsidiaries	Group contribution receivable	Group contribution payable
Vistin Pharma AS	58 024	159 537	1 807	-	-	-
Total	58 024	159 537	1 807	-	-	-

2021

(NOK 000's)	Long term receivables to subsidiaries	Short term receivables to subsidiaries	Interest income from subsidiaries	Short term payables to subsidiaries	Group contribution receivable	Group contribution payable
Vistin Pharma AS	58 024	147 666	1 156	6 939	-	-
Total	58 024	147 666	1 156	6 939	-	-

The loan to Vistin Pharma AS carries an annual interest rate of 3 months NIBOR + 1.25%, to be paid quarterly in arrears.



Note 8. Financial assets and liabilities

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques that use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

As of 31 December 2022

(NOK 000's)	Fair value level	Fair value through profit and loss	Loans and receivables at amortized cost	Other financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total book value	Fair value
Financial assets						
Group interest-bearing receivables	3	-	58 024	-	58 024	58 024
Intercompany receivables	3	-	159 537	-	159 537	159 537
Other receivables	3	-	47	-	47	47
Cash and cash deposits	3	-	1 388	-	1 388	1 388
Total		-	218 996	-	218 996	218 996
Financial liabilities						
Intercompany payables	3	-	-	-	0	0
Trade payables	3	-	-	0	0	0
Other payables	3	-	-	911	911	911
Total		-	-	911	911	911

As of 31 December 2021

(NOK 000's)	Fair value level	Fair value through profit and loss	Loans and receivables at amortized cost	Other financial liabilities at amortized cost	Total book value	Fair value
Financial assets						
Group interest-bearing receivables	3	-	58 024	-	58 024	58 024
Intercompany receivables	3	-	147 666	-	147 666	147 666
Other receivables	3	-	33	-	33	33
Cash and cash deposits	3	-	22 521	-	22 521	22 521
Total		-	228 244	-	228 244	228 244
Financial liabilities						
Intercompany payables	3	-	-	6 939	6 939	6 939
Trade payables	3	-	-	1	1	1
Other payables	3	-	-	889	889	889
Total		-	-	7 829	7 829	7 829



Note 8. Financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Set out above is a comparison by class of carrying amounts and fair values of all of the Company's financial instruments that are carried in the financial statements. For trade receivables, accounts payable and other short-term items, fair values are considered to be equal to carrying values due to their short-term nature.

Note 9. Cash and cash equivalents

(NOK 000's)	2022	2021
Cash at banks	1 388	22 521
Total	1 388	22 521

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. All bank accounts are nominated in NOK.

Note 10. Issued shares and share capital

The Company's registered share capital is NOK 44,344,592 divided into 44,344,592 shares. The share capital is fully paid. All shares have the same rights.

	Number of shares (thousands)	Share capital (NOK 000's)
At 1 January 2021	44 345	44 345
At 31 December 2021	44 345	44 345
At 1 January 2022	44 345	44 345
At 31 December 2022	44 345	44 345

Each share has a par value of NOK 1 per share.



Note 10. Issued shares and share capital (continued)

20 largest shareholders as registered as of 31 December 2022:

Name	Note	Total no of shares	Ownership share
INTERTRADE SHIPPING AS	1	12 575 000	28,36 %
HOLMEN SPESIALFOND		3 520 243	7,94 %
PACTUM VEKST AS	1	3 519 733	7,94 %
MP PENSJON PK		1 719 848	3,88 %
FERNCLIFF LISTED DAI AS	1	784 280	1,77 %
AUGUST RINGVOLD AGENTUR AS		750 315	1,69 %
STORKLEIVEN AS		750 000	1,69 %
LUCELLUM AS		711 322	1,50 %
DNB BANK ASA		641 955	1,45 %
MIKLA INVEST AS		620 874	1,40 %
IVAR LØGES STIFTELSE		560 000	1,26 %
TOM RAGNAR PRESTEGÅRD STAAVIE		512 324	1,16 %
CORTEX AS		508 989	1,15 %
HENRIK MIDTTUN HAAVIE		505 115	1,14 %
WEM INVEST AS		500 000	1,13 %
SANDEN EQUITY AS		468 947	1,06 %
DYVI INVEST AS		455 500	1,03 %
DELTA AS		400 000	0,90 %
GINKO AS		350 000	0,78 %
ØYSTEIN STRAY SPETALEN	1	323 650	0,73 %
Other shareholders		14 166 497	31,95 %
		44 344 592	100,0 %

Shares owned by the Board of Directors and management as of 31 December 2022:

Intertrade shipping AS (1)	12 575 000
Pactum Vekst AS (7)	3 519 733
Ferncliff Listed DAI AS (3)	784 280
Nordby Kjell-Erik (4)	100 000
Heggem Vegard (5)	27 360
Tolleshaug Magnus (6)	20 000
Åse Musum (2)	2 201

1. Chairman of the Board of Directors
2. Member of the Board of Directors
3. Controlled by board member Øystein Stray Spetalen
4. Chief Executive Officer
5. VP Operations
6. Chief Commercial Officer
7. CEO of Pactum Vekst AS: is a member of the Board of Directors



Note 11. Events after the reporting period

There have not been events subsequent to the closing date of 31 December 2022, that affects the financials or the company's operational activities.

The Board of Directors has proposed to get a power of attorney from AGM in May to pay up to NOK 0.75 per share in dividend. The power of attorney should be valid until the 2024 AGM.

Note 12. Statement regarding the determination of salary and other remuneration to Executive Management

According to the Norwegian Public Limited Companies Act (section 6-16a), the Board of Directors shall prepare a statement regarding the establishment of wages and other remuneration for the Chief Executive Officer and other senior management.

The Company's salary policy for the executive management – main principles

The purpose of the Company's remuneration policy is to attract and retain personnel with the competence that the Company requires with a view to achieve Vistin Pharma's goal of becoming a leading and a profitable producer of selected API's for the international pharmaceutical market. The general policy is to pay fixed salaries and pensions, while at the same time offering bonuses, or other types of remuneration, which aligns the interest of senior management and the shareholders of the Company.

The Company has a separate remuneration committee appointed by the Board of Directors. The present remuneration committee consists of Øyvind A. Brøymer (Chairman) and Bettina Banoun. The CEO, and other representatives of the senior management, regularly participates in the remuneration committee's meetings.

The remuneration committee functions as an advisory body for the Board of Directors and its main duties and responsibilities are to:

- i. Review and approve corporate goals and objectives relevant to the compensation of the CEO, evaluate the performance of the CEO in light of those goals and objectives and set the compensation level for the CEO based on this evaluation. In determining the long-term incentive component of the CEO compensation, if any, the Committee may consider the Company's performance and relative shareholder return, the value of similar incentive awards given to CEOs at comparable companies and the awards given to the CEO in past years.
- ii. Make recommendations to the Board with respect to incentive-compensation plans and equity-based plans.
- iii. Assist the Board in developing and evaluating potential candidates for executive positions, including the CEO, and oversee the development of executive succession plans.
- iv. Review and approve Senior Executive employment agreements, severance arrangements and change in control agreements and provisions when, and if, appropriate, as well as any special supplemental benefits.

Note 12. Statement regarding the determination of salary and other remuneration to Executive Management (continued)

- v. Review major organizational and staffing matters.

Further information on the function of the remuneration committee can be found in the instructions to the remuneration committee, included on the Company's website: www.vistin.com.

Salaries and other remuneration*Fixed salary*

It is the Company's policy that salaries to the CEO and senior management primarily shall take the form of a fixed monthly salary, reflecting the level of the position and experience of the person concerned and the results achieved.

Bonuses

The Company has a system of annual performance-based bonuses for all employees. The maximum bonus payable to the CEO is 40% of the annual salary. The maximum bonus payable to other members of the Executive Management team is 30% of the annual salary, depending on individual employment contracts. The Board of Directors evaluates and determines annually the bonus system for Vistin Pharma, based on recommendations from the Remuneration Committee. The bonuses are linked to the achievement of certain targets for financial results, as well other performance targets which are defined at the beginning of the financial year. The bonus targets shall reflect both short-term financial parameters, and operational and strategic performance targets that are expected to give a positive long-term financial effect.

Pension plan

Principally, pension plan shall be the same for senior management as what is generally agreed for other employees. The Company has a defined contribution plan for all employees. Under this plan the Company contributes 5.5% of the salary between 1G and 7.1G, and 15%, for the salary between 7.1G and 12G. The CEO has an additional "top-hat" to cover salary above 12G, as well as an early retirement plan from the age of 62.

Notice period

The CEO has a 24-month termination benefit in the case of involuntary termination of his employment. The remaining executive management team has three months termination period.

Share based incentive plans

The annual general meeting in May 2022 approved a long-term incentive plan (LTIP) where the executive management, in total, can purchase shares for up to MNOK 6, at a 25% discount, with three years of binding time. The General meeting also approved a loan facility of MNOK 6 for purchase of shares. The loan facility has a duration of three years and can only be used as financing for purchasing of shares in the company.

Remuneration policy in the preceding financial year (2022)

The management remuneration policy in the preceding financial year has been conducted in accordance with the prevailing principles for 2022, with the exception of any items noted above.



Vistin Pharma

Vistin Pharma ASA

Østensjøveien 27

NO-0661 Oslo

Norway

Tel: +47 35 98 42 00

E-mail: vistin@vistin.com

www.vistin.com



Building a better
working world

financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Recognition and measurement of inventories

Basis for the key audit matter

As at 31 December 2022 inventories amounted to NOK 83.466 million, 20.5% of total assets. These inventories consist of raw materials, work in progress and finished goods. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of finished goods comprises materials, direct labor, other direct costs and allocation of related production overheads. The allocation of direct and indirect costs and the assessment of the net realizable value are significantly impacted by management's assumptions. Due to management's estimates and its significance, recognition and measurement of inventories is a key audit matter.

Our audit response

We assessed the cost of inventories including comparing the costs of raw materials to a sample of invoices, evaluated the allocation of labor cost and indirect cost, and recalculated the cost prices for a sample of units. We assessed the allocation keys used for the allocation of production overheads. For evaluation of net realizable value, we performed margin analysis subsequent of year-end, analyzed the inventory turnover and compared that to management's estimates on obsolete inventories and tested the accuracy of management's prior year assumptions. We refer to note 15 in the consolidated financial statements related to inventories.

Other information

Other information consists of the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management (the board of directors and the general manager) is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and, in doing so, consider whether the board of directors' report and the statement on corporate social responsibility contain the information required by applicable legal requirements and whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, there is a material misstatement in this other information or that the information required by applicable legal requirements is not included in the board of directors' report or the statement on corporate social responsibility, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard, and in our opinion, the board of directors' report and the statement on corporate social responsibility are consistent with the financial statements and contain the information required by applicable legal requirements.

Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the Company in accordance with simplified application of international accounting standards according to section 3-9 of the Norwegian Accounting Act and of the consolidated financial statements of the Group in

Independent auditor's report - Vistin Pharma ASA 2022

A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

PERNECCD\sturetem\ppl\kcl\E0000E-W2022-Z\NOK0550\915157882\2022\04-27\2022



Building a better
working world

accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or the Group, or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report - Vistin Pharma ASA 2022

A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

PDF-rendering: 20240811 10:04:08 AM



Building a better
working world

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirement

Report on compliance with regulation on European Single Electronic Format (ESEF)

Opinion

As part of the audit of the financial statements of Vistin Pharma ASA we have performed an assurance engagement to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements included in the annual report, with the file name Vistinpharmaasa-2022-12-31-en.zip, have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the requirements of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 on the European Single Electronic Format (ESEF Regulation) and regulation pursuant to Section 5-5 of the Norwegian Securities Trading Act, which includes requirements related to the preparation of the annual report in XHTML format and iXBRL tagging of the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements, included in the annual report, have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the ESEF Regulation.

Management's responsibilities

Management is responsible for the preparation of the annual report in compliance with the ESEF Regulation. This responsibility comprises an adequate process and such internal control as management determines is necessary.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our responsibility, based on audit evidence obtained, is to express an opinion on whether, in all material respects, the financial statements included in the annual report have been prepared in accordance with the ESEF Regulation. We conduct our work in accordance with the International Standard for Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 – "Assurance engagements other than audits or reviews of historical financial information". The standard requires us to plan and perform procedures to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements included in the annual report have been prepared in accordance with the ESEF Regulation.

As part of our work, we perform procedures to obtain an understanding of the company's processes for preparing the financial statements in accordance with the ESEF Regulation. We test whether the financial statements are presented in XHTML-format. We evaluate the completeness and accuracy of the iXBRL tagging of the consolidated financial statements and assess management's use of judgement. Our procedures include reconciliation of the iXBRL tagged data with the audited financial statements in human-readable format. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



PENNEO

Signaturene i dette dokumentet er juridisk bindende. Dokument signert med "Penneo"™ - sikker digital signatur".
De signerende parter sin identitet er registrert, og er listet nedenfor.

"Med min signatur bekrefter jeg alle datoer og innholdet i dette dokument."

Espen Gregoriussen Lia

Styremedlem

Serienummer: 9578-5999-4-1347565

IP: 79.161.xxx.xxx

2023-04-27 08:03:42 UTC



Øyvin Anders Brøymer

Styreleder

Serienummer: 9578-5998-4-1591908

IP: 81.175.xxx.xxx

2023-04-27 08:17:14 UTC



Kjell-Erik Nordby

Daglig leder

Serienummer: 9578-5998-4-3200540

IP: 213.239.xxx.xxx

2023-04-27 08:22:53 UTC



Åse Musum

Styremedlem

Serienummer: 9578-5997-4-406586

IP: 86.62.xxx.xxx

2023-04-27 08:45:26 UTC



Kari Eian Krogstad

Styremedlem

Serienummer: 9578-5995-4-132250

IP: 188.95.xxx.xxx

2023-04-27 08:57:19 UTC



Øystein Stray Spetalen

Styremedlem

Serienummer: 9578-5999-4-3924498

IP: 188.95.xxx.xxx

2023-04-27 10:12:47 UTC



Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: C008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NNJ8N-QTJ5J3

Dokumentet er signert digitalt, med **Penneo.com**. Alle digitale signatur-data i dokumentet er sikret og validert av den datamaskin-utregnede hash-verdien av det opprinnelige dokument. Dokumentet er låst og tids-stemplet med et sertifikat fra en betrodd tredjepart. All kryptografisk bevis er integrert i denne PDF, for fremtidig validering (hvis nødvendig).

Hvordan bekrefter at dette dokumentet er originalen?

Dokumentet er beskyttet av ett Adobe CDS sertifikat. Når du åpner dokumentet i

Adobe Reader, skal du kunne se at dokumentet er sertifisert av **Penneo e-signature service <penneo@penneo.com>**. Dette garanterer at innholdet i dokumentet ikke har blitt endret.

Det er lett å kontrollere de kryptografiske beviser som er lokalisert inne i dokumentet, med Penneo validator - <https://penneo.com/validator>



PENNEO

Signaturene i dette dokumentet er juridisk bindende. Dokument signert med "Penneo"™ - sikker digital signatur.
De signerende parter sin identitet er registrert, og er listet nedenfor.

"Med min signatur bekrefter jeg alle datoer og innholdet i dette dokument."

Espen Weyergang Marcussen

Styremedlem

Serienummer: 9578-5998-4-760563

IP: 213.52.xxx.xxx

2023-04-27 12:44:58 UTC



Bettina Banoun

Styremedlem

Serienummer: UN:NO-9578-5998-4-1592771

IP: 46.15.xxx.xxx

2023-04-28 08:44:15 UTC



Dokumentet er signert digitalt, med **Penneo.com**. Alle digitale signatur-data i dokumentet er sikret og validert av den datamaskin-utregnede hash-verdien av det opprinnelige dokument. Dokumentet er låst og tids-stemplet med et sertifikat fra en betrodd tredjepart. All kryptografisk bevis er integrert i denne PDF, for fremtidig validering (hvis nødvendig).

Hvordan bekrefter at dette dokumentet er originalen?

Dokumentet er beskyttet av ett Adobe CDS sertifikat. Når du åpner dokumentet i

Adobe Reader, skal du kunne se at dokumentet er sertifisert av **Penneo e-signature service <penneo@penneo.com>**. Dette garanterer at innholdet i dokumentet ikke har blitt endret.

Det er lett å kontrollere de kryptografiske beviser som er lokalisert inne i dokumentet, med Penneo validator - <https://penneo.com/validator>

Penneo Dokumentnøkkel: C008E-WJISD-ZJ0K6-5WFGW-NNJ8N-Q15J3



Skattedirektoratet

Saksbehandler Rune Tystad	Deres dato 10.11.2015	Vår dato 17.11.2015
Telefon 977 59 464	Deres referanse Gunnar Manum	Vår referanse 2015/1079204

VISTIN PHARMA AS
Postboks 6735 Etterstad
0609 OSLO

Tillatelse til å utarbeide årsregnskap og årsberetning på engelsk språk for Vistin Pharma ASA, org.nr. 915 157 882

-- Vi viser til brev av 10. november 2015 der dere søker om dispensasjon fra kravet til å utarbeide årsregnskap og årsberetning på norsk språk for Vistin Pharma ASA.

Skattedirektoratet gir på bakgrunn av en konkret helhetsvurdering Vistin Pharma ASA dispensasjon fra kravet til å utarbeide årsregnskap og årsberetning på norsk språk, jf. regnskapsloven § 3-4 tredje ledd. Dispensasjonen forutsetter at opplysningene som vedtaket baserer seg på ikke endres vesentlig.

Kopi av dette brevet må sendes Regnskapsregisteret i Brønnøysund sammen med årsregnskapet. Det påligger de regnskapspliktige å dokumentere ved dette brev at tillatelsen er gitt.

Bakgrunn

Fra søknaden gjengis:

Vistin Pharma ASA er notert på Oslo Axess og har dispensasjon fra vphl § 5-13 vedrørende krav til språk ved informasjonspliktige opplysninger. Selskapet rapporterer således all informasjon kun på engelsk. Selskapets forretningsspråk er engelsk, og det vesentligste av Selskapets salgsaktiviteter foregår i utlandet. Over 80 % av Selskapets aksjonærer er store norske og internasjonale institusjonelle investorer, og profesjonelle investorer. Det er heller ingen forhold rundt selskapets finansiering som skulle tilsi behov for regnskap på norsk.

Skattedirektoratets vurdering

Etter regnskapsloven § 3-4 tredje ledd skal "årsregnskapet og årsberetningen ... være på norsk. Departementet kan ved ... enkeltvedtak bestemme at årsregnskapet og/eller årsberetningen kan være på et annet språk."

I Ot. prp. nr. 42 (1997-1998) Om lov om årsregnskap m.v., er det uttalt følgende om regnskapslovens formål, jf. pkt. 1.1:

"Regjeringen har som siktemål at regnskapsloven skal bidra til informative regnskaper for ulike grupper av regnskapsbrukere. Regnskapsbrukerne er dels investorer og kreditorer som

Postadresse
Postboks 9200 Grønland
0134 Oslo

Besøksadresse: Sentralbord
Se www.skatteetaten.no 800 80 000
Org.nr: 996250318 Telefaks
E-post: skatteetaten.no/sendepost 22 17 08 60



tilfører kapital til foretakene, og dels andre grupper som har interesse av å vite hvordan foretaket drives, f.eks. de ansatte og lokalsamfunnet. Informasjonen til kapitalmarkedet skal gi grunnlag for riktig prising av finansielle objekter. Riktig prisdannelse på aksjer er en forutsetning for at ressursbruken i samfunnsøkonomien skal bli best mulig. Gode regnskaper vil også gjøre det vanskeligere for markedsdeltakere å ta ut spekulasjonsgevinster med basis i skjevt fordelt informasjon.”

Det fremgår således at et av hovedformålene med regnskapsloven er å bidra til *“informative regnskaper for ulike grupper av regnskapsbrukere”*. Regnskapsbrukere vil omfatte, jf. uttalelsen i proposisjonen, blant andre investorer, kreditorer, ansatte og lokalsamfunnet.

Det er etter Skattedirektoratets vurdering derfor avgjørende ved vurdering av om dispensasjon fra kravet til å utarbeide årsregnskap og/eller årsberetning på norsk kan gis, at det ikke foreligger mulige brukere av regnskapsinformasjon som blir vesentlig berørt negativt ved en eventuell dispensasjon.

Det er særlig hensynet til brukerne av regnskapsinformasjon som skal vurderes ved en dispensasjonssøknad. I denne vurderingen har Skattedirektoratet lagt vekt på at over 80 % av selskapets aksjonærer er store norske og internasjonale institusjonelle investorer. Selskapet er notert på Oslo Axess og har dispensasjon fra vphl § 5-13 vedrørende krav til språk ved informasjonspliktige opplysninger. Det er videre vektlagt at selskapets forretningspråk er engelsk, og at det vesentligste av selskapets salgsaktiviteter foregår i utlandet.

Vennligst oppgi vår referanse ved henvendelser i saken.

Med hilsen

Torstein Kinden Helleland
seniorrådgiver
Rettsavdelingen, foretaksskatt
Skattedirektoratet

Rune Tystad

Dokumentet er elektronisk godkjent og har derfor ikke håndskrevne signaturer



Statsautoriserte revisorer
Ernst & Young AS

Dronning Eufemias gate 6a, 0191 Oslo
Postboks 1156 Sentrum, 0107 Oslo

Foretaksregisteret: NO 976 389 387 MVA
Tlf: +47 24 00 24 00

www.ey.no
Medlemmer av Den norske Revisorforening

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Annual Shareholders' Meeting of Vistin Pharma ASA

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Vistin Pharma ASA (the Company) which comprise the financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the Group). The financial statements of the Company comprise the financial position as at 31 December 2022 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The consolidated financial statements of the Group comprise the financial position as at 31 December 2022, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion

- the financial statements comply with applicable legal requirements,
- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2022 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with simplified application of international accounting standards according to section 3-9 of the Norwegian Accounting Act,
- the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU.

Our opinion is consistent with our additional report to the audit committee.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company and the Group in accordance with the requirements of the relevant laws and regulations in Norway and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, no prohibited non-audit services referred to in the Audit Regulation (537/2014) Article 5.1 have been provided.

We have been the auditor of the Company for 8 years from the election by the general meeting of the shareholders in 2015 for the accounting year 2015.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the



Building a better
working world

financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Recognition and measurement of inventories

Basis for the key audit matter

As at 31 December 2022 inventories amounted to NOK 83.466 million, 20.5% of total assets. These inventories consist of raw materials, work in progress and finished goods. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of finished goods comprises materials, direct labor, other direct costs and allocation of related production overheads. The allocation of direct and indirect costs and the assessment of the net realizable value are significantly impacted by management's assumptions. Due to management's estimates and its significance, recognition and measurement of inventories is a key audit matter.

Our audit response

We assessed the cost of inventories including comparing the costs of raw materials to a sample of invoices, evaluated the allocation of labor cost and indirect cost, and recalculated the cost prices for a sample of units. We assessed the allocation keys used for the allocation of production overheads. For evaluation of net realizable value, we performed margin analysis subsequent of year-end, analyzed the inventory turnover and compared that to management's estimates on obsolete inventories and tested the accuracy of management's prior year assumptions. We refer to note 15 in the consolidated financial statements related to inventories.

Other information

Other information consists of the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management (the board of directors and the general manager) is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and, in doing so, consider whether the board of directors' report and the statement on corporate social responsibility contain the information required by applicable legal requirements and whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, there is a material misstatement in this other information or that the information required by applicable legal requirements is not included in the board of directors' report or the statement on corporate social responsibility, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard, and in our opinion, the board of directors' report and the statement on corporate social responsibility are consistent with the financial statements and contain the information required by applicable legal requirements.

Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the Company in accordance with simplified application of international accounting standards according to section 3-9 of the Norwegian Accounting Act and of the consolidated financial statements of the Group in

Independent auditor's report - Vistin Pharma ASA 2022

A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited

Per memo dokumentnøgle: EEAWW-W3XC5-QYNK6-IBAS4-WDESW-6FBWV



accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or the Group, or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's and the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Building a better
working world

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirement

Report on compliance with regulation on European Single Electronic Format (ESEF)

Opinion

As part of the audit of the financial statements of Vistin Pharma ASA we have performed an assurance engagement to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements included in the annual report, with the file name Vistinpharmaasa-2022-12-31-en.zip, have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the requirements of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 on the European Single Electronic Format (ESEF Regulation) and regulation pursuant to Section 5-5 of the Norwegian Securities Trading Act, which includes requirements related to the preparation of the annual report in XHTML format and iXBRL tagging of the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements, included in the annual report, have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the ESEF Regulation.

Management's responsibilities

Management is responsible for the preparation of the annual report in compliance with the ESEF Regulation. This responsibility comprises an adequate process and such internal control as management determines is necessary.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our responsibility, based on audit evidence obtained, is to express an opinion on whether, in all material respects, the financial statements included in the annual report have been prepared in accordance with the ESEF Regulation. We conduct our work in accordance with the International Standard for Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 – "Assurance engagements other than audits or reviews of historical financial information". The standard requires us to plan and perform procedures to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements included in the annual report have been prepared in accordance with the ESEF Regulation.

As part of our work, we perform procedures to obtain an understanding of the company's processes for preparing the financial statements in accordance with the ESEF Regulation. We test whether the financial statements are presented in XHTML-format. We evaluate the completeness and accuracy of the iXBRL tagging of the consolidated financial statements and assess management's use of judgement. Our procedures include reconciliation of the iXBRL tagged data with the audited financial statements in human-readable format. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Building a better
working world

Oslo, 26 April 2023
ERNST & YOUNG AS

The auditor's report is signed electronically

Erik Søreng
State Authorised Public Accountant (Norway)

Penneo dokumentnøgle: EEAWW-W3XC5-QYNK6-IBAS4-WDESW-6FBWN



PENNEO

The signatures in this document are legally binding. The document is signed using Penneo™ secure digital signature. The identity of the signers has been recorded, and are listed below.

"By my signature I confirm all dates and content in this document."

Erik Søreng

State Authorised Public Accountant (Norway)

On behalf of: Ernst & Young AS

Serial number: 9578-5999-4-1529830

IP: 83.241.xxx.xxx

2023-04-26 16:29:03 UTC



Penneo document key: EEAWW-W3XC5-QYNKG-IBAS4-WDES4-6FBWN

This document is digitally signed using Penneo.com. The digital signature data within the document is secured and validated by the computed hash value of the original document. The document is locked and timestamped with a certificate from a trusted third party. All cryptographic evidence is embedded within this PDF, for future validation if necessary.

How to verify the originality of this document

This document is protected by an Adobe CDS certificate. When you open the

document in Adobe Reader, you should see, that the document is certified by **Penneo e-signature service <penneo@penneo.com>**. This guarantees that the contents of the document have not been changed.

You can verify the cryptographic evidence within this document using the Penneo validator, which can be found at <https://penneo.com/validator>